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PREFACE.

THE text of this Reader was published early in 1869, and the work is now completed, later than was intended and expected, by the addition of the Notes and Vocabulary.

The selections making up the Reader fall into four, not conspicuously marked, divisions: namely, 1. easy narrative prose; 2. pieces of poetry (nearly all of them whole poems); 3. extracts from dramatic master-pieces; 4. longer and more difficult prose pieces, of various character. It is by no means supposed or meant that any class, or any student, should read the work through in course; the instructor will pass from one division and extract to another, as his taste and his apprehension of the wants of his pupils shall suggest. My own way, with a class of beginners, has been to read first one or two of the selections from Krummacher and one of the stories that follow, next to choose pieces of various style from among the poems, then to take up a dramatic extract (that from Schiller is the easiest) or a prose piece (Goethe's Carnival at Rome being the least difficult)—by which time, a class will be prepared to undertake almost anything that the volume contains. A frequent change of tone and style in the matter read helps, as every teacher knows, to keep up the spirit and interest of a class.

Originality has been not at all aimed at in making the selections; many of them are among the most familiar pieces in the language, and to be found in every Reader. What I have sought is variety, and real merit in the pieces taken; that any one who shall read the whole body of texts assembled may have gained a fair taste of the great and noble German literature, and

also something of an introduction to almost every style he will have to deal with in his further studies.

In the Notes, I have meant to explain such idioms as were not more properly treated in the Vocabulary, the more difficult constructions, and the principal references and allusions; to give so numerous references to the Grammar as should accustom the student to using it aright in connection with his general reading; to set forth the connection of those pieces which are fragments only; and to offer brief and summary notices of the authors quoted. These notices would, of course, have needed to be made much fuller and more elaborate, if the body of selections had been made up with any distinct reference to the history of German literature, or intended to illustrate its development. The intelligent teacher will not be at a loss for sources from which to fill up and supplement my scanty statements—even though there is not yet, as there ought to be, a good and authoritative history in English of German literature. Some will perhaps find too much of repetition in the Grammar references; of this, something might and would have been avoided if the Reader had been intended to be read straight through in course: where selection from one part and another was intended, it was not practicable to give a thoroughly progressive character to the Notes; although in general, it is believed, such a character has been secured.

The design of the added Vocabulary is, in part, to save time and labor to the scholar. To gain a tolerable mastery of the German vocabulary is so very serious a task, that he who undertakes it is fairly entitled to have its beginning made easy to him by special helps—to be introduced through a briefer and more manageable hand-book to the full dictionary which must later become, and must so long continue, his inseparable friend and aid. One who has made himself pretty familiar, by repeated reading, with the amount of words and phrases here given, will have gone far toward breaking the back (as the saying is) of the whole great task. But also, in part to aid this same process, in part for the sake of other advantages of a general disciplinary

character, I have wished to cast the explanations of words into a form somewhat different from that usual in the dictionaries. My objects have been, 1. to present more suggestively the derivation and connection of the various meanings of a word; 2. to call attention to the correspondences between German and English words, as also, in a less degree, to the analogies between German combinations and derivatives and those of other than Germanic origin in English; 3. to point out the derivation of German words from their primitives.

The first of these objects is sought to be attained by the general form and arrangement of the definitions given. And here I need only to remark that, as every practised scholar will perceive, not all the meanings of the words treated are rehearsed, but only those which occur in the uses of the Reader, with such others as are needed to connect these with the etymological significance of the word, or to make distinct its general value.

The second object is mainly gained, without expenditure of words or loss of space, by the use of full-faced and small capital letters, as set forth and illustrated in the introductory explanations to the Vocabulary.

The third object is subserved by an etymological addition in brackets at the end of each article. Here I would carefully guard myself against being misunderstood as having attempted an etymological vocabulary proper. I have only sought to point out the regular internal processes of German derivation; to show what German words come from other German words, and how. If this limit is sometimes overstepped, it is done irregularly, and as it were involuntarily. A real etymological dictionary of German is a great desideratum; but an etymological partial vocabulary would, for its incompleteness, hardly be worth the labor it would cost, nor is such a work so much called for at the stage of German study which this Reader is especially intended to aid.

In the brevity which has had to be consulted in this part of the Vocabulary, some inaccuracies are admitted, and some difficult and questionable points slurred over. Sometimes, for

example, it is not quite correct to say that such a German word is derived from such an other, when in reality it comes from a more ancient word, of which that other is perhaps the nearest representative, yet so altered as not to be wholly identical with it. Again, shall we say that (as an instance) Abhang comes from abhangen, like Hang from hangen, or that it is composed of ab and Hang? The true explanation contains an element of both these, and in some words the one side may predominate, in others the other. For the sake of simplicity and uniformity, I have adopted everywhere the former of the two modes of statement. And so in certain other cases, where any one who chooses to apply a microscope may find the flaws he seeks. Nor, indeed, do I doubt that there are more important errors; for the friendly criticism and correction of which, from whatever quarter, I shall be heartily grateful.

To the great and admirable dictionary of Sanders (which is unfortunately, however, seriously encumbered for use by a most shortsighted and reprehensible penuriousness of space for divisions and headings) I am more indebted than to any other authority; next to that, to Weigand's edition of Schmitthenner, not yet completed; on the latter I have relied so much in the matter of derivations, that one who examines my work curiously enough will be likely to discover where it deserts me (at the end of the letter t). For the suggestion of the English synonymy of German words, I owe most to Flügel.

No Vocabulary like this one, probably, was ever made absolutely complete at first; but I can truly say that I have taken very great pains to avoid omissions, and hope that they will be found both few and unimportant. I have meant to insert all the primitives that lie back of every derivative (putting in, for example, gebrechlich and gebrechen on account of the occurrence in the text of Gebrechlichkeit — brechen, of course, was in already for other reasons); but it is likely that more omissions will be found here than elsewhere. Proper names, in general, are inserted only when there is something distinctively German in their form, or when it was desirable to give some special explanation

of their value or derivation. No compound word has been designedly left out, although a large number are self-explanatory: in a limited special vocabulary, it did not seem worth while to attempt drawing the line between this class and the others which for the beginner require explanation.

W. D. W.

YALE COLLEGE, New Haven, August, 1870.

NOTES.

The references to paragraph and subdivision of the Grammar are in antique figures (as in the Grammar itself); those to page and line of the Reader, in ordinary figures. Words introduced, either into quoted passages of the text or into their translations, to fill up ellipses, are put in brackets.

Der erſte Sabbath.

This and the two following pieces are taken from the Parabeln, 'Parables,' of Friedrich Adolph Krummacher, a German pastor of the end of the last century and the beginning of the present (he died in 1845, aged 77). The Parables are either simple narratives, of religious or moral tone, like the first and second of those given here, or more distinct apologues, intended to convey a moral lesson, like the third. Their subjects are taken from various sources, but in greater part from the Bible. They are written in a style of the utmost simplicity, a little biblical and archaic in tone, and are highly esteemed as models of pure and elegant German. They have had a wide popularity and currency, both in and out of Germany.

The first piece presents a scene in the Creation, the end of the sixth day and beginning of the seventh, or of the Sabbath.

1. 1. neigte ſich, preterit in proper imperfect sense, 'was inclining or drawing.' — 3. über with accusative (**376**), as implying motion toward; not merely 'above,' but 'over and on to,' so as to envelop. — 4. [und] neben ihm [ſtand] Eloah, a natural ellipsis, as in English. — 6. immer, 'all the time;' ward immer, in familiar phrase, 'kept growing.' — 7. Nacht, here accusative (**376**): — verhüllete, old style for verhüllte (**237.3***c*). — 9. ſelbſt, adverbial; ſpielenden, present participle used as adjective (**353**). — 12. note the different cases with in, here accusative, in line 16 dative (**376**). — 18. blickte . . . hernieder, separable compound verb: — auf takes accusative (**376**), as implying the turning of the eyes toward or upon. — 20. ſtärker, tönender, adjectives (the latter a present participle) in the comparative degree, used as adverbs (**363.**1,2). — 23. die = 'his' (**161**).

2. 1. Schlummernden, present participle as adjective (**353**), and then as substantive (**129**). — 3. hüpfte, 'danced.' — 6. Staunen, infinitive as noun (**340**). — 7. Siehe, for more regular ſieh (**270.2***a*): — der, generalizing article (**66.2**): — das Göttliche, 'the godlike or divine' (**129.3**).

Die Pfirſiche.

See introductory remarks to the preceding piece.

9. brachte . . . mit, separable compound verb. — 11. zum erſtenmal, i.e. zu dem (**65**) erſten Mal; zu, 'for:' — ſich, object of both preceding verbs. — 12. über meaning 'at' takes the accusative (**376***a*): — Aepfel, i.e. as the children regarded and called them. — 13. unter followed by accusative (**376**), as implying a handing over *to* the recipients: — eine, object of erhielt, inverted order of arrangement (**431**). — 15. am = an dem (**65**): — das = ihr, 'their' (**161**). — 19. daraus, 'out of it, from it' (**154.2**). — 20. das heißt . . . geſorgt, literally, 'that is [rightly] called a being cared (i.e. a provision being made) for the future also (not the present alone), after the manner of a householder (economically);' or, in more English phrase, 'that I call caring' etc. — 22. aufgegeſſen, from aufeſſen (**271.3**). — 24. einem im Munde, 'in one's mouth;' einem is possessive dative, or dative in sense of genitive (**222.III***a*). — 30. geſammelt, literally 'collect, gather,' here 'pick up:' — es, indefinite subject, = 'there' (**154.4***b*). — 31. der, properly demonstrative, not relative, as arrangement of following clause shows (**437.2***b*); 'it.'

3. 3. 2. zwölfe, for zwölf; antiquated form (**200.1**). — 3. den = 'his' (**66.3**): — wohl, 'to be sure, indeed.' — 5. werdeſt, subjunctive after daß meaning 'in order that' (**332.5***b*). — 11. wohl, nearly = 'do you think.'

Das Wunder.

See introductory remarks to the first piece.

16. eines Tages, adverbial genitive of time (**220.1**). — 17. ſchauete to nieder, 'was looking down before himself,' i.e. 'was gazing upon the ground at his feet.' — 21. möchte, here expressing a wish (**255.2**). — 26. werden aus, 'come of, grow out of.' — 28. in with accusative, literally 'into' (**376***a*). — 29. da, 'then,' correlative to als (**438.3***g*): — hob to einander, 'raised itself apart (from one another),' i.e. 'rose and opened.' — 31. da, demonstrative, not relative (**438.3***h*): — es ward, 'there (**154.4***b*) came into being.'

4. 4. 1. in with accusative, literally 'into' (**376**); usual idiom with verbs signifying 'envelop' and the like. — 13. zu, in pregnant sense, 'in addition to, along with;' or 'whence [come they] *to*' etc. — 16. Blüthe, here collectively, 'flowers.' — 18. wollte, 'was about to' (**258***b*). — 19. her, complement of um (**379.1***a*). — 20. ſo = 'when' (**438.3***h*). — 33. geſchiehet, old style for geſchieht (**237.3***c*; **268.5**); its subject is dasſelbige. — 36. darum . . . weil, 'for this reason [namely] because,' i.e. 'for the reason that,' dar in darum anticipating the following clause, as logical object of um (**436.3***c*, *d*, end).

5. 5. 1. Wirken, infinitive as noun (**340**): — dächte, subjunctive of less dogmatic statement (**332.3***a*). — 2. wäre, subjunctive of indirect statement (**333**); the present tense, ſei, would be more regular (**333.4***a*, *d*): — um, here superfluous; um deſto, 'by so much,' which deſto alone would express. — 4. ein höheres, i.e. Wirken.

Die ſechs Diener.

From the Kinder- und Hausmährchen, 'Children's and Household Stories,' of the brothers Grimm—the well-known collection of tales, legends, and fairy stories gathered by those two great German archæologists and philologists from the mouths of the people, and first published in 1812.

6. die, demonstrative, not relative (**437.2***b*); this is the customary usage in such an introduction to a story. — 8. the dar of darauf represents by anticipation the following clause (**436.3***c*): — könnte, 'should be able, might.' — 10. müſſe, subjunctive of indirect statement (**333**), in the present tense, as being the tense which would have been used in the direct statement, „wer meine Tochter haben will, muß" etc., 'whoever wants to have my daughter must' etc. (**333.4***a*). The same rule would require wolle instead of wollte; and that wollte is used is attributable to the loose and careless style which characterizes these stories. To this cause it is owing that, through the whole story, the past subjunctive tenses are commonly used instead of the present in indirect statement (**333.4***d*); e.g. at 8.10, 13; 9.19, 29; 10.36. — 10. Bund, explained by Aufgabe, as being here taken in the unusual (unauthorized) sense of 'task;' literally, 'compact, agreement.' — 13. war, 'there was, was found:' — ihnen, properly 'for them;' but may be understood as possessive dative with Haupt, 'their heads' (**222.III***a*,*b*), or as ablative dative with abgeſchlagen, 'from them' (**222.I.3**, end). — 17. gehſt du fort, inversion for conditionality, or to give the meaning of 'if' (**433**); and the following ſo is correlative to the implied wenn, 'if' (**438.3***g*). — 19. Jahre, accusative of duration of time (**230.1**), with lang added (**230.1***a*). — 20. doch, 'after all, at any rate.'

6. 26. Großes, noun in apposition with etwas (**129.***b*). 1. will . . . ſagen, literally, 'wants to say;' hence, 'means, signifies, amounts to;' compare French *veut dire*. — 2. noch, 'in addition, besides my present size.' — 5. her, 'along' (**379.1***a*). — 6. note the double construction of auf (**376**). — 7. Fragte etc., inversion of the natural order without assignable cause, in mere imitation of interjected clauses, like nun, fragte er and the like; colloquial and inelegant. — 15. ein paar, used as a kind of indeclinable numeral, equivalent to zwei, 'two;' hence the paar not written with a capital, and Füße put in the accusative, as if directly the object of ſahen. — 16. Strecke, accusative of extent of space (**230.1**). — 18. was . . . für ein, 'what sort of a' (**175**). — 19. noch, 'as yet,' i.e. 'if we stop there, if that were all.' — 24. ſitzen, dependent on fanden (**343.I.5**): — zugebunden, factitive predicate to Augen (**316.2***c*): — die = ſeine, 'his' (**161**). — 29. kann euch etc., inversion to give the meaning of 'if' (**433**). — 33. ihm, possessive dative (**222.III***a*,*b*); ihm kein Glied, 'no one of his limbs.' — 35. Art, predicate genitive (**220.2**).

7. 1. wird mir, impersonal expression, with the subject es omitted (**293**); 'it becomes for me,' i.e. 'I become.' — 2. 's, for es (**154.4***g*), object of aushalten, 'stand it.' — 5.

machte to Hals, i.e. 'was stretching out his neck.' — 10. willst du, condi tional inversion again (433).

13. note the accusative after vor (376): — so, 'in case, if.' — 19. lassen, for gelassen (240.1c). — 22. der, 'the one, he,' French *celui*. — 24. wollte, conditional subjunctive, in hypothetical period (332.1). — 25. da, 'in that matter.' — 29. der einen = einer simply (198.3a). — 35. Wein, 'of wine;' in apposition with Fässer, instead of dependent upon it, as usual in case of a measured substance (216.5a).

8. 8. 2. keine, best divided into 'not ... any' (195.2). — 7. dich satt essen, 'eat thyself full,' dich being taken as object of the intransitive essen, along with the factitive predicate satt (227.2b; 288.1). — 10. wäre, see note to 5.10: — gleich for sogleich, 'directly': — ohne hatte, a substantive clause, introduced by daß, takes the place here of an infinitive, as object of the preposition ohne; 'without needing' etc. (436.3d). — 12. vom Nagel, idiomatic expression for 'completely;' of obscure origin. — 15. es, 'there' (154.4b). — 16. oben, 'above,' i.e. 'on thy shoulders.' — 19. Schlag, 'on the stroke of,' i.e. 'precisely at;' the grammatical construction is somewhat anomalous, the designations of the time of day being indeclinable, quasi-adverbial expressions; and Schlag may also be regarded as used adverbially; compare im Schlag, below (9.17). — 28. herein, adverb of direction in place of a verb of motion, 'get in' (259.2). — 31. anschauen, infinitive without zu after nichts als (343.I.3). — 34. sich, here indirect object; liter- 'keep it off for (from) themselves,' i.e. 'resist it.' — 35. war instead of ward (forming passive), to express the instantaneousness of the result; she 'had been snatched away;' it was an accomplished thing (282).

9. 4. Augenblick, accusative of measure (230.1). — 5. Stunden, do. — 7. Schritten, see note to 6.15. — 12. dem andern, possessive dative (222.IIIa): — so = 'when' (438.3h). — 16. guter Dinge, predicate genitive (220.2): — Schlag, see note to 8.19. — 18. als = 'as if' before inverted clause (433b; 332.2b). — 19. als = als daß, 'than that.' — 21. einer instead of ein, as being pronominal (198.2): — kann = 'can [do]' (259.3). — 22. durfte, 'had a right to, might permit herself to.' — 28. Holz, accusative (216.5a): — zusammenfahren, infinitive in passive sense after lassen (343.I.5c). — 29–33. subjunctives of indirect statement; see note to 5.10. — 35. daran implies verb of motion = 'go to work' (259.2).

10. 5. zu finden, in passive sense (343.III.1b). — 8. sollte, 'was to, was ordered to': — was = 'that' or 'which,' taking the place of the simple relative after alles (179.5). — 11. wußte Rath, 'knew what was advisable, the proper thing to do.' — 12. groß for großes (126). — 13. stecken blieben, 'remained sticking (continued to stick), stuck fast' (343.I.6). — 15. dem einen, in pregnant sense, 'that one, the one we know of.'

20. vor, 'outside,' i.e. 'distant from;' the „Schloß" appears to be the prince's own home. — 21. er, i.e. the prince. — 23. der, 'he, that fellow'

(166.2*b*). — 24. daran, compare note to 9.35. — 25. hüten, 'keep, tend [his herd]': — abſteigen in, pregnant expression, 'get down (out of the carriage) [and enter] into.' — 26. ihr, dative in ablative sense (222.I.3). — 29. ein paar, see note to 6.15. — 29. that als wäre es, 'made as if it were, pretended that it was' (433*b*). — 30. wenn to wäre, i.e. 'if it were not for your husband.'

11. 1. ein wenig, indeclinable phrase, like ein paar (198.3*d*). — 7. haſt . . . ſollen, 'hast had reason to,' i.e. 'it was reasonable that thou shouldst;' ſollen for geſollt (251.4*a*). — 7. der, in sense of wer, 'he who.' **11.**

Der Tannenbaum.

Hans Christian Andersen, author of this and the next following extract, is a Dane, born in 1805, and (1870) still living. He is author of many extended and elaborate works—novels, dramas, etc.; but his most popular and admired productions, which exhibit the truest originality and genius, are his children's stories, „Mährchen." These are, in their way, quite unsurpassed, and worthy to be placed in a very high rank as works of creative art. They have passed into almost all languages, to the enjoyment alike of old and young.

The first story teaches, in a delicate way, the wisdom of getting the utmost of enjoyment out of present circumstances, instead of allowing one's happiness to be spoiled by an incessant yearning after something better to come.

11. da, 'there,' i.e. 'on hand, to be had.'—17. voll, to be parsed as appositive adjective, following the qualified noun (110.1*b*; 116.2): — note the implication of motion in the accusative after an; also after neben, in next line. — 19. der = emphatic personal pronoun (166.2*b*): — mochte, 'liked' (255.2). — 22. noch eins, 'one more' (198.3*c*); eins instead of ein, because pronominal (198.2). — 23. an den vielen, 'by the [so] many,' i.e. 'by the number of.' — 25. wäre, optative subjunctive (331.2). — 31. an = 'in.'

12. 3. war es, conditional inversion (433). — 4. angeſprungen, in the sense of present participle (359.1). — 7. dasſelbe = 'it' (171). — 12. gut gewachſen, 'well grown.' — 13. Knacken, Krachen, infinitives used as nouns (340). — 15. zu erkennen, in passive sense (343.III.1*b*). — 17. hinaus, complement of aus, superfluous in translating (379.1*b*). — 18. wo . . . hin = wohin, 'whither;' a verb of motion ('go' or the like) is implied (259.2). — 24. Aegypten; it is the prevalent German tradition that the storks go to Egypt to spend their winters. — 25. ſie es waren, 'it was they' (154.4*f*). — 26. ich kann etc., 'I can give [you] many greetings [from them]; they are looking finely.' — 28. fahren dependent on zu können, which is governed by um (346.1). — 36. note the accusative after über, as implying the dropping of the tears upon him. **12.**

13. 1. ging gegen, 'went toward,' i.e. 'approached, drew near to.' — 2. gleichen Alters, predicate genitive (220.2). — 4. waren, plural after es, because of following plural noun (154.4*d*); we should say either 'it *was*' or '*they* were.' — 8. die = emphatic personal pronoun (166.2*b*). — **13.**

14. nur = 'possibly.' — 22. ob, i.e. '[I wonder] whether' (439.4*b*). — 24. ziehen, without zu, equals our "participial infinitive," 'going.' — 29. Beſſeres etc., qualifying etwas, not as an adjective, but as appositive noun (129.5). — 30. es = 'there' (154.4*b*). — 32. iſt, impersonal, with subject es omitted (292.4; 293).

14. 5. zu müſſen, dependent on betrübt; 'at being compelled.' — 16. es gab, 'there were' (292.3*a*). — 17. voller, for voll; see the Vocabulary. — 19. mit Sand, adjunct of gefülltes (147.2). — 21. we should expect war rather than wurde (282); but the latter is defensible. — 26. als wären ſie, 'as if they were' (433*b*). — 27. Lichterchen, an admissible plural of Lichtchen, the diminutive suffix being added to the plural Lichter; a few other words are allowed to be treated in the same manner: e. g. Dingerchen, Kinderchen. — 35. geſchieht etc., present tense in the sense of future (324.4): — ob, i.e. '[I wonder] whether' (439.4*b*).

15. 2. Winter, Sommer, accusatives of time (230.1). — 11. durfte, 'might, might allow himself to.' — 12. ihm war, impersonal with omitted es (292.4; 293): — zu verlieren, dependent on bange, 'apprehensive of losing' (344.1). — 13. all, uninflected before dem (193.1). — 17. nur ſo, peculiar idiomatic phrase, here meaning 'just, fairly;' compare 18.1. — 21. note the implication of "motion toward," in the accusative after an (376). — 24. note that es is impersonal subject. — 28. Kindermädchen, accusative absolute (230.3).

16. 34. da of davon represents the following infinitive (346.2); 'from listening.' 1. Treppen, accusative of space traversed (230.1; 375*c*); herunter below (line 9) is combined with the verb, as prefix; there is no difference in the meaning, but only in the apprehension of the construction. — 5. komme . . . mit, 'shall I not join in (bear a share) at all?' — 6. ja = 'you know.' — 17. ſei, subjunctive of indirect statement (333.4*a*). — 19. dar of darauf represents the following clause, as object of auf (346.2); 'in anticipation of being adorned' etc.

29. zu (of zum) here = 'of;' the construction is an imitation of zur Thür hinaus, 'out *at* (by) the door,' and the like. — 30. wo . . . hin = wohin, 'whither, into which.' — 33. hören ſollen, 'be intended to hear' (257.2). — 34. es = 'there' (154.4*b*); and the verb agrees with the following logical subject (154.4*d*). — 36. geſchah = 'was;' literally, 'it (the coming) took place.'

17. 13. noch eine, 'another' (198.3*c*). — 15. ſonſt to ſein, 'in other respects, it is well being here,' i.e. 'being here is pleasant enough;' this would be more strictly iſt es gut hier ſein, but the phrase is an idiom, hardly capable of exact translation. — 16. alter, of first declension after du (125.2). — 17. es giebt, 'there are' (292.3*a*). — 19. wo . . . her = woher, 'whence.' — 21. Erden, old declined form of dative singular (95). — 27. aus = 'about;' literally, 'out of, from.' — 30. was, compound relative, 'what,' instead of simple, 'which, that' (179.5). — 31. compare note to

16.34. **18.** 1. nur ſo, literally 'only thus;' but it is a phrase, signifying 'in a manner, after a fashion,' in colloquial, 'sort o'.' — 7. ſie **18.**
können, 'they may, it is possible for them to.' — 16. an (of daran) governs the following infinitive clause, anticipated by dar (**346.2**). — 18. die = emphatic personal pronoun (**166.2***b*): — ſei, subjunctive of indirect statement (**333.4***a*). — 19. hielten = 'thought.' — 23. daran, dar anticipates the following substantive clause, as object of an (**436.3***d*). — 27. danken, polite contempt; 'thank you for nothing,' or 'much obliged, and don't want any more.' — 28. den ihrigen, 'their own people' (**160**).

32. daran as above, line 16. — 34. Morgens, genitive of time (**220.1**). **19.** 6. zu ſehen, infinitive in passive sense (**343.III.1***b*). — 8. über **19.**
with accusative (**376**), as signifying 'across, from one side to the other of.' — 10. kommen, for gekommen (**243.3***c*). — 30. es, indefinite object, here representing mich freuen (**154.4***e*; **259.4**). — 31. hieb from hauen. — 35. daſſelbe = 'it' (**171**). **20.** 8. getragen, pluperfect with omitted auxiliary (hatte), as often in a dependent or trans- **20.**
posed clause (**439.3***a*).

Der ſtandhafte Zinnſoldat.

See introductory remarks to the preceding story.

This is a tale without a moral—a simple narrative of love, adventure, baleful demoniac influence (the Kobold), and misfortune and death; only worked out upon a different plane from that of the ordinary sensational novel, and with vastly more genius than most of that class of works.

11. die, demonstrative, not relative; compare note to 5. 6. — 13. aus, 'outward,' i.e. 'forward, in front.' — 14. the colon is not used in German precisely as with us; it does not denote a pause or break greater than that shown by a semicolon, but is rather, as here, the equivalent of our dash, intimating an appositional construction; it is very often used before a quotation, or a specification of items, where we should put either a comma or no stop at all. — 14. Allererſte, aller intensive (**142.2**): — was, compound instead of simple relative (**179.5**). — 19. der eine = 'each, any one of them.' — 20. der = emphatic personal pronoun (**166.2***b*). — 25. was as above, line 14. — am meiſten, superlative adverbial phrase (**363.2***b*). — 27. Säle, plural of Saal (**14.2**). — 29. ſollte, 'was intended to.' **21.** 1. hatte ... an, 'had on, wore.' — 7. habe, subjunctive of indirect statement (**333. 4***a*). — 10. doch = 'but' (**385.5***c*). **21.**
— 12. ſo lang er war, 'as long *as* he was' (**438.3***e*), i.e. 'at his full length.' — note the accusative after hinter (**376**). — 13. recht, 'rightly' i.e. 'really, fully.' — 14. ohne governs the infinitive with zu (**346.1**).

18. an is prefix of fing, 'began:' the phrases in quotation-marks, following, are names of children's plays. — 20. mit dabei ſein, 'be in connection with it (have their share of the fun), along with [the rest];' mit being used in German adverbially, without the object which we always add to

with. — 22. ein Lärm, '[such] a racket.' — 23. davon, 'from it,' i.e. 'by reason of it, at it.' — 26. ausgeſtreckt, does not form pluperfect tense with hatte, but is factitive predicate (316.2*c*), qualifying Arme. — 28. Augenblick, accusative of time (230.1). — 31. ſo ein = 'a kind of a.' — 33. nichts, 'as to nothing, in no respect, not at all.'

22. 1. war es, conditional inversion (433), here implying 'whether' rather than 'if.' — 2. the colon is equivalent to putting the clause from war to Zugwind into parenthesis: — auf, 'open,' not 'up;' the windows on the continent of Europe generally open on hinges, like doors, and outward; an English or American window could not well be opened by a puff of wind. — 6. ſtecken, dependent on blieb, in sense of a present participle (343.I.6). — 8. dar of daran anticipates the following clause, as object of an (346.2). — 10. for the colon, see note to 20.14. — 11. für, not necessary here; used more often before a noun than before an adjective (compare 316.2*c*, remark).

16. hinaus, verb of motion omitted, as often with auxiliary of mood (259.2). — 20. was ... für belong together (175), and are equivalent to welche, the 'what' of surprise or admiration. — 23. verzog keine Miene = 'did not change countenance at all.' — 26. als = 'as if' before inverted clause (433*b*). — 27. mag, 'may' of possibility. — 28. füße doch, conditional inversion (433). — 29. möchte, 'might' of permission. — 29. noch einmal ſo, 'as ... again, twice as ....' — 32. her, 'this way, [come] hither.' — 35. davon, 'away,' i.e. 'onward, along.'

23. 6. konnte, 'was able to, was such as might.' — 8. Waſſerfall, accusative of space traversed (230.1). — 12. blinke, subjunctive of indirect statement (333.4*a*). — 13. Mal here invariable (not put in plural), as in the adverbial compounds dreimal, viermal, to which this is equivalent. — 14. note, in the use of an accusative after an, the implication of gradual coming of the water up *to* the neck. — 26. ſo lang er war, see note to 21.12. — 28. aller, intensive (142.2). — 29. es, indefinite subject, 'something.' — 31. war = 'had been' (282.2). — 31. auf, literally 'on to;' often used in German, instead of our *in*, where there is implication of a more open place, in contradistinction to one that is enclosed, shut in. Thus, one says in der Stadt, 'in the city,' but auf dem Lande, 'in the country;' in den Straßen, 'in the streets,' but auf dem Markt, 'in the market-place;' often auf der Straße, 'in the street,' auf dem Hofe, 'in the yard,' as opposed to im Hauſe, 'in the house;' and in der Stube, 'in the room,' but auf dem Flur, 'in the hall,' or auf dem Boden, 'in the garret.'

24. 7. daran, as above (18.16). — 16. geſchehen, pluperfect with omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*); or we may regard the war at the end of the next clause as also playing a part in this. — 18. ſchmelze, subjunctive of indirect statement (333.4*a*).

Undine.

The author of the following extract, Friedrich Heinrich, Baron de la Motte Fouqué, was of an old French family, but long settled in Germany, his grandfather having been a general of Frederick the Great. He was born in 1777, saw much military service in the wars between Prussia and France, and died in 1843. He was distinguished alike as poet and as romance-writer. Religion, chivalry, and gallantry were his themes, and he turned with especial fondness toward subjects from the old German and Scandinavian legends and mythology. Of all his works, that from which we have here an extract is by far the most popular and widely known, and deservedly so. For inventive fancy, and delicacy and beauty of sentiment, it is hardly surpassed in the whole range of romantic composition.

Undine (or *Undene*) is an old German word, signifying 'water-spirit, mermaid.' The heroine of the story is such a spirit, whom her friends, knowing that she can win a soul and immortality only by marriage with a human being, have managed to get adopted into a human family, by stealing away the child of the family, and sending her to take its place. Her foster-parents, an old fisherman and his wife, live alone upon a point of land jutting out into a lake, and separated from the abodes of other men by a forest which is reputed enchanted. Upon their loneliness breaks in, one pleasant afternoon, a handsome young knight, whose story of his adventures on the way to them constitutes the chapter here given.

The knight is shut in upon the peninsula by the arts of Undine's kindred, and by and by becomes her husband; but, though Undine, with her new-won soul, is beauty and goodness itself, the unnatural union of a human and an extra-human being does not turn out happily, and the story ends in sorrow and death.

26. es to ba = 'it may be now some eight days ago, that;' mögen agrees with Tage (154.4*a–d*); for her in the sense of 'ago' see the Vocabulary; ba is properly demonstrative (438.3*h*). — 26. freie Reichsſtadt, that is to say, a city which itself was an independent constituent part of the Empire, and was 'free' from any but imperial authority, not being under the feudal dominion of a vassal of the Empire, as duke, count, or the like. — 28. gab es, 'there was' (292.3*a*). 25. 1. halte, sudden change to the present tense of lively narration (324.2). — 4. change back to **25.** the preterit as proper imperfect, or continuous past tense, 'was standing' etc. — 5. heiße, ſei, subjunctives of indirect statement (333; 333.4*a*): — Bertalda, this Bertalda turns out to be the real daughter of the fisherman, for whom Undine had been substituted; and she becomes later the chief means of the unhappiness of the young couple. — 8. hatte to los, 'if I had at first ridden finely, so now it went off in addition (beyond that) quite otherwise;' i.e. 'even if I had done well before, I now did much better yet.' — 11. hindurch, adverb of continuance, added after the accusative of time, Tage (230.1*a*). — 16. freundlich qualifies wehmüthig; = 'with kindly or fond sadness.' — 17. ihr to danach, 'you are doing it also after that fashion,' i.e. 'that is just like what you are doing to me.' —

21. a rather unmanageable crowd of adverbs; 'even already upon the second day, she no longer pleased me by any means (lange, 'by a long sight') [so much] as she had done,' etc. — 26. mir lag etc., 'for me there did not at all (eben) lie (rest, depend) so much upon her glove;' i.e. 'her glove was not of such consequence to me, I did not care so much for it.' — 28. mahnen, in passive sense (**343.I.5***c*). — 31. die = emphatic personal pronoun (**166.2***b*). — 32. ſich, 'one's self,' einem, 'to one' (**185**): the reflexive is not possible in the latter case, because, if used, it would have to refer to was, the subject of iſt. — 33. da, 'in that case, under such circumstances.' — 34. können, infinitive for participle (**251.4***a*).

26. 36. Undinen, old-style accusative (**105**, remark). **26.** 3. mußte, 'could not but.' — 5. ſein, not werden, as denoting the finished action (**282**); 'I shall soon *have* done it.' — 7. note the implication in the accusative after in; 'I had come deep *into* them:' — nahm . . . wahr, compound verb. — 8. da etc., i.e. 'the feeling came over me.' — 15. faſſe nach, 'grasp after, catch at, put my hand to.' — 19. daß = ſo daß. — 20. was . . . für eine belong together (**175**).

22. den, i.e. den Teufel. — 27. wäre, subjunctive of less confident or dogmatic statement (**332.3***a*). — 29. noch immer, 'still all the time,' i.e. 'even yet.' — 30. halten, in passive sense (**343.I.5***c*). — 31. als = 'as if,' before inverted conditional phrase (**433***b*): werfe instead of wärfe, by a kind of mixture of the conditional and indirect constructions (= da dachte ich, es werfe ſich etc.: **332.2***c*). — 32. Hengſte is indirect object of werfe vor; quer qualifies vor, 'athwart in front.' — 35. Bach; one of Undine's relatives, who had a part to play in bringing the young knight to the fisherman's cottage and keeping him there. **27.** 2. ſah . . . nieder, compare 3.17: —

27. Sinnen, infinitive as noun (**340**).

4. ſo = 'when' (**438.3***h*). — 13. zu ſuchen, dependent on gedachte; mir and Abenteuer are its objects; keines, i.e. kein Abenteuer. — 17. rennet, present in sense of future (**324.4**). — 18. noch etc.; inconvenient crowd of adverbs; noch dummer, 'still more stupidly [than before];' the other two then inserted to qualify dummer. — 20. lägt ihr, inversion for emphasis (**431***g*). — 22. wenn . . . auch, 'if, even,' i.e. 'even though.' — 26. drein has a peculiar meaning, which it is well-nigh impossible to put into English; it conveys an implication of blunt or violent action; one may render (quite imperfectly) 'he came yelling after me.' — 28. ſo ſauer, 'sour (hard) as;' the German omits the als, 'as,' which is implied, as shown by the position of the verb at the end of the clause (**438.3***d*,*e*), and we omit the ſo: — ſo wunderliche etc.; has to be altered in construction when translated; 'strange as were the half-ridiculous, half-horrible contortions which he at the same time performed with his body.' — 30. wobei, 'along with which,' i.e. 'while at the same time.' — 34. ihm answers the purpose of a possessive (**161**; **222.III***b*) to both the following nouns. — 36. noch ein, 'another' (**198.3***c*).

28. 2. Grüßen, infinitive as noun (340): — eben qualifies the negative; 'Gold is *just* the thing that I do *not* want.' — 3. Spaßes, dependent on viel:—ſelbſten, old-style and obsolete form for ſelbſt. — 4. i.e. [ich] will es euch einmal zeigen. **28.**

5. ward mir, 'came to be (seem) to me': — als = 'as if' (433*b*): — könne, ſei; again (as at 26.31) a mixture of conditional and indirect construction (332.2*c*). — 9. ſich, 'one another,' reciprocal reflexive (155.4); a possessive dative (222.III*b*). — 12. reichen, in passive sense (343.I.5*c*,*d*), and the passive construction completely carried out, so that the real object of ließ and subject of reichen, namely Andere, is turned into a prepositional phrase, and, instead of 'he caused the others to hand up gold to himself,' we have 'he caused gold to *be* handed up to himself *by* the others.' — 14. was, '[namely] what,' instead of das or welches, 'which;' compare 179.5. — 15. wollten, 'showed an inclination to, were bound to, seemed as if they would, were on the point of' (258*b*): — ſich, object of the intransitive lachen, along with factitive predicate (227.2*b*). — 16. alle belongs to ſie, not to Finger. — 27. wo ... hin, as if wohin auch, 'whithersoever.' — 28. los gives the sense of unrestrained or violent action to treiben, and might with equal propriety be treated as its prefix (loszutreiben). — 32. hin, complement of the preposition nach (379.1*a*): — frei, factitive predicate qualifying Weg (316.2*c*). — 33. zogen wir, conditional inversion (433). **29.** 1. als, 'as if,' in sense of daß, 'that' (332.2*c*): — Springbrunnen; this, too, was of Undine's kindred. — 4. wolle for wollte (332.2*c*). **29.**

9. da (of davon) anticipates the following clause, the logical object of von (436.3*d*). — 10. darüber, 'about that;' here nearly = darauf, 'thereupon.' — 11. in to hinein, 'in into herself;' i.e. not *out*, aloud, as if for any one else to hear. — 12. ſeheſt, for ſäheſt, would be more regular (333.4*d*). — 14. fort, verb of motion omitted, '[get] away' (259.2). — 15. 'mal, i.e. einmal, 'just:' — den übergetretenen Waldſtrom; they had already, the evening before, found the brook turned into a raging torrent and cutting off all exit from the peninsula. — 18. da, 'there,' i.e. 'on that head, about that;' virtual repetition of the preceding clause. — 19. darf ... hinaus, 'may not trust himself [to go] out' (259.2). — 23. darein; the dar again anticipates the following clause, as (accusative) object of ein, for in; 'had to reconcile himself to staying.' — 24. zur Inſel gewordenen, the equivalent of an adjective clause; 'which had grown into an island' (437.2*a*). — 25. verliefen, potential subjunctive (332.5*d*). — 26. der Kleinen, dative in possessive sense (222.III*a*). — 29. was noch alles, 'what all besides, what further': — der, the use of the article puts Bertalda a little further off, as a person with whom the speaker would have no concern; almost like 'that Bertalda of yours.'

Das Schloß am Meere.

Ludwig Uhland, several of whose most familiar and favorite ballads are

included in the Reader, was a Swabian, born at Tübingen in 1787, and only recently deceased (at his native place, in 1862). In his own department of lyric poetry he stands in the foremost rank, and many of his pieces are in the memories and on the lips of almost every person of German birth and speech.

This piece is a simple and touching picture, which needs no words of explanation or of comment.

30. 4. her, 'along.'—5. möchte, 'would fain,' i.e. 'seems as if it would, seems to;' alluding, probably, to the reflection of the structure in the peaceful waters below. — 8. Gluth, accusative after in (**376**). — 11. ſtehen, dependent on habe geſehen (**343.I.5**). — 13. Wallen, infinitive as noun (**340**). — 19. Klagelied, object of hörte zu. — 21. oben; that is, on the battlements of the castle. — 23. Wehen, infinitive as noun (**340**), object of ſaheſt. — 28. im = 'in her' (**66.3**).

Der Wirthin Töchterlein.

Respecting the author of this little poem, see the introductory remarks to the preceding one.

Hardly ever has the genuine tone of the popular ballad been more successfully struck by a great poet than here.

31. 1. zogen agrees with the logical subject following it (**154.4*d***): — wohl = 'as it chanced.'—3. ſie, third person singular used in address to an acknowledged inferior (**153.3**): — gut for gutes (**126**). — 4. Töchterlein, the diminutive of affectionate familiarity. — 11. lebteſt, subjunctive, in hypothetical period (**332.1**). — 14. dazu, literally 'at it,' i.e. in view of the sad event. — 17. ihn, i.e. den Schleier. — 18. an followed by accusative, as implying the impressing of the kiss (**376*a***). — 20. Ewigkeit, accusative: — in, 'into,' i.e. 'to all.'

Das Grab.

Salis (Johann Gaudenz von Salis-Seewis; born 1762, died 1834) is one of the minor lyric poets of Germany. His songs, although by no means throughout so funereal as the two selections (here and on page 41) made in the Reader would indicate, are marked by a vein of tender melancholy.

32. 28. Moos, accusative after auf (**376**). **32.** 2. wund, factitive predicate to Hände (**316.2*c***). — 4. Grund, accusative after in (**376**); literally, 'to the bottom of its depth.' — 5. ſonſt keinem = keinem anderen. — 7. die, demonstrative.

Erlkönig.

Goethe (Johann Wolfgang von Goethe; born 1749, died 1832) is the acknowledged chief of German literature. The variety of extracts from his works given here will serve to illustrate the multifariousness as well as the power of his genius. The best account in English of his life and works is G. H. Lewes's biography.

This ballad is one of the best known in the German language. It may (if we are authorized to give a prose interpretation to so essentially poetic a sketch) be regarded as depicting the fate of a sensitive and imaginative boy, who, in a night ride, sees and hears supernatural beings in the sights and sounds about him, and is overwhelmed by his fears.

16. ſicher may be understood either as adverb, or as factitive predicate; perhaps better the former, 'he grasps him securely.' — 18. Erlkönig, not a personage belonging to the ordinary German population of fairy-land; except as the name may be deemed to be a corruption or local dialectic form of Elfkönig, 'king of the elves,' effected through the influence of the Danish, where the same word (elle) means both 'elf' and 'alder' (Erle). — 22. ſpiel', present in sense of future (**324.4**). — 24. mancher often loses its declensional ending (**191**): — güldnen for güldenes (**126**). — 28. ſäuſelt der Wind, i.e. 'it is the wind, rustling,' etc. **33.** 3. führen, present for future (**324.4**). — 4. the meaning 'to sleep,' regularly added by ein to wiegen, is transferred also to the other verbs in the line. — 8. es ſcheinen, i.e. (as above, 32.28) 'it is the old willows, shining,' etc. — 12. Leids for Leides, neuter of adjective leid used substantively (**129.3**); 'a harm.' — 13. Vater, logically subject of grauſet taken intransitively (**294**); 'the father is terror-stricken.'

Das zerbrochene Ringlein.

The author of this poem, Joseph von Eichendorff (born 1788, died 1857), was a poet of the romantic school, and author, besides his songs, of various dramas and works of fiction; of the last, his Aus dem Leben eines Taugenichts, 'From the life of a good-for-nothing,' is the best known to our public.

18. da redundant, repetition of preceding line. — 22. dabei, 'along with it, at the same time.' — 24. ſprang, preterit for perfect (**325.3**). — 30. wohl, hardly translatable. **34.** 3. hör' ich, conditional inversion (**433**). — 5. am liebſten, superlative of gern (**368b**). — 6. i.e. wäre es. **34.**

Die Einkehr.

Respecting the author, see introductory remarks to the piece on page 30.

7. wundermild, appositive adjective almost with value of attributive (**116.4**). — 8. da, redundant repetition of preceding line. — 12. eingekehrt, auxiliary (bin) omitted (**439.3a**). — 13. Schaum, we may imagine 'dew' to be meant. — 18. auf das Beſte, adverbial phrase (**363.2b,c**); more usually contracted into aufs beſte. — 19. zu, 'unto,' i.e. 'for.'

Fuchs und Kranich.

The old fable of the mutual entertainment of the fox and crane, put into a new shape, and with a different moral.

35. 1. verſchieden, appositive adjective with attributive value (**116.4**). — 5. was in sense of etwas (**176.2**). — 6. gleich in sense of ſogleich. — 7. copula (war) omitted (**439.3***b*). — 8. bei is separable prefix of legte: — geſchwollene = 'full, plump.' — 9. Gefäße seems intended here rather as the neuter collective (**411.II.1***a*) of Faß or Gefäß than as lengthened form of Gefäß itself, and to mean 'dishes, vessels.' — 10. dagegen, 'over against that,' i.e. 'on the opposite side.' — 11. Element, here, of course, 'water.' — 12. Gold-, i.e. Goldfiſchlein (**419.***c*). — 15. i.e. ſo hättet ihr neidiſch geſtehen müſſen. — 20. ſchmiegte, same construction as wiegte; as the logical conclusion of the verse, we may conceive the end of the preceding verse (lines 15, 16) repeated; this would call upon us to admire and envy the bird's appetite also. — 21. beim Wandern = 'at their departure. — 24. als genährt, 'as fed,' i.e. 'as being one who had eaten;' each thought his own the regular and ceremonious repast, and the other a special and subordinate provision, made in view of his fellow's little infirmities of structure. — 25. willſt, for willſt du, 'if thou wouldst.' — 26. i.e. ſo mußt du. — 27. i.e. wenn du die Leute gaſtiren willſt. — 28. dich . . . richten, dependent on mußt.

Berglied.

Schiller (Johann Christoph Friedrich von Schiller; born 1759, died 1805) shares with Goethe the highest rank among German authors, as lyric poet and dramatist, while his historical and philosophical writings and his romances are also held as classical. His life has been written in English by Thomas Carlyle.

The poem before us is an exalted and ideal description of a scene in the Alps.

36. 1. an, 'along.' — 2. the original infinitive meaning of Leben is here distinctly brought out by its connection with the infinitive Sterben (**340**). — 3. es, not translatable (**154.4***c*). — 4. ewig for ewiges (**126**). — 5. Löwin, a play of words; Löwin literally 'lioness,' but also a dialectic form of Lawine, 'avalanche,' which is here intended to be signified. — 7. gebogen über, with accusative (**376**), 'arched across,' i.e. 'thrown over in an arch.' — 15. da, 'then,' or 'when' (**438.3***h*): — lachend, like ewig, above (line 4). — 22. Morgen and Abend are frequently used (especially the former) as names for 'east' and 'west;' Mittag, for 'south,' is less common: they are so applied, of course, in view of the position or direction of the sun at those times respectively; by antithesis to Mittag, Mitternacht, 'midnight,' is sometimes used for 'north;' but this is a more artificial and a wholly incorrect designation. — 23. wie, 'as,' i.e. 'when, as soon as.' — 24. ſich, 'to one another;' reciprocal use of the reflexive (**155.4**). — 26. Geſchlechter, accusative after über (**376**), on account of implication of motion through ragen, 'rise, jut upward'—not motion *toward*, to be sure, but in the opposite direction. — 31. es, redundant, as

above (line 3). **37.** 1. ſich, possessive dative (**222.III.***a*,*b*). — 4. i.e. ſie (die Pfeile) vergolden ſie (die Krone). **37.**

Die Lorelei.

Heinrich Heine (born at Düsseldorf, 1799, died in Paris, 1856) was by birth a Hebrew, but lived in declared opposition to all religion, and died a Roman Catholic. He was a man of extraordinary delicacy of perception, keenness of wit, and power of expression, and his works are among the most noteworthy of the time. The extracts from them made in the Reader give a rather one-sided view of his literary activity, but they illustrate that extreme simplicity of form which is one of the most striking external characteristics of his poetry.

This poem is founded upon a Rhine-legend, attaching itself to a high rocky promontory on the east bank of the river (near Oberwesel), about which the stream makes a turn, with currents and eddies dangerous to navigation. It is fabled that the summit of the rocks was occupied by a fay, who would dress and attire herself there in view of those who passed by on the river, and by her supernatural beauty and song would so rivet the attention of the mariners as to make them careless of the dangers through which they were passing, and so bring about their destruction.

5. ſoll, literally 'is to, is meant to,' implies a kind of external influence exerted on the poet, which he resists and would fain escape. — 8. mir, possessive dative (**222.III.***a*,*b*). — 18. dabei, 'along with it, i.e. 'at the same time.'

Das Schloß Boncourt.

Adalbert von Chamisso was by birth a Frenchman (born in Champagne in 1781; died in 1838), but the troubles of the French revolution destroyed his home and exiled his family while he was still very young, and he furnishes perhaps the sole example of a foreigner who has made for himself a high place among German poets. His department is that of lyric and narrative poetry. He was also a man of science, a botanist, of no mean rank; and his observations in a scientific voyage around the world (1815–18) are turned to account by him in his longest and most admired narrative poem, Salas y Gomez; as also in his little prose romance, Peter Schlemihl, or the adventures of the man who lost his shadow. It is by this last admirable work that the name of Chamisso is best known outside of Germany.

The present poem is a touching reminiscence of the home from which he had been driven.

38. 1. mich, object of the intransitive träum', along with an adjunct, als Kind zurück, 'back as child (into childhood),' having the value of a factitive predicate (**227.2***b*). — 3. ſucht . . . heim, compound verb. — 4. i.e. die ich lange vergeſſen geglaubt [habe]; vergeſſen being participle, factitive predicate to die (**316.2***c*), and the auxiliary omitted (**439.3***a*). — 9. es, untranslatable (**154.4***c*). — 21. umflort, adjective belonging appositively to Augen; 'my eyes, veiled (dimmed with emotion), do not yet' etc. **38.**

(357). — 23. wie . . . auch, as usual, 'however,' qualifying hell (compare 179.4). — 30. mild, i.e. 'softened with emotion' (French *attendri*); opposite of ſtreng, 'stern.' **39.** 1. i.e. will mich aufraffen, an unusual de-
39. parture from the ordinary arrangement, and one of which the rhetorical effect is to lay a stress upon auf. — 2. Saitenſpiel, accusative of accompanying circumstance (230.3*a*). — 3. durchſchweifen, ſingen, same construction as raffen.

Auf der Ueberfahrt.

Respecting the author, see introductory remarks to the poem on page 30.

8. wie immer, 'as ever,' i.e. 'as it used to do of old.' — 10. zween, 'twain;' old masculine form of zwei (199*a*). — 13. ſtill, the emphatic word. — 14. ſo, also emphatic; 'in that way, in the same manner.' — 15. vor, 'before;' may be understood either as 'in presence of, before the eyes of,' or as 'at the head of, in advance of, more than.' — 17. Tage, object of denken. — 18. glücklicher, not precisely an appositive adjective, but as if qualifying a repeated Tage understood; 'happy ones.' — 20. theure, like glücklicher, just above; theure [Genoſſen]: — entriſſen [hat], with omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*). — 22. wenn, in sense of daß, which would be more logical. — 26. dreifach, factitive predicate to die (316.2*c*); the more ordinary prosaic construction would use it as attributive with Miethe, in the foregoing line.

Kinderzeiten.

See above, introduction to the notes on die Lorelei (p. 247). These verses are said to have been addressed by the poet to his sister.

40. 4. note the accusative construction after unter (376). — 6. con-
40. ditional inversion (433). — 8. wäre; ſei would be more theoretically regular, the subjunctive being one of indirect statement (333.4*a*,*d*). — 9. auf = 'in;' see note to 23.31. — 10. die, demonstrative; redundant repetition of the preceding line. — 12. Haus, i.e. 'household, establishment.' — 20. Katze, cant name for an ugly or cunning old woman. — 24–28. the auxiliaries and copulas omitted (439.3); they would be in each case ſei, being in indirect statement after klagten (333).

Das ſtille Land.

Respecting Salis, see above, introduction to notes on Das Grab (p. 244).

41. 3. trüber may be understood either as adverb, or as factitive pre-
41. dicate to ſich. — 12. beſtand, preterit in sense of perfect (325.3). — 18. die Fackel, accusative absolute (230.3*b*).

Die verlorene Kirche.

For the author, see above (p. 243–4).

A pious rhapsody. The poet figures to himself the ecstasy of devotion and worship, awakened by the solitude and grandeur of the forest in the heart of one who buries himself in its depths for the purpose of seclusion and religious meditation, as a lost church, which the wanderer discovers, and into which he is received.

23. von obenher; more logically, von oben her, 'hither from above,' i.e. 'coming down from on high.' — 24. von wann, antiquated form of von wannen, 'from whence.' — 26. ſoll, 'is said to' (257.3). — 29. mehr, with the negative part of keiner, means, as usual, 'no longer.' — 42. 8. je; more usually deſto in the apodosis, or independent clause. — 42. 11. omitted copula, iſt (or bleibt) (439.3*b*). — 12. omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*). — 13. denn, in sense of als, 'than;' now antiquated and unusual. — 14. hätte, virtually a subjunctive of indirect statement, although not in the usual and normal construction; as if mir ſchien es, als hätte ich mehr denn hundert Jahre ſo hingeträumet (332.2*c*, at end); which is equivalent to ich dachte, ich hätte etc. — 15. als, 'when.' — 29. i.e. mir war's, als hätte derſelbe etc., 'it was (seemed) to me as if' etc. — 30. klopfend for klopfendes (126). — 33. war, impersonal, with es omitted (292.4; 293). 43. 3. erhellt, appositive to Bild. — 4. zum Leben, 'into life, into reality.' — 43. 12, 13. war, not wurde; he did not see the change making, but only its result (282). — 15, 17. was . . . für, belong together (175). — 21. nehme, imperative, which in the third person singular (only) admits the subject before as well as after it (432.2*a*).

Die ſterbende Blume.

Friedrich Rückert (born 1789, died 1866) is one of the most esteemed of the later lyric and didactic poets of Germany, and an unexcelled master of poetic form. He was distinguished also as an Oriental scholar, and his translations from Oriental authors are among his most noteworthy works. He is less known and read out of Germany than many whose genius was inferior to his; perhaps mainly because he spread himself over so much surface, instead of resting his fame on a few elaborated masterpieces.

In this piece, a floweret is represented as lamenting its doom to speedy and absolute extinction. It rejects the encouragement and consolation offered it (in the first and third verses), and at first regrets having lived, and reproaches the author of its being, the sun; but is then softened by his warming and kindling influence, rejoices at having been allowed to form a part of his beautiful creation, and lies down to die in happy resignation.

We may regard the poem as a kind of apologue, intended to represent the struggle of mind of one who looks forward to quitting this life without hope of another—which is understood to have been the mental attitude of the author.

23. erlebſt, present in sense of future (324.4): — es anticipates the follow-

ing line as object of erlebſt. — 25. inversion for emphasis (431*g*). — 26. verheert, best understood as participle, with omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*). — 30. entſprang, violent change of tense; we should expect entſpringt, or else entſprungen iſt.

44. 44. 2. Sommertauſend, modelled after the common word Jahrhundert; accusative of duration of time (230.1). — 3. verträumtem, participle with pregnant meaning, equivalent to a verb; 'after winter's dream is dreamed out.' — 8. wie, 'as,' i.e. 'when, when once.' — 12. da superfluous (182.2). — 20. Einzle; einzel is the older form of einzeln, but is now very rarely used. — 21. ſind ſie, conditional inversion; '[even] if they' etc. — 22. es, 'so,' i.e. was ich war. — 23. i.e. ganz und gar nur jetzt bin ich, 'absolutely only at the present time is my existence.' — 25. ſie, object of wärmt; 'them,' i.e. die Andern (line 18): — einſt here points to the future, 'some time hereafter.' — 30. in die Fernen, 'into the distances,' i.e. 'far off in the future.' — 34. mich, object of geküßt [hat], with factitive predicate (316.2*c*).

45. 45. 2. mir (also Mitleid, line 4, and dir, line 6), dative in "ablative" sense (222.I.3). — 4. zu = um zu, infinitive of purpose or end (343.III.1). — 5. order, ich will mich krampfhaft feſt in mich ſchließen; krampfhaft qualifies feſt. — 11. ſonneſt, an intransitive used transitively with factitive predicate, (227.2*b*). — 15. Morgenzug and the other nouns in this verse are in apposition with alles, line 13. — 16. dem, 'to which,' i.e. 'in response to which, under whose action or influence.' — There are several cases of omitted auxiliary in this and the following lines (439.3*a*). — 21. wie, 'as,' here in sense of 'in that.' — 25. one may take his choice here between the two meanings of ließeſt, 'permit' or 'cause.' — 29. hoch, appositive adjective with attributive force (116.4). — 30. zu . . . hinein, 'in into' (379.1*c*).

46. 46. 4. aufzuſteh'n, dependent upon Hoffnung in the manner of a genitive (345.3).

Abenddunkel.

Respecting the author, see above (p. 247).

A simple eventide picture.

Der Ring.

"Anastasius Grün" is the *nom de plume* of Count Anton Alexander von Auersperg, an Austrian poet and liberal, born in 1806, and still (1870) living. He is one of the most popular of the lyric poets of the modern era, and has also written epics, on old German subjects and in the poetic form of the Middle High-German period (465).

47. 47. 6. Heimathland, dative dependent on the adjective fern, which usually requires the preposition von. — 11. Pfand, in apposition with den. — 13. Auge, accusative after vor (376), since the action of putting *to* the eye as well as holding there is implied in hielt. — 24. entlang, adverb of direction, here almost a preposition governing Fluth (375*c*).

Tragiſche Geſchichte.

A specimen of Chamisso's (see above, p. 247) lighter manner.

48. 13. 's, or es, 'there' (**154.4***b*): — dem, dative in possessive sense; 'to *whose* heart it went,' i.e. 'whom it pierced to the heart.' — 16. 17. present tenses in sense of future (**324.4**). — 20. ſtund, old form of the preterit of ſtehen, now quite rare. — 22. 'rum, for herum. — 26. nichts Schlechtes, 'nothing bad,' i.e. 'no harm.' **49.** 2. hilft zu nichts, 'helps [him] to nothing,' i.e. 'leads to no result.' — 4. ſeht, imperative. — 5. the colon is equivalent to putting within quotation marks that which follows; see note to 20.14.

Drei Paare und Einer.

Respecting the author, see introduction to the notes on die ſterbende Blume (p. 249).

10. drauf, 'thereupon,' i.e. 'in answer to, or in comment upon, it; about it.' — 12. zu, literally 'unto, into;' 'make it into what is own to thee,' i.e. 'make it thine own, lay it well to heart, master the lesson it teaches.' — 17. zweie, old style for zwei (**200.1**).

Offne Tafel.

The poet has prepared an entertainment, and invited to it various characters which (as is intended to be implied) are not easily met with in modern society. Finding, then, that he is likely to enjoy the feast alone, he relents, and asks in people as they are—faults, foibles, and all.

21. genug, 'in sufficiency, in abundance.' — 23. ſind, i.e. the invitations have been already sent out (**282**). — 26. mir, 'for me,' expletive (**222.IIIc**). **50.** 1. ſchönes Kind, a common designation for a 'pretty young girl.' — 2. i.e. 'who are wholly unsophisticated.' — 3. nicht, i.e. [die] nicht [wiſſen]: — was in sense of etwas (**176.2**). — 10. Ehegatten, object of hatten. — 11. conditional inversion (**433**); 'if (even though) he were all the time becoming more bearish.' — 18. eitel, appositive to Herren. — 27. neben aus, 'off to one side.' **51.** 1. fremdes, 'strange,' i.e. 'of another person, somebody else's.' — 10. will, 'is on the point of, threatens to' (**258***b*). — 12. i.e. 'have been too exacting, have demanded too much.' — 17. komme, imperative (**432.2***a*).

Zuverſicht.

Ludwig Tieck was born in 1773, and died in 1853. His name is associated with those of the brothers Schlegel, as chiefs of the modern "romantic" school of literature. His works are almost exclusively narrative and dramatic: prominent among them are the collection of tales entitled

Phantaſus, and the dramatizations of children's stories (as Puss in Boots, Bluebeard), and old German legends (as Genoveva, Fortunatus).

52. 25. geht, wandelt, imperatives. **52.** 3. über'n = über den (**65**, remark 2). — 8. gern, 'with pleasure or enjoyment.' — 13. laß . . . ſein, 'let be,' i.e. 'let alone, leave off, quit.' — 14. emphatic inversion (**431***g*). — 17. i.e. ſo weit [als] der Himmel dich einſchließt (**438.3***d*) = 'within the whole circumference of the heaven.' — 19. das Sein', 'what is its, what it is fairly entitled to.'

Bergmannslied.

Friedrich, Baron von Hardenberg (born 1772, died 1801), better known by the assumed name of "Novalis," was one of the most gifted poets of his time, and his early death, at less than thirty years of age, was deeply and widely lamented. He was in literary sympathy and personal friendship with Tieck and the Schlegels, by whom his collected writings were edited and published. His most ambitious and elaborate work, a romance entitled "Heinrich von Ofterdingen," was left unfinished. Depth of feeling, inclining to melancholy and mysticism, was the marked characteristic of his poems in general—though not at all of the one here selected; this represents rather his scientific education and profession; he was occupied during several years in the management of the salt-works at Weissenfels.

53. 22. wer, for the more regular relative welcher (**179.3**). **53.** 7. nicht, for the more usual weder. — 9–12. i.e. ſie iſt mit Freundlichkeit bereit, ihm die etc. zu berichten. — 29. reicht, i.e. 'furnishes, gives the aid of.' — 31. fragt . . . wenig, i.e. 'makes little account, does not much concern himself.' — 32. Freuden, ancient dative ending retained (**95**).

54. **54.** 2. i.e. am Fuß [der Gebirge] = 'down in the plains.'

Die drei Sterne.

Karl Theodor Körner was born in 1791, and was killed in a skirmish with the French in 1813, when not yet quite 22 years old; being one of the most widely regretted of the victims of the great war of liberation, which overthrew the power of Napoleon and restored the independence of Germany. He was an officer in Lützow's corps of Black Huntsmen (Schwarze Jäger), and his best lyrics were patriotic songs composed while in the service; he had written during the night before his death one of the most famous of them, the "Sword-song." Among his other works are several dramas, of much merit.

6. herein, 'in hither,' i.e. 'in upon us mortals.' — 7. second die, emphatic 'they' (**166.2***b*); simple repetition of the subject. — 13. this verse is not very intelligible, having more sound than logical sense. — 14. zum, 'for a,' i.e. 'as a.' — 16. zum, 'unto the,' i.e. 'so as to bring about a.' — 17. doch simply 'but' (**385.5***c*), and the following inversion is conditional(**433**), with

dann (line 19) as correlative to its implied wenn, 'if,' or 'when.' — 23. begleite; begleiten would be more strictly correct (322.1*a*). — 27. leb', imperative; its subject, what follows.

Reiterlied.

This spirited song is taken from Schiller's play of Wallenſtein's Lager, 'Wallenstein's Camp,' which serves as introductory piece or prologue to the two splendid dramas, Die Piccolomini, and its continuation and conclusion, Wallenſtein's Tod, 'Wallenstein's Death;' and which gives a lively picture of the life of the soldier in the half-military, half-freebooting camps of that period (the period of the Thirty Years' War). This life is also reflected in the song, of which the successive stanzas are uttered or sung by different characters, while the whole assembly repeat the last two lines of each in chorus.

55. 2. gezogen, participle used imperatively (359.3); for es werde gezogen, third person imperative of the impersonal passive of an intransitive verb (279.2). — 3. was in sense of etwas (176.2). — 5. eintreten für, 'appear for or in the stead of,' i.e. 'act as substitute or representative of.' — 13. der; we should rather expect the compound relative wer (179.3). — 17. Aengſten, rare and anomalous plural of Angſt. — 18. hat zu fürchten, the same idiom as in English (343.III.1*c*). — 20. trifft's, conditional inversion (433); es, i.e. das Schickſal, 'if our fate does not come upon us to-day.'—26. braucht, i.e. er braucht. **56.** 1. i.e. ſo lang [als] er lebt (438.3*d*). — 14. laß fahren, 'let go, let pass,' i.e. 'do not try to restrain or keep him.' — 15. Erben, old dative ending retained (95). — 18. 'leaves his rest,' i. e. leaves it behind him, loses possession of it. — 21, 22. imperative participles (359.3).

55. **56.**

Der Freiheit Schlachtruf.

This is one of the patriotic songs produced when the ardor of feeling through the whole of Germany, for the liberation of the fatherland and of Europe from the oppressive domination of Napoleon, was at its height. The author, Ernst Moritz Arndt (born 1769, died 1860), was among the most enthusiastic and inspiring of those who aroused and fed the feeling. He was obliged to flee from Greifswald (where he was professor of history) in 1807 for writing against the French, and passed some years in exile. Again, in 1819, he was silenced for many years as professor of modern history at Bonn, on account of his too liberal patriotism and freedom of speech. Besides his lyrics (mostly patriotic and war-songs), he is the author of various historical works.

57. 1. wachſen ließ, 'made grow.' — 6. 'wrath of free speech,' i.e. noble ire that speaks itself freely out. — 7. leſtände . . . die Fehde, 'stand to his quarrel,' i.e. 'maintain by fight his just cause.' — 20. ſchwören, 'swear [fealty].' — 23. Hermannsſchlacht, i.e. such a battle as was fought of old by Hermann for the deliverance of Germany from a

57.

foreign yoke. The Germans know as "Hermann" the chieftain whom the Roman authors call Arminius, and who in the reign of Augustus overwhelmed and destroyed the legions of Varus in a great battle in the Teutoburger forest (near Detmold), by this and other victories finally frustrating the efforts of the Roman empire to extend its authority over Germany. — 25. was nur, 'whatever' (179.4). 58. 14. voran,

58. 'in front of, at the head of;' with the value here of a preposition, governing the following noun. — 16. Tod, "cognate accusative" after ſterben (227.2*a*).

Harras, der kühne Springer.

Respecting the author, see introductory remarks to the note on die drei Sterne (p. 252).

A local tradition, founded on an actual occurrence, of which the scene was near Lichtewalde, in the Saxon Erzgebirge.

20. da, demonstrative in sense of relative (438.3*b*). — 21. es klingt herauf, i.e. 'there comes up a sound.' — 23. tief aus, 'deeply out of,' i.e. 'out of the depths of.' — 29. als gält' es, as if it concerned,

59. as if the matter in hand were.' 59. 1,2. infinitives of purpose (343. III.1). — 5. ihm, i.e. dem Morgen. — 18. Freiheit, Leben, accusatives, signifying what is at stake, or depends upon the issue, for them (ihnen, understood); literally, 'it is worth [to them] their life or liberty.'— 19. Häuflein, dative in possessive sense (222.III*a*). — 23. nur, 'alone,' belongs to Harras, in the next line. — 27. Nacht, here accusative, after in (376). — 29. flüchtig, in pregnant construction, 'as he flies, in

60. the haste of flight.' — 31. drein, see note to 27.26. 60. 9. 'it is (seems) to him as if he were invited across;' impersonal verbs (292.3, 4). — 12. ſchäumt in den Zügel, 'foams into the rein,' i.e. 'chafes foaming at the bit, covers the bridle with foam.' — 13. er denkt es, 'he thinks it,' i.e. 'conceives it, imagines the leap.' — 30. die ſeinen, i.e. 'his friends' (160).

Der Sänger.

A favorite ballad, first appearing in Goethe's romance of Wilhelm Meister.

61. 1. vor, 'in front of,' i.e. 'without, outside of.' — 2. auf der

61. Brücke, i.e. on the drawbridge of the castle. — 7. mir, redundant (156). — 8. mir, rather redundant, but usual in this phrase of greeting; means almost 'by me.' — 9. ihr, nominative plural, subject of ſeid, understood. — 13. iſt, 'it is,' not 'there is.' — 14. ſich, object of ergötzen, and ſtaunend in pregnant sense, 'by gazing or staring.'— 16. ſchlug, i.e. his harp. — 17,18. i.e. the song excited the martial ardor of the knights, and made the ladies cast down their eyes (with tender emotion, or with modesty). — 21. holen, in passive sense, with Kette as its subject

62. (343.I.5*c*). — 28. zu, 'in addition to, along with.' 62. 1. doch,

simply 'but' (385.5*c*), and the inversion after it conditional (433). — 3. reichen, like holen, above (61.21). — 4. an, i.e. an den Mund.

Des Sängers Fluch.

One of the very finest ballads in the language. Respecting the author, see notes to Das Schloß am Meere (p. 243–4).

13. i.e. Kranz von Gärten; war, 'was,' may be understood as to be supplied in the line. — 15. an, 'in respect to, in.' — 17. blickt, an intransitive used transitively (227.2*b*). — 22. es, not to be rendered (154.4*c*): — ihm, dative in sense of possessive (222.III*a*,*b*) to both the nouns in the line. — 24. an, separable prefix of stimm'. — 26. gilt uns, 'is our part or duty, is what we have before us:' — steinern, for steinernes (126).

63. 2. als, 'as if,' before inverted clause (433*b*): — drein, 'in upon them.' — 6. dazwischen, 'amid it,' i.e. heard through the intervals of the other, as it were. — 9. allem Süßen, was, 'everything sweet, which' (179.5). — 18. draus, here relative, 'out of which' (180), as is shown by the place of the verb springt (434; 437). — 19. i.e. und all der Schwarm der Hörer ist wie ('as if') vom Sturm zerstoben. — 21. der, 'this one, the latter, he (emphatic, 166.2*b*).' — 22. aufrecht, factitive predicate (316.2*c*): — feste, adverb. — 23. vor, 'in front of,' i.e. 'just outside.' — 24. sie, Preis, both in apposition with Harfe, 'it, of all harps the prize (best, chief).' — 32. i.e. ich zeige euch das entstellte Angesicht dieses Todten.

64. 1, 2. Indicative verbs, where we should rather expect subjunctives (332.5*b*); the meaning is, therefore, 'so that ye shall' (present in sense of future, 324.4) etc., rather than 'in order that ye may,' and a higher certainty is implied. — 4. blut'gen, instead of blut'ges, before a genitive in s (121.3). — 9. noch qualifies zeugt: — Eine written (unnecessarily) with a capital, as being numeral, not article (198.3*e*). — 10. über Nacht, i.e. 'at any moment, without further notice.' — 13. Heldenbuch, while this word would be in place here simply in its general sense, there is probably also an allusion intended to *the* Heldenbuch, so-called, a collection of legends of old German worthies, coming from the Middle High-German period (466.2*b*).

Löwenritt.

Ferdinand Freiligrath (born 1810) has played a conspicuous part in modern German history, both as poet and as patriot. Much of his life has been passed in exile, in England and in America, and the first collective edition of his works was published in New York (1858–9).

15. will er, conditional inversion (433). — 20. Tafelberges, the well-known "Table Mountain," overlooking Capetown (at the Cape of Good Hope). — 21. Karroo, English spelling, and to be pronounced as English,

as the rhyme shows. — 26. langen, i.e. 'outstretched;' Halſes, adverbial genitive (220.1). **65.** 2. ſah man, 'did one [ever] see.' — 8. i.e.
65. wie es [die] Schnelle des Kameeles mit Pardelhaut vereinigt. — 12. Herz, object, of course, as the sense shows. — 15. verheerte, preterit in proper imperfect sense, 'was devastating.' — 17. zagend, appositive to ſie. — 19. ihr, possessive dative (222.III*a*,*b*).

Der Taucher.

One of the most spirited of Schiller's ballads, founded on a story narrated by Kircher, of an actual occurrence, said to have taken place in Sicily, in the fourteenth century.

As regards the style, this piece is particularly noticeable for its frequent and daring violations of the ordinary rules of arrangement of sentences; and it furnishes an excellent opportunity of practice upon the rules, in restoring the order which these would require.

66. 4. first er, more regularly der, as correlative of wer (179.2,3). —
66. 8. Becher, object of wirft: — Geheul, accusative (376). — 10. zu tauchen, dependent on Beherzte, as if this meant distinctly, as it does impliedly, 'the man courageous *enough*' (344.2). — 16. iſt, in pregnant sense, 'exists, is there:' — waget, present in future sense (324.4). — 23, 24. adverbial clauses, qualifying wiedergab, in line 26; which line should properly be inverted (438.3*f*): — Waſſer (line 25) is object of wiedergab: ſchlang, preterit in sense of pluperfect. The action of the whirlpool is an intermittent one; now the waters recede, are drawn down, as it were, into the vortex, leaving a deep abyss; and now, again, they return and rise, are poured forth anew out of the chasm, with din and fury. This alternation of movement is a main item in the action of the piece. — 32. i.e. und Fluth drängt ſich ohn' Ende auf Fluth, 'and surge comes crowding upon surge, without end.' — 33. will, 'shows signs of intending, seems as if it would' (compare 258*b*). **67.** 4. i.e. als ginge es, 'as if (433*b*) it went
67. (reached)' etc. — 5. reißend, appositive to Wogen. — 8. Gott, dative. — 9. Und — ; the actual statement of the plunge is omitted. — 12. nimmer, here 'no more,' in accordance with the etymology of the word (nie mehr). — 18. es, impersonal subject, 'there is expectant waiting yet,' i.e. on the part of those who are watching for the return of the tide and hoping for the reappearance of the youth with it. The next verse and four lines of the next but one represent their thoughts and words in the interval, suddenly broken off (line 29) by the approach of the surge anew. — 22. gelüſtete, preterit subjunctive, in the conclusion of a hypothetical period (332.1). — 23. verhehle, strictly a subjunctive of indirect statement, dependent on erzählt (333.3*a*), but implying also a potential sense, 'may be hiding.' — 25. wohl manches = 'full many a.' — 27. zerſchmettert nur, appositive to Kiel und Maſt, and the emphatic item of the statement, 'only in fragments, as dashed to pieces.' — 28. alles, object of verſchlingendem.—

68. 4. 's, indefinite or impersonal subject; one may translate by 'something.' — 6. es, same as in line 4; it is as if they could not yet believe that it is actually he. — 7. er iſt 's, order inverted from that usual in English (**154.4***f*). — 9. sudden change of tense; as if, during this pause, while the youth is recovering breath at the edge of the water, the intensity of the interest were relaxed a little, and the poet reassumes the character of simple narrator, in place of that of spectator of a present action. — 19. die, 'she;' = emphatic personal pronoun (**166.2***b*). — 20. alſo, 'thus,' i.e. 'thus saying, with these words.' — 21. es, redundant (**154.4***c*); the subject of freue is the next line. — 22. da, redundant (**182.2**). — 24. verſuche, imperative with preceding subject (**432.2***a*). — 27. es riß mich, impersonal; render 'I was dragged' (**294**). — 28. mir, object of ſtürzte entgegen (**222.II.1***b*). **68.**

69. 3. Felſenriff, object of zeigte. — 7. bergetief, correlative of 'mountains high.' — 9. ob . . . gleich, 'although, even though.' — 10. hinunter ſah, 'saw downward,' i.e. 'looked down and saw.' — 15. ſtachlichte, now more usually ſtachlige, as, in present use, the derivative adjectives in ig have almost crowded out those in icht (**415.8**). — 19. 's, object of war bewußt (**229**); represents the situation, as depicted in the rest of the verse. — 23. unter, 'below,' i.e. 'out of reach of.' — 25. dacht' ich 's, 'I conceived or imagined it,' namely, what follows: — froch 's, es here, as the next line shows, does not refer to any of the creatures named above, but to a new, an undefined and nameless creature; the *polypus* or giant cuttle-fish, with its numerous and terrible arms, is doubtless intended. — 29. gleich, for ſogleich. **69.**

70. 1. verſuchſt du's, conditional inversion (**433**). — 5. laßt genug ſein, 'allow to be enough,' i.e. 'be content with so much, do not desire to carry it any further.' — 6. keiner = ſonſt keiner. — 13. ſie, antecedent of die in next line; we should expect in plain prose die or diejenige: — heut' noch, 'yet this day,' i.e. 'this very day.' — 15. the impersonal verb here (and in line 19) is conveniently rendered by a passive (**294**). — 20. i.e. und [er] ſtürzt: — auf, 'for' anticipatively, 'at risk of.' — 23. notable impersonal phrase, 'there is a bowing of one's self downward.' — 26. keines, i.e. kein Waſſer. **70.**

Der Zauberlehrling.

An entertaining versification of the old story of the magician's apprentice, who has learned how to do, but not to undo, and is nearly ruined by the excessive efficiency of the assistant whom he has set at work, but cannot control or stop.

27. inversion for emphasis (**431***g*); the same construction occurs repeatedly in the following verses (as 72.4,21). **71.** 4. thu', present for future (**324.4**). — 7. zum Zwecke, 'for the purpose,' i.e. 'usefully, for a specific end.' — 16. ſei, third person imperative. **71.**

72. 1. deiner Gaben, partitive genitive as object of haben (**220.3**). — 2. vollgemeſſen, used adverbially = 'in full measure, all we want **72.**

or can use.' — 5. worauf, 'upon which,' i.e. 'at or in virtue of which.' — 6. i.e. was er geweſen [iſt] (**439.3***a*). — 8. optative inversion (**331.2**; **432.2**). — 16. the sprite has eluded his grasp by some uncanny artifice. — 17. wird mir, impersonal, with omitted subject (**292.4**; **293**). — 25. Stock is half vocative, half predicate of geweſen [biſt]; thou stick! that hast at any rate been such, even if now seeming to wear another character. — 34.

73. wie, 'as,' i.e. 'when, when once.' **73.** 9. ſteh'n ... in die Höhe, somewhat pregnant expression. ſtehen taken as a verb of motion; 'stand aloft,' i.e. 'rise and stand up.' — 19. i.e. die Geiſter, die ich rief; object of werde los (**229**). — 23. i.e. [ihr] ſeid es geweſen, 'you have been it (i.e. broom merely).' — 26. erſt, same force, nearly, as nur in the preceding line, and one of the two redundant.

Der letzte Dichter.

Respecting the author, see introduction to the notes on der Ring (p. 250). 27. werdet (and iſt, line 30), present in sense of future (**324.4**). — 30. iſt's, i.e. iſt das, a rare contraction (**65**, at end). **74.** 2. The

74. horn of plenty, carried by Fortune, as the receptacle whence she distributes her gifts to men. — 5. ſo lang, 'so long as' (**438.3***d*), the implication of the omited als, 'as,' being shown by the transposed arrangement of the clause; and so all the way down to line 33, where we have the independent clause to which all these adverbial clauses are introductory. — 15. dem Frieden, 'unto peace,' i.e. for peace, with ardent love or longing for it. — 30. d'ran, 'by them,' i.e. die an den Gräbern ſtehen. — 33. here, in the independent clause, where there is no longer

75. implication of als, 'as,' the arrangement changes from transposed to inverted (**431**). **75.** 2. wem, compound relative, of which the included antecedent is subject of wandelt; = derjenige, welchem. — 11. i.e. the creation. — 12. abgeblüht, with omitted auxiliary (**439.3***a*), hat, for haben wird (**328.3***a*). — 14. one may understand verſprüht either as virtual future perfect, like abgeblüht, or as present. — 15. bis dahin, 'up to that point of time,' i.e. 'by that time:' — in this and in the next line, the copulas (ſeid, iſt) are omitted; a much rarer case than that of the omission of the auxiliary with a participle.

Die Grenadiere.

Respecting the author of this and of the next piece, see the notes on die Loreleï (p. 247).

Two French soldiers, captured during Napoleon's Russian campaign, and since kept in Siberian exile, out of reach of all knowledge of what has been going on in the world, are released at the pacification attending the overthrow of the Empire, and make their way toward France. On reaching the "German quarters," they are informed of the Emperor's fall; and one of them is unable to survive the overwhelming news.

20. waren . . . gefangen, equivalent to a pluperfect passive, waren gefangen genommen worden (282.2). — 28. wohl, hardly translatable. — 29. wird mir, impersonal verb with omitted subject (292.4; 293.)

76. 1. das Lied iſt aus, proverbial expression, 'the song is over, the game is played out, life has nothing else worth living for.' — 6. i.e. 'my heart is set on much higher interests.' **76.**

Auf dem Harze.

From Heine's Reiſebilder, a description of his wanderings, in mixed poetry and prose. He gives this little poem as a scene which he experienced.

77. 3. the first der would be more regularly wer (179.3). — 9, 10. the figure a little mixed, and a little hyperbolical; the eyes are stars in virtue of their brightness, though blue in color; and they are so large, and opened so wide upon the poet, that they make upon him the impression of a whole blue heaven. — 24. gar zu ſchön, 'quite too beautiful,' i.e. 'oh! so beautiful!' — 32. des Nachts, an irregular adverbial genitive, formed after the analogy of Tags, Abends, Morgens etc., and favored by the fact that *naht* in ancient German, though feminine, took an exceptional s in its genitive, which has been retained in adverbial use. **77.**

78. 7. dazwiſchen, i.e. its sound is heard in the intervals of the louder noises, which for the most part deaden or drown it; compare 63.6. **78.**

Dithyrambe.

The "dithyramb" is properly an ode to Bacchus, the wine-god, and is hence applied, as here, to a lyric of freest measure and boldest flight of fancy. The poet imagines himself the entertainer of the gods of Greece, who grant him his earnest request for a share in their immortality.

13. glaubt, second person plural imperative: — mir, 'for me,' i.e. on my authority, as I tell you. — 16, 17. the combination of these two clauses is quite different from what we should make it in English; we may render as if it read kaum habe ich Bacchus etc., als auch Amor kommt; kaum = 'hardly is it the case.' **79.** 8. 'that he seem to himself to be one of us (of our people, our sort).' **79.**

Geſang der Geiſter über den Waſſern.

A little mystic poem, founded on Oriental notions of the soul.

17–19. Here is implied the Hindu doctrine of transmigration, or the never-ending re-birth of the soul, in a succession of existences. — 20. ſtrömt etc., conditional inversion (433). **80.** 1. ragen etc., conditional inversion again, this time without the dann at the head of the independent clause (ſchäumt er etc.), which in the preceding verse (79.23) helped to show the construction. — 7. Wieſenthal, accusative of space traversed **80.**

(230.1*b*), with adverb of direction added, 'along the meadow-vale.' — 9. weiden ihr Antlitz, a highly figurative expression; weiden, literally 'pasture,' is the verb used to express the idea of 'feeding' or 'feasting' the eyes upon anything; but of the stars or constellations the eyes are, as it were, the whole face or aspect; they are all eye; hence, by a bold and pregnant metaphor, they are said to 'feed their faces' in the smooth lake; that is to say, they mirror themselves there with delight, they feast on or enjoy their own reflection in the water. — 13. vom Grund aus, 'out from the bottom,' i.e. 'up from the depths.'

Die Worte des Glaubens.

The three ideas which a man must cling to, if he would retain his full worth as a man, are Liberty, Virtue, and God. There is a companion poem, of inferior merit, called die Worte des Wahns, 'the words of delusion or error;' these three delusions are, belief in the destruction of evil by good in this life, in the union of fortune with worth, and in the attainability of absolute truth.

19. inhaltſchwer, appositive to Worte. — 26. we should expect rather wär' than würd'; we may understand, however, '[and would be so,] even should he be born in fetters.' — 27. irren, here transitive, with euch as object and Geſchrei as subject (or object of laßt). **81.** 1. the sense seems to force us to assume in this line an affirmative ertönt; 'tremble before the slave etc., [but] do not tremble before the free man;' the construction is a harsh one, but not unallowable. — 5. conditional inversion; and the auch, with the implied wenn, has the usual force of wenn auch, 'even if,' or 'although.' — 8. das, object of übet. — 10. wie auch, 'however' (compare **179.4**); followed by a present subjunctive (**332.5***a*). — 13. ob in the sense of obgleich or ob auch, 'although, even though.' — 15, 16. bewahret, pflanzet, imperatives, preceded by their objects. — 17. gleich, like auch above (line 5), giving the sense of 'even if, although,' with an inverted clause.

81.

Geſang der Erzengel.

These majestic verses form the introduction to the Prolog im Himmel, 'prologue in heaven,' which begins Goethe's splendid tragedy of "Faust," regarded by many as the greatest of his works (see extracts from it given later, pp. 133–53). The scene of the prologue is an imitation of that in Job, where Satan appears among the sons of God, and receives permission to torment the patriarch by way of trial of his faith; a like permission is given to Mephistopheles with regard to Faust.

21. the first two lines admit a double interpretation; either taking tönt as transitive, with Wettgeſang as its object, and with Bruderſphären as dative after in, 'sings an emulous song among fraternal spheres;' or taking tönt as intransitive, and Wettgeſang as connected with it by in, while

Bruderſphären is genitive, limiting Wettgeſang, 'sounds into (joins in) the emulous song of the fraternal spheres;' I believe that the former is the more usual understanding. — 26. wenn = 'even if, although:' mag, 'is able' (255). 82. 7. wird, for werden, by a not infrequent license (322.1*a*). — 11. wüthend, pregnantly, 'in their fury, by their raging.' — 14. vor belongs to flammt as its prefix; its regular place, of course, would be at the end of the line. — 18. da, 'as, since.' **82.**

Lied der Parzen.

If any of Goethe's other works can contest the palm of excellence with "Faust," it is doubtless the drama of "Iphigenia at Tauris." The subject is a well-known classical one, and is worked up by the great German poet in a style which, although entirely different from that in which a Greek tragedian would have treated it (as regards the movement of the plot and the catastrophe), is yet classical and Greek in the highest sense of those terms. It is not necessary to detail here the plot of the piece. The extract given is taken from the end of the fourth act, where the fate of Iphigenia and her brother is in suspense, and all looks dark in her eyes, as if the persistent enmity of the gods to Tantalus and his race were now about to crush them also, his last remaining descendants, or were going to permit their preservation only at the sacrifice of her truth and faith and purity of conscience.

The metre of the song itself we may look upon as a modernized and more rhythmical form of the old German alliterative verse (see the next piece); which, both from its own style, and from its association with the records and ideas of the ancient German religion, is peculiarly adapted to the use to which it is here put.

23. Parzen, the *Parcæ* (Latin) or *Moirai* (Greek), 'Fates;' commonly represented as three women, of whom one spins the thread of human fate, the second measures it out, and the third cuts it off. The poet assumes (what is hardly borne out by mythological authorities) that they and Tantalus stand in a common relation to the race of Titans, the ancient dynasty of divinities, dispossessed and hurled down to Tartarus by Jupiter and the Olympian gods. — 24. Tantalus was at one time in high favor with Jupiter, and allowed a seat (goldner Stuhl) at the table of the gods; but for some offense, as to the nature of which ancient writers greatly differ, he was cast down from heaven, and fixed in Tartarus, tormented with excessive thirst, but plunged up to his chin in a pool of water, which sinks away when he tries to drink of it, and baffles his attempt: whence comes our word *tantalize*. 83. 2. den = meinen (161). — 3. fürchte, imperative third singular; es, redundant (154.4*c*). — 9. der, antecedent of den, in next line. — 14. erhebet etc., conditional inversion; an allusion here to the fate of Tantalus, whom his friends consider to have been unjustly condemned and cruelly punished. — 20. Gerichtes, object of harren (line 18). — 26 etc. a popular tradition represents the conquered Titans to have been in part buried beneath volcanic mountains, as **83.**

Ætna, whose phenomena of fire and earthquake were believed due to their panting and struggles to be free. — 29. similar not only in appearance, but in the pleasure they give to the gods. — 31 etc. visiting, namely, the iniquities of the fathers upon the children to the third and fourth generation.

84. 1. meiden governs zu ſeh'n, of which Züge is object. — 8. **84.** Alte, in apposition with Verbannte; Lieder, object of horcht. — 9. Kinder, Enkel, here genitives.

Die Wiedereroberung des Hammers.

This poem is a translation from the Old Norse, or Icelandic. Respecting its author, see the notes to das Schloß Boncourt (p. 247). The original, the *Thrymsquidha* or *Hamarsheimt*, is one of the poems forming the first part of the elder "Edda," a collection of legends respecting the gods and heroes of the old German religion. Its subject is a myth, of which the main features are easily interpretable. As in the Greek mythology there is an old contest for supremacy between the gods and Titans, so is there in the Norse between the gods, who represent the powers of light and warmth, and the giants, the powers of darkness, cold, and winter. The chief champion of the gods is Thor, the thunderer, whose weapon is his hammer, Miölnir, the thunderbolt, a missile of irresistible force, which returns after doing its work to the hand that launched it. This weapon the giants have managed to steal, we are not told how, while Thor was sleeping; that is to say, the wintry powers have gained for a time the supremacy, during the season when the thunderer is inactive, as if asleep: his recovery of the weapon and destruction of the robber and his whole race represent the return of spring and warmth. For the details of the story, the poet alone, doubtless, is responsible; he has dressed it in a lively and attractive garb to suit his own fancy; and it would be useless to attempt a mythological interpretation of the several incidents.

The poem is introduced here partly for its own interest, and as affording a taste of the religion which our own ancestors, with those of the other Germanic peoples (**447–8**), once professed, and partly because it illustrates the old Germanic form of poetic expression, the "alliterative" verse (**464.1***a*). In this verse, two short lines, or half-lines separated by a marked pause or cæsura, form a couplet or long line. The number of syllables in them is not fixed, nor is there any strictly observed metre; each half-line contains two or three principal syllables, with strong accent, and more or fewer others, comparatively unaccented. And instead of rhyming, each couplet regularly contains three accented syllables beginning with the same letter; although not infrequently only two are found, and the number may even rise to four. This is the "alliteration" (in German, Stabreim, for Buchſtabenreim, 'letter-rhyme'). In this kind of verse is found constructed the oldest poetry not only of the Scandinavian peoples, but also of both the High and the Low Germans (Anglo-Saxon and Old Saxon).

Chamisso's translation is a little free, as required by the necessities of the alliteration. A more exact one is to be found in Simrock's "Edda."

11. Thor; the word means 'thunder;' its old German form is Donar, as the Germans call Donnerſtag what we name *Thursday* or 'Thor's day,' after this god (Latin, *dies Jovis*). — 17. Odin is the father of Thor, and the

chief of the ancient Germanic divinities; the German form of the name is Wuotan, and the Anglo-Saxon *Wodan*, which is nearly preserved in our *Wednesday*, 'Wodan's day' (*dies Mercurii*). — 21. Loki, originally a god of fire, and akin in dignity and power with the highest of the other divinities, is degraded and changed in nature in the later myths, becomes the busybody and mischief-maker, and finally a downright Satan; the present poem is the only one in the Edda in which he appears conspicuously in a character altogether friendly and helpful to the gods. — 28. Freya, the goddess of love and beauty, occupying a position analogous with that of Venus or Aphrodite in the classical mythology; after her is called our *Friday*, 'Freya's day' (*dies Veneris*). — 31. wolle, imperative, 'be willing, be pleased, please;' Freya has (like the Valkyrias, with whom she stands related) a feathered panoply, a flying apparatus (Federhemd, Schwanenhemd etc.). — 33. i.e. [daß ich verſuche] ob mein Hammer ſich vielleicht erlauſchen läßt. — 40. auf, prefix of flog. **85.** 12. wohl = 'I believe,' or 'do you not?' — 18. Morgen is not usually or properly em- **85.** ployed to express a measure of distance; the term used in Simrock's version (being the same with that found in the original) is Raſten, 'rests' (distance that one goes before resting). — 19–20. i.e. und keiner, fürwahr, ſoll ihn wieder erwerben. — 21. i.e. 'unless he conduct Freya' etc. (331.1*e*). — 31. ſein, i.e. 'Thor's.' — 33. haſt etc., conditional inversion. — 35. von der Höhe, i.e. 'from a standing position, before you sit down.' — 37–40. Simrock's (better) version will serve as a commentary to this; dem Sitzenden manchmal mangeln Gedanken; Leichter im Liegen erſinnt ſich die Liſt. **86.** 10. zu holen with its object is subject of gelänge; a more usual, but really equivalent expression would be wie es ihnen ge- **86.** länge den Hammer zu holen. — 11. Heimdall was the far-seeing watchman of the gods, set to guard the bridge Bifröst, the passage-way from earth to heaven, against the giants. — 13. da expletive (182.2). — 23, 26. ihm, possessive dative (161). — 24. von, 'from,' i.e. 'by means of, with.' — 26. ſein has the same construction with blinken (line 23). — 30. ſchelten is frequently and regularly construed with a second accusative, or an adjective, as factitive predicate, denoting the reproachful epithet applied to the direct object of the verb (316.1*b*,2*c*). — 34. Loveyia (Laufeya) is Loki's mother, but not explained or spoken of otherwise. — 36. wolle, imperative again (as at 84.31). — 39, 40. i.e. wenn du deinen Hammer nicht ſchnell heimholſt. — 59. Stags (or, rather, he-goats) are Thor's usual travelling team: — haſtig qualifies wurden geſchirrt, below (line 61). **87.** 10. dem Rieſen, dative in sense of genitive (225.1). — 21. zuſammen, **87.** 'at the same time, also;' an unusual and hardly authorized use of the word. — 22. i.e. [es] gab, 'there was' (292.3*a*; 293). — 36. Rede ſtehen, literally 'stand talk,' i.e. 'stand and answer, be ready with a reply when questioned.' — 43. i.e. the whole width of the hall. — 57 etc. The connection and meaning of this verse are not very clear in the original, and

have doubtless been misinterpreted by Chamisso; we must regard the words as spoken by the giant's sister, and for Freya's Liebe must read meiner Liebe; she exacts of the bride, as condition of her own good-will and kindness toward the latter, a part of the bridal gifts; die rothen Ringe are the rings of red gold of which the bridal gift consists. As the words stand in our text, we must put them in Loki's mouth, as answer to the giantess's request: "you shall have the rings, if you are really in earnest about desiring friendship with Freya." **88.** 5. Thor's hammer was
88. the regular instrument of consecration at a marriage ceremony. — 8. der Maid, possessive dative (**222.**III*a*). — 22. i.e. erkühnt [hatte] (**439.**3*a*). — 23. ihr, 'for her.'

Der Besuch.

31, 32. cases of the emphatic inversion (**431***g*). — 33. auf, i.e. 'in;' see note to 23.31. — 36. eingeschlafen, in proper past sense (**351.**2*a*), 'fallen asleep.' — 37. liegen, dependent on sind' (**343.**I.5). — 42. bei mir, 'with myself, in my own mind:' — weckte, subjunctive, of indirect statement; wecke, in present tense, would be more regular (**333.**4*a*). **89.** 4.
89. zu Hause belongs, of course, also to the preceding line. — 10. hielte, for hielt, by a rare license (**269.**I.3). — 12. Liebe, here adjective used as noun; of first declension (**125.**2). — 15. störte, conditional subjunctive, 'should disturb.' — 17. offen, in pregnant construction, equivalent to wenn sie offen sind. — 21. sonst here adds the sense of wontedness to umschlingen. — 24. wie, 'how, the way in which;' the clause it introduces is logically the subject of wäre. — 25. construction as in the preceding line. — 27. Binde: Love (Cupid) is generally represented with a 'bandage' tied over his eyes, to symbolize the blindness of love; here, where his beloved is deprived of the advantage of so many of the charms with which she usually enchants him, the poet regards it as equivalent to stripping off Love's bandage, and letting him see things as they really are. — 34. meiner Wege, adverbial genitive (**220.**1), of rather an unusual kind. **90.**
90. 2. gleich in sense of sogleich. — 3. wie immer; less common use of immer, 'how possibly, how in the world:' — bei, 'along with,' i.e. 'considering the, in spite of the.' — 4. sich finde, reflexive in passive sense (**281**; **283.**2), 'should be found [here];' subjunctive of indirect statement.

Der Schiffbrüchige.

A specimen of a very different style from that which we have hitherto illustrated in the works of this author (respecting whom, see notes to die Lorelei, page 247).

9. und ich selber = 'and as for me myself.' — 10. i.e. die das Meer grollend ausgeworfen [hat] (**439.**3*a*). — 15. hin, complement of über (**379.**1*a*). — 16. formlos, logically an adjective in the same construction

as grauen, although grammatically an adverb (128.3); or equivalent to a compound, formlos-grauen, of two co-ordinate adjectives (424.1). — 17–20. a rather striking case of a subjective view of the cloud's office, inspired by a vexed and outraged, a thoroughly untuned, state of mind. — 25. weh'n mich an, 'blow upon me,' i.e. 'come over, come upon and surround, like the air;' a not infrequent figure, with difficulty rendered in English. — 30. lüftern, like formlos, above (line 16). **91.** 14. hochgeſchürzte, a violent figure, but supported by the not infrequent use of ſchürzen (literally, 'to gird up the clothes,' for greater freedom of motion) in the general sense of 'prepare, fix.' **91.**

Die Bürger.

The extract here given constitutes the third canto (out of nine, named also after the nine muses) of Goethe's "Hermann and Dorothea." The poem narrates the events of a single day in the life of one of the families in a quiet German village near the Rhine. The father is host of the Golden Lion, the inn of the village; a stirring, public-spirited, and successful man, as he describes himself in this canto. But his only son, Hermann, is quiet and shy, disinclined and unable to push himself on as his father would have him, and the two are out of sympathy with one another; the mother appreciates better and supports her son. On this day there has been an unusual stir in the little town; a crowd of fugitives, driven out of their homes over the French border by the disturbances attending the Revolution, have been passing through their neighborhood, and nearly all the population have gone down to the high-road to see the sad procession — many of them (Hermann among the rest) with provisions and other comforts for the emigrants. There Hermann has seen a young girl, Dorothea, actively helping and comforting her companions in misfortune, and has been captivated by her. Returning, he finds his father's cronies, the pastor and the apothecary, drinking Rhine wine with him in the cool back-parlor and chatting about the events of the day. He tells his story, saying nothing, however, of his love for the girl; and the conversation ends in a misunderstanding between him and his father, who reproaches him as a mere peasant, without culture and without ambition; upon which he, without answering, quietly slips off out of the room. So ends the second canto; in the third the parents and neighbors continue their talk after his departure.

So much is necessary, in order to understand the connection of the extract: the rest of the story need not be detailed here. It is enough to say that the father yields his favorite wish that his son should marry into a family of higher station in life than his own; the neighbors go off with Hermann to inquire more particularly respecting Dorothea's character; the information obtained being entirely in her favor, Hermann induces her to leave her former friends and go home with him, and the two are betrothed lovers before the close of the evening.

The poem is epic in form, written in Homeric hexameters, and even with plain imitation of Homeric style, yet its tone and spirit are strictly modern, and the poet's own. It is a simple picture out of German life, set forth with the utmost simplicity and truth to nature, with an art whose homeliness is its perfection.

26. der heftigen Rede, that is to say, his father's violent reproof and denunciation, with which the preceding canto had ended; see the introductory explanations above. — 30. daß etc., substantive clause in apposition with Wunſches, in line 29. **92.** 2. mit Luſt qualifies gedächte, **92.** 'should devise with pleasure, enjoy planning.' — 4. emphatic inversion (**431***g*), as also in line 7. — 7. weß, used adjectively, which is quite rare with the cases of wer and was (**173.4**). — 10. auf = 'in;' see note to 23.31. — 13. der, emphatic demonstrative; the preceding colon is equivalent only to a dash; see note to 20.14. — 14. von oben, i.e. from the authorities and higher classes. — 17. es redundant (**154.4***c*), and Hermann the logical subject of ſolle, which is subjunctive of indirect statement (**333.3***c*). — 18,19. cities not far from the scene of the poem; the father's ambition to make his son a travelled man is a modest one, as befits a German burgher of the olden time. — 21. ſo klein, i.e. ſo klein als (**438. 3***d*), or wie klein: — zu verzieren is dependent on ruht (**343.III.2**). — 26. gewehrt ſei, impersonal with omitted subject es (**293**); virtual passive (= gewehrt werden), formed impersonally from an intransitive (**279.2**); and equivalent to daß man dem Feuer wehre; or, as we should express it, making Feuer the subject of a passive verb (**294**), 'that the fire may be checked, or arrested.' — 27. Brande; a conflagration, namely, which has been fully explained in an earlier part of the conversation (as set forth in the preceding canto); it had laid in ruins the greater part of the village, and made an important era in the latter's history; the misfortune had occurred in the youth of Hermann's father and mother, and they had betrothed themselves to one another in the midst of the ruins of their homes (they were next-door neighbors of old). — 28. Rath, i.e. the magistracy of the town. — 30, 31. betrieben and vollführt have the same construction with verdienet, above (line 29). — 34. verbindet, present in sense of future **93.** (**324.4**). — 35. nur ſehr = nur zu ſehr: — ſo, emphatic. **93.** 2. das; that is to say, the thing expressed by the clause that follows, ein etc.; equivalent to ich fürchte, daß Hermann mir ein ſolcher immer bleiben wird. — 5. ſo, emphatic, 'in this way, if you go on *thus*.' — 8. erziehen and laſſen have the same construction with lieben, above (line 7); regularly, laſſen should stand after gewähren, since the latter is dependent on it. — 11. mir, expletive (**222.3***c*). — 12. Güter, dependent on werth (line 13):— erbt, present in future sense (**324.4**). — 13. Bürgern etc., datives dependent on Muſter, a quite unusual construction (**225.1**). — 15. dem Armen, possessive dative (**222.III***a*), belonging to both Muth and Bruſt, 'all the poor fellow's courage in *his* breast.' — 21. ſind etc., emphatic inversion (**431***g*). — 23. ſollte, here equivalent to ſoll, 'is to, it is expected that one will.' — 25. ſo bleibt es, i.e. 'there's no changing that.'

27 etc. the very cautious and parsimonious progressiveness of the apothecary is set forth in his whole speech here in the most naïve and entertaining manner. — 28. ſelbſt belongs to the subject of ſehe mich um. — 34. hätt',

hypothetical subjunctive with condition implied (**332.2***e*). **94.** 2, 3. lachten, glänzten, like hätt', above (93.34); 'would long since have been smiling at me' etc.; — im = in seinem. — 4. thut es nach, 'does it after,' i.e. 'does things like, comes up with, can vie with:' — bei, 'along with,' i.e. 'besides.' — 5. zu haben, in passive sense (**343.**III.1*b*); the copula, ist, is omitted (**439.3***b*). — 6. an belongs to fehlt. — 10. die unseren, i.e. 'your house and mine.' — 11. zum, 'at the,' i.e. 'marked by the, having for its sign the;' compare lines 32–3 below; an apothecary's shop is ordinarily marked by a sign in Germany, like an inn; goldener Löwe, 'Golden Lion,' is the sign of the inn kept by Hermann's father. — 14. figures adorning the old-fashioned garden. — 15. gar, not easily translatable in such uses; one may paraphrase gar reichte, '*absolutely* went so far as to hand,' '*even* did the favor of serving up.' — 16. mir, expletive (**222.3***c*). — 17. der, demonstrative, antecedent of wem (line 15). — 19. that is to say, even the connoisseur was overwhelmed by the sight of such splendor. — 23. verdrießlich, in pregnant construction, 'in my vexation, being out of humor with it.' — 25. i.e. und weiß [sollen] die Latten [sein]. — 28. es is object of wäre zufrieden (**229**); it anticipates the following infinitive clauses: — was is in the sense of etwas (**176.2**). — 34. the sign was evidently the familiar group of Michael trampling Satan triumphantly under his feet. — 35. Forb'rung, 'demand,' i.e. 'the price demanded, cost.'

94.

Der Spaziergang.

This poem was a favorite with its author, who gave expression in it to some of his deepest views of human life and history, attaching them to the incidents of a walk. It is not easy reading for a young pupil, or one unversed in the language; and the following brief analysis will help in tracing out the train of thought, and gaining that clear conception of the relations of its parts which is necessary to the enjoyment of the poem as a whole.

The poet, as he starts upon his walk, happy to escape from confinement to the house and to the society of men, greets warmly the several features of the scene without. He reaches the meadow, and traverses it by a winding foot-path. His ear is struck by the wind, rustling in the near forest; he strikes into its shades, and climbs rapidly a steep ascent, until he suddenly emerges at a great height, and skirts a precipice where his steps scarcely find footing. The landscape below is passed in review and described—the valley, the hedges, the road and river, the herds and rural villages. But a change comes over the scene; signs of the neighborhood of a populous city press themselves upon the attention, and soon the city itself comes into sight. Its appearance sends the poet off upon a train of reflection as to the important agency of city life in human culture and development; and, occupied with this, he loses consciousness of his actual place and circumstances, while his mental visions assume to him the value of reality. Combination and emulation greatly enhance the activity and effectiveness of human endeavor; civic fellow-feeling is engendered; the gods are worshipped by communities, and bestow in return their blessings culture is spread as well as developed; patriotism is awakened, and the

sacrifices it demands are cheerfully made; industrial activity, commerce, the arts and sciences, literature, those main elements in the higher physical and mental life, flourish; and man breaks his chains and becomes free. Only, along with freedom comes too often its counterfeit, license; wholesome restraints are rejected, the control and guidance of principle are lost; sincerity and justice disappear from human society; till at length the fabric, grown hollow, comes down with a crash, and men return, through the destruction of all that had been so laboriously accumulated, to the state of nature from which they at first set forth.

This painful catastrophe startles the poet out of his musings: he awakens to the consciousness of where he is, and finds himself in a wild and barren region, wholly alone with Nature. He rejoices that what he had seemed to see was but an illusion, and admires and extols the eternal youth of Nature, and the persistency which characterizes her in the midst of all her variety.

The metre of this piece is the so-called "elegiac," and the piece itself was originally named simply Elegie, 'elegy.' Its lines are alternately hexameters and pentameters; the odd line, the hexameter, being composed of six "feet," each containing either two syllables (spondee) or three (dactyl), of which the first is always accented, while the line ends with a dactyl followed by a spondee; the even line, the pentameter, is a hexameter of which the third and sixth feet lack the syllables or syllable that follow the accented one, and the fourth and fifth feet are always dactyls; a marked cæsura or pause takes the place of the omitted half of the third foot, and divides the line into two distinct parts.

95. 1. mir, 'for me,' i.e. 'so far as I am concerned,' or 'by me;' a common phrase, growing out of the use of mir with the active, grüßet mir . . . , 'greet for me . . .' (compare 121.25). — 2. beſcheint, in the third person, after a relative with which the personal pronoun is not repeated (181; 321.2); also ausgießt (line 5) and rettet (line 8). — 7. Gefängniß, dative after entfloh'n. — 12. Streit, i.e. the struggle, as it were, of the powerful colors for the palm of beauty and conspicuousness. — 28. überraſchend, appositive to Wald; throughout the whole piece, as no one can well fail to remark, the use of the participles, both attributively and appositively, is quite exceptionally frequent. — 33. the first part of this line is to be looked upon as hyperbolical, since one cannot well climb (least of all, in the course of a simple walk) to a position on a declivity where he shall seem to have the atmosphere beneath him; it is a strained figure, to help convey the impression of great height.

96. 3. an mir . . . vorüber, 'past me;' that is, in seeming, as I hurry along them. — 5. Linien, i.e. the hedges, here ascribed to the action of the friendly goddess of regulated agriculture. — 7, 8. that is to say, Love abandoned the Earth at the end of the Silver and beginning of the Brazen Age, and Law has taken its place as regulator of human affairs. — 11. Länder, object of verknüpfende; the two words might have been equally well written together, as a compound, länderverknüpfende (424.3*a*). — 16. that is, some are built along the steep slope of the mountain. — 21. Freiheit; intellectual and moral freedom, rather than political, is intended; compare further on (98.31–3). — 22. that is, the rustic seems to be akin with the soil which he

cultivates, and governed by the same laws. — 24. gleich, 'even,' i.e. 'un varied, monotonous.'

27. kaum noch, 'hardly still,' i.e. 'just short of now, just now, till recently:' the free and unquestioning community of the country is exchanged for a state of things where rank and position are strictly observed, and like consorts only with its like in these respects. — 29. der Pappeln; avenues of poplars are in Germany the usual approaches to a city. — 32. den Herrscher, that is, the city, whose influence extends and governs everything in its neighborhood. — 35–6. that is, the real spirits of simple nature are expelled, but the devotion of worship gives a yet higher life to the stone images which have taken their place. **97.** 1. i.e. [die Welt] um ihn wird enger. — 2. reger erwacht, appositive to die Welt in ihm; par- **97.** ticiple in proper past sense from a verb taking sein as auxiliary (351.2*a*). — 5. ein, spaced, as being emphatic, numeral and not article (198*e*). — 8. ihr, i.e. der Ahnen. — 10. that is, the united zeal of many worshippers erects noble temples, in which the gods descend to take up their abode. — 11–15. Ceres brings the plough, as being goddess of agriculture; Hermes (or Mercury) the anchor, as god of commerce; the olive was sacred to Minerva (or Pallas); while Poseidon (or Neptune) was regarded as creator of the horse, and teacher of the art of managing him. Cybele is the same with Rhea, mother by Cronos of Jupiter and the other highest gods; the lion is sacred to her, and her chariot is drawn by lions. — 17. Steine, that is, the stones out of which the walls of the city are built. — 21. den Säugling, absolute accusative (230.3*a*). — 25. euch, possessive dative after ward (222.II.1*d*). — 27. kommst du, conditional inversion (433): — habest, subjunctive of indirect statement (333): — this is the actual inscription which, according to tradition, was set up over the remains of the Spartans who fell at Thermopylæ. — 31. Eigenthums, dependent on froh (217). — 32. that is, the stream seems to invite men to make use of it. — 33. Dryade, the nymph who, according to Greek fancy, was the inhabitant and guardian of the tree. **98.** 1. Mulciber, an epithet (probably euphemistic) of Vulcan, who was god of fire, and hence **98.** also of furnaces, metal-working, and the like. — 4. the shuttle is here impliedly compared to a *plectrum*, which strikes the strings of the warp like those of a musical instrument. — 7. that is, returning fleets with valuable imports from far-off countries. — 9. Krahn, the crane or derrick, as representing the apparatus by which the ships are unloaded. — 12. gebiert, for the more usual gebärt, from gebären (formerly gebereu): — Strahl, to the sun's heat as father or generator. — 14. Amalthea was a nymph, the nurse of Jupiter, and presented by him with the *cornucopiæ*, or horn of plenty, which was filled with anything desired, by the mere wish of the possessor. — 15. Kinder, i.e. Künste, as the next line goes on to explain. — 19. künstliche Himmel, that is, beautiful vaults and arches — 20. Olymp, the mountain on which the gods were fabled to have their especial residence;

here standing for the gods themselves. — 21. Iris, the goddess of the rainbow, and the messenger of the gods, especially of Jupiter; here the rainbow itself is referred to as her "leap through the air," with which the arch of the bridge is compared. — 24. beſchleicht implies the secrecy or mystery in which Nature likes to hide her creative processes, but which the savant invades "by his investigations" (forſchend). — 25. Haſſen und Lieben, poetic personification of the magnetic attraction and repulsion. — 27. vertraute, an epithet very difficult of interpretation; perhaps 'intimate,' in the sense of auf intime Bekanntſchaft gegründet, yielding itself to familiar acquaintance with the casual phenomena which at first seemed prodigies and terrifying; perhaps 'familiar, friendly, inspiring confidence,' as a kind of antithesis to grauſend; Sanders (*sub verbo*) suggests, with a query appended, ihnen allen gemeinſam, ſie verbindend, 'common to them all, uniting them,' which does not seem admissible. — 28. Pol, i.e. the point or principle, itself stable and unyielding, about which the multifarious phenomena turn.

99. 33. zerriß' er, optative inversion (**432.2**; **331.2**). **99.** 1. reißen, 'tear or pull away,' i.e., as we say of anchors, 'drag.' — 3. er, i.e. der Strom. — 5. beharrliche, 'persistent,' as not setting or disappearing, like most of the constellations. — 6. der Gott in dem Buſen is, of course, the conscience. — 16. entweiht, i.e. der Betrug hat entweiht. — 18. that is, conventionality and deceit have so thoroughly appropriated and desecrated the proper means of expression of true feeling, that they have even learned the trick of standing dumb or speechless with emotion, and so almost spoiled that with the rest. — 19. that is, what justice there is in public life, and what peace in private and humble life, is there merely for a show, to be looked at and admired. — 20. an, i.e. 'by, beside.' — 24. rühret an, 'shakes at,' i.e. 'lays violent hands upon, tries the stability of.' — 26. that is, recalls the old ferocious habits of its native forest. — 27. i.e. die Menſchheit ſteht, gleich einer Tigerin etc., mit der Wuth des Verbrechens und des Elends auf; genitives of origin or cause (**216.2***b*). — 30. the simplicity of pastoral and agricultural life, with its narrowness of idea, and its freedom from ambitions and aspirations, is, after all, as the poet thinks, the only safety of man; the career of improvement, of progress, ends necessarily in excesses, corruption, and downfall. Schiller began life as a pronounced radical, and suffered persecution on account of his opinions: but as he grew older he grew very conservative, and distrustful of the capacity of men at large to take and use freedom aright. We shall find the same opinions yet more distinctly expressed in the Song of the Bell (below, 110.28 and beyond).

100. 33. blieb = iſt geblieben (**325.3**). **100.** 2. ſich, dative. — 4. knüpft, that is, 'forms a sort of a tie of union, shows to be connected.' — 5. Gefieder, 'plumage,' here in the sense of 'wings.' — 9. ſchaudernd, here in the transitive sense, though without object. — 10. that is, as the valley sank out of sight, so did the dream also. — 11. reiner,

appositive to Leben. — 18. vertraut, probably best understood as participle with omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*).

Das Lied von der Glocke.

Different as this poem is from the preceding in style and content, the plan of the two is in essential respects the same: a review of the fortunes of man, in private and public life, is attached, as there to the scenes of a walk, so here, and with consummate art, to the steps of a process in the arts, which suggest, one after another, the various topics to be treated. Among Schiller's works of lesser extent, none absorbed more of his labor than this, or is more successful, or has received more fully the stamp of the world's approval and admiration. It was prepared for by study of the process of bell-founding, both in technical works and in the foundries of Rudolstadt; it was revolved for a long time in the poet's mind, and then was more than two years, it is said, growing into shape under his pen. It was published in 1800.

The poem is put, as it were, in the mouth of the master bell-founder, one of the artisans of olden time and style, whose life and belief and religion were inseparably bound up in their handicraft and dignified its practice. The steps of the mechanical process are described or intimated by him in eight-line stanzas like that at the beginning of the piece, in lively trochaic measure (verses accented on the odd syllables), and with the fifth and sixth lines shortened, for yet greater vivacity of movement: then the pauses of the work, the intervals of waiting, as it were, are filled up with meditations, descriptions, and lessons appropriate to the subject of each stanza, and composed usually in the more staid and thoughtful iambic measure (verses accented on the even syllables), although changing to other metrical forms in accordance with the character of the theme treated.

A Latin motto was prefixed to the piece: *Vivos voco, mortuos plango, fulgura frango*, 'I call the living, I mourn the dead, I break the thunderbolts.' These are words cast as motto upon the great bell of the Cathedral at Schaffhausen, as describing the office of the bell. It was an old belief, current in Germany, that the ringing of bells broke the thunder-cloud, and rendered it harmless.

23. Erden, old-style for Erde (95). — 24. gebrannt, here 'made by burning, or by the action of fire.' — 29. conditional inversion (433). — 30. a pious proviso; 'though we have to exert ourselves to the utmost, our success is due to divine favor.'

31 etc. This first passage of reflections is the simple introduction to what is to succeed, the justification of the plan followed in the poem, the reason why, to each stanza descriptive of the technical process, are added the reflections and comparisons suggested by it. **101.** 2. sie, i.e. die Arbeit (next line). — 9. dazu, 'to that end, for that purpose:' — ihm, **101.** dative in sense of possessive with werden (222.II.1*d*).

16. des Kupfers Brei, that is, the thick viscous liquid of melted copper. — 17. the verb of motion—bringt or the like—is omitted.

20 etc. This passage is also introductory, describing the enduring and important value of what their labor is to produce, partly as an incitement to

do their best. — 20. Dammes, the mound or bank of earth within and beneath which the mould is sunk. — 27. ſtimmen zu, 'give its voice to,' i.e. 'chime in with, swell.' — 28. was, object of bringt: — unten tief, 'far below, down at the surface of earth.' — 30. the circular mouth or rim of the bell is its Krone or Kranz (112.5). — 31. klingt, here transitive; 'rings it edifyingly further,' that is, publishes it abroad by ringing, so as to edify or inform all who are within reach of the sound.

102. 7 etc. The office of the bell in announcing the infant's christ-
102. ening suggests a review of the first years of life, infancy and childhood, the boy's departure from home and return, and his love for the companion of his early plays, who during his absence has grown from child to maiden. — 11–2. that is, its good or evil fortunes are yet unborn, unknown and unknowable. — 18. an, 'along with' or 'beside.' — 31. womit etc., additive adverbial clause, = 'and with it' etc.; almost equivalent to 'that with it he may' etc., although this would properly require ſchmücke (332.5*b*) instead of ſchmückt. **103.** 1. daß etc. optative clause in
103. form of dependent clause (331.2): — grünen, dependent on bliebe (343.I.6).

3. exclamation in form of dependent clause (439.4*a*): the Pfeifen are probably the blast-pipes, conveying the air into the furnace. — 4. a rod is dipped into the melted and mingled mass, to try its quality. — 5. conditional inversion (433). — 10. zum guten Zeichen, 'for a good omen or token,' that is, in a general adverbial sense, 'happily, so as to promise a good result.'

11 etc. The combination just spoken of naturally leads the way to considering the nuptial union, the respective offices of husband and wife, and the growth of fortune of the family. — 12. paarten, preterit in sense of perfect (325.3). — 14. prüfe, imperative; its subject, the following clause. — 19–20. a new office of the bell, the announcement of nuptials, is here set forth. — 23. the girdle and veil, emblems of maidenhood. — 29. verb of motion omitted, after modal auxiliary and adverb of direction (259.2). — 33. er- in these verbs, as in erjagen below (104.1), performs its common
office of adding to the simple verb the idea of acquisition (307.4*d*).
104. **104.** 2. Gabe, i.e. the gift or bounty of nature, bestowed as the recompense of his exertions. — 11. den Knaben, here dative plural. — 22 etc. this passage is rather preparatory to the next, than anything that grows necessarily or naturally out of what precedes. — 27. gebogen, 'bent,' i.e. 'weighed down.' — 28. Wogen, that is, the waves which the wind makes on the even surface of a grainfield. — 34. zu flechten, in passive sense with iſt (343.III.1*b*): — these lines, 33 to 35, are the poet's answer to the householder's boastful speech.

105. 2. Bruch, 'fracture,' i.e. the broken edge of the piece which
105. has been taken out in obedience to the directions of the preceding stanza (103.8), and cooled and fractured. — 3. the proper order

would be rinnen laſſen, rinnen being dependent on laſſen. — 4. Spruch, governed by betet, as "cognate accusative" (227.2*a*). — 6. Haus, the framework or casing within which lies the mould; see 110.20, 33. — 7. Bogen, accusative; the 'arches of the handle,' or protruding parts above by means of which the bell is hung and rung, are the avenues through which the melted metal is admitted into the body of the bell itself.

9 etc. The dangerous character of the part of the process just performed, and of the element which plays the chief part in it, suggest the considerations that follow. — 26. ohne Wahl, 'without choice,' i.e. without considerate selection of the spot where it shall strike. — 28. es wimmern, impersonal; 'do ye hear a whining from the tower, high up?' — 29. Sturm means 'fire-alarm,' as well as 'storm,' and one might question which it here signified; but probably the former, although it seems very strange to find the peal of alarm described as a wimmern, 'whining.' — 34. Straßen, accusative of measure with following adverb of direction (230.1*b*); 'up the streets.'

106. 14. im Bogen, i.e. in a curving stream. — 15. one might be tempted to question, as between Spritzen and Quellen, which is noun and which verb, since Spritze, f., is the ordinary name for a fire-engine, and it is hardly more violent to understand quellen as meaning 'pour forth,' than Quellen, 'founts,' as meaning 'engines;' but the reading as it stands, with Quellen as noun and subject, is well assured. — 16. geflogen, past participle in sense of present (359.1). — 17. appears to allude to the wind sometimes said to be excited by a great fire. — 18. Frucht, i.e. 'fruit' of the earth, the gathered crops. — 28. müßig, 'idle,' i.e. 'without effort to prevent.'

107. 2. hoch, 'high,' i.e. 'from on high or above.' — 7. greift zu, 'grasps at,' i.e. 'betakes himself to;' he prepares to go to some other place and begin over again. — 8. i.e. geraubt [habe], the auxiliary being omitted (439.3*a*); perfect subjunctive required after was . . . auch, 'whatever' (332.5*a*).

15. daß . . . vergilt, 'so that it will' etc.; we should rather expect vergelte, 'that it may, so as to,' etc. — 16. wenn, '[what] if, supposing.'

20 etc. This depositing of the bell in the earth, with the confident hope and faith, indeed, but without the actual certainty, that it will come forth in beauty to gladden the eye, is the natural introduction to the reflections which follow—and which, moreover, bring in another of the standing offices of the bell, its funereal tolling.

108. 8. blühend, i.e. 'in her bloom or prime.' — 13. ſie, emphatic, antecedent of die in the next line. — 17. an verwaiſter Stätte, i.e. 'in the orphaned or motherless place or home.'

22. ſich, dative; literally, 'act kindly or indulgently toward himself,' i.e. 'follow his own pleasure.' — 23. conditional inversion (433). — 24. ledig, appositive to Burſch.

27 etc. The whole course of individual human life, from the "first walk" (102.9) of the child to the "last road" (108.2) of the head of a household,

has now been passed in review, and it remains to take note of certain matters of public or social life. These the poet brings in by means of the suggestion of a close of work, the winding up of the day, and the recreations and quiet repose that succeed, under the safeguard of that public order which results from the harmonious and virtuous concord of a community.

109. 7. Kranz, a garland of flowers laid, in token of rejoicing, upon
109. the last load of the harvest. — 23. i.e. gegründet [hat] (**439.3***a*). — 27. sie, i.e. die Menschen; object of gewöhnte. — 29. Trieb, 'impulse,' i.e. 'inclination, affection.' — 30. regen implies sich as its reflexive object from the next line. — 31. sich, here reciprocal reflexive (**155.4**).

110. **110.** 6. conditional inversion (**433**) in this line; in the next line, inversion on account of preceding adverbial clause (**438.3***f*).

20. zerbrecht, imperative: — Gebäude, the 'structure,' or 'housing, casing,' within which is the bell-mould. — 27. Stücken, not dative of the plural Stücke, but accusative of a less usual plural Stücken.

28. etc. In this passage we find expressed the same profound distrust of the capacity and virtue of the masses as above, in the "Walk" (see note to 99.30). **111.** 2. zündend, appositive to the subject of the sen-
111. tence; pregnant construction, as if 'by setting things on fire.' — 8,9. i.e. gehäuft [hat] (**439.3***a*); [wenn] das Volk etc. — 14. anstimmt, same construction as schallt. — 21. zuckend, appositive to Herz. — 23. ist, 'exists,' or 'there is.'

112. 5. 'from the crown to the edge.' — 8. loben, i.e. 'do credit
112. to.'

9 etc. The concluding passage of reflections, like the second (101. 20–31), has to do with the office and fates of the bell itself. — 10. schließt, 'close up, form.' — 27–8. that is, by striking the hours as they pass. — 30. selbst, '[though] itself.' — 34. ihr, dative, governed (in ablative sense) by the force of ent in entschallt (**222.II.1***b*).

113. 4. mir, rather expletive (**156**). — 9. bedeute has Geläute for
113. its subject, like sei; Freude is its direct, Stadt its indirect object.

The closing wish is especially appropriate to the period at which the poem was written, being that of the earlier wars with France growing out of the Revolution.

Aus „Nathan der Weise."

Next after Goethe and Schiller, Gotthold Ephraim Lessing is the most important name in the history of German literature. He was born in 1729, in Upper Lusatia, lived a toilsome life, frowned on and thwarted by friends and pinched by poverty, and died in 1781. He was distinguished as a reformer and director of critical taste, not less than as an original author. Among his numerous works, those most read are the comedy Minna von Barnhelm (1767), the tragedy Emilia Galotti (1772), and the drama (1779) from which the present extract is made.

Nathan, after whom the drama is entitled, is a Jew by descent and by

creed, but altogether superior to the usual prejudices of his nation. Saladin, the other character appearing in the scenes here extracted, is the famous Sultan, contemporary and rival of Richard Cœur de Lion; it was he who wrenched the Holy Land from the grasp of the Crusaders, and his wonderful abilities and grand personal qualities are the theme of universal praise by the writers of that period. He is, of course, a Mussulman, but is also represented by the poet as in his heart caring little for the dogmas and forms of Mohammedanism, in comparison with the essentials of universal religion. Lessing was himself a free thinker in matters of religion, as in everything else, and the general object of his drama is to commend tolerance in faith, and to set forth the odiousness of bigotry, and of a blind and unreasoning adherence to a definite creed combined with distrust and contempt for all who do not accept it. That is also the specific object of the passage here given, which is one of the most noted scenes in the drama. It is founded on a story told by Boccaccio, but is greatly altered and ennobled by Lessing.

The scene is laid in Jerusalem. Nathan, who has lately returned from a successful trading journey, with great increase of wealth, has been sent for by Saladin, who is well known to be at the time in financial difficulties. He supposes that he is going to be called upon to supply the Sultan's wants by a forced loan, and has prepared himself accordingly.

Aufzug, 'act,' literally 'drawing up [of the curtain],' the curtain being on the German stage, as on the French, only drawn up at the beginning of an act and lowered at the end, and the scene remaining the same through the whole continuation of the act. It is divided into Auftritte, literally 'steppings-up [on to the stage];' that is to say, appearances, entrances of a new actor; a new Auftritt beginning (also as in the French drama) whenever an important character comes in upon the stage or quits it.

13. was for etwas (**176.2**), and indeclinable; here dative, and anderm, as usual (**129.5**), in apposition with it; ganz logically qualifies anderm; 'in something quite different' (namely, from the information respecting the movements of the enemy which Nathan had just shown that he presumed to be desired of him; the Sultan having already before assured him that it was not business that he had been summoned for). — 14. our punctuation would employ a comma instead of the colon. — 22. wie, 'like, [such] as.' — 24. i.e. hingeworfen [hat]; the omission of the auxiliary in transposed clauses (**439.3a**) is especially frequent in this piece, even with the auxiliaries of mode (e. g. 119.31, 33). — 27. denen, object of nachgrübeln.

114. 1. die is object and Gründe subject. — 3. i.e. zu meiner [eigenen Wahl]. — 4. subject of kann, the following clause (daß etc.), **114.** the usual anticipative es being omitted. — 8. doch, hortative; '*do* speak.' — 11. ob etc., question in form of dependent clause (**439.4b**); sie is the Sultan's sister, Sittah, whom he has sent away, somewhat against her will, and even forbidden to tarry in the adjoining room, within hearing of the interview, as she had desired to do; he nevertheless suspects her to be listening, and determines to catch her at it, if it be so, and to find out what she thinks of the talk thus far.

16. iſt, impersonal, with omitted subject (**292.4**; **293**). — 20. ja, wenn noch, 'yes, [that might answer,] if also [it were, or were treated like]' etc. Nathan thinks that truth cannot be handed out to order, like new-minted coin upon a counter, and simply swept off and stored in one's head, like such coin in a purse. A stamp (of authority) has no right to authenticate truth and make it generally current; it should be tested and weighed, like the ancient money which went by fineness and weight. — 23. darf, 'needs to' (**253.1**). — 26. wer etc.; that is, is it not quite in accordance with the general idea of a Jew that he should think to deal with truth as with money? — 27. ſollte = 'might' or 'may;' literally '[is it not possible that] he should be asking' etc. — 30. brauche, subjunctive of indirect statement, dependent on Verdacht (**333.3***e*). — 32. er ſtürzte etc., proverbial phrase; "to burst into the house along with the door," instead of quietly opening the door and coming in after it, is a precipitancy that savors of a hostile purpose.

115. 115. 3. ſein zu wollen, 'to want to be,' i.e. 'claim to be, try to make one's self out.' — 6. das, said after a pause of meditation, in which he bethinks himself of the right course to pursue; 'that is (literally, was) it,' or 'now I have it.'

9. ſo iſt etc.; he has made sure that Sittah is out of the way: — dir, 'for thee;' dependent on zu geſchwind (**223.5**). — 13. möcht' etc., optative inversion (**432.2**). — 22. an, belongs with von nun; such violent separation, in different lines, of words most closely connected in meaning, is quite common in Lessing, who deliberately used it as one means of preventing a measured and declamatory style of reading or recitation; the ends of lines 16 and 17, just above, are further notable examples. — 31. gut erzählt, appositive to Geſchichtchen, with the value of an added conditional clause, wenn ſie nur gut erzählt werden.

116. 116. 1. meine Sache = 'the case with me.' — 3. mach', 'go to work, proceed, go on.' — 6. aus, pregnantly, '[as received] from.' — 9. wer to trug, object of machen. — 10. was Wunder, the literal correspondent of our phrase 'what wonder;' the ellipsis might be filled up was [iſt darin das] Wunder, 'what [is the] wonder [in that].' — 12. ließ, 'let go,' the verb of motion omitted, as so often with the modal auxiliaries (**259.2**). — 17. i.e. dem (demjenigen) von ſeinen Söhnen. — 26. die, object of lieben. — 29. ſo wie, 'according as.' — 30. Herz, object. — 31. würdiger, belongs with ſchien, above (line 28). — 34. ſo lang' es ging, 'as long as (**438.3***d*) it answered, or would do.'

117. 117. 2. was zu thun, rather a French construction, = *que faire?* 'what [is he] to do?' — 5. i.e. und [den er] weder etc. 'and whom he bids' etc. — 16. i.e. wird es [bald zu Ende ſein]? — 19. ſo = 'when' (**438.3***h*). — 27, 29. ſoll, 'is to, is meant to, do you mean it as.' — 33. damit would be more exactly daß; the clause is logically substantive, in apposition with Abſicht: — zu unterſcheiden, in passive sense (**343.III.1***b*).

118. 118. 1. bis auf, 'even to,' i.e. 'even down to such trifles as.' — 2. Seiten for Seite (**95**). — 6. nicht, i.e. [is

it] not [so] ?' — 8. der Seinen, dependent on Treu' und Glauben understood. — 9. i.e. doch derjenigen, deren etc.: — deren, die; deren should regularly and properly be derer (**164.2**), but the distinction of the two forms is not strictly observed by all authors. — 25. zu haben, used after ſchwur as we should use the same after "claimed:"— wie auch wahr[war], omitted copula (**439.3***b*). — 32. eh' here stands in place of eher. — 33. ſo gern er ... bereit ſei, 'willingly as he was ready,' i.e. 'gladly ready as he was' (**438.3***d*,*e*). **119.** 2. läſſeſt, 'makest.' — 5. von, pregnantly, 'away from.' — 10. angenehm, same construction as beliebt (line 9). — 13. machſt, see note to 116. 3. — 21. für, 'in place of.' — 25. ihr nehmt etc., that is, you let things take their own course. — 27. a comma would be better than the colon at the end of this line. — 31, 33. notable cases of omitted auxiliary (**439.3***a*). — 35. jeder, subject of eilte ... nach. — 36. von Vorurtheilen, adjunct of freien. **120.** 2. an Tag, more usually an den Tag. — 3. Kraft, object of the verbal phrase kommt ... zu Hilf': zu Hilf' comes last, as being most closely connected with the verb (**319.2***d*). — 9. vor, with accusative, in pregnant sense, as implying a verb of motion; '[to come and appear] before' (**376***a*). — 11. ſprechen, equivalent to Urtheil ſprechen; the specific meaning of the derivative Spruch, 'sentence, decision,' is reflected back into the verb from which it comes. — 16. Mann, nominative, as if in apposition with the subject du instead of the object dich of führeſt. — 17. the zu is rather the complement of auf (**379.1***c*), than prefix of the verb, and the reading zu ſtürzt would be really preferable; compare, however, the line 123.17, where the case is treated as here. — 20. was iſt dir, 'what is the matter with thee, what dost thou mean?'

Aus „Maria Stuart."

119. **120.**

The tragedy of Mary Stuart was completed in 1800, when the poet was 41 years old, and only five years before his death. It is the one among Schiller's dramas of which the subject is most familiar and most interesting to those whose native tongue is English; in which, also, he has upon the whole adhered most closely to the actual truth of history—although not, of course, without important deviations, as regards both events and characters.

Mary is lying in custody in Fotheringay castle, under the charge of Paulet, who is a man of honor and humanity, but also a stern Protestant and warm partisan of Elizabeth. Her old nurse, Hannah Kennedy, is her only friendly companion. She has been already brought before a court of English peers and condemned to death for treason against the English throne, and the execution of the sentence lies within the queen's pleasure. She has just besought, through Paulet, an interview with Elizabeth, hoping by personal appeal to touch her heart, and win her over to mercy—or, rather, to justice, since the imprisonment and execution of one independent sovereign by another is contrary to the laws of nations. Elizabeth's courtiers, Talbot (or Shrewsbury) and Leicester, have supported the petition; the

former, who is a very old man, and in whose keeping Mary had formerly been, out of real interest in her and because he hopes for good from the interview; the latter, from less pure motives. Leicester is himself, in a cowardly and half-hearted way, in love with Mary, to whom he had been once proposed as husband, before her unfortunate marriage with Darnley; and she believes in and returns his affection, and trusts in him for her deliverance—which he, in fact, is feebly plotting or wishing for, while yet maintaining his place at court as Elizabeth's special favorite and almost lover. He has persuaded Elizabeth to grant Mary's request, mainly by appealing to her vanity, and assuring her that she has only to show herself in her superior charms of beauty and virtue, to overwhelm her rival with mortification and envy. It has been arranged that the queen shall hunt that day in the neighborhood, and shall resort for rest to the castle park, where Mary shall have been allowed to come forth for an interval of recreation, and that their meeting shall wear the aspect of being accidental.

25. hinter . . . hervor, 'forth [from] behind.' — 27. ſo, emphatic, 'thus, in this fashion.' — 28. Mary's buoyancy and hopefulness of spirit, growing out of this first relaxation of her long and cruel confinement, finds expression in lyric verses, quite different from the regular measured blank-verse of the general drama. **121.** 8. prüfen has the same construction with ſein (line 1). — 9. um, 'by,' indicating measure of difference, with the comparative weiter in erweitert. — 11. ſie, object of verſteckt: dicht, for dichtes (125). — 12. freundlich is logically adjective, though formally adverb (128.3). — 14. mich, object of the intransitive träumen, used transitively with a factitive predicate (227.2b). — 15. i.e. warum [ſollte man] mich wecken, an ellipsis precisely corresponding with that which we make in English. — 24. elliptical optative construction, = [wie glücklich wäre der] wer etc. (439.4a). — 25. mir, 'for me,' i.e. 'on my behalf, as from me:' — mein Jugendland, Mary spent the earliest and happiest years of her life in France. **122.** 1. Zug, 'draught,' i.e. of fishes, as in a net: wie etc., '[after such a fashion] as he [has] made none [yet],' i.e. 'such as he never made before:' — the auxiliary of gethan is omitted (439.3a). — 3. conditional inversion (433). — 8. nicht umſonſt, 'not without [a deeper] purpose.' — 13. for the assumed relation between Mary and Leicester, see the introductory remarks on this piece. — 16. deſſen, demonstrative, antecedent of der in the next line. — 19. noch = 'even as late as.' — 20. wird = 'is given' (222.II.1d). — 21. denen, antecedent of die in the next line: — hört', preterit in the sense of perfect (325.3). — 24. Rufes, adverbial genitive of characteristic (220.1). — 25. elliptical construction, analogous with English (347.1); one might fill it up with [wie ſchön wäre es] auf das etc. — 28. Erinnerung, genitive, dependent on voll. — 29. Freuden, old-style dative for Freude (95).

123. 2. ſeid ihr 's, 'is it you?' (154.4f). — 11. damit, usually accented on the last syllable, has here the accent on the first, as being the emphatic member of the compound, 'by *that*;' other like cases occur later (123.34; 125.5,12). — 12. doch = 'did you not?' — 17.

or zu eilend; see note to 120.17. — 18. wird, impersonal, with omitted subject (292.4; 293). — 21. geſchwinder Zunge, genitive of characteristic as predicate (220.2). — 22. bringet . . . an; Paulet insinuates an artificial or insincere eloquence, challenging her to set it at work, now when she has real need of it.

124. 4. vor, 'from.' — 6. das = 'this, now.' — 10. substantive clause, in apposition with alles (line 8). — 21. wie . . . auch, 'however' (179.4), and followed by a present subjunctive (332.5*a*). — 30. mir, possessive dative, dependent on Fluche (225.1). — 31. uns, reciprocal reflexive (155.4): — ſollen, for geſollt (251.6*b*). — 33. eh' in the sense of eher, 'sooner.' — ſich, like uns, line 31. — 36. iſt, present in future sense (324.4), 'will [there] be.' **125.** 3. war, instead of ward or wurde, implies that he saw the result only, 'how your letter *had* shaken her' (282.1). — 4. hegt etc., conditional inversion (433); '[as you will find] if you only' etc. — 5. da of darum is emphatic; see note to 123.11. — 9. Talbot, the family name of the Earl of Shrewsbury; as Dudley, of Leicester: — daß = '[would] that' (331.2); Talbot had been her custodian earlier. — 11. ward . . . begegnet, impersonal passive from an intransitive verb (279.2; 280.3), and preterit in the sense of a perfect (325.3); 'I have been harshly met or dealt with.' — 12. the (emphasized) dar of darauf represents by anticipation the following line, as object of the preposition auf (436.3*d*). — 17. nicht, as is shown by its position (319.2*f*, at end), is directly connected with er = 'not he;' that is, though there are those who seek your destruction, he is not of the number. — 22. Talbot, who has no suspicion of the understanding between Mary and Leicester, is startled by her exclamation. — 24. alles, 'every one' (193.3): — weicht auf, with accusative following, implies a verb of motion, 'gives way [and withdraws] to' etc. (376*a*).

31. Elizabeth is carrying out, here and in what follows, the fiction of a merely fortuitous meeting with Mary. **126.** 3. über belongs to the preceding accusative of duration of time (230.1*a*). — 12. nun here has the value of nun daß (439.6*c*). — 15. erbitten, in passive sense (343.I.5*c*). — 18. will, 'is about' (258*b*): Mary is overcome with the feeling of injury at the sight of her who has treated her so cruelly, and is only able after a severe struggle to assume the required posture of humility; and even then she saves her dignity, as it were, by claiming that she is paying homage to the divinity (line 33) who has given power and victory to her rival. — 33. erhöhte, preterit in perfect sense (324.4). — 35. ſeid, here imperative. **127.** 13. nicht, of course, qualifies both the preceding imperatives. — 22. dem, demonstrative, 'that.' — 28. wollen, for gewollt (251.4*a*). — 29. die ſchwer beleidigte, 'the sorely injured one.' — 30. zu erfüllen, i.e. um zu erfüllen. — 31. meines, in the sense of an objective genitive (216.2*h*), 'sight of me.' — 35. ermorden in passive sense after laſſen (343.I.5*c*): more than one infinitive require haben to be

put before instead of after them (439.2). Elizabeth refers to the repeated attempts against her crown and life, made in the interest of the Catholic religion and of Mary, and which the latter was accused of prompting and abetting. **128.** 4. ihr, dative in "ablative" sense (222.I.3, at
128. end). — 5. emphatic inversion (431*g*). — 14. sudden change from the preterit to the present of lively narration (324.2). — 16. Mary had been tried by a tribunal of English nobles, who had no right to judge her, she being the sovereign of another State; she had been persuaded by an artifice to plead her cause before them. — 18. bedecke, imperative, with preceding subject (432.2*a*): — was . . . Grauſames, 'what that was dreadful' (129.5). — 23. entzweit, participle, with omitted auxiliary (439.3*a*). — 33. ſelbſt belongs to mir. — 36. i.e. geſchenkt [hättet] (439.3*a*). **129.** 2.
129. i.e. [dann] wäre es etc., 'in that case it would' etc. — 4. unglückſelig, logically adjective, although in form an adverb (128.3).

5. the da of davor anticipates the next line (346.2). — 10. euer Ohm, the Cardinal of Lorraine, one of the Guises, heads of the Catholic party in France: — kündigte mir . . . die Fehde an, 'declared war upon me, entered in to open hostilities against me.' — 13. the Catholics denied Elizabeth's legitimacy and right to the throne, and Mary had openly assumed the arms and title of queen of England, as next heir. — 22. 'does not keep the field,' i.e. 'is driven off the field of battle, as beaten.' — 29. Die Sanct Barthelemi [Feier], 'the festival of St. Bartholomew,' or 'St. Bartholomew's day,' the day (Aug. 24, 1572) of the notorious and infamous massacre of Protestants in Paris and some of the other cities of France. — 34. gewährte, preterit subjunctive, in the conclusion of a hypothetical period (332.1).
130. 130. 2. nur, redundant. — 3. iſt = es iſt, or es giebt, or iſt möglich. — 7. zu = 'as' (227.3*c*). — 11. draußen, 'abroad,' i.e. 'in foreign countries, outside this island.' — 15. noch belongs with what precedes it; '*even* during my life.' — 16. Armida, a female character in Tasso's "Jerusalem Delivered," a beautiful sorceress and pagan, who entices away from his duty and faith for a time one of the heroes of the poem, Rinaldo. — 19. Alles, see note to 125.24. — 25. nur noch, 'only still,' i.e. 'no longer anything but.' **131.** 5 etc. It was an old idea that the face of the sover-
131. eign brought mercy, and that a monarch might not see a condemned criminal except to pardon. This is urged by Burleigh in the previous Act, as a reason why Mary's prayer for an interview should not be granted, but Leicester has persuaded Elizabeth that, seeing her in such a seemingly accidental manner, she can do as she pleases afterward. — 7. dies is here treated as if contracted from dieſes, as regards its effect upon the following adjectives. — 11 etc. more than one asserted plot for Mary's deliverance, coupled with the death of Elizabeth, had been discovered and frustrated by the destruction of the plotters. — 16 etc. Mary had been three times married: first, in extreme youth, to the Dauphin of France, who died only three years later; then to the English nobleman Darnley, at whose

murder, after some years of unhappiness, she is supposed to have at least connived; then to one of her own subjects, Bothwell, the murderer of Darnley. It was this last disgraceful marriage which cost her her crown, and ultimately her life. — 16. Keinen is best rendered as subject of lüſtet, taken intransitively (**294**). — 17. eure Freier; more than one of those who had plotted for Mary against Elizabeth had been captivated by her beauty and grace, and were hoping to win her hand as the reward of their success.

22. das = 'these' (**322.3**; **166.3**). — 23. ungeſtraft, 'with impunity,' i.e. without losing his heart as penalty: — daneben is here relative, for woneben (**180**). — 25. zu erlangen, dependent on leicht (**344**). — 26–7. allgemeine ... gemeine für Alle, a forced and ungraceful play upon words, almost too bad to put even into the mouth of the poet's Elizabeth. — 33–6. the commas here (except after menſchlich) might quite as properly be semicolons.

132. 8. Elizabeth's mother, Anne Boleyn (as we usually write the name), died on the scaffold for alleged misconduct as a wife. — 10. dahin, 'to this, to such a pass.' — 20. gab, third person after the relative der (**321.2**). — 32. regierte, conditional subjunctive (**332.1**).

133. 5. der Kennedy, possessive dative (**222.III***a*). — 6. iſt, impersonal, with omitted subject (**292.4**; **293**). — 13. ſie führt den Blitz, 'she wields the lightning,' i.e. has power to strike and kill, without reason or warning. — 14. Buhlen, that is, Leicester, respecting whose relations with Elizabeth many scandalous reports were circulated.

Aus „Fauſt."

The tragedy of Faust, in its two parts, occupied Goethe more or less during nearly his whole life. It was begun as early as 1774, a part of it published, as a "fragment," in 1790, the first part put forth complete in 1808, and the second part only after the poet's death (in 1833), having been but recently finished (1831). The subject is an old one, a German legend of a great scholar who, out of disgust at knowledge and impatience of enjoyment, made a compact with the devil, lived a wild life, and was finally carried off alive to hell. It attaches itself to the personality of an actual Doctor Faust, who lived at the beginning of the sixteenth century, and was reputed a magician. The legend, and the earlier versions of it by various hands, have to some extent determined Goethe's treatment in detail, as well as in general, through the first part. The second part is of a very different character, chiefly mystic or allegorical, and is read and enjoyed by very few; while the other (whose first and last scenes are extracted here) is very generally set at the head of all Goethe's poetical productions.

The first scene itself begins with introducing Faust to us and describing his circumstances and his condition of mind; it hardly needs, therefore, any further preliminary explanations. We may merely note that the drama is preceded by a "Prologue in Heaven" (of which the introductory verses have been given above, on pages 81–2), modelled on the scene which serves as introduction to the book of Job. Mephistopheles, one of the spirits of evil, appears before the Lord, in the midst of the heavenly host, and receives permission to try his arts upon Faust, who is pronounced a true servant of

God, striving sincerely, though shortsightedly and confusedly, to do his will.

21. etc. Faust has exhausted the whole circle of the sciences, or departments of knowledge of his period, only to find that real knowledge is out of his reach, and to be sickened at heart by the discovery. — 22. There is a touch of contempt in the word Juriſterei, used instead of Juriſprudenz (410.2*b*). — 26. als wie is a redundant expression, either one of the two words being here enough by itself, and the other more usually and better omitted. — 27. gar, powerfully expressive, but hard to put into English; 'they *actually even* call me doctor (teacher).' — 28. an die etc. 'nigh on these' etc.

134. 3. will attributes a kind of personality to its subject, and makes the lament more bitter; 'is bent on, is bound to.' — 4. geſcheidter implies wisdom, insight, cleverness, as well as learning; since, as he goes on to state, he sticks at nothing in pursuit of knowledge. — 8. dafür, 'in return for that,' i.e. 'for that very reason, as my only reward.' — 9. Rechtes, adjective used as noun, in apposition with was (in the sense of etwas) (129.5). — 12. the lack of fortune and consideration, which would be of no account if he had gained the higher objects he aimed at, is painfully felt now, in his want of success. — 15. hab' ich mich . . . ergeben; this is justly criticised as undramatic, as explaining for the benefit of the reader Faust's course and the reasons for it. — 16. ob, in pregnant sense, = [um zu ſehen or prüfen] ob etc. — 23. thu', auxiliary, like English *do;* a rare thing in literary German (242.3).

24. ſähſt du, optative inversion (432.2). — 27. heran represents here, pregnantly, a verb of motion; 'whom I [have] watched [creeping] on hither (stealing toward me) along this desk.' — 30 etc. in his disgust at books, he longs to turn wholly away from them to Nature. — 34. entladen, participle, appositive to the subject of the sentence, ich. — 35. geſund, factitive predicate, qualifying mich (316.2*c*).

135. 1 etc. the study room is described again, in similar style and with like disgust, farther on (142.21 etc.). — 12. heißt, 'is called,' i.e. 'is what you call, is it?' implying 'what right has it to such a name?'

18. da etc., elliptical; da . . . hinein for wohinein; 'into which God created men,' i.e. 'in the midst of which he put men at their creation.'

23. Noſtradamus, a famous French physician and astrologer, a contemporary of the real Faust (he was born in 1503, and died in 1566); he published a volume of prophecies, but, though later reputed a magician, he laid no claim to any knowledge of the black art. — 27. geht . . . dir auf, 'arises for thee,' i.e. 'springs up within thee.' — 29. i.e. umſonſt [iſt es], daß etc. 33. Makrokosmus, 'the long (great) cosmos,' i.e. the universe, the creation at large, as distinguished from the *mikrocosmus*, 'little cosmos,' i.e. man, regarded as the epitome of all existing things. The Zeichen, 'sign,' is the peculiar figure or emblem of any spirit, along with the formula of invoca-

tion of that spirit. The emblem delights him, as bringing before his mind the intricate and mysterious relations of the parts of the universe.

136. 8. wird, impersonal, with omitted subject (**292.4**; **293**). — 13. zu, 'shut, closed;' adverb as predicate (**369.3**). — 15. somewhat mystic: the earliest morning, it may be noted, is regarded as the most impressible and receptive time. — 20. ſich, reciprocal reflexive (**155.4**), dative: — Eimer, a peculiar and quite obscure figure; 'vessels,' apparently, in which the various influences or forces are exchanged, and passed up and down. — 23. all, attributive adjective to das All. **136.**

26. Brüſte, he would fain throw himself as an infant upon Nature's breasts, to draw from them the nourishment he craves; a strong figure, followed further in the succeeding lines. — 28. dahin, here relative, for wohin (**180**).

137. 7. es dampft, i.e. 'a mist rises.' — 9. Schauer, 'an awe, a feeling of dread;' it 'blows down,' i.e. comes down, as it were, in the air. — 14–5. the wie is still implied from the foregoing line, as the arrangement (transposed) shows. — 17. und = 'even;' it implies und [würdeſt es müſſen], koſtet' etc. (modified hypothetical period, **332.1***c*). **137.**

30. Uebermenſchen, in apposition with dich; said in scorn, 'thee who wouldst fain make thyself out something more than human.' — 33. gleich, adjective, factitive predicate (**316.2***c*); = 'to an equality with.' — 34. deß, quite rare, for deſſen (**164.2**). — 35. drang, note the third person.

138. 4. deines Gleichen, grammatically a genitive singular, '[one] of thy like;' but these phrases are employed anomalously, and so, often written as a compound word, deinesgleichen etc. — 5 etc. strict logical connection, of course, is not to be sought in these fragmentary and mystical hints of the workings of the earth-spirit. He is busy back and forth in the currents of life and fury of deeds, in the alternate extinction and renewal of being which keep life at a red heat, so to speak, of vivid action. He compares it to a loom, at which he is weaving those garments of external and sensible manifestation which are all that we can see of God. — 22. es klopft, a proper impersonal expression, as much so as es regnet; 'there is a knocking.' — 25. daß etc., an exclamation of impatience and indignation; '[to think] that . . . !' — 26. der, demonstrative, 'that.' — 27. Lampe, accusative absolute (**230.3**). **138.**

29. Wagner is the direct antithesis of Faust; a dry pedant, bent only on the accumulation of items of knowledge, a cram of information, wherewith he may impress people, and win fame and wealth. The want of sympathy between his spirit and his master's is such, that the bitter humor and sarcasm with which the latter assails him pass over his head entirely; he does not understand or feel them. — 33. hören for gehört (**240.1***c*). — 36. wohl,' well enough.' **139.** 3. much more usually von weitem, singular instead of plural. — 5. ihr werdet, more regu- **139.**

larly ſo werdet ihr, or werdet ihr (438.3*g*). — 9,10. imperative verbs. — 10. andrer, genitive plural. — 11–2. that is, do your best to kindle a dissolving and creative flame out of your own cold and burnt out spirit. — 13. i.e. '[a process which will be the] admiration of' etc. — 14. Gaumen, figurative for 'taste, desire;' 'if your taste stands that way, if that is what you relish.' — 15. the line admits a double interpretation; either 'produce effect, heart to heart' (like "face to face"), or 'win over [others'] heart to [your] heart.' — 16. euch, possessive dative (222.IIIa). — 17. i.e. '[that is all well enough,] only (but) the' etc. — 19. Faust is so irritated by his indomitable pedantry, that he addresses him for a moment with the contemptuous and dictatorial Er (153.3). — 20. ſchellenlauter, 'bell-loud,' i.e. whose words are as empty of sense as the tinkling of the bells on a fool's cap. — 23. euch Ernſt iſt, impersonal phrase, with omitted es (293): — was, for etwas (176.2). — 26. 'in which (phrases) you are [merely] curling the shreds and shavings of humanity,' i.e. are turning into petty ornaments the shreds of the world's knowledge. — 32. bang . . . um, 'anxious about, afraid of ruining.' — 33. Mittel, 'means,' i.e. preliminary knowledge, as of languages, palæography, and the like. — 34. Quellen, 'original *sources*, primitive documents,' the highest ambition of the pedant, who swears by authorities. — 36. wohl = 'as likely as not.' **140.** 6. der Zeiten,

140. 'of the [various] times' earlier than our own. — 8. i.e. 'have made such wonderful progress, have gotten so far beyond him.' — 9. ironical; Faust does not believe in history, so-called, or regard the accumulation of knowledge as better than enlightenment of spirit. — 13–4. 'people's (the gentlemen's) own spirit'—an untrustworthy mirror, which gives unreal shape and false color to what seems to be reflected in it. — 15–6. i.e. the pitiful result is apt to follow, that no one will stay to give it more than a single glance. — 18. Haupt- und Staatsaction, pompous title of the old German popular spectacles (from the latter part of the seventeenth century), in which the lives and actions of royal and distinguished personages were represented, and which alternated between bombast and vulgarity. Faust compares the would-be histories to such plays, put in the mouths of puppets, and gotten up with the aid simply of a rubbish-bag and a lumber-room. — 22. möcht' etc., emphatic inversion (431*g*). — 23. i.e. 'what is apt to go by that name.' — 32. gelehrt, adverb. — 33. that is, since the day will be a holiday. This reference to the season, which plays so important a part in the action at the end of the scene, is wanting in the first edition, the "fragment."

141. 1. nur is, in virtual meaning, intensive; one may fill up

141. 'only [see] how' etc.

The first publication of the work as a fragment (see the introductory remarks) broke off the first scene here, at Regenwürmer findet. Between the composition of the greater part of what precedes and of what follows this break, there was an interval of fifteen or twenty years, and it is doubt-

ful whether the poet had originally the intention of winding up the scene as it is actually done. The tone and movement of the remainder is very different: it becomes less spontaneous and passionate, more elegiac and discursive; the action proceeds more by the poet's will than by Faust's, and the almost attempted suicide is insufficiently prepared and motivated, and seems suggested by an accident. Nevertheless, we may suppose that Faust's excitement of mind, carried to the highest pitch by the appearance and parting taunt of the spirit, then turned into a new channel, and sustained for a time by the dulness of Wagner, is now followed by a reaction and depression, in which he is only able to reflect and reason upon what then so powerfully moved him.

10. wollte, 'threatened to, seemed likely to' (**258***b*). — 12. ſollte, in sense of mußte, 'could not but.' — 15. ſelbſt is best understood here as a noun, with ſein qualifying it adjectively; 'his self, his own being;' in this sense it is usually written with a capital, Selbſt. — 16. abgeſtreift, pluperfect, like gebünkt above (line 14), with auxiliary omitted (**439.3***a*). — 19. ſchaffend, pregnantly, 'through the exertion of creative force.' — 26. so great in my kindred with such spirits and power to summon them; so small in my weakness as compared with them. — 30. what is signified by '*that* impulse' is very obscure; to the pursuit of yet deeper knowledge, or to that of magic? or, perhaps, to suicide? — 33. auch adds, as usual (**179.4**), the meaning of 'soever' to was, but the sentence needs some change of structure, in order to bring it cleverly out in English. — 34. immer belongs with the following adjectives. **142.** 2. heißt = 'we call,' i.e. 'we esteem.' — 3. i.e. die herrlichen Gefühle, welche uns etc.; 'gave us life,' as being what **142.**
makes life really valuable. — 5 etc. setting forth the laming and constraining (hemmend, 141.32) effect of trials and fears. — 15–6. that is, apprehension of mishaps that after all never come, and grief over losses that do not actually occur.

21. was, subject of verenget. — 29. grinſeſt ... her, intransitive in transitive use (**227.2***b*). — 30. als, in sense of '[other] than, except, save,' as after a negative: verwirret, appositive to Hirn: the two following participles are perfects, with omitted auxiliary. — 33. freilich in the less proper sense of 'truly, indeed;' not, as usual, concessive. **143.** 2. that is, they should
have helped him open the door of knowledge. — 3. a grim play upon **143.**
words; meant to signify 'your wards are intricate,' but also felt as 'your beard is curly.' — 4. that is, mysterious, even though open to the light of examination. — 6. mag, 'chooses to' (**255.2**). — 11. we should expect ſchmaucht, in the same tense with wirſt above; presents in the sense of perfects (**324.3**). — 13. zu ſchwitzen is out of connection with the preceding line, as if the reading there had been weit beſſer wär' es doch, mein Weniges verpraßt zu haben. — 15. erwirb; we should expect rather genieße, since one cannot properly 'acquire' what one already possesses by inheritance; but the meaning intended is that what one inherits is no real possession, but only what one himself produces, to answer the need of the moment.

18. In this state of depression and disgust with life, the sight of the vial of poison is enough to suggest to Faust the relief of suicide, which he greets with enthusiasm, as promising him not only relief from his present perplexity, but introduction to a new activity. The risk involved in the step, as exposing him to a place of punishment or to annihilation, he makes light of, rather priding himself on defying it, as if it were a challenge to his manhood.

144. 13. that is, the distress that we feel in the prospect of death and of what shall follow it is of our own infliction, the work of our fancy. — 17. und = 'even' (as above, 137.17): — zu fließen, dependent on Gefahr, in the manner of a genitive (345.3).

21, 22. proper imperfects, of customary action. — 23. zubringen is used (compare line 34, below) of the action of drinking to another's health or the like, paying respect or compliment in a draught. — 25, 26. he who drank was obliged first to describe or extol the form and decorations of the cup in extemporaneous verses, and then to empty it at one pull; for failure, the penalty was to drink more. These were among the traditional customs of a people and period of hard drinkers and lusty carousers. — 32. adjective clauses preceding their antecedent, Trunk.

145. 145. 1 etc. It was already noted above (140.33) that the night is that which precedes Easter Sunday: the midnight is now past, and the ringing of bells, and the songs of the choruses perambulating the streets, announce the beginning of the anniversary of Christ's resurrection; interrupting the execution of Faust's intent, and winning him away from it.

2. dem Sterblichen, dative after an interjectional noun (225.2). — 7. Summen, of the bells; heller Ton, of the choruses. — 23. i.e. selig [ist] der Liebende etc.

27. was, in the sense of warum. — 34. i.e. [der ich] an diesen Klang von Jugend auf gewöhnt [bin], belonging with mich in the next line; or, [da ich] an ... gewöhnt [bin], as qualifying ruft; the connection is a little irregular and difficult. — 36. stürzte sich ... auf mich herab, i.e. 'came down upon me with suddenness or violence;' a rather violent figure.

146. 146. 13. the Easter festival and the Easter holidays are in Germany the chief popular festival of the year; and in Faust's mind so strongly associated with his happiest memories, that their image has power to reawaken his hopefulness and love of life.

14. conditional inversion. — 16. Erhabene is in the same construction with Begrabene, and implies (irregularly) the continuance of the der in that line; otherwise we should have erhaben. — 23. the natural place of uns would be next after er in the preceding line. — 28. reißet, imperative. — 30. preisenden and the following participles are in the dative plural, qualifying euch (line 35). — 36. da, 'on the spot, here.'

As Faust was turned over to Mephistopheles in the prologue, for the latter to try and tempt, we must presume the evil spirit to have been already

at work in this scene, and the apparition of the earth-spirit to have been his doing, intended to bring about the effect which it so nearly produced, of goading the victim into suicide, and conducting the experiment to a speedy conclusion. This failing, through the heavenly interposition, as it were, of the Easter influences, another and slower process is begun. Mephistopheles introduces himself to Faust in the sequel of the next day's holiday-walk, and a compact is made between them. The demon agrees to be the man's faithful servant during his life; and the man, in turn, promises that whenever he shall be so satisfied with any passing moment as to wish to detain it, he will consent to die. After a wild scene or two, in which Mephistopheles meets with but indifferent success in his attempt to please and amuse, he takes Faust to a hideous witch and sorceress, and causes to be administered to him a rejuvenating and kindling drink. Immediately after, Faust falls in love with a young innocent girl, Margarete (or Gretchen), whom he happens to meet; and his relation to her is the principal action of the whole first part of the poem. He wins her love, but only to ruin and abandon her. Her mother dies (as we learn indirectly, through a hint or two), of the effects of a sleeping potion administered to her at Faust's suggestion. Her brother is slain by Faust in a street brawl in the night, and the latter is obliged to fly. After an absence of undefined length (only a scene or two from it is given us), he learns suddenly that Gretchen has borne a child, has wandered from home in shame and misery, has made away with her child, and is now in prison and condemned to death for its murder. He is struck with the keenest grief and remorse, and comes to attempt her rescue. Mephistopheles has stupefied the keeper while Faust possessed himself of the keys of the prison; and while the latter goes in to bring out Gretchen by human means, he is waiting without, with the magic horses which are to bear them away to safety: that is all that he can do.

Gretchen's reason has given way under the terrible burden of guilt and misery, and Faust finds her utterly unmanageable; she can understand nothing connectedly, nor follow any course of conduct: her mind dwells on the events of her sad history, and she wanders from one topic to another, as some chance association suggests them. About only one or two matters is her mind clear and firm: her unchanging love to the author of her ruin, her horror of his sinister companion, and her determination to expiate her crimes by undergoing their dreadful penalty.

147. 8. zögert... heran, intransitive used transitively, with an object signifying what is effected through the action of the verb (227.2b). — 9. es singt, a proper impersonal, like es klopft, above (138.22); we hear the singing, but do not see the singer. — 10 etc. a snatch of old song; a version of the story of the child who is killed by his wicked stepmother and served up for his father to eat; his bones, flung by the latter under the table, are gathered up by a little sister and buried in the garden beneath a juniper tree, out of whose branches then flies a white bird, his soul; the story is No. 47 of Grimm's Kinder- und Hausmährchen. — 13. gessen, old form (for gegessen) of gegessen. — 20. Stroh has the same construction as Ketten, and das rauscht is an adjective clause qualifying it. — 21. Gretchen thinks it is the executioner, come to lead her forth. — 24. vor ihn hin, 'away before him;' vor governing the accusative, though signifying **147.**

motion from instead of toward, like über sometimes (e.g. 36.26). — 26. ſchreien, intransitive as transitive, with adjunct having the value of a factitive predicate (227.2*b*). — 35. emphatic inversion, as below (148.8).

148. 4. that is, her maidenly crown, the symbol of innocence and purity. — 8. mein' Tage (oftener mein Lebtag) '[all] my days, in my whole life.' — 14. hätt', a rather violent (since it follows a verb in the present tense) substitution of past for present auxiliary, as subjunctive of indirect statement; made because hab' would not be distinctly subjunctive. — 16. auf, 'at.' — 17. that is, the story of the verse she was just singing. — 18. 'who bids them interpret it?' i.e. 'what gives them a right to apply it to me?' — 22. zu, 'beside.' — 27. der Böſe, 'the Evil One.' — 33. note hören for gehört (240.1*c*).

149. 2. Klappen, here in the sense of Zähneklappen, 'gnashing of teeth;' a biblical expression. — 8. wohin, pregnantly, implying a verb of motion. — 12–5. their first meeting had been on the street, outside a church, where Faust had begged to be allowed to escort her home, and had received a very curt refusal; their meetings then had been for some time in the garden of a neighbor, Martha. — 24. haſt's, i.e. haſt das; an unusual contraction (65, at end). — 35. 'who made me lose it?' a peculiar idiom, as if to bring one *around* a thing instead of *to* it, were to cause it to be failed of or lost.

150. 2. bitte takes here two accusatives (227.3*a*); usually its second object is governed by the preposition um (as below, line 21). — 18 etc. she is thinking of her brother's death by Faust's hand. — 22. as we say, "let bygones be bygones." — 23. i.e. these reminiscences will kill me. — 27. gleich in the sense of ſogleich. — 30–1. she thinks herself unworthy to sleep close to them; yet cannot bear to be far separated from them. — 36. will conveys an implication of personality, as if the thing resisted her efforts.

151. 3. biſt du's, as above, 149.6; a comma after it would be better punctuation. — 7–8. conditional inversions. — 14. flieh'n, zu fliehen would be more usual, as also zu ſchweifen below (line 17); the difference in the expression is nearly the same as, in English, between 'it is so wretched, wandering in a strange land,' and 'it is so wretched to wander' etc. — 34. den Berg, more usually an dem Berg, before vorbei. — 36. that is, a cold feeling seizes me, as it were, by the hair; a shuddering from the crown downward.

152. 15. Niemand, dative, 'tell nobody.' — 16. Kranze, see note to 148.4. — 17. that is, 'it is all over.' — 20. man hört ſie nicht, i.e. they gather in awe-struck silence. — 23. das Stäbchen bricht; it is a German custom for the officer of justice, after the reading over of the sentence, to break a white staff above the head of the condemned criminal at the place of execution, to symbolize the breaking of connection with life. — 26–7. she imagines her fate as shared by all. — 28. she imagines the blow struck.

153. 3. du ſollſt leben, i.e. it is for thy life; his presence here has no other meaning.

Das Römiſche Carneval.

During the years 1786–8, Goethe made a journey to Italy, going as far as Sicily; and he sent back constant accounts, in the form of letters to his friends, of what he observed, felt, and thought, interspersed with occasional more elaborate reports, upon subjects requiring detailed and connected treatment. These were, many years later, collected and published, more or less completely, in two parts, Italieniſche Reiſe, 'Italian Journey,' and Zweiter Aufenthalt in Rom, 'Second Stay in Rome.' From the latter part is taken the following extract, describing the carnival at Rome. It is here given precisely as it stands in Schaefer's Göthe's Proſa; Auswahl für Schule und Haus, 'Goethe's Prose, selected for school and home use' (Stuttgart, 1848); being here and there a little abbreviated.

154. 3. könne, subjunctive of indirect statement, dependent on Einwurf (**333.3***e*); ſollte, in the next line, is of the same character, but in the preterit, because that tense would have been used in making the statement directly (**333.**4*c*). — 9. nur ſehen etc., i.e. in the character of spectator only, not of participant. — 13. zu überſehen, in passive sense after iſt (**343.**III.1*b*). — 20. ſich, dative. — 25. blendete, subjunctive in conditional sense (**332**), 'that should blind, is of such nature as to blind.' — 26. the Castle of San Angelo, the military headquarters of Rome, on the right bank of the Tiber, not far from St. Peter's; it is the ancient Mausoleum of Hadrian, turned into a modern fort. — 27. the illumination of the whole exterior of St. Peter's, by innumerable lights suspended about it and lighted nearly simultaneously, at a given signal, is one of the most beautiful and impressive sights of the year; it is performed on Easter Sunday. **154.**

155. 1. alles, 'every one' (**193.**3), i.e. 'all ranks and classes.' — 5. Saturnalien, an ancient Roman festival, professedly in honor of Saturn, celebrated after the middle of December, and gradually extended in length from one day to seven. It was a period of the most unrestrained freedom and jollity, when the customary obligations of dependence and reverence were for the time suspended. — 5. ſeiner; we should expect rather ſeine, referring to Feſt; as the reading is, we must translate 'his' (des Römers). — 9. welche = 'as' after ſolche (**170.**2). — 10. beigewohnt [haben], the auxiliary being omitted (**439.**3*a*). — 11. i.e. [und] nicht weniger ſolchen [zu dienen] etc. **155.**

17. ander, for anderes (**126**): — ſeyn, i.e. ſein (**19.**3). — 22. the Kirchweihfeſt (or Kirchweihe, Kirchmeſſe or Kirmes) is in many countries, especially the rural parts of Germany, one of the principal festivals of the year.

24. The *Porta del Popolo*, 'People's Gate,' is at the extreme northern end of the city. Just inside it lies the *Piazza del Popolo*, 'People's Square,' of elliptical form, with the obelisk in the centre. From the Square diverge three streets, the *Ripetta*, *Corso*, and *Babuino*, making very acute angles with one another, and each having the obelisk at the end of its vista. Of these streets, the Corso is the longest and most important,

running directly southward, for just about a mile, to where it meets the slope of the Capitoline hill: the Venetian square and palace mark its southern extremity. — 26. Schritte, more usually in the singular, Schritt (211.2); the 'pace' is a very varying and uncertain measure, seeming here to have the value of about a foot and a half only—unless the author has exaggerated the number of paces which the street should measure. — 28. nicht verhältnißmäßig, i.e. 'not in such proportion as we should expect, disproportionately little.'

156. 36. Sonn-, i.e. Sonntage (419*c*). 156. 3. ſpazieren, dependent on fahren (343.I.6). — 5. the *Via Flaminia*, or Flaminian Way, was the great north road of Rome, leading straight from the city to Ariminum (Rimini), and being the avenue to Cisalpine Gaul. It was constructed by the censor C. Flaminius, about B.C. 220. It crossed the Tiber, less than two miles from the gate, by the *Pons Milvius*, now called *Ponte molle*. — 9. iſt, instead of wird, in lively depiction of the instantaneousness of the effect; it is already done. — 14. wäre es auch, 'were it even' etc.; elliptical construction, quite the same as in English.

18. ſonn- = ſonntägigen (419*c*). — 22. wenn etc., adverbial clause, but equivalent to a substantive clause introduced by daß. — 24. durch belongs to the foregoing accusative of duration of time (230.1*a*). — 25. bilden is completed by um, below (line 27). — 28. Brüderſchaften, i.e. fraternities of monks. — 32. Tabarros, a simple loose black cloak, hiding the figure, and regarded as the disguise of highest style, because it merely disguises, without personating any character (see below, 161.36 etc.); a black domino.

34. The carnival (Latin *carni vale*, 'farewell to meat') is the week of merriment that precedes the beginning of Lent, which is the period of forty days of fasting and mortification closing at Easter. As Easter is fixed to no particular month and day, but varies more than four weeks in time in different years (March 22d to April 25th), carnival is correspondingly irregular in its occurrence, coming either in February or March. — 35. als

157. Officier, i.e. 'in officer's dress.' 157. 6. das ſchöne belongs to Pflaſter, with a compound adjective phrase (a participle and its adjuncts) interposed; such adjective phrases are very common in the more elaborate style of German prose, and have generally to be rendered in English by full adjective clauses (437.2*a*). — 9. auszuheben, ſetzen, dependent on beſchäftigt (348.1). — 15. mit, pregnantly, '[covered] with, dressed in.' — 18. in der Folge, 'in the sequel,' i.e. 'at a future time, hereafter.' — 19. Kopf, accusative absolute (230.3). — 23. ſind = 'there are.' — 24. a comma after wiederholt would make the connection clearer.

158. — 31. note the accusative after zwiſchen (376). 158. 2. these two open places or squares stand at nearly equal distances from one another and from the two ends of the Corso, on its western side: the first is merely a somewhat irregular widening of the street in front

of the church of San Carlo; the other is a spacious square, the Piazza Colonna, with the Antonine column in its centre. This column is a triumphal pillar, made after the model of the yet more famous Trajan's column, and decorated with representations of the wars and victories of the emperor M. Aurelius Antoninus (A.D. 161–180).

10. Capitol, the public buildings occupying the site of the ancient *capitolium*, on the Capitoline hill, at the southern extremity of the Corso. — 23. vermehren etc., i.e. heighten the impression that the street makes upon one, of being a room instead of a street.

29. indeſſen daß = während, 'while,' which latter is the usual expression. — 31. Pulcinell, Italian *pulcinella*, corrupted in English into *punchinello*, and then shortened to *Punch*; the peculiarities of the figure are well known. **159.** 1. *luoghi* etc., i.e. 'seats! seats, gentlemen! seats!'

159.

3. Masken; for many years past, masking has been forbidden, on account of abuses and disorders which had, naturally enough, crept in; and the Roman carnival, accordingly, has been shorn of no small part of its attractions. — 5. ſehen, in passive sense (**343.**I.5*c*). — 6. ihres Gleichen, see note to 138.4. — 9. zu beruhigenden, future passive participle (**278**). — 21,22. bald, ... bald, correlatives; 'now ... now.' — 22. ſoll, 'is claimed or asserted' (**257.3**). — 28. höre, gehe, subjunctives of indirect statement (**333.4***a*). — 36. Quacqueri; this word, at first signifying 'Quaker,' seems to have become the appellation of a certain caricatured figure, as here described, without well-understood reference to its original meaning. **160.** 3. zu können, dependent on Leichtigkeit; 'ease of being able' (**345.**1). — 5. ſie, i.e. die Quacqueri. — 11. *Buffo caricato*, the

160.

Buffo is the character on the stage that makes people laugh; *caricato* is 'overloaded, overdone, caricatured;' the two words together designate the character that amuses by its folly and absurdity. — 18. ſich einander, either word is enough by itself to express the idea intended, and their combination is redundant and heavy (**155.4**, first remark): — da of dadurch anticipates the following clause, daß etc., as object of durch (**436.** 3*c*,*d*). — 19. gleichen, 'even,' i.e. 'held together at the same level.' — 21. ſich, reciprocal reflexive (**155.4**).

26. bei, 'considering.' — 30. dieſe, i.e. 'such [as have this design, if they would accomplish it]:' — früh genug, 'early enough,' i.e. 'quite early, in good season, betimes;' a Gallicism (genug in the sense of French *assez*). — 36. auf to ſei, 'in whatever way it may be,' i.e. 'in any possible way.' **161.** 8. note the accusatives after unter and vor. — 9. was ... ſonſt Artiges, 'whatever else that is pretty.'

161.

11. ſich (first), dative, 'for themselves.' — 13. Of- = Offenſivwaffe (**419***c*); a notable liberty to take with such a word, and only to be tolerated in a light and humorous style. — 14. gebunden, pregnantly, 'made by tying, put together of.' — 16. Bekannten, Unbekannten, logically genitives

qualifying Geſicht (222.IIIa). — 17. gemünzt, unusual and probably only local or dialectic phrase; 'at whom they have coined it,' i.e. 'against whom they have laid (struck out, devised) a plot.' — 20. wo, with the following hin (which belongs to it quite as properly as to the verb), 'whithersoever.' — 26. auszukehren, infinitive of purpose (343.III.1), dependent on kommen. — 28. Frascatanerinnen; Frascati is a village on the skirts of the Alban mountain, opposite Rome, and just below the site of ancient Tusculum; it has, like other villages, its peculiar costume.

162. 31. nachgeahmt = 'taken by imitation, borrowed.' **162.** 9. in to werden is the logical object of the idiomatic phrase ſich (dative) gefallen laſſen. — 16. ſie, i.e. die Ordnung. — 20. da to aufhört qualifies wenden. — 30. i.e. ſo gut [als] er kann (438.3d). **163.** 1.

163. i.e. einander gegenüber (374b, at end). — 6. dem Kutſcher, possessive dative (222.IIIa). — 9. ſollen, 'are said' (257.3). — 11. es ſei etc., 'be it now for what reason it may choose,' i.e. 'for whatever reason.' 12. verloren to Ganzen, appositive to die Vornehmern. — 14. zu wollen, dependent on ſcheinen, and itself governing genießen and ſich auszeichnen. — 29. es to ſie, i.e. 'they only stop short of;' that is the only thing they leave undone. **164.** 8. nur = 'if possible.' — 19. ſich davor fürchtet,

164. 'is afraid of it (the danger).' — 23. the Ruspoli palace is between the two squares above spoken of (158.2), and nearer to that of San Carlo. — 34. i.e. ſo lange [als] ſie können (438.3d). — 35. zuletzt = 'sooner or later:' — ſoll, nearly equivalent to muß, 'is to, has got to.'

165. 165. 5. in Bewegung geſetzt, not 'set in motion,' according to our understanding of the phrase, implying a start from quietness; rather 'made lively, stirred up, heaved.' — 7 etc. the author is giving a conjectural account of how the war with plaster sugar plums (commonly called *confetti*, 'comfits, confectionery'), which now constitutes so large a part of the carnival fun, may have had its origin. — 8. unter has with the two following nouns the two different meanings of 'amid' and 'under;' a rarely permitted license. — 9. da, 'in which case.' — 12. note the case of Geſichter (216.5a): — ſich einander, see note to 160.18. — 16. Gypszeltlein, object of zu tragen (line 18): — durch den Trichter gemacht; it does not clearly appear from this description how these little shapeless lumps of gypsum are made; perhaps by letting the material fall, drop by drop, from the aperture of the funnel. — 33. ungeſtraft is superfluous, its meaning being more fully expressed by the following clause, ohne etc. **166.** 1. wohin

166. = wo; it implies properly an ellipsis, like 'whither they [are thrown, and] hit.'

10. ſo gut and zu ſtark are wholly inconsistent expressions, and the following clause, introduced by als daß, 'than that,' fits only the latter of them; als daß, moreover, though commonly used after an adjective with zu (344.2, first remark), is logically defensible only after a comparative; so that the whole sentence is an extreme case of awkward construction. — 17.

auf, here used in its (not uncommon) prospective sense, 'in anticipation of, in preparation for.' — 23. inzwiſchen daß, unusual and somewhat lumbering equivalent of simple während, 'while;' the clause is additive (**438.3***i*), rather than logically adverbial, as if introduced by 'and at the same time.' — 25. ſo verlangt, direct object of zuwiegen; als implied after Pfund (**438.3***d*,*e*); note the number of Pfund (**211.2**). — 27. in der Nähe is adverbial adjunct to haben geſehen. — 28. ſich is reciprocal reflexive (**155.4**), and dative in sense of genitive qualifying Köpfe (**222.III***a*). — 30. abhalten, in passive sense (**343.I.5***c*); and the passive construction is completely carried out, by putting the logical object of ließen, namely Warnungen, in the form of a prepositional adjunct. — 32. Corden, instruments both of binding and of the infliction of stripes. — 36. z. E. = zum Exempel, instead of the more common z. B. = zum Beiſpiel. **167.** 1. Pulcinellen, dative; a quite unusual case with voll, which commonly takes the genitive. **167.** — 5. Eines Sinnes, genitive of characteristic as predicate (**220.2**).

14. the French Academy (where young artists are trained for a time at government expense) was formerly on the east side of the Corso, a couple of blocks below the Venetian palace; it is now removed to the Pincian hill. — 17. Capitano, 'captain;' standing (comic) military character, a swell and braggart. — 19. ſo = 'when' (**438.3***h*): — gegen ihm über = ihm gegenüber. — 34. zu, pregnantly, 'as accompaniment to, along with.' **168.** 2. auf, in the prospective or anticipative sense. — 5. the dar **168.** of darum represents the following clause, daß to werden, as object of um; more usually, an ihnen would be introduced into the first clause, thus: es iſt ihnen darum etc., 'there is for them to do about this, namely that all their seats' etc.; that is, this is the matter about which they are concerned, is their wish and aim. — 7. i.e. glücklich [iſt es]. — 12. no stress is to be laid here on any antithesis of Kutſche and Wagen; the expression is equivalent to auf einem der Wagen simply. — 13. die, i.e. die Fenſter; a slight inexactness of expression, as if the preceding phrase had been an einem der Fenſter.

18. oben beſchriebenen, namely at 157.27–34. — 23. da, 'as,' both of time and of cause. — 26. voller, for voll. — 27. er, the Corso, not the General. — 28. niemanden, dative (**186**); either niemand or niemandem is much more usual. — 32. note the accusatives after these prepositions. — 36. Rauſchgold, accusative of substance measured (**216.5***a*). **169.** 1. wenn, 'when;' more in accordance with regular usage would be **169.** wie, or als, or da, since there is nothing hypothetical implied. — 5. hauen denotes the launching of a blow, especially of a blow that cuts or penetrates something; as by men with an instrument or weapon of any kind, by animals with their natural means of offense, tusks, bills, claws, and the like; hence applied here (as not often) to the launching out of a horse with his hoofs, the act of prancing or kicking. — 13. einander, dative, in "ablative" sense. — 18. kaum daß = 'almost before;' literally, 'hardly

[is it the case] that one espies them, [when] they are past.' — 19. die to einander, equivalent to die übrigen hindern einander, and a rather inexact and awkward expression. — 20. nachgeſprengt, in sense of present participle (359.1). **170.** 1. ihr, dative, dependent on bequeme. — 2. nach abgeſchoſſenen Signalen, a pregnant construction, = nachdem die Signale abgeſchoſſen ſind; it is implied that the signal for the end of the day's sports is given by the firing of cannon from the Castle of San Angelo, not far off. — 7. gar, as usual in such cases, not easy to render; we may paraphrase 'it *even* happens that.' — 10. glücklich, i.e. 'successfully, without mishap.' — 11. ein jedes = jedermann (193.3): — wünſcht etc., i.e. 'congratulates himself on the prospect of a little rest, wishes himself the good luck to obtain it.'

17. that is, [es währt] nicht lange; compare 167.19. — 22. Nachmittag, accusative of time when (230.2); the genitive, Nachmittags (220.1), is more usual in such a connection.

33. ſo = 'when' (438.3*h*). — 35. a comma after bewegen would be an improvement of the punctuation, since, although the following infinitive, like those preceding, is dependent on ſiehet (line 33), its subject (or the direct object of ſiehet) is changed. **171.** 3. es ſieht ſich ... hinein, intransitive used as transitive, reflexively, with qualifying adverb of manner (288.2); 'it is pretty looking in;' the construction is one of the established idioms of the language, but not common in literary use (the Reader affords no other example). — 13. the tapers are called *moccolo* (plural *moccoli*), and the reproach *senza moccolo*, 'without a light!' is this evening a keen one, involving the further anathema *sia ammazzato*, 'may you be slaughtered!' — 19. begegne, ſei, imperatives in the sense of making a supposition (331.1*d*). — 20. the clause aus to benachbarte seriously disturbs the regular connection of the sentence; the meaning is, of course, that the blowing out of others' lights is carried on from one window to another within reach of it, as well as in the house, between members of the same party, or persons who chance to meet one another.

32. i.e. geſchehen [ſollte], the ſollte implied in ſollten below (line 34). — 35. hinweg, adverb of direction used with the value of a verb of motion, as so often along with the auxiliaries of mood (259.2). — **172.** 172. 6. bis Mitternacht; Lent begins at midnight, and the eating of meat, and public amusements, are forbidden for a long period; the different classes hasten to enjoy up to the last moment, according to the difference of their tastes, the pleasures from which they are soon to be cut off.

Kreuzzug des Kaiſers Friedrich Barbaroſſa.

This extract forms the fifth chapter of the fifth book of Friedrich von Raumer's Geſchichte der Hohenſtaufen und ihrer Zeit, 'history of the Hohenstaufen and of their times' (vol. ii., 1823, pp. 407–38). The work narrates, in six volumes, the deeds and fates of the great Swabian dynasty of Ger-

man emperors (often called Hohenstaufen, from their ancestral castle of that name in the present kingdom of Württemberg), who reigned in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, and whose period is one of the most glorious in the ancient history of Germany, political and literary (**465**). Of the emperors of this family, Frederick the First, surnamed Red-beard (Rothbart, Italian *Barba-rossa*), was the greatest. His life was spent in almost incessant warfare—in Italy, in defense of the claims of the empire, against the political pretensions of the popes, and the efforts of the provinces at independence; in Germany, against his rebellious vassals, especially Henry the Lion, head of the rival house of Welf or Guelph. It was in his advanced age that the recapture of Jerusalem by Saladin led to the third crusade; of the German share in which, this chapter is a history.

The distinguished historian von Raumer is still (1870) living, at the great age of eighty-nine years.

10. dem Jahre 1148, that is, the end of the second crusade, under the emperor Conrad III. of Germany, and king Louis VII. of France. — 12. Bemühungen is the subject of [waren] geblieben. — 13. aber, 'however;' might have been put before alle (line 11). — 14. the German part of the crusading army had been entirely destroyed in Asia Minor, and the French king had lost more than three-quarters of his forces before reaching Antioch, and had accomplished nothing. — 17. hiezu kam, i.e. 'to this was added.' — 18. Könige von Sicilien, William I. and William II., the last Norman sovereigns of Sicily: — England und Frankreich, under the English monarch Henry II., who died in the year 1189. — 22. Feinde, the Moors, or Saracens of Spain, who conquered the country in the eighth century, and were not finally subdued till near the end of the fifteenth: — the interposition of a comma after the article belonging to a noun, when a compound adjective phrase follows it before the noun, as in this line and elsewhere in this extract, is to be disapproved, as unnecessary and disturbing the natural connection. — 24. Ikonium; of this sovereign we shall read much, further on. — 26. Jerusalem had been captured by the first crusade, and made the capital of a Christian state, in 1099; it was retaken by Saladin in 1187. **173.** 2. wie . . . sie = 'such as.' — 4. einträte, subjunctive of indirect statement (**333**); this use of the subjunctive is **173.** most abundantly illustrated in the present extract; eingetreten [sei], 'should have happened,' instead of einträte, 'should happen,' would be more logical. — 5. sei should properly stand after worden (**439.2**, at end).

9, 10. hörtet, erging, preterits in sense of perfects (**325.3**). — 12. mit dem Propheten, the reference is to Jeremiah ix. 1: — möchten, signifying choice; möchte in the next line indicates ability (**255**). — 18. hat, for haben (**322.1***a*). — 23. da'rauf, dar emphatic, referring to Demuth and Reue. **174.** 7. Zuge, i.e. Kreuzzuge. — 18. Reizmittel, vir- **174.** tual subject, with zu bedürfen taken passively (**294**).

23. werde, subjunctive of indirect statement, under the government of some such word as 'the consideration,' understood. — 29. das Kreuz; as-

suming the cross amounted to an engagement to undertake the crusade; pledged crusaders wore the sign of the cross somewhere upon their clothing. — 32. habe etc.; these subjunctives show the statement to be quoted, as made by the emperor himself (333.3*d*). — 36. Legnano, a place near the foot of the Alps, in northern Italy, where Frederick was totally defeated by the forces of the Italian cities in 1176. **175.** 6. the colon makes
175. no stop here, but is used, as ordinarily, before an enumeration of items: see note to 20.16. — 13. lag ihm daran, a peculiar idiom, explained under liegen in the Vocabulary. — 15. Raubſchlöſſer, i.e. castles of robber-knights, who levied black-mail on the neighborhood, and taxed or plundered travellers; such were much too common in Germany in the Middle Ages, especially along the streams and principal roads of traffic. — 20. Philipp, the chief prelate of Germany, with whom a quarrel had been just upon the point of breaking out: — Heinrich, Henry the Lion, head of the great house of Welf, who had been allowed to become too powerful and had been rebellious against the imperial authority, but had been overcome and stripped of the greater part of his possessions, only Brunswick and Lüneburg being left him: he had also been required to quit Germany for three years (from 1182). — 36. Nachfolger, that is, the man to whom his former dukedom of Saxony had been given. **176.** 16. Heinrich,
176. the emperor's oldest son and designated successor; he had married in 1186 Constance, the presumptive heiress to the crown of Sicily. — 24. auf; für would be the more common expression, but is avoided, as being twice used in the sentence in another sense: auf denotes more 'adapted to, calculated for,' implying an established rate. — 31. Sultan von Ikonium; Iconium, in the heart of Asia Minor, was now the capital of the Seljukian kingdom of Roum, or Asia Minor, conquered by the Turks in the latter part of the eleventh century. Its policy vacillated between jealousy of the rival Moslem kingdoms of Syria, Egypt, etc., and hatred of the Christians; the latter, as will appear later, won the day in the treatment of Frederick's expedition. **177.** 3. den qualifies Schreiben, with
177. interposed compound adjective phrase (437.2*a*). — 4. the colon as above (175.6). — 8. Crassus and Antony made noted campaigns in the East in old Roman times. — 11. achte etc.; a series of subjunctives of indirect statement in this quoted passage, and mostly following the general rule as to the tenses used—that they be the same as would have been used in the direct statement (333.4*a*); thus, we have the conditional and preterit in line 16, in an included hypothetical period (4*c*); but also gäbe (line 19), perhaps best explainable as being doubly indirect (a quotation of what in Saladin's statement would also have been indirect), and beſäßen (line 22–3), because beſitzen would not have been distinguished in form from indicative (4*e*). — 29. the da of dafür anticipates the following clause as object of für (436.3*c*,*d*).

178. 1. anzutretenden, future passive participle (278). — 2. etc. the resolution is put, as it were, into Frederick's own words, in- **178.**
stead of being reported in indirect statement.

12. Regensburg, 'Ratisbon,' on the Danube, in the heart of southern Germany. — 13. Bürger etc., accusatives absolute (230.3*b*). — 21. fuhr implies, in this connection, going by water; while zogen above (line 14) signifies marching, by land. — 25. bis dahin, 'as far as thither,' i.e. 'down to that time, thus far.' — 35. ihm, dependent on Ehren (225.1).

179. 1. Friedrich, Frederick's second son, at this time twenty-four years old. — 2. i.e. schon [viele] Böhmen [in das Heer aufgenom- **179.**
men worden waren]. — 7. *Sirmium*, formerly the chief city of lower Pannonia; the time and mode of its destruction are unknown; extensive ruins of it still remain. — 8. at the Morawa, the army left the Danube, and struck off south-eastward, through Servia and Bulgaria, toward Constantinople and the Hellespont. — 28. with vorgebeugt is to be implied würde (from würden at the end of the line, but in a quite different construction), forming an impersonal passive from an intransitive verb (279.2; 280.2), with Uebeln as its object; 'that there might be a preventing of such evils.'

180. 2. sich, reciprocal reflexive (155.4); an inexact and not commendable construction. — 5. daß, '[of the fact] that,' or **180.**
'why' (436.3*f*). — 11. Kaufleute; Emanuel had, in 1171, thrown into prison all the Venetian merchants in his dominions, and confiscated their property. — 13. dessen, 'the latter's' (171.2). — 20. lassen for gelassen (240.1*c*). — 23. Pontus, the ancient name of the province along the south-eastern shore of the Black Sea. — 33. habe; the subjunctive implies that such was the allegation on which the persecution was founded.

181. 15. zu gedenken, ellipsis precisely corresponding with that which we make in English (347.1). — 21. Strymon, river of **181.**
Macedonia, at the mouth of which lies Amphipolis, mentioned above (line 5): — November, left undeclined in the designation of a date (216.5*b*). — 30. dessen is used in order to denote a different possessor from seine in the preceding line.

182. 14,16. erschienen and hätten are used instead of erscheinen and haben, because of the ambiguity of the latter, as either in- **182.**
dicative or subjunctive (333.4*e*): the same, to be sure, is true also of erschienen; but, on the one hand, hätten, which is unambiguous, requires erschienen to correspond in tense with itself, and, on the other hand, it has become an almost constant habit in the language to have recourse to a past form where a present would be ambiguous, whether anything be gained by the change or not. — 31. Philippopolis, the first considerable city on the Constantinopolitan side of the mountains that form the Bulgarian boundary. **183.** 2. erst als = 'not **183.**
until.' — 6. es wäre, should be, regularly, wäre es, or so wäre es

(438.3*g*, end). — 11. Freuden for Freude (95). — 19. mag implies 'for aught I care;' darf implies right, authority. — 23. dagegen, 'in exchange for them,' or 'on their part also.' — 24. Chriſto, Latin dative (107). — 29. the colon merely gives distinctness as a quotation to the following passage. — 29,30. one is tempted to suspect that the words zehn and hundert have exchanged places.

184. 184. 2,4. laß ... für das Kreuzheer beten = 'let the army be prayed for' (343.I.5*b*).

185. 8. Adrianopel, founded by and named after the emperor Hadrian, and the second city in importance of the Eastern empire. — 18. dadurch daß, the usual construction in governing a clause by a preposition (436.3*d*). — 20. deren = ihre. — 31. deren, object of bedürfen; refers to Regierung and Herrſchaft. 185. 2. the name Philadelphia seems to be a mistake, as there is no such place in the region; perhaps it is a slip of the pen for Adrianopel. — 6. there is no assignable reason for the reading wären here instead of ſeien, unless the meaning be that the Greeks *had* formerly intended the poisoning, but did so now no longer; and this is not at all likely. — 16. the colon is equivalent to 'as follows.' — 18. allen qualifies Schaden. — 21. Kalipolis is on the Hellespont, opposite to Lampsacus on the Asiatic shore; the two preceding crusades had passed through Constantinople itself, and crossed the Bosphorus.

186. 26. the estimates of the numbers of the crusading army, as the author points out in a marginal note, varied greatly, some setting them even as high as 300,000. — 30. lieben, the adjective is here put in the second declension in the vocative, an old-style construction, now gone almost entirely out of use; in ancient German, the vocative adjective was always of this declension. — 31. Vertrauen must be understood here as accusative with voll. — 34. brachte = 'transferred,' as is shown by the accusative after auf (next line). 186. 2. wogegen, 'in return for which,' or 'while, on the other hand.' — 5. Laodicea; the route had been nearly southward, not far from the coast, through Pergamos to Sardis, then southeastward through Philadelphia and Tripolis, to Laodicea, on the border of the ancient Caria and Phrygia, and under the Roman emperors the capital of Asia Minor.

187. 10. abzuhalten; it is difficult to understand the meaning of this, since the messengers had not at all endeavored to keep the emperor out of Asia. — 16. kein Blut wäre, for ſo wäre kein Blut etc. (438.3*g*, remark). — 18. zu vertilgen, logical object of the mit of damit (346.2). — 26. um ſo ſchneller, 'by so [much] the more rapidly.' — 32. nachdrücklich, 'emphatically, decidedly,' i.e. 'soundly.' — 35. gegen = 'to.' 187. 4. the maps and geographies give no Nicopolis in this region; Michaud speaks of Susopolis, which is perhaps the place intended: — vorüber, like vorbei (see note to 151.34), usually requires an as preposition before the noun. — 14. geſtürzten, 'who had fallen;' past participle of an intransitive taking ſein as auxiliary, in distinctive past sense (351.2*a*).

188. 14. Mann, singular, as noun of measurement (211.2). — 18. i.e. und [ſollten] an das etc. — 31. war = worden war, or virtual plu- **188.**
perfect passive (282.2). — 33. kämpfen, without zu, subject of iſt (342); nearly equivalent to iſt es nicht gut in der Nähe zu kämpfen. — 34. ihrer, genitive plural of the personal pronoun, dependent on Meiſter; a rare case, since for the genitive of a personal pronoun with a noun is usually substituted a possessive adjective; ihrer Meiſter werden is a phrase, 'get the better of them,' quite different from ihre Meiſter werden, 'become their masters.'

189. 1. ſie to Theil, i.e. 'his desire was granted, he got what he wanted.' — 5, 6. this sentence cannot be turned with any literal- **189.**
ness into English; it states that the advantage gained by means of this victory was as little as the fame it brought was great; an als is implied in the first clause (438.3*e*). — 13. ohne to Gewürz is adjunct of gekochtes: — Eſels- = Eſelsfleiſch (419*c*).

18. Goldes, more usually Gold (216.5*a*). — 23–4. Jeſu Chriſti, Latin genitives (107). — 29. manche, accusative plural. — 30. the dar of darauf anticipates the following infinitive clause (346.2). — 33. bei = 'in view of, considering, taking into account.' — 35. Noth, dative, indirect object of machen, at the end of the sentence, which, like nicht erreichen, is dependent on konnte.

190. 17. ungewiß; the uncertainty, of course, was on the part of the crusaders. — 33. wolle; we should expect wollte, since the **190.**
quoted sentence is a hypothetical period (333.4*c*); but the idea of the indirect expression has, as it were, overborne the other, and suggested the tense which in that mode of expression is more usual.

191. 19. einer Angabe nach, 'according to one statement or authority;' **191.**
probably some honest crusader's conjecture. — 21. bei, 'along with, in connection with,' i.e. 'as the danger grew, became more urgent.' — 24. breien, old-style, and in such connection quite unusual, for drei (199). — 28. gegen, 'in return for,' i.e. 'on condition of.'

30. some accounts say that not over five hundred mounted and armed knights were at this time left; the horses had been eaten, and the wooden shafts of the lances burned to cook them. — 32. the da of dazu anticipative, as usual, of the following clause.

192. 2. from Iconium, the march was almost directly southward, through a difficult mountain **192.**
region, to the seashore of ancient Cilicia, the only part of Asia Minor (save the western coast) which was not then under Turkish dominion. — 7. Pyrgos I do not find in map or geography; Laranda was an important ancient city of Lycaonia, and, at a time later than Frederick's visit, capital of a petty Turkish kingdom; its Turkish name is Karaman. — 8. chriſtlich, for chriſtlichen (128.3). — 9. Seleucia, one of many cities of that name, was founded by Seleucus Nicator, near the mouth of the Calycadnus. It still exists, as a village called Selefkieh; of which word the name Selef, sometimes given to the river, is only an abbreviation.

17. Bemühen, upon which brechen and befreien depend, is subject of bünkte. — 22. würdig and Krone, predicates with erſchien.

29. compare 175.13; an infinitive clause here takes the place of the former substantive clause, as logical object of the an of daran.

193. 5. according to other authorities, a part of the army went by the way of Aleppo, and fell, almost without exception, into the hands of the Moslems; before the division, there had been still over forty thousand left, but almost entirely without arms. — 13. Ueberreſt; not over five thousand, it is said, actually reached Palestine, and these in such a condition as made them a hindrance rather than a help to those whom they came to aid. — 15. Akkon; Ptolemais or Acre, a city on the coast of Palestine, some thirty miles south of Tyre; it was besieged for two years by the Christians, absorbing in no small measure, in the attack and defense, the power and effort of both parties, and was finally taken in July, 1191, after the fleets of Richard of England and Philip of France had been added to the crusading forces. More than 100,000 Christians are said to have been slain during the siege, besides a greater number who died by shipwreck or disease. — 21. bei, 'in case of.' — 25. in fact, no other crusading expedition attempted to reach the Holy Land otherwise than by sea.

Napoleons Fall.

Among the living writers of Germany, in the departments of history and of criticism, Georg Gottfried Gervinus (born 1805) holds an honorable and prominent place. The extract here given constitutes the opening chapter of one of his most important works, the "History of the Nineteenth Century since the Congress of Vienna." It is a judgment upon the career and downfall of Napoleon Bonaparte. While the general justice of the picture it traces cannot be questioned, we nevertheless have a right to remember that the bitterness of feeling in Germany against the great French emperor, the conqueror and merciless oppressor of that country, is very great, and that no German can judge him otherwise than with severity.

27. Schlacht von Leipzig, the battle by which the power of Napoleon was finally and irretrievably broken. It was fought in October, 1813, and lasted four days (from the 16th to the 19th); near half a million of men were engaged on the two sides, and the combined losses were over a hundred thousand. The Germans call it the Völkerſchlacht, 'battle of races;' it was Russia, Prussia, and Austria against France. — 29. mit = 'along with the other. likewise, as well:' — Uebergabe von Paris; Paris was surrendered by Marmont, March 31st, 1814, to the main body of the allies, while Napoleon was fighting at some distance with others of their forces.

194. 1. Inſel, the island of Elba, of which Napoleon was made sovereign after his first downfall—and from which, as every one will remember, he escaped after about ten months, to make one more desperate struggle for the throne of France, to be overwhelmed at

Waterloo, and to be sent to die at St. Helena. — 2. es . . . that repeats the verb of the main clause and its object; 'than did here history.' — 7. bei, 'in case of,' i.e. 'if he had shown or possessed;' virtual condition of a hypothetical period (332.2*e*). — 8–11. participial clauses, appositive to the subject er (line 11) (357; 358). — 16. hörte man ihn, conditional inversion, = 'according to his own story or account of the matter:' — in den Tagen etc.; i.e. at St. Helena, where he occupied himself with putting the best face upon his past life, with small regard to truth. — 19. Höhle, allusion to the old classical idea of a "cave of the winds," whence they escaped to rage and devastate. — 25. daß to wurde, direct object of the verbal phrase gab Schuld, 'laid the blame of, imputed.' — 27. seine Ziele vereitelnd, equivalent to an adverbial clause of manner or means, indem sie seine Ziele vereitelten. — 28. eingeschlagenen, i.e. die er eingeschlagen hatte. — 29. hätte etc., a protracted hypothetical period, with its conclusion in the last clause (line 36). — 30. indem er . . . verband = 'by combining.' — 34, 35. note the accusatives after auf with gründen, and the implication conveyed. — 36. dieß gegebene Beispiel = 'the example thus given, the giving of such an example:' — Europa, dative. **195.** 2. sollte, 'was to,' i.e. 'as that was his intent or purpose.' — 3. setzte . . . in, 'set into,' i.e. **195.** 'fixed or established in or on, made to depend upon.' — 4. waren instead of wurden, as a stronger expression, signifying the immediateness and completeness of the result; 'they had been [already, as it were,] abandoned.' — 6. konnte [es] . . . vermittelt [werden], impersonal passive of an intransitive verb (279.2); 'no mediation was possible.' — 7. weitergerissen; more in accordance with general usage would be weiter gerissen; weiter is predicate qualifying the subject Spalt of the passive; in the active form of expression, it would be a factitive predicate qualifying the same word as object (116.1, at end): man reißt den Spalt weiter, 'one tears the cleft wider.' — 7. so = auf diesem Wege, above. — 10. mußten, 'could not but.' — 12,13. gefördert [war], gesteigert war, virtual pluperfects (282.2). — 15. sich . . . bewegten, i.e. 'went on, passed, were ever in transition.' — 16. glanzlos, pregnantly, = zwar glanzlosen, doch; literally adverb, 'unshowily.' — 22. seines Sinnes, predicate genitive (220.2); 'to his mind, of his way of thinking.' — 24. ihrer, 'their,' relating to both Kunst and Wissenschaft. — 27. jenem Wege, the same with diesem Wege, above (line 6); it is merely a little further off now. — 31,33. fehle, beseele, subjunctives of indirect statement, implying that these were his assertions, the 'impelling reasons' which he alleged (333.3*d*). — 34. wohl, 'indeed, truly.' — 36. wäre would be more regular than sei (332.2*b*,*c*); the latter is used as implying indirect statement; 'it was [in his opinion],' or '[he thought] it was.' **196.** 6. Erb- = Erbadel (419*c*). — 8. i.e. gelassen [hatte]. — 14. Tiberius, third emperor of Rome **196.** (A D. 14–37), at the outset of his reign repelled the adulations of the senate. — 15. Imperator, dependent on genug thun. — 19–31. a

very simple interrogative (or exclamatory) sentence, but greatly expanded by the addition of long adjective clauses to the two objects of zwiſchen, namely General and Kaiſer. — 20. Talleyrand . . . darſtellen etc. durfte; the reference is to a speech made by Talleyrand (then minister of foreign affairs) at a banquet given by the Directory to Napoleon, on the latter's return from Italy (December, 1797). — 26. Trinkwaſſer; the Persian king, says Herodotus, drinks only the water of the river Choaspes, which he therefore carries everywhere with him upon his campaigns. — 27. ſchon, 'even' (unless the comma should be placed before instead of after it, 'when already in the act of downfall'): — the capital initial of Er helps to set forth the infinite assumption of the claim. — 28. the first Frankreich, of course, is dative. — 33. konnte etc., conditional inversion; konnte er heißen, 'if he might be called, if it was possible to entitle him:' — mit jenen Zwecken, i.e. 'supposing him actually to have cherished those purposes.' — 36. zu, 'in order to, for.'

197. 3. ſpät noch, 'even down to a late period, almost to the end.' — 6. an *Amphiktyony*, in ancient Greece, was a confederation or league of neighboring states for their common purposes and advantage. — 14. bis auf, 'clear to, up to,' i.e. 'to within, except only.' — 20. i.e. zur Provinz [werden], 'be turned into a province.' — 28. hin, complement of the preposition über, in the preceding line (**379.1***a*). — 29. über . . . geſcheitert, 'gone to pieces over, been wrecked upon or destroyed by.' — 34. der, 'to which,' i.e. 'and to this;' the adjective clause being additive rather than descriptive (**437.2***c*): — ſeitdem, 'from the time that;' that was the beginning of his downfall. The dreadful campaign against Russia, in the winter of 1812–13, in which Napoleon's army of half a million men was almost totally destroyed, was the misfortune which gave Europe courage to rise against him. In Germany, especially, the popular enthusiasm and devotion in the cause of liberation were prodigious.

198. 7. keine . . . mehr = nicht mehr eine (**195.2**). — 8. Beiſpiel etc., i.e. was no longer followed or copied: — ohne, pregnantly, 'being without or destitute of.' — 13. Alles sums up the various items that precede. — 19. menſchliche, 'human,' i.e. relating to the character, the inner worth, of the parties concerned. — 20. Napoleon, dative: — ſollte, 'was destined.' — 23. beſäße, for beſitze (**333.4***a*,*d*), without assignable reason. — 25. je to aber, elliptical; one might supply man ſieht. — 29. die Verwandten, namely Eugène, his stepson, and Murat, his brother-in-law. — 30. Gattin, the empress Josephine, divorced (in 1809) by Napoleon, that he might marry Maria Louisa, daughter of the emperor of Austria; she died in May, 1814. — 32. ſich ſelbſt etc.; she stooped to contract a left-handed marriage with her chamberlain, Count Adam von Neipperg. — 34. Aſtyanax was son of Hector, the chief champion of Troy. After his father's death and the capture of the city, he was, it is said, flung from the wall by the Greeks and so killed; but our author's comparison seems to imply that he was carried away with his mother

Andromache to die in captivity and obscurity—as was actually the fate of the Duke of Reichstadt, son of Napoleon and Maria Louisa: he died in 1832, of a quick consumption.

Charakteriſtik Hamlets.

This famous exposition of the character and action of Shakspeare's Hamlet is given in Goethe's romance entitled Wilhelm Meiſters Lehrjahre. It is put in the mouth of the hero, Wilhelm, himself, and is pronounced by him in successive portions, as the subject of the play comes up from time to time for discussion between him and his companions. It is here presented in the form in which it is put together by Schaefer, in his Göthe's Proſa (see introduction to das Römiſche Carneval, p. 289).

199. 3. und (after Rechts) and mit in the next line have the same value and office; both are connected with zugleich. — 7. von has three different senses in this line, 'of,' 'by,' and 'from:' — aus is the complement of the last von (**379.**1*c*): 'forth from the heart,' i.e. not as a matter only of outside politeness. — 8. ſollte, 'was (seemed) destined.' **199.**

10. ohne, pregnantly, '[being, as he was,] without;' it describes Hamlet himself rather than his love to Ophelia. — 12. mußte, 'required.' — 13. dem Dritten, 'some third person,' 'some one else (whoever it might be).' — 14. rein fühlend, pregnantly, 'being, as he was, of pure feelings,' or 'as his feelings were pure.' — 16. bis auf, 'as far as to, up to.' — 18. gelernt; lernen would also be correct here (**240.**1*c*).

29. wie . . . ihn = 'such as.' **200.** 4. we should expect fühlt, instead of fühlte. — 8. giebt ſich für, 'presents (treats, regards) himself as.' — 11. i.e. vergebens [iſt es]. **200.**

19. ſie ihm, direct and indirect (pronominal) objects both introduced before the subject (**439.**1); a not common case. — 23. Gebrechlichkeit; allusion to the well-known passage, "frailty! thy name is woman!" (Act I, Scene 2).

29. lebhaft, adverb qualifying denke.

201. 1. da, of time, 'when.' — 7. die Zeit etc.; the concluding words of Act I. **201.**

11. the colon is equivalent to 'this, namely.' — 14. the place of hätte (as of habe in line 10) is before instead of after the two infinitives (**439.**2); ſollen for geſollt (**251.**4*a*); our idiom joins the auxiliary 'have' with the other verb (**251.**6*b*).

24. ſchmeichelt, here nearly equivalent to 'gratifies.' — 35. wollen, 'be on the point of, be about to' (**258***b*). **202.** 3. weder . . . noch; the negative here involved is not strictly proper; we render, more correctly, by 'either . . . or.' — 6. Irdiſchen, dative. **202.**

Ueber die Steppen und Wüſten.

Alexander von Humboldt, during many years the leading scientific man of Europe, died at Berlin in 1859, at the great age of ninety years, having

retained to the very last the full possession of his powers, and maintained undiminished his scientific and literary activity. His great journey through the warm regions of North and South America, which has furnished most of the material of this essay, was performed in the years 1799–1804.

The essay, as here given, is taken from the author's Anſichten der Natur, 'Views of Nature,' a collection of such essays, presenting the results of scientific investigation in a generally readable and popular style. Each is accompanied by detailed scientific "explanations and additions," from which are in part derived the following notes. The collection was first published in 1808.

10. Granitrücken; that is, the east and west coast-range of Caracas, or of northern Venezuela; the northern rim of the continent. — 14. Tacarigua, ancient name of the lake of Valencia, on the southern slope of the range; the banana trees (a low species of palm, producing the well-known fruit) are especially rich and elegant upon its shores. — 13–8. the punctuation in this sentence is unusual (though common with this author; a number of like cases follow later) and rather confusing; in place of both semicolons and colon would more properly stand commas, since Bergthäler and See, alike with Fluren and Schatten, are objects of zurückläßt, and the clause ſo ruht etc. is the independent one in the sentence, to whose verb the other clauses are adverbial adjuncts. — 15. lichten Grün; the sugar-cane of the Society islands, recently introduced into South America, has a peculiarly light and delicate foliage, while the leaves of the cocoa and chocolate plant are among the heaviest and darkest known. — 26. da, 'when:' of course, the suggestion as to the implied geological knowledge of the aborigines is fanciful.

28. nächtliche Täuſchung; the surface is so heated during the day that the phenomena of mirage last through the whole night; the steppes are so absolutely level that the dimness of evening is sufficient to conceal their difference from ocean. **203.** 2. dieſer, i.e. der Ocean; the steppe,

203. like the ocean, fills etc. — 4. entwindend, appositive to Anregungen; 'spiritual impulses that develop themselves, as it were, from' etc.: — Ordnung, genitive of characteristic (**216.2***f*).

15. Pflanzenzug, namely, the family of heaths (*Erica*). — 16. that is, through Denmark, northern Hanover, and Holland. — 20. rivers and animals of widely remote location and habitat are here mentioned together.

25. fruchtbare Erdſtriche; namely, the oases, one of which is mentioned by name below (line 27). — 26. wie die Wüſte, 'as [does, for example,] the desert' etc.; specification added to welches (line 25). — 27. Harudſch, the low range along the northern shore of Africa, from Egypt through Fezzan; the name here given it is not a familiar one: — Siwah, modern name of the northernmost oasis, the "Ammonium" of classical writers, so called from the Egyptian god Ammon, who had a celebrated temple and oracle there: it is about twelve by fifteen miles in extent, and produces immense quantities of dates for export. — 34. that is, between about 28° and 21° of north

latitude. **204.** 1. Seetang; the immense meadows of sea-weed off the western coast of Africa have been celebrated from very an- **204.**
cient times: — Gambia, river with a wide navigable mouth, emptying at about 13° N. Lat. — 7. Tibbos und Tuarykš, roving tribes, respectively of the eastern and the western halves of the desert. — 11, 12. two of the principal routes across the desert, to the east and west of its centre. — 17. that is, the northern tropic (of Cancer) passes through the middle of the desert.

21. the four chief chains of mountains limiting or crossing the great central plateau of Asia, mentioned in this description, have had their position and value determined in no small part by Humboldt's journeys and investigations. — 23. Himmelsgebirges; also called Thian-shan (Chinese) or Tengri-tag (Turkish). — 26. that is, the northern region of Tartary or Turkistan, from south-eastern Europe nearly to the middle of Asia: Lake Dsaisan is about 85° east from London, and at 48° N. Lat. — 29. Humboldt's journey into central Asia, undertaken in company with Ehrenberg and Gustav Rose, was in the year 1829: — volle, agreeing with Jahre, as attributive, although its value might be quite as properly considered adverbial.

205. 1. dadurch . . . daß, 'by the circumstance that' (**436.3***d*). — **205.**
11. von, 'from,' i.e. 'by reason of, with.'

19. Sirinagur and Gorkha are chief places in Cashmere and Nepal respectively, in the Himalaya range. — 20, 21. gestört and gesetzt have the same construction as zusammengedrängt (line 18). — 26. the origin and connections, and the primitive home, of some of the races mentioned here and below (line 36) are not so clear as might be inferred from the way in which they are spoken of by the author, or as might be desired. The Getæ first appear upon the lower Danube, as a Thracian tribe; the attempt has been made to identify them with the Goths, a Germanic race (**462***c*), having nothing to do with central Asia. The Huns ravaged Europe in the fifth century after Christ, under Attila; they were doubtless a Scythian or Tartar (Turanian) tribe. The Avars, of the same great race, were later by a century; their empire over the Slavonians was broken in the seventh century, and they were finally conquered and destroyed by Charlemagne at the end of the eighth. The Alans are believed to be traced to the Caucasus; the period of their ravages, as allies successively of the Goths, Huns, and Vandals, was the third to the fifth centuries. The Chasars were of importance only in the extreme east of Europe; the Crimea was long their chief seat. The enormous conquests and devastations of the Mongols, under Genghis Khan, through all Asia and a great part of Europe, are the latest of all, falling in the thirteenth century. — 31. Abkunft, genitive of characteristic (**216.2***f*): — *Tu-kiu* is the Chinese name of what is believed to be the Turkish race: — the Hiong-nu (also a Chinese name) were at one time erroneously identified with the Huns. — 32. Gobi, the great desert to the north and north-west of China. — 35. alte Finnenland;

the southern Ural is regarded as point of dispersion for many of the tribes of the Finno-Hungarian stock, a chief branch of the great Scythian or Ural-Altaic (Turanian) family; the Finns themselves, however, were doubtless long before this in their present seats. **206.** 2, 3. Marne, Po,

206. that is, even in France and northern Italy. — 3. Antenors; Antenor, a Trojan, is fabled to have founded towns and introduced civilization on the northern Adriatic, after the fall of his native city. — 4 i.e. gehäuft [hatte] (**439.3***a*).

16. wie, 'as if, as it were.' — 19. Thier- = Thierlebens (**419***c*). — 21. Meriba, in the western part of the Venezuelan range. — 25, 26. affluents of the Orinoco; the steppe runs across their upper course, close under the Andes, and connects the plains of the Orinoco with those of the Amazon. — 28. *Paramo*, as Humboldt explains, is a name given to mountainous regions of 10 to 12 or 13 thousand feet in height, with rugged and moist climate: — *de la Suma Paz*, 'of exceeding peace;' this Paramo lies south of Santa Fe de Bogota, the capital of New Granada. — 31. als would more logically precede in gleicher Breite, on which falls the emphasis of the statement; 'as running on without interruption at the same breadth.' — 34. Apure, a principal affluent of the Orinoco, farther north than those already mentioned. — 36. the Brazilian mountains form an irregular water-shed between the affluents of the Amazon and those of the La Plata, and approach, though they do not join, the Andes. **207.** 1. Chiquitos, on the Bolivian

207. side of the Madeira; Villabella, a town opposite, on the Brazilian side. — 2. ſich, reciprocal reflexive (**155.4**). — 7. the South American ostrich.

23 etc. here follows an enumeration of the 'causes,' Urſachen, just referred to, continuing to line 6 on the next page. — 24. flüſſige Grundfläche, 'liquid basis;' i.e. the air stands for the most part over water instead of over land. — 25. darbietet, 'offers,' i.e. 'furnishes, produces.' — 30. the sign ° is to be rendered by Grad (in singular, as noun of measurement, **211.2**): — note the different cases of Küſte after an in this line and the next. — 31. Pariña, at about 5° S. Lat., where the western coast of the continent bends to the eastward of north. — 34. Wolkenſchichten, accusative implying motion from, instead of toward (see note to **36.26**).

208. **208.** 5. am entlegenſten, 'at the farthest remove' (**140.2***b*); of course, from one another. — 16. bedarf, strict impersonal construction (**292.3**; **294**); 'there is no need.' — 17. als with following inverted clause, 'as if' (**332.2***b*); the present instead of preterit subjunctive is owing to the mixture of the indirect with the conditional construction, and the logical value of the clause is substantive (explanatory to Annahme) instead of adverbial (**332.2***c*). — 19. Streit is subject of habe above (line 17); its place here, after the entire predicate, is an unusual one. — 12–21. such hypotheses as those here combated are at the present time, of course, so wholly out of date that it would not be necessary to notice them.

27. Entwickelung, dative. **209.** 3. langverkannte, i.e. long regarded as much less trustworthy than the most modern researches **209.** show him actually to have been: — Sinn = 'spirit.' — 4, 5. Yemen, southern Arabia; Kerman and Mekran, the southern provinces of Iran, stretching from Persia proper along the Persian Gulf and the ocean to the Indus; Mekran is nearly the same with what we call Beluchistan; Multan, a city on one of the tributaries of the Indus, near the western border of India; the Indian desert proper, the continuation of those of Africa, Arabia, and Persia, lies beyond it, to the east. — 7. geschildert belongs with hat (line 2); a notable case of the separation of auxiliary and participle. — 9, 10. Wasserdampf and kälte- have a like value and construction, and their different treatment (the one in composition with the participle, the other not) is merely arbitrary. — 11. Atlas; the Greeks figured Atlas as a giant, bearing the heaven on his head and shoulders; the origin of the idea, its connection with a heaven-piercing mountain, and the determination of the site of that mountain, are difficult and controverted points. The name was not distinctly given to the mountain-range of northwestern Africa, to which we still apply it, until Roman times. The explanation suggested in the text is the author's conjecture, which may be right and may not. — 14. Dakul or *Dakhola*, the north-eastern province of Tunis, a peninsula stretching out toward Sicily. — 15. Carthage, the great rival of Rome, destroyed B. C. 146. — 19. Mondgebirge; the Mountains of the Moon (Djebel al-Komr is their Arabic name) have not yet gotten themselves located and described. — 21. Habesch, or Abyssinia, is called the "African Quito" in allusion to its lofty situation, Quito lying on a plateau 9,500 feet high: — the Senegal is a river of extreme western Africa. — 24–5. the snow-covered summits of the eastern African coast-range (or of isolated and independent mountains near it), Kilimanjaro etc., are just south of the equator: — the geographical names here used are in part already obsolete.

28 etc. a very gratuitous and indefensible hypothesis. — 35. Wirbels, our "Gulf-stream." **210.** 19. zu verlassen, dependent on reizen, above. **210.**

28. the unity of all the races inhabiting America is still, as it has always been, a mooted point. — 29. Eskimos, accusative absolute (230.3*b*). — 30. zwei Arten; namely, those already mentioned (203.20, 21), of which one is found only in the arctic region. — 31. Quivira, in New Mexico. — 32. Azteken-Burg, a structure merely fabulous, remains of the curious and interesting edifices erected as the abode of a community by the "village Indians," of whom a few communities still live in the region: they were regarded formerly, without good reason, as remains left by the Aztecs on their way southward to Mexico. — 33. Palmyra, or Tadmor, the famous city of Zenobia, in an oasis in the northern part of the Syrian desert, northeast from Damascus; its ruins are among the most stupendous and magnificent in the world. — 34. Moufion, the so-called Rocky-mountain sheep, or Big-

horn: it is reckoned by some as identical with the *argali*, one of the sources from which our sheep are derived. — 36. Halbinſel, dative, dependent on eigenthümlich: — Vicuñas etc., names of the four species of camel-like sheep found in South America: the lamas and alpacas being domesticated by the natives of Peru, and kept, the former as beasts of burden, the latter for their valuable wool; the others being wild, but at regular intervals hunted and sheared. **211.** 2. zwei belongs with die erſten: — Jahrtauſende

211. lang, 'during thousands of years [past];' that is, the other two have for an indefinite period lived only in captivity.

6 etc. the hypotheses suggested in this paragraph must also be pronounced destitute of plausibility or value. — 6. dieſen [Nationen]. — 11. Hiongnu, see above, 205.31. — 10. ſollte, 'might,' i.e. is it possible or presumable that it *should*; like the common French use of the conditional. — 16. dieſe qualifies Hypotheſe, with adjectives and their adjuncts interposed (**437.2***a*). — 18–23. Humboldt's own note upon this passage is, "we have historical information that bonzes [Buddhist priests] and other adventurers have navigated the eastern China Sea, in order to seek for a remedy which should make men immortal. So, under Tsin-shi Hwang-ti, B.C. 209, a troop of three hundred couple of young men and women were sent to Japan; but, instead of returning to China, they settled in Nipon." It is a long way from Japan to America.

29. ihr; we can hardly help altering this word to ihnen, or else Steppen, at the end of the preceding sentence, to Steppe; to make ihr refer to Menſchenleere would be too forced. — 36. Viverren, three species of these „Stinkthiere" are specified in the author's note as occurring in the regions referred to. **212.** 1. Löwe, i.e. the puma, of tawny color, like the

212. lion, and often called the American lion.

5. bewohnbar, appositive to ſie (die Ebene). — 10. Sierra de Imataca, the mountain-range south of the mouths of the Orinoco. — 11. the Guarauni or Warraus, a coast-tribe, of no great numbers. — 25. zu der = wozu. — 26. Styliten; allusion is here made to the enthusiasts who, in the early times of Christianity, following the example of a certain Simon (St. Simon Stylites), betook themselves to the tops of isolated pillars (*stylus*; hence the name) as hermitages, places of separation from the world and devotion to pious practices. Simon is said to have lived thirty-seven years on five different pillars, the last one more than a hundred feet high; he died in 461. The fashion lasted for seven centuries. — 31. the Jatropha root (now called Jaripha), from which are prepared cassava and tapioca. **213.** 3. gleich, rather elliptically, 'like [as is the case with].'

213. 10. Tagereiſen, accusative of measurement (**230.1**). — 16. je to ſind, 'in proportion as the dangers are more various,' or, as we should prefer to say in English, 'as the dangers are so various.' — 27. Himmelsdecke, subject. — 28. tritt . . . näher, i.e. is narrowed about one. — 30. nebelartig, 'as if by clouds;' adverb qualifying verſchleierten.

34. ſchützte, 'was [up to this time] protecting,' i.e. 'had hitherto protected;' virtual pluperfect. **214.** 2. im Spiele, i.e. in the phenomena of the mirage. — 5. bei = 'in consequence of.' — 9. the **214.**
an of anſchnaubend is almost more complement of gegen (379) than prefix of the verb. — 15. es anticipates the two following infinitives, the logical object of wagt. — 20. folgt etc., conditional inversion, implying 'when' rather than 'if.' — 21. ſelbſt, 'even,' qualifying dann. — 26. vor 'before, in presence of,' i.e. 'under the influence of, from.'

28. the paragraph begins like the preceding one. — 31. den ſchwarzen Raum, a spot in the constellation referred to, conspicuously dark from the absence in it even of minute stars: "it becomes indistinct in proportion as the transparency of the atmosphere decreases; and this change announces the approaching rain." **215.** 3. ſo = 'when' (438.3*h*). — 5. geſenkt, participle used as adverb; not a common case (356). — 7. **215.**
wie, pregnantly, 'as do also.' — 11. einig, 'single;' a use of einig which is now quite rare. — 18. ſteigen should, of course, strictly be ſteigt. — 19. Scheintode, a condition corresponding to that of hybernation in cold climates, a suspension of active life under the combined influence of heat and dryness.

22. the colon is equivalent to a 'namely;' the names are those of important affluents of the Orinoco, north of the Meta. — 26. Binnenwaſſer; this conversion of the dry plains into an inland sea, as the author points out, goes on nowhere upon a grander scale than here among the tributaries of the Orinoco; large vessels are able to sail over the steppe. — 35. entſchlüpft, with value of active past participle (351.2*a*), 'having escaped;' it governs the dative Rachen in the sense of an ablative (222.I.3). **216.** 3.
Früchte der Ceres, i.e. the Cerealien, 'cereals.' — 6. Antiſana, a **216.**
volcano just south of Quito; the plateau about it is more than 12,500 feet above the sea: Teneriffe is a little less than 12,000 feet.

14. Vera und Raſtro, insignificant places, not to be found on map or in gazetteer. — 17. Fuß, singular, as noun of measurement (211.2) — 19. günſtiger, 'favorable,' of course, in the sense of favoring the highest development of the electric force. — 20. Uritucu, on an affluent of the Apure, nearly south from Caracas.

33. Angſt, accusative absolute (230.3*b*). — 34. Ungewitter; called a 'thunder-storm,' as being accompanied by strokes, as it were, of lightning, with plenty of water and noise intermingled. **217.** 3. was . . . an, **217.**
'what in respect to or in the way of.' — 13. alles sums up the four preceding substantive clauses, as subjects of fließt. — 15. eine here has as good a right to a capital initial (198.3*e*) as Einer in the preceding line.

23. the myth of Osiris and Typhon, beneficent and malevolent divinities, of whom the former is slain by the latter, is Egyptian. Reference is here made to its interpretation by Zoega, as typifying the struggle of the

northern yellow races with the southern black tribes for the possession of Egypt; but the interpretation is now wholly abandoned. — 26. Sudan signifies the central belt of Africa, stretching across at its greatest width, south of the desert.

36. The requirements of the sense alone show which is subject here, Steppe or Wildniß, and even they may be looked upon as doubtful: but, as the steppe bends around the head of the wooded plain of the Amazon, we may regard it as the one that "surrounds" the other. **218.**

218. 5. Jaguar, more usually Jaguars (101.5). — 6. the apes begin a prolonged and deafening howling a few hours before the rainfall commences. — 9. mit Vögeln; the author remarks that he has seen flamingos perched upon the head of a motionless crocodile, and the rest of the body covered, like a prostrate tree-trunk, with water birds: — Schwanz, accusative absolute (230.3). — 11. ſchnell etc., equivalent to ſich ſchnell entrollt und vorgeſtreckt habend. — 13. in Geifer gehüllt; the slaver with which the snake besmears its prey, preparatory to swallowing it, is said by the author to hasten the process of its dissolution, as well as lubricate it.

17. geſondert; the difference of language is more an effect than a cause of the isolation of the tribes. — 18. Erde genießend; the author has a long note upon the dirt-eating habit of certain tribes, especially the Otomaks; who during the rainy season, when fish are hard to get, live mainly on balls of unctuous clay, of which they have laid up a store in advance; and upon the prevalence of a like habit in other tropical regions of the earth. — 19–21. the tribes here mentioned are of no significance. — 19. ſelbſterzielten, i.e. die ſie ſelbſt erzielen. — 20. ſanfterer Sitten, genitive of characteristic as predicate (220.2). — 21. the Cassiquiare, in southernmost Venezuela, is the stream that joins the Orinoco and the Amazon; the Atabapo is one of the farthest southern affluents of the Orinoco. — 23. Bilder; a very long note is given by the author upon the images of natural objects which are found cut into the surfaces of rocks here and there throughout an extensive region of this part of South America, and which are looked upon with the greatest reverence by the present wild inhabitants of the country: — in Felſen (accusative) is adjunct of gegrabene. — 25–6. es . . . thun virtually repeat the predicate of the preceding clause. — 26. welche, i.e. languages in general, not these particular dialects.

34. Daumnagel; the dirt-eating Otomaks are specified by the author as turning the nail into a deadly weapon by means of the *urari* poison.

219. 5. this essay was written and delivered in 1806, the year in **219.** which the Prussian monarchy was destroyed by Napoleon. — 6. wer to ſtrebt is the subject of verſenkt. — Humboldt was one of those who, like Goethe, held themselves aloof from the dreadful political struggles of the period, and buried themselves in scientific and literary labors; he resided in Paris until 1827.

Putz und Ceremonie.

Rudolph Hermann Lotze, born in 1817, graduated both in medicine and in metaphysics, and is an esteemed writer in these two branches and their relations to one another. He is a professor in the University of Göttingen. The extract here given is taken from his "Microcosmus; contributions to the natural history and history of mankind" (three volumes, Leipzig, 1856, 1858, 1864); it forms a part of the second chapter, entitled die menſchliche Sinnlichkeit, 'human sensuousness,' of the fifth book, on 'the spirit' (Geiſt) (volume II., pages 195–208).

14. angewieſen . . . auf, 'referred to,' i.e. 'intended by nature to have recourse to.' — 20. jenes is nearly equivalent to das, but further implies the feeling to be one well-known and acknowledged. — 22. beurtheilen, dependent on lehrt without the aid of zu (343.I.5). — 26. geräth, from gerathen (268.5). — 29. vorübergehend, here adverb, 'transiently, momentarily. — 30. des Punktes; of course, provided there be such a point of common intersection. 220. 3. in connects Punkt with verlegen (line 5). — 4. aller is superfluous beside durchaus. — 6. glauben . . . zu em- **220.** pfinden, the usual construction of an infinitive with zu after glauben; 'suppose [ourselves] to be feeling.' — 7. a rather unmanageable series of adverbs, each qualifying the following word; we may paraphrase 'with not one whit less directness of sensation.' — 10. ihnen, i.e. Werkzeugen; derſelben or von denſelben would be more usual; but the prevailing rule, to avoid the use of the personal pronouns in the genitive and dative cases when things not personal are referred to (154.2; 171.3), is repeatedly violated in this extract (compare 222.23; 223.35; 226.10; 231.15). — 11, 12. Daſein and Eingreifen governed by gewahr (229). — 12. zu behandelnde, future passive participle (278). — 17. nicht qualifies lehrte, below (line 19). — 21. mit, as usual, pregnantly; 'along with [our other means of judging].' — 23. i.e. [und] nicht zugleich das Eindringen etc. — 29. the her of herbeihnt is rather complement of vor (379); 'along (toward us) in front of itself.' — 32. ihren, i.e. der Axt; a slight inexactness of expression, as if we had read above des Stieles der Axt. — 35. mit, i.e. 'along with' the stick, which has the satisfaction of the actual contact with the hated person.

221. 5. Objecte, object of zu prüfen. — 14. beide, in apposition with die, not limited by it; 'which, both [of them];' hence not of **221.** second adjective declension. — 20. mit, here 'along with' what we actually do feel, the contact and vibration. — 23. i.e. an ihrem feſten [Ende]. — 24. meinen = 'imagine ourselves.' — 25. fertig, factitive predicate (316.2c) qualifying Kenntniſſe; 'our very perception appears to us to contain (furnish) all these items of knowledge wholly complete.' — 27. denen, demonstrative, antecedent of denen in the next line, which is object of ſcheint. — 33. dem gleichen = demſelben. — 36. zugegen is the direct predicate with iſt (line 34); wahrnehmend and empfindend are adverbial predi-

cates (116.1*b*; 316.2*b*). **222.** 8. was nicht etc.; i.e. in effect,
222. 'whether there might not be some one odd enough to believe even that.' — 4. mannigfaltige, 'manifold,' i.e. 'intricate.' — 5. einer qualifies Empfindung, with interposed adjective phrase. — 8. als wäre etc., logically substantive clause, explanatory of Schein (436.3*g*). — 12. i.e. ob [es] Schein oder Wirklichkeit [sei]. — 18. in belongs directly to gewöhnt; 'accustoms us *to*;' hinein is complement to in (379.1*b*).

22–3. i.e. andere [Beispiele], welche ihnen (den vorigen Beispielen) verwandt sind. — 25. es ist die Rede von, i.e. 'what I refer to is, I mean.' — 29. a colon or dash would be well introduced after müssen, in place of the comma; what follows is specification of the 'other points of view.' — 30. Klima, for Klima's (101.5, first remark). — 35. an sich selbst, 'in his own person.' — 36. jener, 'the former.' **223.** 1. nach außen, virtual
223. adjective qualifying Gefallsucht, or adverb qualifying the element Gefallen contained in it; 'desire of giving pleasure outside of one's self (to others).'

9. diese, i.e. ihre Länge. — 11. will, 'wants to, is inclined to,' i.e. 'tends to:' — es erfordert, impersonal expression, best rendered passively (294). — 14. um ein kleines = ein wenig. — 34. vielleicht = 'for example.' — 35. ihm, i.e. dem Finger; see note to 220.10. — 36. welcher . . . auch, 'whatever' (179.4). **224.** 4. an, 'in, upon,' i.e. 'by means of, through.'
224. — 14. denn to Eigenthümlichkeiten is a parenthesis.

23. um to erwähnen, a parenthetic clause; infinitive in absolute construction (347.1). — 26. Elle, allusion to Matthew vi. 27: — Senkrechten = senkrechten Linie, like our *perpendicular*. — 31. bei has here almost the value of our 'by (by means of);' properly, 'in connection with.'
225. **225.** 2. vermag, for vermöge (332.5*b*,*c*). — 3. als reichten etc., virtual substantive clause, as above, 222.8. — 4. a semicolon after hinauf would be clearer. — 5. diese, i.e. Spitze. — 8. anders has the value of a factitive predicate qualifying sich. — 18. i.e. mehr breite etc. [als schmale und hohe] (141.2). — 20. als sei, as above, line 3. — 23. wie etc., i.e. 'as is shown by (appears from) the stilts.' — 34. Bewußtsein is object of erweckt, which is an awkward word to place, under the circumstances of the sentence, and would less disturb the connection of antecedent and relative if brought in next after Bewußtsein.

226. 3. die zweite Form; thus far we have had the stick held in
226. the hand (219.18 etc.; 223.4 etc.) as antitype; now follows a consideration of the feelings produced by causes analogous with the swinging ball (223.24 etc.). — 18. hat etc., emphatic inversion (431*g*). — 22. reizender, proper participle, 'inciting.' — 27. zurückzuschließen auf, 'to draw conclusions back to,' i.e. 'to go back by means of inference to,' or, simply, 'to deduce, infer.' **227.** 1. the mit of mitschwebt belongs in effect
227. to the following verbs also.

6. die letzte Form; that, namely, for which the earthen vessel

balanced on the finger (223.33 etc.) has served as illustration. — 17. but how is it when the corset is worn simply in order to diminish the bodily size? — 24. es, i.e. das Mädchen (line 25). **228.** 2. Geſtalt, dative, indirect object of einflößen. — 5. Reiz, 'incitement,' i.e. 'provocative of sensation or physical feeling.' **228.**

9. i.e. geleiſtet [habe], den Keppler der Aſtronomie [geleiſtet hat]; Kepler, the great German astronomer (born 1571, died 1630), whose famous "laws" respecting the constitution of the solar system were the starting-point of the modern science of astronomy. It is not easy to see precisely how far the author is in earnest in the preceding exposition; but it may be perhaps most fairly, and certainly most favorably, judged as in the main an elaborate piece of pleasantry. — 19. ſie, i.e. die Ereigniſſe: the line may be paraphrased, 'and yet presents itself (comes forward) with the claim or pretense of establishing an order which has a natural or real necessity.'

27. ſobald = 'provided that.' — 33. hier, i.e. in the cases just referred to. — 34. darum, weil, literally 'for this reason—because;' a little redundant; strictly we should have darum omitted, or daß instead of weil. — 36. Anregung is used rather in the sense of Bewegung. **229.** 4. i.e. [es iſt] anders [der Fall], 'the case is otherwise.' — 12. Phlegma, for Phlegma's (101.5, first remark). — 13. ſtehen . . . gegenüber (line 17), 'stand opposed to,' i.e. 'contrast with, are altogether different from (superior to).' — 19. nicht etwas, quite unusual, for nichts (188, remark 2). — 23. zunächſt, 'for the nearest thing,' i.e. 'as the first result.' — 29. das, was ſein ſoll, 'that which ought to be, the necessary or proper thing.' — 30. an der Hand = 'under the guidance.' **229.**

33. eben den, 'just this — [namely].' 34. Drucke, "ablative" dative. **230.** 6. inneren instead of innerem, as standing in closer connection with the noun than eignem (128.2): such cases are rare; the whole Reader does not contain another. — 9. es iſt [ihm] zu thun um, 'it is a matter of desire or effort with him;' see note to 168.5: — dar of darum anticipates the following clause as object of um (436.3*d*). — 15. Menge, subject of findet ſich ein: — um = 'intended.' — 20. überblickte, subjunctive, giving a more hypothetical cast to the statement, 'such a reflection as should' etc. — 26. Begehungen etc., nouns in apposition with Ceremonien (line 25). — 28. geſchähe, a hypothetical period in indirect statement, and hence the preterit subjunctive strictly correct, although in such a construction the present (geſchehe) would be likewise admissible (333.4*c*; 332.2*c*). **230.**

231. 3. nach etc., i.e. 'even when it is essentially complete, when its whole valuable content has been actually enjoyed.' **231.**

9. ziehen . . . zu = 'connect with.' — 12. was etc., 'whatever our sensuousness may receive (take up into itself) by the means of perception.' — 14. nur als etc., 'as merely something that gives it pleasure or pain.' — 17. wird for more usual werde, as mag, above (line 13), for

möge (332.5*a*,*c*). — 21. die etc., 'which is intended to be there, and yet is not already there by the action of nature alone.' — 24. wenn = daß; an adverbial clause in the place of a substantive, explaining Behauptung.

VOCABULARY.

ABBREVIATIONS.

accus. accusative.	*gen.* genitive.	*O.* Old conjugation.
adj. adjective.	*impers.* impersonal.	*part.* participle.
adv. adverb.	*inf.* infinitive.	*pl.* plural.
art. article.	*intr.* intransitive.	*prep.* preposition.
A.-S. Anglo-Saxon.	*irreg.* irregular.	*pres.* present.
comp. compare.	*m.* masculine noun.	*pron.* pronoun.
conj. conjunction.	*n.* neuter noun.	*refl.* reflexive.
dat. dative.	*N.* New conjugation.	*reg.* regular.
E. English.	*nom.* nominative.	*tr.* transitive.
f. feminine noun.	*num.* numeral.	*v.* verb.

A few other abbreviations, less frequently used, are self-explanatory.

The references (in ordinary Arabic numerals) are to paragraph and subdivision of the author's Grammar.

In the case of verbs of the Old conjugation, the class and division (263–6) are added in parenthesis after *v. O.* Verbs specially irregular (of either conjugation) are referred to the paragraph of the Grammar where they are explained. All such, however, may be looked for in the alphabetical List of Irregular Verbs, which is added at the end of the Vocabulary. Verbs compounded with prefixes sometimes separable and sometimes inseparable (308–11) are distinguished as of the one class or the other by marking their accent (311.1,2). An ♄ or ſ added after *intr.* indicates whether the intransitive verb in question takes haben or ſein as its auxiliary (241).

To each noun is added the ending of the genitive singular (except in the case of feminines) and that of the nominative plural.

If the vowel of an adjective is altered in the comparative and superlative, the fact is noted.

Among the definitions given, those words (or parts of words) which are historically identical or nearly akin with the German word defined are printed in **full-faced letter**: thus, Aal, **eel**; ab, **off, of.** Those words, on the other hand, which, coming from other than German sources, are *analogous* with the German word defined, in derivation or application, are printed in SMALL CAPITALS: thus, abhängig, DEPENDENT; Ausdruck, EXPRESSION; Mitleid, SYMPATHY. By those unfamiliar with the sources of such words, the analogies may be traced out in an etymological dictionary (as Webster's, last revision).

In the alphabetical arrangement the modified vowel (ä, Äe, etc.) is treated as the simple vowel, and ß as a double ſ (ſſ).

Aal, *m.* -les, -le. **eel.** [E. eel.]
Aar, *m.* -res *or* -ren, -re *or* -ren. large bird of prey, *especially* eagle.
ab, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **off**, away, to one side *or* to a distance; down, downwards. [E. **off, of.**]
Abbate, *m.* -ten, -ten. **abbot, abbé,** lay-priest, ecclesiastic. [Italian; through late Latin, from Syriac *abba*, 'father.']
abblühen, *v. N. intr.* h or s. (**bloom off** *or* out: i.e.) cease blossoming, fade, wither. [ab and blühen.]
abbrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **break off**; remove, take away, deduct, abate. [ab and brechen.]
Abend, *m.* -bs, -be. **evening, eve,** sunset time; *hence*, direction of sunset, occident, west. — **abends** or **Abends**, *adv'l gen.* (220.1), of an evening, in the evening, at eve. [probably from ab, 'down,' as decline of day or of sun.]
Abenddunkel, *n.* -ls, -l. **evening** dusk, twilight, gloaming. [Abend and Dunkel.]
Abendhimmel, *m.* -ls, -l. **evening** sky. [Abend and Himmel.]
Abendkühle, *f.* -en. **evening coolness,** freshness of evening. [Abend and Kühle.]
Abendland, *n.* -bs, -länder. **western land** *or* country, West, Occident. [Abend and Land.]
Abendnebel, *m.* -ls, -l. **evening** mist. [Abend and Nebel.]
abends *or* **Abends.** *see* **Abend.**
Abendschimmer, *m.* -rs, -r. **evening** glimmer, uncertain light of evening. [Abend and Schimmer.]
Abendsonnenschein, *m.* -ns, -ne. **evening sunshine.** [Abend and Sonnenschein.]
Abendspazierfahrt, *f.* -ten. **evening** ride *or* promenade. [Abend and Spazierfahrt.]
Abendwolke, *f.* -en. **evening** cloud. [Abend and Wolke.]
Abenteuer, *n.* -rs, -r. **adventure.** [old German *aventiure*; from Latin *adventura*, through Italian etc. *aventura.*]
abenteuern, *v. N. intr.* h. go upon **adventures.** [from Abenteuer. 405.1.]
Abenteurer, *m.* -rs, -r. **adventurer.** [from abenteuern. 408.III.4.]
aber, *adv.* (*unusual*). again, further, in addition.
conj. but, however. [old comparative from ab, '**off.**']
Aberglaube *or* **Aberglauben**, *m.* -ns, -n. superstition. [aber and Glaube; lit'ly, 'perverse **belief.**']
abermals, *adv.* again, once more, anew. [aber, 'again,' and Mal, 'time.' 365.1.]
Abfall, *m.* -ls, -fälle. **falling off,** decline; defection, desertion, revolt. [from abfallen. 408.I.]
abfallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* s. **fall off** *or* away; apostatize, revolt, (*with* von) forsake *or* abandon. [ab and fallen.]
abfärben, *v. N. intr.* h. lose color; give off color, leave a colored mark. [ab and färben.]
abgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **go off,** depart, make EXIT; turn out, end. [ab and gehen.]
abgelegen, *adj.* **off-lying,** remote, distant, secluded, retired, out of the way. [past part. of ablegen, in sense of pres. part. 351.3*a.*]
Abgeordnet, *adj. used as noun.* deputy, delegate. [past part. of abordnen.]
abgeschmackt, *adj.* tasteless, insipid, dull, silly, absurd. [corrupted from abgeschmack, from ab and Geschmack, 'taste.']
abgewinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **win** away, gain from, obtain [advantage] over (*with accus. and dat.*). [ab and gewinnen.]
Abgott, *m.* -tes, -götter. idol, false **god.** [ab and Gott.]
abgöttisch, *adj.* idolatrous. [from Abgott. 415.10*a.*]
Abgrund, *m.* -bs, -gründe. **abyss,** gulf, chasm, precipice. [ab, 'down,' and Grund, '**ground,** bottom.']
abhalten, *v.* (II.3). *tr.* **hold off,** keep away; restrain, prevent. [ab and halten.]
Abhang, *m.* -gs, -hänge. **off-hang,** declivity, slope. [from abhangen. 408.I.]
abhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. **hang off** *or* down; *hence*, DEPEND, be dependent. [ab and hangen.]
abhängig, *adj.* declivitous, sloping; DEPENDENT. [from Abhang. 415.9*a.*]
abhauen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* **hew off,** lop, cut away. [ab and hauen.]
abheben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **heave off,** remove by lifting. [ab and heben.]
abkehren, *v. N. tr.* turn **off** *or* **away,** AVERT. [ab and kehren.]
abknuspern, *v. N. tr.* gnaw **off.** [ab and knuspern.]
Abkunft, *f.* -künfte. descent, birth,

race. [ab and =kunft, from kommen.]

abkürzen, *v. N. tr.* shorten **off,** truncate, clip, ABBREVIATE, abridge, reduce. [ab and kürzen.]

Ablaß, *m.* =ſſes, =äſſe. **let-off,** remission, pardon; indulgence (remission of penalty of sin, granted by the Church). [from ablaſſen. 408.I.]

ablaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let off,** release. —*intr.* ḥ. leave **off,** desist:—**ablaſſen von,** let alone. [ab and laſſen.]

Ablauf, *m.* =fes, =äufe. running **off,** expiration, transpiration, occurrence, course. [from ablaufen. 408.I.]

ablaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run **off,** flow away, elapse, expire. [ab and laufen.]

ablegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay off** *or* **away,** remove, lay aside; deposit, depose. [ab and legen.]

abliegen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* ſ or ḥ. **lie off** *or* **away,** be remote:—*see* **abgelegen.** [ab and liegen.]

abnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **take off** *or* **away,** remove; deduct, subtract, diminish by; deduce, infer.—*intr.* ḥ. decrease, decline, diminish. [ab and nehmen.]

abordnen, *v. N. tr.* (**order off:** *i.e.*) depute, delegate, commission:—*see* Abgeordnet. [ab and ordnen.]

abpacken, *v. N. tr.* **unpack,** unload. [ab and packen.]

abpflücken, *v. N. tr.* **pluck off,** pick off, cull. [ab and pflücken.]

abpreſſen, *v. N. tr.* **press** out, extract by pressing, squeeze out, extort. [ab and preſſen.]

abrechnen, *v. N. tr.* **reckon off** *or* out, leave out of account, deduct, except. [ab and rechnen.]

Abreiſe, *f.* =en. journey **off,** departure, parting. [from abreiſen. 408.II.2.]

abreiſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. journey **off,** set out, depart. [ab and reiſen.]

abreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear **off,** snatch down, pull away. [ab and reißen.]

abrennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. **run off,** start to run, begin a course *or* race. [ab and rennen.]

Abſatz, *m.* =ſes, =äſze. (**set-off,** part set off from something; *hence*) heel of a shoe. [from abſetzen. 408.I.]

abſcheiden, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. depart; depart this life, decease, die. [ab and ſcheiden.]

abſchicken, *v. N. tr.* send **off,** despatch away. [ab and ſchicken.]

Abſchied, *m.* =bes, =be. departure, leave: —**Abſchied nehmen,** take leave, bid farewell. [from abſcheiden. 408.I.]

abſchießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* **shoot off,** fire off, discharge. [ab and ſchießen.]

abſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* strike **off,** remove by a stroke; beat off, repel; reject, deny. [ab and ſchlagen.]

abſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* close **off,** conclude, settle. [ab and ſchließen.]

abſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* cut **off;** clip. [ab and ſchneiden.]

Abſchnitt, *m.* =tes, =te. part cut **off,** section, division, portion. [from abſchneiden. 408.I.]

abſchrecken, *v. N. tr.* frighten away, scare **off,** DETER, discourage. [ab and ſchrecken.]

Abſchuß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. **shooting off** *or* down; *hence*, steep descent, declivity. [from abſchießen. 408.I.]

abſchüſſig, *adj.* declivitous, precipitous, steep-sided. [from Abſchuß 415.9*a*.]

abſehbar, *adj.* capable of being reached *or* compassed with the eyes. [from abſehen. 415.1*b*.]

abſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ḥ. **see off,** look away. [ab and ſehen.]

abſenden, *v. N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* **send off** *or* away, despatch. [ab and ſenden.]

Abſicht, *f.* =ten. (**off**-look *or* out-look: *i.e.*) view, aim, intention, purpose, design. [from abſehen. 408.II.1.]

abſondern, *v. N. tr.* **sunder off,** divide *or* partition off, separate, set apart. [ab and ſondern.]

abſpeiſen, *v. N. tr.* (feed **off:** *i.e.*) satisfy by food, get rid off with feeding; *hence*, fob off, stop the mouth of, satisfy and get rid of for the moment. [ab and ſpeiſen.]

Abſtand, *m.* =bes, =ände. distance, remoteness, elongation, interval. [from abſtehen. 408.I.]

abſtehen, *v. O*(367). *intr.* ſ *or* ḥ. **stand off,** be distant *or* remote; DESIST, abstain. [ab and ſtehen.]

abſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. descend, get **off** *or* down, alight (from a carriage etc.). [ab and ſteigen.]

abſtreifen, *v. N. tr.* **strip off,** divest one's self of, lay aside. [ab and ſtreifen.]

abſtumpfen, *v. N. tr.* make blunt *or* dull, take off the point *or* edge of, deaden, render less keen. [ab and ſtumpfen.]

abſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tumble **off,** go precipitately *or* precipitously down. [ab and ſtürzen.]

Abt, *m.* =tes, äbte. **abbot.** [same as Abbate.]

abtheilen, *v. N. tr.* **deal** *or* divide **off,** share out, distribute; classify. [ab and theilen.]

Abtheilung, *f.* =gen. partition, distribution; division, section, part, class. [from abtheilen. 408.III.8.]

abtreten, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* (**tread** *or* step **off**: *i.e.*) retire from, vacate, relinquish, cede, yield. [ab and treten.]

abwallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. descend with wave-like *or* billowy motion, float down. [ab and wallen.]

abwärts, *adv.* **off-wards,** away, to one side; downwards. [from ab. 364.2.]

abwechſeln, *v. N. intr.* ſ. change, alternate. [ab and wechſeln.]

Abwechſelung, *f.* =gen. change, alternation, vicissitude, succession. [from abwechſeln. 408.III.8.]

abwehren, *v. N. tr.* ward **off,** keep away, repel. [ab and wehren.]

abweichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. give way, move to one side, deviate, swerve; diverge, differ:—**abweichend,** *pres. part. as adj.*, different, diverse. [ab and weichen.]

abwenden, *v. N* (*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* turn **off** *or* away, AVERT; prevent. [ab and wenden.]

abwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw **off,** cast away, shed, reject. [ab and werfen.]

abweſend, *adj.* being **off** *or* away, ABSENT. [pres. part. of abweſen, not in use as verb; ab and weſen (defective verb).]

Abweſenheit, *f.* =ten. absence. [for Abweſenbheit, from abweſend. 409.II.2.]

abwinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **wind off,** unwind. [ab and winden.]

abwiſchen, *v. N. tr.* wipe **off,** cleanse by wiping. [ab and wiſchen.]

abziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **off,** pull off.—*intr.* ſ. draw **off,** withdraw, retire. [ab and ziehen.]

abzwingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* force away, obtain by violence, extort, wrest. [ab and zwingen.]

ach, *interj.* (*of surprise, grief, emotion*, etc.). **ah!** oh! alas!

Achſe, *f.* =en. **axe, axis, axle.** [probably from Latin *axis.*]

acht, *num.* **eight.** [E. **eight.**]

acht, *num. adj.* **eighth.** [for achtt, from acht. 203.1*a.*]

Acht, *f.* attention, heed, care:—**Acht geben,** give heed, pay attention; **Acht haben,** have a care, be attentive, regard, beware; **Acht nehmen,** take care, be heedful.

Acht, *f.* =ten. outlawry, ban. [perhaps ultimately the same with the preceding word.]

ächt, *same as* echt.

achten, *v. N. intr.* (*with gen., or* auf *and accus.*). heed, care for, pay attention to, regard, consider.—*tr.* have regard for, respect, esteem, prize, value; estimate, regard, consider. [from Acht, 'care.' 405.I.1.]

ächten, *v. N. tr.* outlaw, ban, proscribe. [from Acht, 'ban.' 405.I.1.]

ächzen, *v. N. intr.* h. groan, cry out with pain, say **ah!** *or* oh! [from ach. 405.II.2; 406.]

Acker, *m.* =rs, äcker. cultivated field, tilled land. [E. **acre.**]

Ackerbau, *m.* =aues. cultivation of the fields, agriculture, husbandry. [Acker and Bau.]

Action', *f.* =nen. **action,** performance. [Latin.]

Adel, *m.* =ls. noble rank, nobility; body of nobles, persons of noble rank; nobleness, nobility of character. [related with E. **adeling, Ethel.**]

Ader, *f.* =rn. vein.

Adler, *m.* =rs, =r. eagle; Eagle, Aquila (constellation in the northern hemisphere). [for Adelar; Adel and Aar.]

Advocat *or* **Advokat,** *m.* =ten, =ten. **advocate,** lawyer, barrister. [from Latin.]

Affe, *m.* =en, =en. **ape,** monkey. [E. **ape.**]

Affect, *m.* =ts, =te. emotion, excitement, warmth of feeling. [from Latin.]

afrikaniſch, *adj.* **African.** [from Latin *africanus.* 415.10*d.*]

Aguti, *n.* =ts, =ts (101.5). **agouti** (rabbit-like South-American animal). [aboriginal word.]

Aegypten, *n.* =ns. **Egypt.** [from Greek.]

ahmen, *v. N. tr.* measure; imitate. [from Ahm, now usually Ohm, **'awm,'** name of a certain measure; used only in nachahmen.]

Ahn, *m.* =nes *or* =nen, =nen. grandfather, forefather, ancestor.

Ahnherr, *m.* =rn, =rn. forefather, ancestor. [Ahn and Herr, 'master.']

ahnden, *v. N. tr.* resent, punish:—(*for* ahnen) have a foreboding *or* inkling of, feel dimly, suspect, surmise.

Ahndung, *f.* -gen. resentment, punishment:—(*for* Ahnung) inkling, dim feeling, uncertain perception. [from ahnden. 408.III.8.]

ahndungsvoll, *adj.* **full** of foreboding *or* presage, with dimly felt *or* instinctive perception. [Ahndung (422.2*c*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

ahnen, *v. N. tr.* have a dim feeling *or* inkling of, forebode, presage, divine, surmise.

ähnlich, *adj.* like, resembling, similar. [for ánlich, from an, 'on, near.' 415.12.]

Aehnlichkeit, *f.* -ten. likeness, resemblance, similarity. [from ähnlich. 409.II.3.]

Ahnung, *f.* -gen. foreboding, misgiving, presentiment, dim feeling, inkling. [from ahnen. 408.III.8.].

ahnungsvoll, *adj.* full of presentiment *or* dim feeling, misgiving, foreboding, mistrustful, suspicious. [Ahnung (422.2*c*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Akademie', *f.* -i'en. **academy.** [from Greek.]

akademisch, *adj.* **academic**, characteristic of an institution of learning *or* life at such. [from Akademie. 415.10*b*.]

Akkon, *n.* -ns. Acre (city of Syria.)

Alanen, *pl.* **Alani** (nomadic tribe.)

all, *indef. pron. and pron'l adj.* (193). *collectively*, **all**, entire, whole; *distributively*, every, each, any; all:—**alles**, all, everything, every one. [E. **all.**]

All, *n.* -ls. whole creation, universe. [from all. 409.I.2.]

Allegorie', *f.* -i'en. **allegory.** [from Greek.]

allegorisch, *adj.* **allegorical.** [from Allegorie. 415.10*b*.]

allein, *adj.* **alone**, sole, single, only. [all and ein: not used attributively.]

allein, *conj.* (384*a*). only, but. [from allein, *adj.*, through adverbial use.]

allemal = alle Male, **all** times:—**einmal für allemal**, once for all.

allenfalls, *adv.* in any case, at any rate; at the utmost, in case of need; perchance. [all and Fall, 'case.' 365.1.]

aller-, *gen. pl. of* all, *prefixed to superlatives with intensive force* (142.2).

allererschrecklichst, *adj.* most frightful *or* dreadful. [aller- and erschrecklich. 142.2.]

allerdings, *adv.* by **all** means; undoubtedly, to be sure, sure enough, indeed, quite. [all and Ding, '**thing.** 365.1.]

allererst, *adj.* first of **all**, very first. [aller- and erst. 142.2.]

allerherrlichst, *adj.* most magnificent, exceedingly beautiful. [aller- and herrlich. 142.2.]

allerlei, *adj.* (*indeclinable*). of all sorts *or* kinds, very various. [from all. 415.11.]

allerschönst, *adj.* 'most beautiful of **all**, exceedingly beautiful. [aller- and schön. 142.2.]

allesammt, *adv.* **all** together, **all**together, without exception, completely. [all and sammt. 365.]

allezeit (*or* **alle Zeit**), *adv.* **all** the time, continually, ever, **always.** [all and Zeit. 365.1.]

allgemein, *adj.* general, **all**-embracing, universal:—**im allgemeinen**, in general, generally, on the whole. [all and gemein, 'common.']

allhier, *adv.* **here.** [all and hier; antiquated, for simple hier.]

allmählich *or* **allmählig** (*or* **allmälig**), *adj.* little by little, by degrees, gradual. [related with gemach and gemächlich, 'easy, gentle.']

allüberlegen, *adj.* superior to **all.** [all and überlegen.]

Allüberlegenheit, *f.* -ten. superiority to **all**, universal supremacy. [from allüberlegen. 409.II.2.]

allverbreitet, *adj.* spread **abroad** everywhere, universally diffused. [all and verbreitet, past part. of verbreiten.]

allzu, *adv.* **all**together **too**, quite **too**, overmuch: *prefixed to adjectives, and sometimes written as one word with them;* e.g. **allzubegierig**, overgreedy; **allzuernstlich**, quite too serious; **allzuheftig**, with excessive eagerness or vehemence. [all and zu. 365.3.]

Almosen, *n.* -ns, -n. **alms**, charity. [from Greek *eleemosúnē*, 'pity.']

Alpaca, *n.* -cas, -cas (101.5). **alpaca** (South-American camel-like sheep, yielding a valuable wool). [Peruvian name.]

als, *conj.* **as**; **as** being, in character of:—*after a comparative*, than; *after a negative word*, else than, other than, except, but:—*with definite past tense*, when, **as** I—*before inverted clause* (332.2*b*; 433*b*), **as** if. [abbreviated from also.]

alsbald, *adv.* immediately, at once, without delay, forthwith. [als and bald, 'soon.']

alsdann, *adv.* **then**, thereupon. [als and dann.]

also, *adv. and conj.* thus, in this manner: *most often*, accordingly, consequently, therefore, so then, that is to say:—**also daß** (*for* so daß), **so that**, in such manner **that**. [E. **also**: all and so.]

alt, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). **old**, aged, antique, ancient. [E. **old.**]

Altan', *m.* =ns, =ne. balcony. [Italian *altana*, from Latin *altus*, 'high.']

Altar', *m.* =rs, =äre. **altar.** [from Latin.]

Alter, *n.* =rs, =r. age; antiquity:—**Alters**, of old, of yore (*adv'l gen., frequently after prepositions*). [from alt.]

altern, *v. N. intr.* ℌ. grow **old**, age, become ancient *or* antiquated. [from Alter. 405. I. 1.]

Alterthum, *n.* =ms, =ümer. antiquity. [from Alter. 410. 8.]

altfränkisch, *adj.* (belonging to *or* coming from the ancient **Franks**: *hence*) **old**-fashioned, out of date, antiquated. [alt and fränkisch.]

altnordisch, *adj.* **old Norse**, belonging to the ancient inhabitants of Norway and Iceland. [alt and nordisch.]

am = an dem (65).

Amazone, *f.* =en. **Amazon** (virile or heroic woman). [from Greek.]

Amazonenfluß, *m.* =sses. river of the Amazons, Amazon river. [Amazone (422. 2*d*) and Fluß.]

Amazonenstrom, *m.* =ms. river of the Amazons, Amazon river. [Amazone (422. 2*d*) and Strom, 'stream.']

Amboß, *m.* =sses, =sse. anvil.

ambrosisch, *adj.* **ambrosial**; *hence*, of delicious savor *or* fragrance. [from Latin (Greek).]

Ameise, *f.* =en. **ant, emmet**, pismire. [perhaps related with emsig, 'busy.']

Amme, *f.* =en. nurse.

Amor, *m.* =rs. **Amor**, Cupid, Eros (god of love). [Latin.]

Amphibium, *n.* =ms, =bien. **amphibious** animal. [from Greek.]

Amphiktyon, *m.* =ns, =nen. **Amphictyon** (member of an international tribunal in ancient Greece). [Greek.]

Amphiktyonenhof, *m.* =fs, =öfe. **Amphictyonic** court, court of Amphictyons. [Amphiktyon (422. 2*d*) and Hof.]

Amphitheater, *n.* =rs, =r. **amphitheatre.** [from Greek.]

Amt, *n.* =tes, ämter. office, charge, employment, place.

Amtsstab, *m.* =bs, =äbe. **staff** of office, official wand *or* rod. [Amt (422. 2*b*) and Stab.]

an, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **on**, onward, along; along upward, up.

prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376) *distinctively, of position*, at *or* to the side *or* edge of, close by, by, against, along (*while* on, upon *is expressed by* auf); *of time*, on, upon, **at**; *in estimations of number*, near to, toward, about, not far from; *in other relations*, in respect to, in the way of, in, of, by, by reason of, by means of:—**an sich**, in and by itself, *per se.* [E. **on.**]

anbeten, *v. N. tr.* (pray to: *hence*) worship, ADORE. [an and beten.]

anbieten, *v. O* (III. 3). *tr.* offer, proff tender. [an and bieten, '**bid.**']

anblasen, *v. O* (II. 3). *tr.* blow **on**, kindle by blowing, kindle, stir up. [an and blasen.]

Anblick, *m.* =cks, =cke. **on**-look, inspection, view; **sight**, ASPECT, appearance. [from anblicken. 408. I.]

anblicken, *v. N. tr.* look **on** *or* **at**, glance at, behold. [an and blicken.]

anbrechen, *v. O* (I. 3). *intr.* ſ. begin to **break**, break, appear, commence. [an and brechen.]

anbrennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. begin to **burn**, get on fire.—*tr.* set on fire, set a **burning**. [an and brennen.]

anbringen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring on**, bring to bear, apply, set at work, put in operation. [an and bringen.]

Anbruch, *m.* =chs, =brüche. beginning of **breaking**, break, commencement. [from anbrechen. 408. I.]

Andacht, *f.* =ten. (devotional **thought** *or* meditation **on** anything: *hence*) devotion. [from andenken. 408. II. 1.]

andenken, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **think on**, meditate about. [an and denken.]

Andenken, *n.* =ns, =n. remembrance, memory; memorial, souvenir, keepsake. [infinitive of andenken. 340. 3.]

ander, *pron'l adj.* (194). **other**, else; different; next following, second. [E. **other.**]

ändern, *v. N. tr.* make **other**, change, ALTER. [from ander. 405. I. 2.]

anders, *adv.* **otherwise**, else, under different circumstances, besides:—**wenn anders**, if indeed, if to be sure, provided. [genitive of ander. 363. 3*d*.]

anderthalb, *indeclinable adj.* (207. 1). one and a **half**. [ander, 'second,' and halb.]

Andeskette, *f.* =en. **Andes** chain, chain of the Andes mountains. [Andes and Kette.]

Andesrücken, *m.* =ns, =n. **Andes ridge.** [Andes and Rücken.]

andeuten, *v. N. tr.* point at, point out, indicate, give to understand, intimate, hint. [an and deuten.]

Andeutung, *f.* =gen. indication, intimation, hint. [from andeuten. 408. III. 8.]

Andrang, *m.* =gs, =änge. crowding **on**, pressure, urgency, flood. [from andringen. 408. I.]

andrängen, *v. N. tr.* crowd *or* **throng on**, press against, attach by force *or* pressure. [an and drängen.]

andringen, *v. O*(I. 1). *tr.* press **on**, crowd *or* push against. [an and dringen.]

aneignen, *v. N. tr.* take for one's **own**, take possession of, APPROPRIATE; render appropriate, adapt. [an and eignen.]

anekeln, *v. N. tr.* inspire with disgust *or* loathing, disgust. [an and ekeln.]

anerbieten, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr.* offer, tender. [an and erbieten.]

Anerbietung, *f.* =gen. offer, proffer. [from anerbieten. 408. III. 8.]

anerkennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* recognize, acknowledge. [an and erkennen.]

anfallen, *v. O*(II. 3). *tr.* **fall upon**, attack, assail. [an and fallen.]

Anfang, *m.* =gs, =änge. beginning, commencement, start:—**Anfangs** *or* **anfangs**, *adv'l gen.* (364. 1), in the beginning, at first, at the outset, originally. [from anfangen. 408. I.]

anfangen, *v. O*(II. 3). *tr.* (take hold **on**: *hence*) take up, set about, begin, commence; undertake, do.—*intr.* h. begin, commence, originate, take rise.

anfänglich, *adj.* beginning, incipient, original. [from Anfang. 415. 12*a*.]

anfangs *or* **Anfangs**. *see* **Anfang.**

anfassen, *v. N. tr.* seize **on**, take hold of, grasp. [an and fassen.]

Anfassung, *f.* =gen. seizure, grasp. [from anfassen. 408. III. 8.]

anfesseln, *v. N. tr.* put chains upon, chain, **fetter.** [an and fesseln.]

anflehen, *v. N. tr.* pray to, supplicate, implore. [an and flehen.]

anführen, *v. N. tr.* lead **on**, lead, conduct as chief *or* head:—bring on (by way of proof or justification), ADDUCE, allege, assert, plead. [an and führen.]

Anführung, *f.* =gen. leading, lead, conduct; allegation, pleading, citation. [from anführen. 408. III. 8.]

anfüllen, *v. N. tr.* **fill** up, fill, cram, crowd. [an and füllen.]

Angabe, *f.* =en. specification, statement, account, declaration, information. [from angeben. 408. II. 2.]

angeben, *v. O*(II. 1). *tr.* put forward, propose, set; specify, mention, render, assign; inform against, denounce, accuse. [an and geben, 'give.']

Angeber, *m.* =rs, =r. proposer, indicator; denouncer, informer. [from angeben. 408. III. 4.]

Angeberei, *f.* =ien. trade *or* work of an informer, denunciation, accusation by spies, espionage. [from Angeber. 410. 2.]

angeblich, *adj.* depending upon information *or* assertion, asserted, alleged, pretended. [from angeben. 415. 12*c*.]

angeboren, *adj.* native, **inborn**, natural, innate. [as if past part. of angebären, not in use, from an and gebären.]

angehen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **go** to, approach, apply to; have to do with, relate to, concern, regard:—**was . . . angeht**, as concerns . . ., as to . . .—*intr.* h. begin, start; answer the purpose, do. [an and gehen.]

angehören, *v. N. intr.* h. belong, appertain. [an and gehören.]

Angel, *m.* =ls, =l; *or f.* =ln. **angle**; hook, fish-hook; hinge. [E. **angle.**]

angeln, *v. N. intr.* h. **angle**, catch fish with a hook. [from Angel. 405. I. 1.]

angenehm, *adj.* ACCEPTABLE, agreeable, pleasant. [an and genehm.]

angesehen. *see* **ansehen.**

Angesicht, *n.* =ts, =ter. (aspect, appearance: *hence*) visage, face, countenance:—**von Angesicht**, face to face. [an and Gesicht.]

angestammt. *see* anstammen.

angreifen, *v. O*(III. 1). *tr.* (take hold **on** in a hostile manner; *hence*) attack, assail, fall upon. [an and greifen, '**gripe.**']

angrenzen, *v. N. intr.* h. border **on**, lie next *or* contiguous to. [an and grenzen.]

Angriff, *m.* =fs, =fe. attack, assault. [from angreifen. 408. I.]

Angſt, *f.* ängſte (*or* ängſten). anxiety, distress; fear, apprehension. [related with enge.]

ängſtig, *adj.* anxious, distressed, filled

with apprehension *or* alarm. [from Angſt. 415.9*a*.]

ängſtigen, *v. N. tr.* render anxious, distress, fill with apprehension *or* alarm, worry, fret. [from ängſtig. 405.I.2.]

ängſtlich, *adj.* anxious, distressed, alarmed, apprehensive, timorous; solicitous, punctilious. [from Angſt. 415.12*a*.]

anglucken, *v. N. tr.* peep at, look **on,** turn the eyes upon. [an and gucken.]

anhaben, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 239.1). *tr.* **have on,** wear. [an and haben.]

anhalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold on** to, detain, stop.—*refl.* **hold** *or* keep one's self, cling.—*intr.* h. **hold on,** stop, **halt.** [an and halten.]

Anhang, *m.* =gs, =änge. APPENDAGE, accessory, appendix, supplement. [from anhangen. 408.I.]

anhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. **hang on,** depend, cling. [an and hangen.]

anhängen, *v. N. tr.* cause to **hang on,** attach, APPEND, affix:—(einem) **etwas anhängen,** fasten (upon some one) something disagreeable *or* offensive, cast a slur *or* reproach, put to the blush. [an and hängen.]

anhänglich, *adj.* attached, devoted. [from anhangen. 415.12*c*.]

Anhänglichkeit, *f.* =ten. attachment, devotion, adherence, fidelity. [from anhänglich. 409.II.3.]

anhäufen, *v. N. tr.* **heap on** *or* up, pile together, ACCUMULATE, amass. [an and häufen.]

anheben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **heave at,** lift up; raise; begin, commence.—*intr.* h. begin, commence. [an and heben.]

anheften, *v. N. tr.* fasten on, attach, affix. [an and heften.]

anheiſchig, *adj.* bound, engaged: *only in the phrase* **ſich anheiſchig machen,** lay one's self under obligation, engage, pledge one's self. [corrupted, for antheißig, from ancient antheißen, 'promise;' ant= (same as ent=. 307.3) and heißen.]

anhören, *v. N. tr.* listen to, give ear to, **hear.** [an and hören.]

Ankauf, *m.* =fs, =äufe. purchase, bargain, buying. [from ankaufen. 408.I.]

ankaufen, *v. N. tr.* purchase, buy. [an and kaufen.]

Anker, *m.* =rs, =r. **anchor.** [from Latin.]

Anklage, *f.* =en. complaint, accusation, charge, arraignment, indictment. [from anklagen. 408.II.2.]

anklagen, *v. N. tr.* **complain against,** inform against, accuse, impeach, charge. [an and klagen.]

ankleiden, *v. N. tr.* put **clothes upon, clothe,** dress, robe, attire. [an and kleiden.]

ankommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. arrive, **come,** approach:—*with* auf (*and accus.*) depend on, hinge upon, be determined by. [an and kommen.]

Ankömmling, *m.* =gs, =ge. person just arriving *or* arrived, new-**comer,** stranger. [from ankommen. 408.III.5.]

ankündigen, *v. N. tr.* announce, proclaim, notify, publish, declare. [an and kündigen.]

Ankunft, *f.* arrival, advent, **coming.** [from ankommen. 408.II.1.]

anlächeln, *v. N. tr.* smile **on** *or* at, look at with a smile. [an and lächeln.]

Anlage, *f.* =en. impost; plan, arrangement, disposal; natural disposition *or* tendency, native capacity, ability, talent. [from anlegen. 408.II.2.]

Anlaß, *m.* =ſſes, =äſſe. cause, occasion, inducement. [from anlaſſen. 408.I.]

anlaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let on;** receive, treat. [an and laſſen.]

anlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay on,** put on; **lay** to shore, land; **lay** out, plan, devise. [an and legen.]

anleiten, *v. N. tr.* **lead on,** conduct, guide. [an and leiten.]

anliegen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* h. **lie against** *or* close to anything, be next, sit, fit closely. [an and liegen.]

anmaßen, *v. N. tr.* (*with refl. dative*) *or refl.* (*with obj. in genitive*). arrogate, assume unduly, pretend to, usurp. [an and maßen.]

anmelden, *v. N. tr.* announce, inform of; notify the arrival of. [an and melden.]

anmeſſen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* measure to, adapt, fit, suit:—**angemeſſen,** *past part. as adj.*, adapted to the circumstances, fit, suitable. [an and meſſen.]

Anmuth, *f.* attractive charm, engaging quality, agreeableness, grace, gracefulness. [an and Muth.]

anmuthig, *adj.* attractive, engaging, graceful. [from Anmuth. 415.9*a*.]

annähern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. draw **nearer,** approach. [an and nähern.]

Annäherung, *f.* =gen. approach, approximation, drawing **nearer** *or* **nigh.** [from annähern. 408.III.8.

Annahme, *f.* =en. ACCEPTANCE, ASSUMPTION, supposition. [from annehmen. 408.II.2.]

annehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take **on,** take, ACCEPT, ASSUME; make an assumption, take for granted. [an and nehmen.]

annoch, *adv.* yet, still. [an and noch; unusual, for simple noch.]

anpacken, *v. N. tr.* seize **on,** take hold of, gripe, collar. [an and packen.]

anpaſſen, *v. N. tr.* fit **on,** adapt, suit, adjust.—*intr.* ſ. suit, be adapted. [an and paſſen.]

Anprall, *m.* -lŏ, -le. violent stroke against something, forcible impact, rebound. [from anprallen. 408.I.]

anprallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. strike violently, make sudden impact, impinge forcibly. [an and prallen.]

anputzen, *v. N. tr.* dress up, decorate, adorn, embellish. [an and putzen.]

anrauchen, *v. N. tr.* smoke against, color by smoking *or* with smoke. [an and rauchen.]

anreden, *v. N. tr.* talk to, address, accost, discourse to. [an and reden.]

anregen, *v. N. tr.* stir up, set in motion *or* action, incite, animate, stimulate. [an and regen.]

Anregung, *f.* -gen. stirring up, incitement, stimulation, impulsion, suggestion, instance. [from anregen. 408.III.8.]

anreihen, *v. N. tr.* form into a **row** *or* series, attach *or* arrange as member of a series, add on, append. [an and reihen.]

anreizen, *v. N. tr.* incite, instigate, stir up, excite. [an and reizen.]

anrennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. **run on,** approach in running. [an and rennen.]

anrichten, *v. N. tr.* prepare, get ready; perform, produce, do, occasion. [an and richten.]

anrufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* call **on,** invoke, appeal to, implore. [an and rufen.]

anſagen, *v. N. tr.* announce, make known, state, explain. [an and ſagen.]

anſchauen, *v. N. tr.* look upon, view, contemplate, gaze at; perceive by looking. [an and ſchauen.]

anſchaulich, *adj.* apprehensible by the view, clear to sight, intuitively evident, plain, clear. [from anſchauen. 415.12*c*.]

Anſchlag, *m.* -gŏ, -äge. striking against anything, stroke, impact; affix; plan, design, plot:—**in Anſchlag bringen,** take into account. [from anſchlagen. 408.I.]

anſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ *or* h. strike, dash, beat.—*tr.* fasten on, affix; estimate, rate, value. [an and ſchlagen.]

anſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* fasten **on,** annex, attach, connect.—*intr.* h. fit close, be tight. [an and ſchließen.]

anſchnauben, *v. N. or O*(III.4). *intr.* h *or* ſ. snort, snuff and blow. [an and ſchnauben.]

anſchüren, *v. N. tr.* kindle, light and keep up, stir up (fire). [an and ſchüren.]

anſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* look **on** *or* at, regard, consider, respect:—*angeſehen, past part. as adj.*, much regarded, highly esteemed, respected, valued; —*einem etwas anſehen,* gather something from one's looks, infer from appearance. [an and ſehen, '**see.**']

Anſehen, *n.* -nŏ. regard, consideration, respect; high regard, esteem, authority. [infinitive of anſehen. 340.3.]

anſehnlich, *adj.* considerable, respectable, noteworthy, important. [from Anſehen. 415.12*a*.]

anſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set on** *or* at, apply, put in position for doing anything; rate, estimate. [an and ſetzen.]

Anſicht, *f.* -ten. view, **sight,** prospect; view taken *or* held, opinion. [from anſehen. 408.II.1.]

anſiedeln, *v. N. tr.* **settle** down, fix in locality *or* habitation, establish. [an and ſiedeln.]

Anſiedler, *m.* -rŏ, -r. **settler,** colonist. [from anſiedeln. 408.III.4.]

anſprechen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **speak** to, address, accost, appeal to. [an and ſprechen.]

anſprengen, *v. N. tr.* cause to **spring** forward *or* gallop **on**ward, urge rapidly on. [an and ſprengen.]

anſpringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **spring onward,** jump along. [an and ſpringen.]

Anſpruch, *m.* -chŏ, -üche. address; claim, pretension, title. [from anſprechen. 408.I.]

Anſtalt, *f.* -ten. appointment, arrangement, preparation; institution, establishment. [from anſtellen. 408.II.1.]

anſtammen, *v. N. intr.* h. come down by race *or* blood: *used only in past part.*, **angeſtammt,** derived by race, natural, hereditary. [an and ſtammen.]

Anſtand, *m.* -dŏ, -ände. **stand,** bearing, demeanor, behavior; proper demeanor, approved bearing, pleasing address, propriety, decorum. [from anſtehen. 408.I.]

anſtändig, *adj.* of becoming demeanor, of proper bearing, seemly, decorous, proper, suitable; agreeable, pleasing. [from Anſtand. 415.9α.]

anſtecken, *v. N. tr.* set on fire, kindle, light; infect. [an and ſtecken.]

anſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ♄ *or* ſ. **stand** near *or* by; **stand** still, stop, delay; suit. [an and ſtehen.]

anſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. rise, ascend, mount. [an and ſteigen.]

anſtellen, *v. N. tr.* give a situation to, place, appoint; assign to an office *or* charge; arrange, lay out; carry out, execute. [an and ſtellen.]

Anſtellung, *f.* =gen. appointment, employ, office; arrangement, preparation. [from anſtellen. 408.III.8.]

anſtimmen, *v. N. tr.* set the pitch of, begin to sing, strike up, sound forth, intone, tune. [an and ſtimmen.]

anſtrengen, *v. N. tr.* strain, stretch, exert.—*refl.* exert one's self, strive earnestly, make effort, endeavor. [an and ſtrengen.]

Anſtrengung, *f.* =gen. strain, exertion, effort. [from anſtrengen. 408.III.8.]

antarctiſch, *adj.* **antarctic.** [from Latin (Greek).]

anthun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **do on**, don, put on; impose, inflict. [an and thun.]

antik', *adj.* **antique**, belonging to *or* characteristic of ancient time, primitive. [from Latin.]

antilliſch, *adj.* belonging to the **Antilles**, Caribbean.

Antilo'pe, *f.* **antelope.** [from Greek.]

Antiochien, *n.* =ns. **Antioch.**

Antlitz, *n.* =tzes, =tze. face, visage, countenance. [ant= (= ent=. 307.3) and a lost root, Goth. *vleitan*, 'see.']

Antoniniſch, *adj.* **Antonine**, of Antoninus.

Antrag, *m.* =ges, =äge. OFFER, proposal, tender. [from antragen. 408.I.]

antragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* (carry to: *i.e.*) lay before some one, propose, OFFER, tender. [an and tragen.]

antreffen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* hit **upon**, fall in with, meet, find. [an and treffen.]

antreiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive on**, push along, IMPEL, incite, urge. [an and treiben.]

antreten, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **tread** *or* step **on**; enter upon, set out on, commence. [an and treten.]

Antrieb, *m.* =bes, =be. IMPULSE, motive, impelling power. [from antreiben. 408.I.]

Antritt, *m.* =tes, =te. act of entering upon anything, entrance, commencement. [from antreten. 408.I.]

Antwort, *f.* =ten. answer, reply, response. [ant= (=ent=. 307.3) and Wort, 'word.']

antworten, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. of the thing said, and dat. of the person or thing to which said*). answer, reply, respond. [from Antwort. 405.I.1.]

anvertrauen, *v. N. tr.* entrust, confide, trust. [an and vertrauen.]

anwachſen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. grow on to (*with dat.*), grow to be a part of; increase, augment. [an and wachſen, 'wax.']

anwehen, *v. N. tr.* blow upon, breathe over; come over like a breath *or* blast. [an and wehen.]

anweiſen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* point *or* direct to *or* toward something, refer, turn over, assign; instruct, advise. [an and weiſen.]

anwenden, *v. N* (*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* turn *or* apply to something, apply, make use of, employ. [an and wenden.]

Anwendung, *f.* =gen. application to a purpose, employment, use. [from anwenden. 408.III.8.]

anwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw **at**, pelt. [an and werfen.]

anwidern, *v. N. tr.* be offensive *or* repugnant to, offend, disgust, excite the aversion of. [an and widern.]

Anzahl, *f.* number, enumerable quantity, multitude. [an and Zahl.]

anzeigen, *v. N. tr.* point out, notify, indicate, give notice of, announce. [an and zeigen.]

anziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* **draw on**, draw toward one's self, ATTRACT, allure; draw *or* put on (as clothes).—*refl.* dress one's self.—*intr.* ſ. move on, approach, draw nigh:—**anziehend**, *pres. part. as adj.*, ATTRACTIVE, engaging, interesting. [an and ziehen.]

anzünden, *v. N. tr.* kindle, light up, set on fire. [an and zünden.]

Apfel, *m.* =ls, äpfel. **apple.** [E. **apple.**]

Apfelbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **apple-tree.** [Apfel and Baum.]

Apothe'ke, *f.* =en. **apothecary's** shop, dispensary, pharmaceutical establishment. [Greek.]

Apothe'ker, *m.* =rs, =r. **apothecary.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Appetit', *m.* =ts, =te. **appetite.** [from Latin.]

Aequa'tor, *m.* =rs, =rs (or =o'ren). **equator.** [Latin.]
Arabien, *n.* =ns. **Arabia.**
Aralſee, *m.* =es, =en. **Sea of Aral.** [Aral and See.]
Arbeit, *f.* =ten. toil, pains, hard work, labor; result of labor, thing wrought *or* produced, work.
arbeiten, *v. N. intr.* h. work, labor, toil. [from Arbeit. 405.I.1.]
Arbeiter, *m.* =rs, =r. workman, laborer. [from arbeiten. 408.III.4.]
Arbeitsleute, *pl.* (100.2). work-people, workmen, laborers. [Arbeit (422.2*c*) and Leute.]
arg, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). bad, evil, ill, wicked.
Aerger, *m.* =rs. bad feeling, vexation, anger. [from arg.]
ärgerlich, *adj.* vexatious, irksome; angry, vexed, fretful. [from ärgern. 415.12*c*.]
ärgern, *v. N. tr.* make worse, hurt, spoil: *usually*, vex, offend, anger. [from ärger, comparative of arg (415.I.2); and, in its more usual senses, from Aerger. 405.I.1.]
Aergerniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe; *or f.* =ſſe. vexation, anger, ill-will; cause of vexation, offense, scandal. [from ärgern. 408.III.6.]
Argwohn, *m.* =ns. suspicion, jealous distrust. [for Argwahn; arg and Wahn, 'opinion, belief.']
argwohnen *or* **argwöhnen**, *v. N. tr.* suspect, mistrust, cherish suspicion of. [from Argwohn. 405.I.1.]
Arm, *m.* =mes, =me. **arm**; branch. [E. **arm.**]
arm, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). poor, indigent, needy; unfortunate, miserable; despicable, worthless.
Armadill, *m. or n.* =ls, =le. **armadillo.** [from Spanish.]
Armband, *n.* =bs, =bänder. **band** for the **arm**, armlet, bracelet. [Arm and Band.]
armeniſch, *adj.* **Armenian.**
Armleuchter, *n.* =rs, =r. branched candlestick, chandelier. [Arm and Leuchter.]
ärmlich, *adj.* miserable, pitiable, despicable, paltry, worthless. [from arm. 415.12*b*.]
Art, *f.* =ten. peculiar nature; kind, sort, species, race, breed; manner, way, mode.
arten, *v. N. intr.* h. be of a kind *or* sort; be like, resemble. [from Art. 405.I.1.]
articuliren, *v. N. tr.* **articulate.** [from Latin *articulare*. 404.II.4.]
artig, *adj.* of good kind *or* manner, well-bred, well-behaved; agreeable, pleasing, nice, pretty. [from Art. 415.9*a*.]
=artig, *in composition*, of the nature *or* kind of. [from Art. 415.15*f*.]
Arzt, *m.* =tes, ärzte. physician, doctor, medical practitioner. [from late Latin (Greek) *archiater*.]
Aſche, *f.* **ashes, ash**, cinders, embers. [E. **ash.**]
Aſchenhäufchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little pile of **ashes**, insignificant **ash-heap.** [Aſche (422.2*d*) and Häufchen.]
Aſchenſalz, *n.* =zes, =ze. alkali, **potash** *or* soda. [Aſche (422.2*d*) and Salz, '**salt.**']
äſchern, *v. N. tr.* reduce to **ashes.** [from Aſcher, an irregular derivative form of Aſche, found also in a few compounds. 405.I.1.]
Aſiate, *m.* =en, =en. **Asiatic**, inhabitant of **Asia.** [from Latin.]
aſiatiſch, *adj.* **Asiatic**, belonging to **Asia.** [from Latin. 415.10*b*.]
Aſien, *n.* =ns. **Asia.**
Aſſociation, *f.* =nen. **association.** [French.]
Aſt, *m.* =tes, äſte. branch, bough.
äſthetiſch, *adj.* **esthetic**, relating to the taste *or* the sense of beauty. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]
Aſtronomie', *f.* =i'en. **astronomy.** [from Latin (Greek).]
Athem, *m.* =ms. breath, respiration.
Aether, *m.* =rs, =r. **ether**; the ethereal vault, sky, heaven. [Greek.]
athmen, *v. N. intr.* h. breathe, draw breath, respire. [from Athem. 405.I.1.]
atlantiſch, *adj.* **Atlantic.** [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]
Atlas, *m.* **Atlas** (mountain range in northern Africa). [Greek.]
Atmoſphäre, *f.* =ren. **atmosphere.** [from Latin (Greek).]
auch, *adv. or conj.* **eke**, also, too; likewise; even:—**wenn auch, ob auch**, even if, although; after wer, was, welcher, wie, wo, wann, ever, soever (179.4). [E. **eke.**]
Aue *or* **Au**, *f.* =en. wet meadow, lowland, mead, green. [original meaning 'river, stream.']
auf, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **up**; **upon**; open:—**von ... auf**, from ... (infancy or the like) up.
prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376) **upon**, on, onto; (*of sequence or conse-*

quence) on, upon, after; (*in prospective sense*) for, toward, in anticipation of;—at, in, to, against, toward:—**auf daß**, in order that; **bis auf**, as far as to, up to, to within. [E. **up**.]

aufbinden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **bind** *or* fasten **upon** something, impose; **bind up**, tie up: (**bind** open: *i.e.*) **unbind**, untie, loosen. [auf and binden.]

aufblühen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. rise *or* unfold and bloom, blossom, flourish. [auf and blühen.]

aufbrechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* **break up**, break open.—*intr.* **break up** *or* open; break up camp, decamp, start, set out, depart. [auf and brechen.]

Aufbruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. **break-up**, start, departure. [from aufbrechen. 408.I.]

aufbrüllen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ȝ. bellow, low, roar. [auf and brüllen; lit'ly 'bellow **up**,' i.e. 'raise the head and bellow.']

aufdämmern, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. rise and dawn, begin to dawn, dawn. [auf and dämmern.]

aufdrücken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* press on, impress, imprint; press upward. [auf and drücken.]

aufeinander *or* **auf einander**, *adverbial phrase.* **upon one another**, one upon *or* after another.

Aufeinanderfolge, *f.* =gen. sequence *or* **following one** after **another**, succession, series. [aufeinander and Folge.]

Aufenthalt, *m.* =ts, =te. delay, stay; residence, abode; place of abode. [from aufenthalten. 408.I.]

aufenthalten, *v.* *O*(II.3). *refl.* keep one's self, stay, abide. [auf and enthalten; antiquated.]

auferlegen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **lay upon** any one, impose, enjoin. [auf and erlegen.]

auferſtehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. rise, rise **up**; *especially*, rise from the dead *or* out of the grave. [auf and erſtehen.]

aufeſſen, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr.* **eat up**, devour. [auf and eſſen.]

auffahren, *v.* *O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. go **up**, ascend; drive up; start up, start suddenly with anger, fly into a rage *or* passion. [auf and fahren.]

auffallen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** on *or* **upon**; *especially* (*with dat.*) strike the notice of, win the attention of, appear striking *or* noticeable to, strike:—**auffallend**, *pres. part. as adj.*, striking, noteworthy, conspicuous. [auf and fallen.]

auffällig, *adj.* striking, noteworthy, conspicuous. [from auffallen. 415.9*b*.]

auffangen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *tr.* catch **up**, stop and seize, intercept. [auf and fangen.]

auffaſſen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* take **up**, perceive, conceive, apprehend. [auf and faſſen.]

Auffaſſung, *f.* =gen. conception, apprehension. [from auffaſſen. 408.III.8.]

auffladern, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. flame *or* flare **up**, blaze up. [auf and fladern.]

auffliegen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **fly up**, soar aloft; **fly** open. [auf and fliegen.]

auffordern, *v.* *N.* *tr.* summon **up**, challenge, summon, call out. [auf and fordern.)

Aufforderung, *f.* =gen. summons, challenge. [from auffordern. 408.III.8.]

aufführen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* lead **up**, conduct forward; set up, erect; exhibit, represent, perform. [auf and führen.]

Aufgabe, *f.* =en. proposal; task, problem; exercise. [from aufgeben. 408.II.2.]

aufgeben, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr.* ȝ. **give up**, relinquish, abandon; set as a task, propose, impose. [auf and geben.]

aufgehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go up**, rise, arise; come into appearance *or* existence: **go** open, be opened, open. [auf and gehen.]

aufglühen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. **glow up**, rise and glow, begin to glow. [auf and glühen.]

aufhalten, *v.* *O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold up**, detain, hinder, stop.—*refl.* stop, stay, abide. [auf and halten.]

aufhaltſam, *adj.* detainable, restrainable. [in unaufhaltſam: from aufhalten. 415.13*b*.]

aufhängen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **hang up**, suspend. [auf and hängen.]

aufheben, *v.* *O*(III.5). *tr.* **heave up**, lift up, raise; lay up, put **away**, provide for; suspend from action, annul the force of, abolish, abrogate, repeal. [auf and heben.]

aufhorchen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ȝ. lift the **head** and **hearken**, prick up the **ears**, listen attentively, listen. [auf and horchen.]

aufhören, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ȝ. stop, cease, come to an end, finish, end. [auf and hören, '**hear**;' literally, 'stop motion or action in order to listen.']

aufhörlich, *adj.* ceasing. [in unaufhörlich: from aufhören. 415.12*c*.]

aufhucken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* take upon the back, shoulder. [auf and hucken.]

aufkeimen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ *or* ȝ. rise from

the bud *or* embryo, sprout and rise, shoot forth, spring up, germinate. [auf and keimen.]

aufklaffen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. cleave open, open in chinks *or* crevices, gape. [auf and klaffen.]

aufklopfen, *v. N. tr.* knock open, open by a blow, crack. [auf and klopfen.]

auflauern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. lie in wait, lurk, be in ambush, waylay. [auf and lauern.]

auflaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run **up**; rise, swell. [auf and laufen.]

auflegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** on, impose as a task, put upon any one, enjoin. [auf and legen.]

auflodern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. blaze **up**, burst into flame. [auf and lodern.]

auflöſen, *v. N. tr.* **löſen**, untie, undo, dissolve, decompose. [auf and löſen.]

aufmachen, *v. N. tr.* do open, open.—*refl.* arise, start, depart. [auf and machen.]

aufmerken, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. pay attention, be attentive, take heed, notice. [auf and merken, '**mark.**']

aufmerkſam, *adj.* attentive, mindful, heedful, observant. [from aufmerken. 415.13*b*.]

Aufmerkſamkeit, *f.* -ten. attentiveness, attention. [from aufmerkſam. 409.II.3.]

aufmuntern, *v. N. tr.* cheer **up**, exhilarate, enliven, encourage, arouse, awaken. [auf and muntern.]

aufnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take **up**; take in, receive, admit; take, bear. [auf and nehmen.]

aufnöthigen, *v. N. tr.* force upon any one (*dat.*), compel any one to undertake *or* endure. [auf and nöthigen.]

aufopfern, *v. N. tr.* **offer up**, sacrifice, immolate. [auf and opfern.]

aufpacken, *v. N. tr.* **pack up**, put away. [auf and packen.]

aufpflanzen, *v. N. tr.* erect by **planting** in the ground, plant, set up, fix. [auf and pflanzen.]

aufraffen, *v. N. tr.* gather **up**, collect.—*refl.* pick one's self up, rise quickly *or* by an effort. [auf and raffen.]

aufrecht, *adj.* **upright**, erect. [auf and recht.]

aufregen, *v. N. tr.* stir **up**, excite, rouse, provoke. [auf and regen.]

aufreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear open, open with violence, rend, split. [auf and reißen.]

aufreizen, *v. N. tr.* stir **up**, provoke, incite. [auf and reizen.]

aufrichten, *v. N. tr.* set **up**, raise to an upright position, erect, uprear, set on end.—*refl.* get up, rise. [auf and richten.]

aufrichtig, *adj.* **upright**, sincere, candid, ingenuous; genuine, true, pure. [auf and richtig.]

Aufrichtigkeit, *f.* -ten. **uprightness**, straightforwardness, sincerity, candor. [from aufrichtig. 409.II.3.]

Aufruf, *m.* -fs, -fe. calling **up**, summons, invitation, appeal. [from aufrufen. 408.I.]

aufrufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* call **up**, summon. [auf and rufen.]

Aufruhr, *m.* -rs. **uproar**, tumult, riot, mutiny, insurrection. [auf and Ruhr.]

Aufſatz, *m.* -ſes, -ſätze. something **set** on, upper appendage; *hence*, joint (year's growth). [from aufſetzen. 408.I.]

aufſchäumen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* ḥ. foam **up**, rise and break in foam. [auf and ſchäumen.]

aufſchießen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **shoot up**, spring up, grow up rapidly. [auf and ſchießen.]

aufſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* set **up**, throw up, raise; throw open, open (as a book). [auf and ſchlagen.]

aufſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* unclose, open, unlock. [auf and ſchließen.]

aufſchmelzen, *v. N. tr.* **melt up**, dissolve. [auf and ſchmelzen.]

aufſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* cut **up** *or* open, rip up. [auf and ſchneiden.]

aufſchrecken, *v. N. tr.* frighten **up**, rouse with fear *or* alarm, startle. [auf and ſchrecken.]

aufſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ḥ. look **up**. [auf and ſehen, '**see.**']

Aufſehen, *n.* -ns, -n. **up**-looking; notice, surprise, stir, sensation. [infinitive of aufſehen. 340.3.]

aufſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set up** on something, put on; set up. [auf and ſetzen.]

aufſprießen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **sprout up**, spring forth, grow up. [auf and ſprießen.]

aufſpringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **spring up**, leap high. [auf and ſpringen.]

aufſproſſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **sprout up**, spring forth, grow up. [auf and ſproſſen.]

aufſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **stand up**, rise, arise, get up. [auf and ſtehen.]

aufſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. mount **up**, ascend, rise. [auf and ſteigen.]

aufſtellen, *v. N. tr.* set **up,** put up, raise, erect. [auf and ſtellen.]

Aufſtellung, *f.* -gen. setting **up,** erection, establishment; exhibition. [from aufſtellen. 408.III.8.]

aufſtreben, *v. N. intr.* h. **strive** *or* struggle **upward,** endeavor to rise, aspire. [auf and ſtreben.]

aufſuchen, *v. N. tr.* **seek** out, look **up,** hunt for, search after. [auf and ſuchen.]

auftauchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come up above the surface, emerge; come to view, arise. [auf and tauchen, '**duck.**']

aufthun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **do** open, open, unclose. [auf and thun.]

Auftrag, *m.* -gs, -äge. commission, charge, order, errand. [from auftragen. 408.I.]

auftragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry on to, lay on, impose (as a charge or commission). [auf and tragen.]

auftreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. step **up,** enter upon the stage, come forward, make appearance, appear, show *or* present one's self. [auf and treten, '**tread.**']

Auftritt, *m.* -ts, -te. stepping on, **tread;** entrance upon the stage, appearance, coming to view; *hence,* scene (of a drama). [from auftreten. 408.I.]

aufwachen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **wake up,** be aroused, awake. [auf and wachen.]

aufwallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. roll **up** (as a liquid *or* vapor), heave upward, swell, boil *or* bubble up. [auf and wallen.]

Aufwand, *m.* -ds, -ände. application of funds, expenditure, expense, cost. [from aufwenden. 408.I.]

aufwarten, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*) wait upon, attend, pay a visit of duty *or* ceremony to. [auf and warten.]

aufwärts, *adv.* **upward, upwards.** [from auf. 364.2.]

aufwenden, *v. N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* turn *or* apply to some purpose, employ, expend, devote. [auf and wenden, 'turn.']

aufwühlen, *v. N. tr.* root **up,** stir up from beneath *or* from the depths. [auf and wühlen.]

aufzählen, *v. N. tr.* count **up, tell** over, enumerate, detail. [auf and zählen.]

Aufzählung, *f.* -gen counting up, enumeration, detail. [from aufzählen. 408.III.8.]

aufziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **up;** bring up, raise, train, educate.—*intr.* ſ. move **up,** rise, appear. [auf and ziehen.]

Aufzug, *m.* -gs, -üge. drawing **up;** (drawing-up of the curtain: *i.e.*) act of a play; procession, parade, train, show. [from aufziehen. 408.I.]

Auge, *n.* -s, -en. **eye**s—**in die Augen fallen,** strike the eye. [E. **eye.**]

Aeugelein. *see* Aeuglein.

äugeln, *v. N. intr.* h. cast glances, **ogle.** [from Auge. 405.II.1.]

Augenblick, *m.* -ds, -de. (glance of the eye: *hence*) moment, instant, twinkling. [Auge (422.2*d*) and Blick.]

augenblicklich, *adj.* momentary, instantaneous, instant; immediate. [from Augenblick. 415.12*a*.]

Augenlied, *n.* -ds, -der. **eyelid.** [Auge (422.2*d*) and Lied].

Aeuglein *or* **Aeugelein,** *n.* -ns, -n. little **eye.** [from Auge. 410.1.]

aus, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **out,** forth; over, done with, finished;—forward, in front.

prep. (*with dat.*) **out** of, from; by; by reason of, on account of. [E. **out.**]

ausarten, *v. N. intr.* ſ. fall from the proper kind *or* sort, lose true character, degenerate, deteriorate. [aus and arten.]

ausbeſſern, *v. N. tr.* put in **better** condition, mend, repair. [aus and beſſern.]

ausbeuten, *v. N. tr.* win the profit *or* result from, work out, exploit. [aus and beuten.]

Ausbeutung, *f.* -gen. deriving of results, complete working out *or* working up. [from ausbeuten. 408.III.8.]

ausbilden, *v. N. tr.* shape **out,** complete *or* perfect the form of, develop, cultivate, improve. [aus and bilden, '**build.**']

Ausbildung, *f.* -gen. shaping-**out,** development, cultivation, perfection. [from ausbilden. 408.III.8.]

ausblaſen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* blow **out.** [aus and blaſen.]

ausbleiben, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. stay **out,** remain **out** *or* away; fail, be wanting. [aus and bleiben.]

ausbleiblich, *adj.* liable to fail *or* be wanting. [in unausbleiblich: from ausbleiben. 415.12*c*.]

ausbrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. **break out,** burst forth. [aus and brechen.]

ausbreiten, *v. N. tr.* spread **out,**

stretch out, extend, dilate, expand. [aus and breiten.]

Ausbruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. **out-break,** bursting forth. [from ausbrechen. 408.I.]

Ausdauer, *f.* holding out, persistence, perseverance, endurance. [aus and Dauer.]

ausdehnen, *v. N. tr.* stretch out, extend, expand. [aus and dehnen.]

Ausdehnung, *f.* =gen. extension, expansion, extent, dimension. [from ausdehnen. 408.III.8.]

ausdenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **think out,** devise, contrive, plan, EXCOGITATE. [aus and denken.]

Ausdruck, *m.* =cks, =ücke. EXPRESSION; phrase, term. [from ausdrücken. 408.I.]

ausdrücken, *v. N. tr.* press **out;** EXPRESS, signify by look *or* word, utter, word. [aus and drücken.]

ausdunſten *or* **ausdünſten,** *v. N. intr.* ſ. come forth as vapor *or* exhalation, exhale, EVAPORATE. [aus and dunſten.]

Ausdünſtung, *f.* =gen. exhalation, effluvium. [from ausdünſten. 408.III.8.]

auseinander *or* **aus einander,** *adverbial phrase*, forth from **one another,** apart, asunder.

ausfinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **find out,** trace out, discover. [aus and finden.]

Ausflucht, *f.* =üchte. **fleeing out,** escape by **flight;** EVASION, subterfuge, pretext, excuse. [aus and Flucht.]

Ausfluß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. **outflow,** discharge; place of outflow, outlet, mouth. [aus and Fluß.]

ausführbar, *adj.* capable of performance, practicable. [from ausführen. 415.1*b*.]

ausführen, *v. N. tr.* carry **out,** execute, accomplish, achieve. [aus and führen, 'lead.']

ausfüllen, *v. N. tr.* **fill out,** fill up, fully occupy. [aus and füllen.]

Ausgang, *m.* =gs, =änge. **outgo,** issue, event, result. [from ausgehen. 408.I.]

Ausgeburt, *f.* =ten. **out-birth,** production; abortion, spawn, imp. [aus and Geburt.]

ausgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go out,** proceed; eventuate, end; set out, intend, purpose. [aus and gehen.]

ausgenommen. *see* ausnehmen.

ausgießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* pour **out,** EFFUSE, spread. [aus and gießen.]

ausgleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* make equal *or* **like,** bring to an equilibrium, adjust, reconcile. [aus and gleichen.]

ausgleiten, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. **glide out,** slip, slide, lose footing. [aus and gleiten.]

aushalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold out** under, endure, bear, sustain, stand. [aus and halten.]

aushängen, *v. N. tr.* **hang out,** suspend to view, post up. [aus and hängen.]

aushauchen, *v. N. tr.* breathe **out,** EXHALE, expire. [aus and hauchen.]

ausheben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* lift *or* **heave out;** pick out, select, levy, raise by recruiting *or* conscription. [aus and heben.]

aushungern, *v. N. tr.* **starve out,** famish. [aus and hungern, '**hunger.**']

auskehren, *v. N. tr.* sweep **out,** sweep thoroughly, brush down *or* off. [aus and kehren.]

Ausland, *n.* =bs. the country **outside** our own, foreign **lands** *or* places. [aus and Land.]

auslaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let out,** give vent to, vent, **wreak;** leave **out,** omit. [aus and laſſen.]

auslaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run **out,** commence running, **start.**—*tr.* run **out** *or* to end, finish running, complete. [aus and laufen.]

ausleeren, *v. N. tr.* empty **out,** empty, clear, drain. [aus and leeren.]

ausliefern, *v. N. tr.* deliver up, make over, hand **out.** [aus and liefern.]

auslöſchen, *v. N. tr.* put **out,** extinguish.—*O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. go out, become extinguished. [aus and löſchen.]

ausnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take **out,** remove; EXCEPT, exclude:—**ausgenommen,** *past part. used absolutely, almost as preposition*, being excepted, excepted, EXCEPT.—*refl.* (distinguish one's self, appear as possessing certain characteristics: *hence*) look, seem, appear. [aus and nehmen.]

ausplündern, *v. N. tr.* **plunder** thoroughly, pillage, sack. [aus and plündern.]

ausrecken, *v. N. tr.* stretch **out,** extend, protrude. [aus and recken.]

ausreichen, *v. N. intr.* h. **reach out** (to the desired point), go far enough, be adequate, suffice. [aus and reichen.]

ausreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear **out,** pull out *or* away, drag asunder. [aus and reißen.]

ausrufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* cry **out,** call out, EXCLAIM, ejaculate; publish, promulgate. [aus and rufen.]

ausſaugen, *v. O*(III.4). *tr.* **suck out,** drain. [aus and ſaugen.]

ausſchlagen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *tr.* strike **out**, beat out; reject, refuse. [aus and ſchlagen.]

ausſchließen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* shut **out**, EXCLUDE. [aus and ſchließen.]

ausſchmücken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* adorn completely, deck **out**, decorate, embellish. [aus and ſchmücken.]

ausſchneiden, *v.* *O*(III.1). *tr.* out **out**, carve. [aus and ſchneiden.]

ausſchweifen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ḥ. roam abroad, rove wildly, digress; *hence*, go astray, be dissolute *or* EXTRAVAGANT. [aus and ſchweifen.]

Ausſchweifung, *f.* -gen. wandering from the right path *or* beyond due bound, EXTRAVAGANCE, excess, dissoluteness, debauchery. [from ausſchweifen. 408.III.8.]

ausſehen, *v.* *O*(II.1). *intr.* ḥ. look, appear, seem. [aus and ſehen, '**see.**']

Ausſehen, *n.* -ns, -n. look, appearance. [infin. of ausſehen. 340.3.)

außen, *adv.* on the **outside**, without: —**nach außen**, outwards, toward the exterior; **von außen**, from outside, from without. [from aus. 367.3.]

ausſenden, *v.* *N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* **send out**, EMIT, despatch. [aus and ſenden.]

außer, *prep.* (*with dat.*). **outside** of, **without**; **apart** from, without; except:—**außer ſich**, out of one's mind, beside one's self. [from aus. 367.3.]

äußer, *adj.* **outer**, external, EXTERIOR, **outward**; *as noun*, exterior, outside appearance.—**äußerſt**, *superlative*, **outermost**, **uttermost**, EXTREME, excessive, exceeding. [from aus. 139.2.]

außerdem, *adv.* **apart** from that, besides that, besides, moreover, in addition. [außer and dem, dat. of der. 365.2.]

außerhalb, *prep.* (*with gen.*). on the **outside** of, **without**, **outside**. [außer and halb. 365.1*b*.]

äußern, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **utter**, express, vent; disclose, manifest, intimate. [from äußer. 405.I.2.]

außerordentlich, *adj.* EXTRAORDINARY, remarkable, wonderful, unusual. [außer and ordentlich.]

Aeußerung, *f.* -gen. **utterance**, expression. [from äußern. 408.III.8.]

ausſetzen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **set out**, EXPOSE. [aus and ſetzen.]

Ausſicht, *f.* -ten. **outlook**, view, prospect. [from ausſehen. 408.II.1.]

ausſingen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **sing out**, sing to an end, finish singing. [aus and ſingen.]

ausſöhnen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* reconcile, make accordant, bring into peaceable relations. [aus and ſöhnen.]

ausſpeien, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **spit out**, spew forth. [aus and ſpeien.]

ausſprechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* **speak out**, utter, pronounce, articulate. [aus and ſprechen.]

Ausſpruch, *m.* -chs, -üche. utterance, expressed judgment, decision, sentence, award. [from ausſprechen. 408.I.]

ausſtehen, *v.* *O*(267). *tr.* **stand out** against, bear, endure, suffer. [aus and ſtehen.]

ausſtellen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* set **out**, EXPOSE, exhibit, set forth to view. [aus and ſtellen.]

ausſtoßen, *v.* *O*(II.4). *tr.* thrust *or* push **out**, drive out, expel, EXTRUDE. [aus and ſtoßen.]

ausſtrecken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **stretch out**, extend, protract, protrude. [aus and ſtrecken.]

austapeziren, *v.* *N.* *tr.* hang completely with **tapestry**, line with hangings *or* paper, hang, paper, line. [aus and tapeziren.]

austheilen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **deal out**, give out in shares, distribute; impart, dispense, administer. [aus and theilen.]

austreiben, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive out**, EXPEL. [aus and treiben.]

austrinken, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **drink out** *or* up, empty by drinking. [aus and trinken.]

ausüben, *v.* *N.* *tr.* exercise, practise; execute, commit, perpetrate. [aus and üben.]

auswachſen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. grow **out** *or* up, attain full growth. [aus and wachſen, '**wax.**']

ausweichbar, *adj.* avoidable, liable to evasion. [in unausweichbar: from ausweichen. 415.1*b*.]

ausweichen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. (*with dat.*). get **out** of the way of, make way for, evade, escape, avoid. [aus and weichen.]

auswerfen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* throw *or* cast **out**, EJECT, reject, emit. [aus and werfen.]

auswirken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **work out**, bring to pass, effectuate, procure by effort. [aus and wirken.]

Auswurf, *m.* -ſs, -würfe. act of throwing **out**; what is thrown out, out-

cast, offscouring, refuse. [from aus-werfen. 408.I.]

auszahlen, *v. N. tr.* pay **out,** pay down. [aus and zahlen.]

auszeichnen, *v. N. tr.* mark **out,** distinguish, signalize. [aus and zeichnen.]

ausziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **out,** drag forth, EXTRACT; undress.—*refl.* undress one's self.—*intr.* s. march **out,** move forth, remove. [aus and ziehen.]

auszischen, *v. N. tr.* hiss **out,** drive away with hisses, hiss violently at. [aus and zischen.]

Auszug, *m.* -gs, -üge. act of drawing **out** *or* extracting; something drawn out, EXTRACT; epitome, ABSTRACT; act of marching out, removal, departure. [from ausziehen. 408.I.]

Avaren, *pl.* **Avars** (a nomadic tribe).

Axt, *f.* äxte. **axe,** hatchet. [E. **axe.**]

Axtstiel, *m.* -ls, -le. **axe**-handle, helve. [Axt and Stiel.]

Azoren, *pl.* **Azores** (islands off South America).

Azteke, *m.* -en, -en. **Aztec.** [Mexican.]

Aztekenburg, *f.* -gen. castle *or* citadel of the **Aztecs.** [Azteke (422.2*d*) and Burg.]

Azur, *m.* -rs. **azure,** azure vault, blue sky. [from French (Persian).]

Azurgleis, *n.* -ses, -se. track through the **azure,** path in the sky. [Azur and Gleis.]

baar *or* **bar,** *adj.* **bare;** pure, unmixed; in cash, paid down. [E. **bare.**]

Bacchus, *m.* **Bacchus,** (*to the Greeks and Romans*) the god of the vine and of wine. [Greek.]

Bach, *m.* -ches, -äche. brook, rivulet.

Bächlein, *n.* -ns, -n. brooklet, little rivulet. [from Bach. 410.1.]

Backe, *f.* -en; **Backe** *or* **Backen,** *m.* -ns, -n. cheek, side. [E. **back.**]

backen, *v. O*(II.2). *or* (*in pret.*) *N. tr.* **bake;** fry; dry. [E. **bake.**]

Bad, *n.* -des, -äder. **bath.** [E. **bath.**]

baden, *v. N. tr.* **bathe.** [from Bad. 405.I.1.]

Bahn, *f.* -nen. path, pathway, road, track; course, career, orbit:—**Bahn brechen, break** path, clear the way.

Bahre, *f.* -en. **bier.** [from -bären, '**bear.**']

Bajonnet, *n.* -ts, -tte. **bayonet.** [French.]

balanciren, *v. N. tr.* **balance,** poise, maintain in equilibrium. [French *balancer.* 404.II.4.]

bald, *adv.* soon, shortly, quickly, presently:—**bald . . ., bald . . .,** now . . ., now . . ., at one time . . ., at another time . . . . [E. **bold** (originally 'quick, hasty, prompt, forward').]

baldig, *adj.* quick, speedy, early. [from bald. 415.9*d*.]

Balken, *m.* -ns, -n. beam, heavy piece of timber. [old E. **balk,** 'beam.']

Balkon' *or* **Balcon',** *m.* -ns, -ne. **balcony.** [French etc. *balcon*, originally 'scaffolding,' from Germ. Balken, 'beam.']

Ball, *m.* -les, -älle. **ball,** round body, globe, sphere. [E. **ball.**]

Ball, *m.* -les, -älle. **ball,** dancing party. [French etc. *bal*, from late Latin *ballare*, 'dance.']

ballen, *v. N. tr.* form into a **ball,** conglobate, double up together. [from Ball. 405.I.1.]

Balsam, *m.* -ms, -me. **balsam, balm.** [Greek.]

balsamisch, *adj.* **balmy, balsamic.** [from Balsam. 415.10*a*.]

Bambusstab, *m.* -bs, -äbe. **bamboo staff** *or* rod. [Bambus, '**bamboo**' (Malay word), and Stab.]

Band, *n.* -des, -de. **bond,** tie, fetter.—*n.* -des, -änder. **band,** ribbon.—*m.* -des, -ände. volume. [E. **band, bond:** from binden. 408.I.]

Bande, *f.* -en. **band,** troop, gang. [from binden. 408.II.2.]

bändig, *adj.* under restraint *or* control. [from Band. 415.9*a*.]

bändigen, *v. N. tr.* bring under restraint *or* control, restrain, control, subdue, tame. [from bändig. 405.I.2.]

bang *or* **bange,** *adj.* (*ä or a in comparison.*). anxious, worried, uneasy; apprehensive, fearful. *often in impers. combination* (292.4), **es ist** *or* **wird einem bang,** one is *or* becomes anxious, fearful. [probably related with Angst and enge, having be- as prefix.]

Bangigkeit, *f.* -ten. anxiety, worry, ununeasiness. [from bang. 409.II.3; 415.9*e*.]

Bank, *f.* -änke. **bank;** sand-bank;—**bench.** [E. **bank, bench.**]

Bann, *m.* -nes. **ban,** public denun-

ciation, proclamation of excommunication *or* outlawry. [E. **ban.**]

bannen, *v. N. tr.* put under a **ban**; exorcise, expel; shut up, confine. [from Bann. 405. I. 1.]

-bar, *suffix forming adjectives.* 415.1. [from -bären, '**bear.**']

bar. *see* baar.

Bär, *m.* -ren, -ren. **bear.** [E. **bear.**]

Barbar', *m.* -ren, -ren. **barbarian,** savage. [from Latin (Greek).]

Barbarei, *f.* **barbarity, barbarism,** savagery. [from Barbar. 410.2.]

Barbarofſa, red-beard (epithet of the emperor Frederick I.). [Italian, *barba rossa.*]

Barbero, *m.* -ros, -ri. **Barbary** horse, **barb.** [Italian word, with Italian inflection.]

-bären, *v. Ó*(I.8). *tr.* **bear**: *only found in* gebären *and in various derivatives.* [E. **bear.**]

Bärenmütze, *f.* -en. **bear**-skin cap, grenadier's hat. [Bär (422.2*b*) and Mütze.]

-barmen, *v. N. only in* erbarmen, pity. [for be-armen, 'regard as poor *or* unfortunate,' from arm, 'poor;' or from obsolete Barm, 'breast.']

barſch, *adj.* harsh, rough, brusque.

Bart, *m.* -tes, -ärte. **beard**: —*hence,* wards *or* bits of a key. [E. **beard.**]

Barthelemi. *see* Sanct Barthelemi.

bärtig, *adj.* **bearded.** [from Bart. 415.9*a.*]

Baſalt, *m.* -tes, -te. **basalt,** trap. [from Latin.]

Baſaltgebirge, *n.* -ges, -ge. **basalt** mountains, trap range. [Baſalt and Gebirge.]

Baſaltkeil, *m.* -les, -le. **basalt** wedge, wedge-shaped piece of basalt. [Baſalt and Keil.]

Baſaltſtück, *n.* -cks, -cke. piece of **basalt.** [Baſalt and Stück.]

Baſel, *n.* **Basle** (city in Switzerland).

Baſilisk, *m.* -lis, -ske (*or* -sken, -sken). **basilisk,** cockatrice (fabulous serpent, whose breath, and even look, was supposed to be deadly). [Greek *basiliskos,* 'little king,' from its crown.]

Baſtard, *m.* -bs, -be. **bastard,** illegitimate child. [from late Latin and French.]

Bau, *m.* -aues, -aue. building, structure, edifice;—working, cultivation, culture. [from bauen. 408. I.]

Bauch, *m.* -ches, -äuche. belly, paunch. [possibly related with biegen, beugen, 'bend.']

bauen, *v. N. tr.* build, construct;—labor upon, cultivate, till.

Bauer, *m.* -rs or -rn, -r or -rn. tiller of the ground, peasant, countryman, rustic. [E. **boor**: from bauen. 408. III. 4.]

Bauernkind, *n.* -bs, -ber. peasant child. [Bauer (422.2*b*) and Kind.]

Bauherr, *m.* -rn, -rn. building-master, overseer of public works, edile. [Bau and Herr.]

Baum, *m.* -mes, -äume. tree; **beam,** timber. [E. **beam.**]

baumartig, *adj.* tree-like, arboreous, arborescent, dendriform. [Baum and -artig. 415.15*f.*]

Baumaſt, *m.* -tes, -äſte. branch of a tree. [Baum and Aſt.]

Bäumchen, *n.* -ns, -n. little tree. [from Baum. 410.1.]

bäumen, *v. N. refl.* raise one's self upright (like a tree), rise on the hind feet, rear. [from Baum. 405. I. 1.]

baumleer, *adj.* empty of trees, treeless. [Baum and leer.]

baumlos, *adj.* **treeless.** [Baum and los. 415.15*a.*]

Baumſtamm, *m.* -mes, -ämme. **stem** *or* trunk of a tree. [Baum and Stamm.]

be-, *insep'ble prefix, forming compound verbs* (302; 307.2) *and denominative verbs* (405. III. 1*a*), *and a few adjectives* (416.1). [E. **be-**: from bei, '**by.**' 307.2.]

beachten, *v. N. tr.* heed, pay attention to, regard. [be- and achten.]

beängſtigen, *v. N. tr.* make anxious, cause uneasiness to, alarm, frighten. [from ängſtig. 405. III. 1*a.*]

beauftragen, *v. N. tr.* furnish with an errand, commission, send for a purpose:—**Beauftragt,** *past part. as noun,* person sent to execute anything, commissioner, messenger, agent. [from Auftrag, 'errand.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

bebauen, *v. N. tr.* work *or* build upon; cultivate, dress. [from bauen. 307. 2*a*, *c.*]

beben, *v. N. intr.* ♄. tremble, quiver, shake, thrill.

Becher, *m.* -rs, -r. **beaker,** cup, goblet. [from late Latin *baccharium.*]

Becken, *n.* -ns, -n. **basin.** [from late Latin *bacchinus.*]

Bedacht, *m.* -ts. consideration. [from bedenken. 408. II. 1.]

bedächtig, *adj.* considerate, deliberate, circumspect. [from Bedacht. 415.9*a.*]

Bedächtigkeit, *f.* -ten. considerateness,

deliberation, circumspection. [from bedächtig. 409.II.3.]

Bedarf, *m.* =fs. thing needed, necessity, requisite. [from bedürfen. 408.I.]

bedecken, *v. N. tr.* cover, envelop; screen, shelter, protect. [from decken. 307.2.]

Bedeckung, *f.* =gen. covering, envelop. [from bedecken. 408.III.8.]

bedenken, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **think** upon, consider, ponder, weigh in one's mind.—*refl.* **bethink** one's self, reflect. [be= and denken. 370.2.]

Bedenken, *n.* =ns, =n. consideration (as of something of doubtful issue or threatening aspect: *hence*) hesitation, doubt, scruple. [infinitive of bedenken. 340.3.]

bedenklich, *adj.* requiring to be considered *or* weighed, doubtful, critical, serious. [from bedenken. 415.12*c*.]

Bedenklichkeit, *f.* =ten. irresolution, doubtfulness; doubt, scruple. [from bedenklich. 409.II.3.]

bedeuten, *v. N. tr.* (point at: *i.e.*) signify, denote, indicate, mean; presage, portend. [be= and deuten. 307.2.]

bedeutend, *adj.* significant, full of meaning; important, of consequence, considerable. [pres. part. of bedeuten. 353*a*.]

bedeutsam, *adj.* significant, full of meaning. [from bedeuten. 415.13*b*.]

Bedeutung, *f.* =gen. signification, meaning; significance, importance:—**mit Bedeutung**, significantly, with intimation of special meaning. [from bedeuten. 408.III.8.]

bedienen, *v. N. tr.* serve, attend upon. [be= and dienen. 307.2.]

Bedient, *adj. used as noun.* servant, attendant; footman. [past part. of bedienen, in sense of a pres. part. 351.3*a*.]

bedingen, *v. O*(I.1). *or N. tr.* condition, make dependent (as a consequence) upon something (as its condition); stipulate, settle, engage. [be= and dingen. 307.2.]

bedingt, *adj.* conditioned, conditional. [past part. of bedingen.]

Bedingung, *f.* =gen. condition, stipulation, proviso. [from bedingen. 408.III.8.]

bedrohen, *v. N. tr.* threaten (any one with anything), menace. [be= and drohen. 307.2.]

bedrücken, *v. N. tr.* oppress, treat with severity *or* tyranny. [be= and drücken. 307.2.]

bedürfen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 251). *intr.* (*with gen.*). stand in need of, be in want of, need, lack, require. [be= and dürfen. 307.2.]

Bedürfniß, *n.* =ffes, =ffe. **need, want, necessity, necessaries** (*in pl.*). [from bedürfen. 408.III.6.]

Bedurft, *f.* need. [not in use; compare Durft: from bedürfen. 408.II.1.]

bedürftig, *adj.* needy, necessitous, in want, indigent, miserable. [from Bedurft. 415.9*a*.]

beeisen, *v. N. tr.* cover with **ice**, make **icy**. [from **Eis**, '**ice**.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beere, *f.* =en. **berry**. [E. **berry**.]

befangen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* [catch hold of: *i.e.*] imprison, shut in, hem in. [be= and fangen. 307.2.]

befangen, *adj.* prepossessed, prejudiced; embarrassed, impeded, confused. [past part. of befangen.]

Befehl, *m.* =ls, =le. command, order, injunction. [from befehlen. 408.I.]

befehlen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* commend, commit, entrust; command, bid, enjoin, order. [be= and =fehlen. 307.2.]

Befehlshaber, *m.* =rs, =r. one **having** command, commander, leader, chief. [Befehl (422.2*b*) and Haber.]

befestigen, *v. N. tr.* make **fast** *or* firm, **fasten**; strengthen, fortify. [from fest. 405.II.3; III.1*a*.]

Befestigung, *f.* =gen. **fastening, attachment**; fortification. [from befestigen. 408.III.8.]

Befestigungspunkt, *m.* =ts, =unkte. **point** where anything is **fastened**, place of attachment. [Befestigung (422.2*d*) and Punkt.]

befeuchten, *v. N. tr.* moisten, make wet. [from feucht. 405.III.1*a*.]

befeuern, *v. N. tr.* inflame, fill with ardor, incite, animate. [from Feuer, '**fire**.' 405.III.1*a*.]

befinden, *v. O*(I.1). *refl.* **find** one's self; chance to be; be (in respect to bodily condition, health, or the like). [be= and finden. 307.2*d*.]

Befinden, *n.* =ns, =n. bodily condition, state of health. [infinitive of befinden. 340.3.]

befleißen, *v. O*(III. 1). *refl.* (*with gen.*). apply one's self to, be industrious over, bestow diligence upon. [be= and fleißen. 307.2.]

beflügeln, *v. N. tr.* furnish with wings, wing. [from Flügel. 405.III.1*a*.]

befördern, *v. N. tr.* **further**, promote, advance, expedite, speed. [be= and fördern. 307.2.]

befreien, *v. N. tr.* make **free,** liberate, free, deliver. [from frei. 405.III.1*a*.]

Befreiung, *f.* =gen. setting **free,** liberation, deliverance. [from befreien. 408.III.8.]

befreunden, *v. N. tr.* **befriend**; make friendly:—**befreundet,** *past part. as adj.*, **friendly,** allied. [from Freund. 405.III.1*a*.]

befriedigen, *v. N. tr.* make peaceful *or* quiet, set at rest, content, satisfy. [from Friede. 405.II.3.]

Befriedigung, *f.* setting at rest, satisfaction, contentment. [from befriedigen. 408.III.8.]

befürchten, *v. N. tr.* regard with **fright** *or* apprehension, be afraid of, fear. [from Furcht. 405.III.1*a*.]

begaben, *v. N. tr.* bestow a **gift** *or* gifts on, endow, furnish:—**begabt,** *past part. as adj.*, **gifted,** well-endowed, talented. [from Gabe. 405.III.1*a*.]

begeben, *v. O*(II.1). *refl.* betake one's self, repair, resort. [be= and geben. 307.2*d*.]

begegnen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. (run **against**: *i. e.*) fall in with, meet; come upon, befall, occur to; treat, behave to. [from gegen, '**against.**' 406.]

Begegnung, *f.* =gen. meeting, interview; occurrence; treatment, reception. [from begegnen. 408.III.8.]

begehen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **go** about, occupy one's self with, perform; commit, perpetrate, be guilty of; perform ceremoniously, celebrate, solemnize. [be= and gehen. 307.2.]

Begehr, *m. or n.* =rs, =re. desire, craving; request. [from begehren. 408.I.]

begehren, *v. N. tr.* desire, wish for, long after, crave, covet; ask for, request. [be= and gehren. 307.2.]

Begehung, *f.* =gen. performance; commission; ceremonious performance, ceremony, solemnity. [from begehen. 408.III.8.]

begeiſtern, *v. N. tr.* put a spirit into, inspire; fill with animation *or* enthusiasm, inspirit, kindle. [from Geiſter, plural of Geiſt, '**ghost.**' 405.III.1*a*; I.1*a*.]

Begeiſterung, *f.* =gen. inspiration; enthusiasm, transport, ecstasy. [from begeiſtern. 408.III.8.]

Begeiſterungsflamme, *f.* =en. **flame** of inspiration, ardor of ecstasy. [Begeiſterung (422.2*c*) and Flamme.]

Begier, *f.* desire; *especially*, ardent *or* inordinate desire, greediness, lust. [from begehren. 408.I.]

Begierde, *f.* =en. desire, longing, greediness, lust. [from begehren. 408.II.1.]

begießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* pour liquid upon, shed something over, wet, water. [be= and gießen. 307.2.]

Beginn, *m.* =ns. **beginning,** commencement, origin. [from beginnen. 408.I.]

beginnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **begin,** commence, start upon; undertake. [be= and =ginnen. 307.2.]

beglaubigen, *v. N. tr.* (win **belief** *or* faith to: *i. e.*) establish as credible, attest, confirm, authenticate, accredit. [from Glaube. 405.III.1*a*; II.3.]

begleiten, *v. N. tr.* (give escort to: *i.e.*) accompany, go along with, escort, convoy, attend. [from Geleit, 'escort.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Begleiter, *m.* =rs, =r. one who accompanies, companion, attendant. [from begleiten. 408.III.4.]

Begleitung, *f.* =gen. accompaniment, company, escort, convoy. [from begleiten. 408.III.8.]

beglücken, *v. N. tr.* give happiness to, make happy, bless:—**beglückt,** blessed, fortunate, happy. [from Glück, '**luck.**' 405.III.1*a*.]

begnügen, *v. N. refl.* (do **enough** for: *i. e.*) content one's self, be satisfied. [from genug. 405.III.1*a*.]

begraben, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* bury, inter. [be= and graben, 'dig.' 307.2.]

begreifen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* (take hold upon: *i. e.*) COMPREHEND, comprise, include, contain; comprehend, apprehend, understand, conceive:—**begriffen,** occupied, busied; **begriffen in,** in process of, in the very act of. [be= and greifen, '**gripe.**' 307.2.]

begreiflich, *adj.* APPREHENSIBLE, comprehensible, conceivable, intelligible. [from begreifen. 415.12*c*.]

begrenzen, *v. N. tr.* form the limit of, bound, border, circumscribe, limit; set a limit to, limit, terminate. [from Grenze. 405.III.1*a*.]

Begriff, *m.* =fs, =fe. content; COMPREHENSION, conception, idea, notion:—**im Begriff,** in the very act (of something), on the point (of something). [from begreifen. 408.I.]

begründen, *v. N. tr.* furnish the **ground** *or* foundation of; found, establish; confirm, verify, prove. [from Grund. 405.III.1*a*.]

Begründer, *m.* -rs, -r. founder. [from begründen. 408.III.4.]

begrüßen, *v. N. tr.* **greet,** salute, hail. [from Gruß. 405.III.1*a*.]

begünstigen, *v. N. tr.* be favorable to, treat with favor, gratify, favor. [from günstig. 405.III.1*a*.]

behagen, *v. N. intr.* (*only used in 3d person*). please, suit, gratify. [be- and hagen. 307.2.]

Behagen, *n.* -ns, -n. pleasure, gratification, delight. [infin. of behagen. 340.3.]

behaglich, *adj.* pleasing, agreeable; comfortable. [from behagen. 415.12*c*.]

behalten, *v.* *O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold** on upon, keep, retain, maintain, preserve. [be- and halten. 307.2.]

behandeln, *v. N. tr.* **handle,** treat, manage. [be- and handeln, 'act.' 307.2.]

Behandlung, *f.* -gen. treatment, **handling,** management. [from behandeln. 408.III.8.]

behängen, *v. N. tr.* **hang** something upon, cover with hangings, hang. [be- and hängen. 307.2.]

beharren, *v. N. intr.* h. persist, continue, abide steadfast, maintain one's self. [be- and harren. 307.2*c*.]

beharrlich, *adj.* persistent, abiding, steadfast, constant. [from beharren. 415.12*c*.]

behauen, *v.* *O*(II.4). *tr.* **hew** into shape, form by cutting *or* chipping, hew, trim. [be- and hauen. 307.2.]

behaupten, *v. N. tr.* (make a **head** of, treat as a CHIEF thing: *hence*) maintain, hold fast to; maintain, assert, avouch, affirm. [from Haupt. 405.III.1*a*.]

Behauptung, *f.* -gen. maintenance; assertion, affirmation. [from behaupten. 408.III.8.]

behend' *or* **behen'de,** *adj.* **handy,** adroit, dexterous, nimble, agile. [from old German *bi hende, i.e.* bei der Hand, 'ready at **hand.**']

beherrschen, *v. N. tr.* reign over, govern, rule. [be- and herrschen. 307.2.]

Beherrscher, *m.* -rs, -r. ruler, governor, sovereign. [from beherrschen. 408. III.4.]

Beherrschung, *f.* -gen. rule, government, sway. [from beherrschen. 408.III.8.]

beherzt, *adj.* (furnished with **heart**: *i.e.*) COURageous, bold, daring, stout-**hearted.** [as if past part. of a verb beherzen (not in use), from Herz. 405.III.1*a*.]

behüten, *v. N. tr.* keep, preserve, guard, protect, watch over. [be- and hüten. 307.2.]

behutsam, *adj.* cautious, circumspect, on one's guard. [from behüten. 415.13*b*.]

bei, *sep'ble prefix and adv.* near, near **by, by, beside.**

prep. (*with dat.*) **by,** by the side of, near (*of place*);—at, in, with (*of place, time, and other relations*); at the house of, in the company of (French *chez*);—in connection with, along with, besides;—in case of, by reason of; in view of, considering; under penalty of;—notwithstanding, in spite of (*compare* dabei). [E. **by**: same with insep'ble prefix be. The original idea of nearness in place predominant in all the German uses; that of instrument or means (so common in English) appearing very sparingly.]

beide, *adj.* **both,** two, the one and the other:—*in the singular, used in neuter only, as substantive,* **beides** *etc.*, either, both, the one thing and the other. [E. **both.**]

Beifall, *m.* -ls. (accordance, assent: *hence*) approval, approbation, applause, acclamation. [from beifallen. 408.I.]

beifallen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *intr.* s. (**fall** in with in opinion: *hence*) assent, approve, applaud. [bei and fallen.]

beifügen, *v. N. tr.* (fit along with: *i.e.*) adjoin, annex, add, append. [bei and fügen.]

beigehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* s. **go** along with, accompany. [bei and gehen.]

Beil, *n.* -les, -le. axe, hatchet. [E. **bill** (cutting instrument, weapon).]

beilegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay by** *or* beside something, adjoin, add; attribute, ascribe, impute, give, bestow. [bei and legen.]

Bein, *n.* -nes, -ne. **bone**; *usually*, leg. [E. **bone.**]

beinahe, *adv.* **near** about, close *or* **nigh** upon, almost, nearly. [bei and nah.]

Beinchen, *n.* -ns, -n. little leg. [from Bein. 410.1.]

Beinkleid, *n.* -ds, -der. *esp. in pl.* (leg-**clothes**: *i.e.*) breeches, trousers, pantaloons. [Bein and Kleid.]

beisammen, *adv.* together, beside one another, in company. [bei and -sammen.]

Beispiel, *n.* -ls, -le. illustration, exam-

ple, instance. [bei and Spiel, 'narration, statement.']

beißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **bite,** crush *or* pierce with the teeth, gnaw. [E. **bite.**]

Beiſtand, *m.* ¨-bs. ASSISTANCE, aid, help. [from beiſtehen. 408.I.]

beiſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* (*with dat.*) h. **stand by** *or* beside: *hence,* ASSIST, support, aid. [bei and ſtehen.]

beiſtimmen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) h. (give one's voice in accordance with: *i.e.*) give assent to, accede to, agree with, fall in with. [bei and ſtimmen.]

beitragen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* h. (carry something to: *i.e.*) contribute, bear a share, help. [bei and tragen.]

beitreiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* (**drive** in: *i.e.*) gather in by force, exact, extort, collect with urgency. [bei and treiben.]

beiwohnen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) h. be present at, take part in. [bei and wohnen, 'dwell.']

bejammern, *v. N. tr.* bewail, lament, grieve over, deplore. [from Jammer, 'grief.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bekannt, *adj.* known; acquainted, familiar: — *as noun,* acquaintance. [past part. of bekennen, but with changed meaning. 351.3.]

Bekanntſchaft, *f.* -ten. acquaintance, knowledge, connection. [from bekannt. 409.II.6.]

bekehren, *v. N. tr.* turn to a better course, CONVERT, amend. [be- and kehren, 'turn.' 307.2.]

bekennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* confess, acknowledge, own; profess. [be- and kennen, '**know.**' 307.2.]

beklagen, *v. N. tr.* lament over, deplore, bewail; commiserate, pity. [be- and klagen, 'mourn.' 307.2.]

bekleben, *v. N. tr.* stick something upon, cover by sticking, paste on *or* over. [be- and kleben, '**cleave.**' 307.2.]

bekleiden, *v. N. tr.* put **clothes** upon, clothe, attire, dress, invest; occupy, fill (a post or office). [be- and kleiden. 307.2.]

Bekleidung, *f.* -gen. **clothing,** dressing, dress, attire. [from bekleiden. 408.III.8.]

bekommen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* (**come** upon, come **by**: *i.e.*) get, obtain, receive. [be- and kommen. 307.2.]

bekränzen, *v. N. tr.* put a wreath *or* garland upon, crown. [from Kranz, 'garland.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bekriegen, *v. N. tr.* make war upon, attack with an army. [from Krieg, 'war.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bekümmern, *v. N. tr.* afflict, grieve, trouble, concern. [from Kummer, 'sorrow.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beladen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* **load,** charge, freight. [be- and laden. 307.2.]

belaſten, *v. N. tr.* put a load *or* burden upon, burden, encumber. [from Laſt, 'burden.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beläſtigen, *v. N. tr.* be troublesome to, molest, importune, annoy. [from läſtig, 'troublesome.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beläſtigung, *f.* -gen. molestation, annoyance, vexation. [from beläſtigen, 408.III.8.]

belauſchen, *v. N. tr.* listen secretly to, play the spy upon, watch and surprise. [be- and lauſchen. 307.2.]

beleben, *v. N. tr.* **enliven,** animate, vivify, revive:—**belebt,** *past part. as adj.*, animated, **lively,** vivacious, sprightly. [from Leben. 405.III.1*a*.]

belegen, *adj.* **lying,** situated, placed. [past part. of beliegen, not in use. 351.3*a*.]

belehren, *v. N. tr.* give instruction to, teach, inform, instruct. [be- and lehren, 'teach.' 307.2.]

beleidigen, *v. N. tr.* do harm *or* offense to, injure, offend, insult, affront. [from Leid, 'harm.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beleidigung, *f.* -gen. offense, insult, affront. [from beleidigen. 408.III.8.]

beleuchten, *v. N. tr.* cast **light** upon, light up, illuminate. [be- and leuchten. 307.2.]

belieben, *v. N. tr.* like, be pleased with, wish, choose.—*intr.* h. *impers.* (*with dat.*) please, suit, be agreeable to:—**beliebt,** *past part. as adj.*, liked, **beloved,** favorite. [be- and lieben, '**love.**' 307.2.]

Belieben, *n.* -ns. liking, inclination, pleasure, will. [infin. of belieben. 340.3.]

belohnen, *v. N. tr.* reward, recompense, remunerate. [be- and lohnen. 307.2.]

beluſtigen, *v. N. tr.* make merry, amuse, divert, recreate. [from luſtig, 'merry.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bemerkbar, *adj.* worthy of **remark,** noticeable, observable, perceptible. [from bemerken. 415.1*b*.]

bemerken, *v. N. tr.* **remark,** observe, notice, note. [be- and merken. 307.2.]

bemerklich, *adj. same as* bemerkbar:—**ſich bemerklich machen,** cause one's self to be observed, attract the attention of some one. [from bemerken. 415.12*c*.]

bemühen, *v. N. refl.* give one's self trouble, take pains, exert one's self, endeavor, try. [from Mühe, 'trouble.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Bemühen, *n.* =ns, =n. exertion, effort, endeavor. [infin. of bemühen. 340.3.]

Bemühung, *f.* =gen. exertion, effort, endeavor. [from bemühen. 408.III.8.]

benachbart, *adj.* **neighboring,** situated near by. [past part. (351.3) of benachbaren, not in use, from Nachbar, '**neighbor.**' 405.III.1*a*.]

benehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *refl.* behave one's self, conduct. [be= and nehmen, 'take.' 307.2.]

Benehmen, *n.* =ns, =n. demeanor, deportment, behavior, conduct. [infin. of benehmen. 340.3.]

benennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* **name,** call, DENOMINATE, entitle. [be= and nennen. 307.2.]

benetzen, *v. N. tr.* wet, moisten, water. [be= and netzen, 'wet.' 307.2.]

benutzen, *v. N. tr.* turn to use *or* service, derive advantage from, profit by, avail one's self of, use. [from Nutz, 'advantage, use.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beobachten, *v. N. tr.* regard with attention, observe, heed, watch. [from Obacht, 'heed.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beobachter, *m.* =rs, =r. observer. [from beobachten. 408.III.4.]

beordern, *v. N. tr.* **order,** command, direct. [from Order. 405.III.1*a*.]

bepacken, *v. N. tr.* **pack** upon, load, burden, charge. [be= and packen. 307.2.]

bepflanzen, *v. N. tr.* **plant** upon, set with plants, plant. [be= and pflanzen. 307.2.]

bequem, *adj.* CONVENIENT, comfortable, commodious, easy:—**sich es bequem machen,** take things easily. [from bekommen (formerly bequemen), 'suit.' 416.1.]

berauben, *v. N. tr.* **rob,** deprive by force *or* injustice, despoil, plunder. [be= and rauben. 307.2.]

berauschen, *v. N. tr.* bring drunkenness upon, intoxicate. [from Rausch, 'intoxication.' 405.III.1*a*.]

berechnen, *v. N. tr.* **reckon,** calculate, compute, estimate. [be= and rechnen. 307.2.]

Berechnung, *f.* =gen. **reckoning,** computation, calculation. [from berechnen. 408.III.8.]

berechtigen, *v. N. tr.* (give the **right** to: *i.e.*) authorize, empower, entitle, warrant. [from Recht. 405.III.1*a*; II.3.]

Berechtigung, *f.* =gen. authorization, warrant, right. [from berechtigen. 408.III.8.]

bereden, *v. N. tr.* talk over, persuade, prevail with; talk about. [be= and reden, 'talk.' 307.2.]

bereit, *adj.* **ready,** prepared, in requisite condition for use *or* action. [E. **ready** : from =reit. 416.1.]

bereiten, *v. N. tr.* make **ready,** prepare;—*hence,* procure, obtain. [from bereit. 405.I.2.]

bereiten, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **ride** upon, ride over. [be= and reiten. 307.2.]

bereits, *adv.* already. [genitive of bereit. 363.3*d*.]

Berg, *m.* =ges, =ge. mountain, mount. [E. **berg** in *iceberg;* also **barrow,** 'sepulchral mound:' probably from bergen, 'cover, hide.']

bergen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* cover; *hence,* hide, conceal; put in security, save.

Bergesgeist, *m.* =s, =ter. mountain spirit. [Berg (422.2*b*) and Geist, '**ghost.**']

Bergeshang, *m.* =gs, =ge. mountain slope. [Berg (422.2*b*) and Hang.]

Bergeshöhe, *f.* =n. mountain **height,** summit. [Berg (422.2*b*) and Höhe.]

Bergeshöhle, *f.* =n. mountain cavern *or* grotto. [Berg (422.2*b*) and Höhle.]

Bergeslast, *f.* =ten. mountain load. (Berg (422.2*b*) and Last.]

bergetief, *adj.* of mountain depth, **deep** as mountains (are high). [Berg (422.2*d*) and tief.]

Berggruppe, *f.* =en. **group** of mountains. [Berg and Gruppe.]

bergig, *adj.* mountainous, hilly, broken. [from Berg. 415.9*a*.]

Bergjoch, *n.* =chs, =che. mountain-**yoke,** range of mountains. [Berg and Joch.]

Berglied, *n.* =ds, =der. mountain song. [Berg and Lied.]

Bergmann, *m.* =ns, =änner or Bergleute (100.2 *rem.*). (mountaineer: *hence*) miner. [Berg and Mann, '**man.**']

Bergmannslied, *n.* =ds, =der. miner's song. [Bergmann (422.2*b*) and Lied.]

Bergparallel, *m.* =ls, =le. mountain-**parallel,** *i.e.* a parallel of latitude described by mountains, an east and west range of mountains. [Berg and Parallel.]

Bergrücken, *m.* =ns, =n. mountain-back, country forming the **ridge** of a mountain-range. [Berg and Rücken.]

Bergthal, *n.* =ls, =täler. mountain-valley, **dale** *or* **dell** among mountains. [Berg and Thal.]

Bericht, *m.* =ts, =te. report, account,

relation, information, notice. [from berichten. 408.I.]

berichten, *v. N. tr.* report upon, give an account of, report, relate, give information about. [from recht, '**right**;' lit'ly, 'set in right light,' 'put in proper shape.']

beritten, *adj.* mounted, horsed, **riding** on horseback:—**leicht beritten,** light-mounted, as light horse. [past part. of bereiten, but with changed meaning. 351.3.]

berſten, *v. O*(I.3). *or N. intr.* ſ. **burſt,** crack, split, become shattered. [E. **burst.**]

berüchtigen, *v. N. tr.* make notorious, spread reports about, gain ill repute to: *very rare except in past part.*, **berüchtigt,** notorious, ill-reputed, ill spoken of. [from rüchtig, 'notorious.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beruf, *m.* -ſ§, -ſe. calling, VOCATION, office, employment, business. [from berufen. 408.I.]

berufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* call upon, summon, convoke.—*refl.* appeal (to something) as authority, refer for support. [be- and rufen. 307.2.]

beruhen, *v. N. intr.* h. rest *or* repose (as on something that underlies and supports), be founded, depend. [be- and ruhen. 307.2.]

beruhigen, *v. N. tr.* make quiet, pacify, appease, calm, assuage, compose. [from ruhig, 'quiet.' 405.III.1*a*.]

berühmen, *v. N. tr. and refl.* extol, fame, boast: *rare except in past part.*, **berühmt,** famous, renowned, celebrated. [from Ruhm, 'fame.' 405.III.1*a*.]

berühren, *v. N. tr.* touch, come in contact with, lay the hand upon. [be- and rühren. 307.2.]

Berührung, *f.* -gen. touching, contact. [from berühren. 408.III.8.]

Berührungsgefühl, *n.* -ls, -le. **feeling** of touching, sense of touch *or* contact. [Berührung (422.2*c*) and Gefühl.]

beſäen, *v. N. tr.* **sow** over, strew, scatter. [be- and ſäen. 307.2.]

beſänftigen, *v. N. tr.* make **soft** *or* gentle, **soften,** assuage, appease, soothe. [from ſanft. 405.III.1*a*; II.3.]

beſchädigen, *v. N. tr.* harm, hurt, injure. [from Schade, '**scath.**' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchaffen, *v. O*(II.2). *or N. tr.* create, produce; bring about, procure. [be- and ſchaffen, '**shape.**' 307.2.]

Beſchaffenheit, *f.* -ten. constitution, natural state *or* condition. [from beſchaffen, past part. of beſchaffen. 409.II.2.]

beſchäftigen, *v. N. tr.* busy, employ, occupy:—**beſchäftigt,** *past part. as adj.*, employed, occupied, busy. [from -ſchäftig, 'busy.' 405.III.1*a*.]

Beſchäftigung, *f.* -gen. employment, occupation, business. [from beſchäftigen. 408.III.8.]

beſchämen, *v. N. tr.* bring **shame** upon, make ashamed, abash, **shame.** [from Scham. 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchauen, *v. N. tr.* gaze at, view, contemplate, inspect, [be- and ſchauen, 'look.' 307.2.]

beſcheiden, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* deal out, allot, assign, appoint.—*refl.* limit one's self, be content *or* satisfied. [be- and ſcheiden, 'divide.' 307.2.]

beſcheiden, *adj.* (self-limited, not grasping *or* assuming: *hence*) discreet, modest, unassuming, moderate, humble. [irregular past part. of beſcheiden. 351.3.]

beſcheinen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **shine** upon, irradiate, illuminate. [be- and ſcheinen, '**shine.**' 307.2.]

beſchenken, *v. N. tr.* give presents to, present (with something), gratify. [be- and ſchenken, 'give.' 307.2.]

beſcheren, *v. N. tr.* (give as one's **share:** *i.e.*) bestow, grant, give, confer. [from Schar. 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchimpfen, *v. N. tr.* bring disgrace upon, dishonor, defame, asperse, insult. [from Schimpf, 'disgrace.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* line, bind, stud, cover. [be- and ſchlagen, 'strike' (307.2); lit'ly, 'fasten on by striking.']

beſchleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* steal upon, come furtively upon, take unawares, surprise. [be- and ſchleichen, 'crawl.' 307.2.]

beſchleunigen, *v. N. tr.* hasten on, accelerate, expedite, dispatch. [from ſchleunig, 'speedy.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* close, CONCLUDE, bring to a termination;—conclude upon, resolve, determine, decide. [from ſchließen, 'shut.' 307.2.]

beſchnüffeln, *v. N. tr.* **snuff** *or* **snuffle** at, examine by smelling. [from ſchnüffeln. 307.2.]

beſchönigen, *v. N. tr.* give a (false) beauty to, color, put a gloss upon, palliate. [from ſchön, 'beautiful.' 405.III.1*a*; II.3.]

beſchränken, *v. N. tr.* limit, confine,

bound, restrict. [from Schranke, 'limit.' 307.2.]

Beſchränkung, *f.* =gen. limitation, restriction. [from beſchränken. 408.III.8.]

beſchreiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* (write about: *i. e.*) **describe,** give a description of. [from ſchreiben. 307.2.]

Beſchreibung, *f.* =gen. **description.** [from beſchreiben. 408.III.8.]

beſchützen, *v. N. tr.* protect, shelter, defend, guard. [from Schutz, 'shelter.' 307.2.]

Beſchwerde, *f.* =en. trouble, molestation, difficulty, grievance; complaint. [from beſchweren. 408.II.1.]

beſchweren, *v. N. tr.* weigh down, burden, oppress, encumber, molest. —*refl.* make complaint, complain. [from ſchwer, 'heavy.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchwerlich, *adj.* burdensome, cumbrous, troublesome. [from beſchweren. 415.12*c*.]

Beſchwerlichkeit, *f.* =ten. troublesomeness, importunity; inconvenience, difficulty, hardship. [from beſchwerlich. 409.II.3.]

beſchwingt, *adj.* winged. [as if past part. of a verb beſchwingen, not in use, from Schwinge, 'wing.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſchwören, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **swear** to, confirm by oath; conjure, exorcise; ADJURE, implore, entreat. [be= and ſchwören. 307.2.]

beſeelen, *v. N. tr.* furnish with a **soul,** inspire, animate, enliven. [from Seele. 405.III.1*a*.]

beſeitigen, *v. N. tr.* set **aside,** put one **side** *or* out of the way, remove, settle, obviate. [from Seite. 405.III.1*a*; II.3.]

Beſen, *m.* =nš, =n. **besom,** broom. [E. **besom.**]

Beſenchen, *n.* =nš, =n. little **besom** *or* broom. [from Beſen. 410.1.]

beſeſſen, *adj.* POSSESSED (by an evil spirit), demoniac. [past part. of beſitzen.]

beſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **beset,** occupy, fill, garrison; trim, garnish. [be= and ſetzen. 307.2.]

beſiegen, *v. N. tr.* gain a victory over, vanquish, conquer, subdue. [from ſiegen, 'gain a victory.' 307.2.]

beſinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *refl.* bethink one's self, consider; recollect. [be= and ſinnen, 'think.' 307.2.]

Beſitz, *m.* =tzes. occupation, POSSESSION; property. [from beſitzen. 408.I.]

beſitzen, *v. O*(I.4). *tr.* occupy as owner, POSSESS, own, hold as property. [from ſitzen, '**sit**' (307.2); lit'ly, 'sit upon.']

Beſitzung, *f.* =gen. POSSESSION, property, estate, territory owned. [from beſitzen. 408.III.8.]

beſonder, *adj.* (set **apart:** *i.e.*) peculiar, special, singular. [from ſonder, '**sunder.**' 416.1.]

beſonders, *adv.* separately; especially, particularly. [genitive of beſonder. 363.3*d*.]

beſonnen, *adj.* considerate, thoughtful, circumspect, sober, prudent. [past part. of beſinnen.]

Beſonnenheit, *f.* =ten. considerateness, circumspection, discretion. [from beſonnen. 409.II.2.]

beſorgen, *v. N. tr.* care for, provide for; be in care *or* anxiety about:—**beſorgt,** *past part. as adj.*, anxious, solicitous, full of care (for *or* about something). [be= and ſorgen, 'care.' 307.2.]

beſorglich, *adj.* anxious, apprehensive, solicitous, full of care. [from beſorgen. 415.12*c*.]

Beſorgniß, *f.* =ſſe. care, anxiety, apprehension, fear. [from beſorgen. 408.III.6.]

beſpiegeln, *v. N. refl.* mirror one's self, behold one's reflected image, be reflected. [from Spiegel, 'mirror.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beſprechen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **speak** about, talk of, discuss. —*refl.* converse, confer. [be= and ſprechen. 307.2.]

beſprengen, *v. N. tr.* **sprinkle,** scatter water upon. [be= and ſprengen. 307.2.]

beſſer, *adj.* (*in comparative*, 139.1). **better.** [E. **better.**]

beſſern, *v. N. tr.* make **better,** improve, AMELIORATE. [from beſſer. 405.III.1*a*.]

beſt, *adj.* (*in superlative*, 139.1). **best.** [E. **best.**]

Beſtand, *m.* =bš, =ände. continuance, duration, maintenance. [from beſtehen. 408.I.]

beſtändig, *adj.* continuous, continual, CONSTANT, stable, steady. [from Beſtand. 415.9*a*.]

beſtätigen, *v. N. tr.* (make **steady:** *i.e.*) CONFIRM, establish, ratify, sanction. [from ſtätig. 405.III.1*a*.]

Beſtätigung, *f.* =gen. CONFIRMATION, ratification, sanction. [from beſtätigen. 408.III.8.]

beſtatten, *v. N. tr.* bury, inter. [from Statt, 'place,' '**stead**' (405.III.1*a*);

lit'ly, 'carry to one's (last resting-) place.']

Beſtattung, *f.* =gen. burial, interment, sepulture. [from beſtatten. 408. III. 8.]

beſtechen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* bribe, corrupt. [be= and ſtechen, 'prick.']

beſtehen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **stand** up to, not flinch from, go through with, endure, bear, undergo. —*intr.* ℌ. **stand** firm, PERSIST, last, endure; —CONSIST, be made up. [be= and ſtehen. 307. 2.]

beſteigen, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* mount upon, ascend, scale. [be= and ſteigen, 'mount.' 307. 2.]

beſtellen, *v. N. tr.* put in place, arrange, order; give order for, bespeak, order. [from Stelle, 'place.' 405. III. 1*a*.]

Beſtie, *f.* =en. **beast,** brute, creature. [from Latin.]

beſtimmen, *v. N. tr.* direct, order, appoint, determine, fix; destine, intend. [be= and ſtimmen, 'give voice.' 307. 2.]

beſtimmt, *adj.* fixed, determinate, definite, positive, certain. [past part. of beſtimmen.]

Beſtimmung, *f.* =gen. determination; determined office, destined use, intent, end. [from beſtimmen. 408. III. 8.]

beſtrafen, *v. N. tr.* visit with punishment, chastise, punish. [be= and ſtrafen. 307. 2.]

Beſtrafung, *f.* =gen. punishment, chastisement. [from beſtrafen. 408. III. 8.]

beſtrahlen, *v. N. tr.* beam upon, irradiate, light up. [be= and ſtrahlen.]

beſtreben, *v. N. refl.* exert one's self, endeavor, **strive.** [be= and ſtreben. 307. 2.]

Beſtreben, *n.* =nš, =n. endeavor, effort, exertion. [infin. of beſtreben. 340. 3.]

beſtreiten, *v. O*(III. 1). *tr.* contend against, combat, contest: *hence,* bear up against (expense), bear the outlay of. [be= and ſtreiten, 'contend.' 307. 2.]

beſtreuen, *v. N. tr.* **strew** over, scatter, spread. [be= and ſtreuen. 307. 2.]

beſtürmen, *v. N. tr.* take by **storm, storm,** assault, assail. [be= and ſtürmen. 307. 2.]

beſtürzen, *v. N. tr.* throw into perplexity, bewilder, stun, amaze, confound. [be= and ſtürzen, 'tumble' (307. 2); as if 'throw down headlong.']

Beſtürzung, *f.* =gen. consternation, bewilderment, perplexity. [from beſtürzen. 408. III. 8.]

Beſuch, *m.* =chš, =che. visit, visitation, frequenting; company. [from beſuchen. 408. I.]

beſuchen, *v. N. tr.* (**seek** for: *i.e.*) go to see, visit, frequent. [from ſuchen. 307. 2.]

betäuben, *v. N. tr.* make **deaf, deafen,** stun, stupefy, confound. [from taub. 405. III. 1*a*.]

Betäubung, *f.* =gen. **deafening,** confusion, stupefaction; complete quieting down. [from betäuben. 408. III. 8.]

beten, *v. N. intr.* ℌ. pray, offer prayer. —*tr.* utter in prayer, offer in supplication. [from bitten, '**bid,** ask': compare 404. I. 1.]

betheiligen, *v. N. tr.* give a share to, cause to take part.—*refl.* take a share, participate:—**betheiligt,** *past part. as adj.* (351. 3), taking part, interested, concerned. [from Theil, 'share.' 405. III. 1*a*; II. 3.]

betheuern, *v. N. tr.* protest the truth of, assever, assert, affirm, aver. [from theuer, '**dear.**' 405. III. 1*a*.]

bethören, *v. N. tr.* make a fool of, befool, delude, infatuate. [from Thor, 'fool.' 405. III. 1*a*.]

Betracht, *m.* =ts. consideration, account, regard, respect. [from betrachten. 408. I.]

betrachten, *v. N. tr.* dwell upon, consider, contemplate, survey, view, look at. [be= and trachten. 307. 2.]

beträchtlich, *adj.* worthy of consideration, considerable, important. [from betrachten. 415. 12*c*.]

Betrachtung, *f.* =gen. consideration, contemplation, examination, view. [from betrachten. 408. III. 8.]

betragen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* amount to.—*refl.* bear one's self, behave, conduct, DEPORT. [be= and tragen, 'bear.' 307. 2.]

Betragen, *n.* =nš, =n. bearing, DEPORTMENT, conduct, behavior. [infin. of betragen. 340. 3.]

betreffen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* come upon, befall, surprise; have to do with, concern, touch, be of importance to: *compare* **betroffen.** [be= and treffen, 'hit.' 307. 2.]

betreiben, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* **drive** forward, urge on, follow up, press; carry on, manage, transact, pursue. [be= and treiben. 307. 2.]

betreten, *v. O*(II. 1). *tr.* **tread** upon, tread, set foot on, follow (as a path). [be= and treten. 307. 2.]

betroffen, *adj.* struck with surprise,

taken aback, confounded, perplexed, puzzled. [past part. of betreffen.]

betrüben, *v. N. tr.* make sad *or* gloomy, deject, afflict, cast down, trouble. [from trüb, 'afflicted.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

Betrug, *m.* =ges. deceit, fraud, deception, imposition. [from betrügen. 408. I.]

betrügen, *v. O* (III. 3). *tr.* deceive, cheat, impose on, defraud. [be= and trügen, 'deceive.' 307. 2.]

Betrüger, *m.* =rs, =r. deceiver, impostor. [from betrügen. 408. III. 4.]

Bett *or* **Bette,** *n.* =tes, =te *or* =ter *or* (*usually*) =ten. **bed.** [E. **bed.**]

betteln, *v. N. intr.* h. ask alms, play the mendicant, beg. [related with bitten, 'ask,' and beten, 'pray.']

Bettler, *m.* =rs, =r. beggar, mendicant. [from betteln. 408. III. 4.]

Bettlerin, *f.* =innen. beggar-woman. [from Bettler. 410. 4.]

beugen, *v. N. tr.* cause to bend, **bow,** incline, humble. [E. **bow**: related with biegen.]

beugsam, *adj.* capable of being bent, flexible, pliant. [from beugen. 415. 13.]

beunruhigen, *v. N. tr.* make unquiet, disquiet, disturb, harass, trouble. [from unruhig, 'unquiet.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

beurtheilen, *v. N. tr.* pass judgment on, judge, estimate, weigh, criticise. [from Urtheil, 'judgment.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

Beurtheilung, *f.* =gen. judgment, estimate, critical examination *or* opinion. [from beurtheilen. 408. III. 8.]

Beute, *f.* **booty,** plunder, spoil, prey. [E. **booty.**]

Beutel, *m.* =ls, =l. small bag, money bag, purse.

beutelustig, *adj.* **lusting for booty,** eager for plunder, craving spoil. [Beute and lustig.]

beuten, *v. N. intr.* h. gain **booty** *or* spoil. [from Beute. 405. I. 1.]

bevölkern, *v. N. tr.* fill with people, people, populate. [from Völker, plural of Volk, '**folk.**' 405. III. 1*a*; I. 1*a.*]

Bevölkerung, *f.* =gen. population. [from bevölkern. 408. III. 8.]

Bevölkerungsgeschichte, *f.* =en. history of peopling, story of first settlement. [Bevölkerung (422. 2*c*) and Geschichte.]

bevollmächtigen, *v. N. tr.* bestow **full** power upon, authorize, empower, accredit:—**Bevollmächtigt,** *past part. as noun,* PLENIPOTENTIARY. [from Vollmacht, '**full** power *or* **might.**' 405. III. 1*a*; II. 3.]

bevor, *adverb and sep'ble prefix.* **before,** beforehand.

conj. **before** (*same as* ehe). [bei or be= and vor, 'in front of, **before.**']

bevorstehen, *v. O* (267). *intr.* (*with dat.*) h. **stand before,** be in prospect, impend, be imminent. [bevor and stehen.]

bevorzugen, *v. N. tr.* give the preference *or* advantage to, prefer, favor. [from Vorzug, 'advantage.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

bewachen, *v. N. tr.* **watch,** keep an eye upon, guard. [be= and wachen. 307. 2.]

bewaffnen, *v. N. tr.* furnish **weapons** to, supply with arms, arm. [from Waffen. 405. III. 1*a.*]

bewahren, *v. N. tr.* keep, guard, preserve. [be= and wahren. 307. 2.]

bewähren, *v. N. tr.* establish as true, VERIFY, confirm, certify, authenticate; show by trial, approve. [from wahr, 'true.' 405. III. 1*a.*]

bewegen, *v. O* (III. 5). *tr.* induce.—*N. tr.* move, stir, agitate; move to emotion, touch. [be= and wegen. 307. 2.]

Beweggrund, *n.* =bs, =ünde. (**ground** *or* occasion of motion: *i. e.*) impulse, impelling reason, motive, reason. [bewegen and Grund. 422. 3.]

beweglich, *adj.* movable, mobile; changeable, fickle. [from bewegen. 415. 12*a.*]

Beweglichkeit, *f.* =ten. movableness, mobility, capacity of motion. [from beweglich. 409. II. 9.]

Bewegung, *f.* =gen. movement, motion; agitation, disturbance; emotion. [from bewegen. 408. III. 8.]

Bewegungsconsequenz, *f.* =gen. concinnity *or* harmony of movement. [Bewegung (422. 2*c*) and Consequenz.]

Bewegungsgefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. **feeling** of motion. [Bewegung (422. 2*c*) and Gefühl.]

Bewegungsmechanismus, *m.* **mechanism** *or* machinery of motion. [Bewegung (422. 2*c*) and Mechanismus.]

Bewegungsreihe, *f.* =en. series of movements *or* motions. [Bewegung (422. 2*c*) and Reihe, '**row.**']

beweinen, *v. N. tr.* **whine** about, weep over, bewail, deplore. [be= and weinen. 307. 2.]

Beweis, *m.* =ses, =se. proof, evidence, demonstration. [from beweisen. 408. I.]

beweisen, *v. O* (III. 2). *tr.* point out, show, prove, evince, demonstrate. [be= and weisen, 'point.' 307. 2.]

bewilligen, *v. N. tr.* agree to, assent to, permit, grant, accept. [from willig, '**willing.**' 405. III. 1*a.*]

bewirken, *v. N. tr.* **work** out, bring about, effect, produce, occasion. [be= and wirken. 307.2.]

bewirthen, *v. N. tr.* play the host to, entertain as guest, receive with hospitality, regale. [from Wirth, 'host.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bewohnbar, *adj.* inhabitable. [from bewohnen. 415.1*b*.]

bewohnen, *v. N. tr.* dwell in, inhabit. [be= and wohnen, 'dwell.' 307.2.]

Bewohner, *m.* =rs, =r. inhabitant, dweller, occupier. [from bewohnen. 408.III.4.]

bewölken, *v. N. tr.* cloud over, overcast, obscure with clouds. [from Wolke, 'cloud.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bewundern, *v. N. tr.* regard with **wonder** *or* admiration, wonder **at**, admire. [from Wunder. 405.III.1*a*.]

bewundernswerth, *adj.* **worth** being admired, admirable. [Bewundern (422.2*b*) and werth.]

bewundernswürdig, *adj.* **worthy** of admiration, admirable. [Bewundern (422.2*b*) and würdig.]

Bewunderung, *f.* =gen. admiration. [from bewundern. 408.III.8.]

bewußt, *adj.* (*with accus.*, 229). CONSCIOUS of, conscious. [as if past part. of bewissen, not in use, from wissen, 'know.' 351.3*a*.]

Bewußtsein, *n.* =ns. act of being CONSCIOUS, consciousness. [bewußt and Sein, 'being.']

bezahlen, *v. N. tr.* pay for, discharge; pay, satisfy; pay out. [be= and zahlen, 'count, pay.' 307.2.]

bezähmen, *v. N. tr.* make **tame**, tame, reduce *or* keep under control, curb, govern. [from zahm. 405.III.1*a*.]

bezaubern, *v. N. tr.* bewitch, enchant, fascinate, charm. [from Zauber, 'magic.' 405.III.1*a*.]

bezeichnen, *v. N. tr.* put a sign *or* **token** upon, mark, denote; show by signs, signify, designate. [from Zeichen. 405.III.1*a*.]

bezeigen, *v. N. tr.* show, evidence, exhibit. [be= and zeigen, 'show.' 307.2.]

Bezeigung, *f.* =gen. exhibition, testimonial, evidence. [from bezeigen. 408.III.8.]

bezeihen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* (*with accus. and gen.*) accuse. [be= and zeihen. 307.2.]

bezeugen, *v. N. tr.* bear witness to, attest, certify. [from Zeuge, 'witness.' 405.III.1*a*.]

beziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw over; cover.—*refl.* relate, refer. [be= and ziehen, 'draw.' 307.2.]

Bezirk, *m.* =ks, =ke. **circuit**, enclosure; precinct, district; sphere, place of action. [from Zirf, Latin *circus*, '**circle**,' with prefix be=.]

Bezug, *m.* =gs, =üge. relation, reference, respect:—**in Bezug auf**, in relation to, as concerns. [from beziehen. 408.I.]

bezwingbar, *adj.* conquerable. [from bezwingen. 415.1*b*.]

bezwingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* subdue, vanquish, conquer, put down, place under restraint. [be= and zwingen, 'force.' 307.2.]

biegen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* **bow**, bend, curve, crook, inflect, arch; *of light*, refract. [E. **bow**: related with beugen.]

biegsam, *adj.* capable of being **bowed** *or* bent, flexible, supple, pliant, pliable. [from biegen. 415.13*b*. E. **buxom** is the same word, but with anomalously altered meaning.]

Biegsamkeit, *f.* =ten. flexibility, suppleness, capability of adaptation. [from biegsam. 409.II.3.]

Biene, *f.* =en. **bee.** [E. **bee.**]

Bier, *n.* =res, =re. **beer.** [E. **beer.**]

bieten, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* **bid**, offer, tender. [related with bitten.]

Bild, *n.* =des, =der. represented form *or* shape, image, effigy, picture.

bilden, *v. N. tr.* shape, form, make, build; frame, constitute; make shapely, cultivate, civilize. [from Bild. 405.I.1.]

Bilder, *m.* =rs, =r. maker, shaper, producer. [from bilden. 408.III.4.]

Bilderbuch, *n.* =chs, =ücher. **picture-book.** [Bild (422.2*d*) and Buch.]

Bildner, *m.* =rs, =r. shaper, maker; sculptor, image-maker. [from bilden, with er (408.III.4), and irregularly interposed n.]

Bildung, *f.* =gen. formation, creation; shape, figure, structure; civilization, culture. [from bilden. 408.III.8.]

Bildungsweise, *f.* =sen. style of civilization, mode of culture. [Bildung (422.2*c*) and Weise, 'manner, **wise.**']

billig, *adj.* suitable, reasonable, equitable, fair; low-priced, cheap.

billigen, *v. N. tr.* regard as reasonable, approve, allow, assent to. [from billig. 405.I.2.]

Billigkeit, *f.* =ten. reasonableness, fairness, justness; cheapness. [from billig. 409.II.3.]

bin, *from* ſein (239.2). am.

Binde, *f.* =en. something **bound** on, **band,** tie, fillet, **bandage.** [from binden. 408.II.2.]

binden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **bind,** tie, fasten, confine, join, cement. [E. **bind.**]

binnen, *adv.* **within,** in the interior.
prep. (*with dat., rarely gen.*) **within,** short of, **inside** of. [from innen, 'in,' with be=.]

Binnenwaſſer, *n.* =rs, =r. **inland sea.** [binnen and Waſſer, '**water.**']

Birke, *f.* =en. **birch**-tree, **birch.** [E. **birch.**]

bis, *adv.* (*qualifying adverbs of place and time, and prepositions,* 369.1) as far as, till.
prep. as far as to, all the way to, till, until, to.
conj. (*for* bis daß, 377), till the time that, till, until. [perhaps contracted from beizu.]

Bischen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **bit,** slight amount, trifle, little:—**ein Bischen,** a little bit, somewhat, slightly (*used in an adverbial way, and often written* bischen). [from Biß. 410.1.]

Biſchof, *m.* =fs, =böfe. **bishop.** [from Greek *episkopos,* 'overseer.']

bisher, *adv.* (as far as hither: *i.e.*) till the present time, hitherto, till now. [bis and her. 365.]

bisherig, *adj.* belonging to the time until now, hitherto existing. [from bisher. 415.9*d.*]

Biſon, *m.* =ns, =ns. **bison,** American buffalo.

Biß, *m.* =ſſes, =ſſe. **bite; bit.** [from beißen. 408.I.]

biſt, *from* ſein (239.2). art.

bisweilen, *adv.* once in a **while,** sometimes, now and then. (bis and Weile. 365.1*b*,2.]

Bitte, *f.* =en. request, prayer, entreaty. [from bitten. 408.II.2.]

bitten, *v.* *O*(I.4). *tr.* **ask,** request, beg of, solicit, pray (for something from). [related with bieten, '**bid,**' and beten, '**pray.**']

bitter, *adj.* **bitter,** sharp, stinging. [related with beißen, '**bite.**']

Bitterkeit, *f.* =ten. **bitterness;** asperity, sarcasm. [from bitter. 409.II.3.]

blank, *adj.* shining, bright, clean, polished; bare, naked. [from blinken, 'shine:' E. **blank** is the same word, through French *blanc,* 'white.']

Blaſe, *f.* =en. bubble; *hence,* blister: bladder. [from blaſen. 408.II.2.]

blaſen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *tr.* blow. [E. **blare blast.**]

blaß, *adj.* (a *or* ä *in comparison*). pale, colorless, wan.

Blatt, *n.* =tes, =ätter. **blade,** leaf; leaf of a book. [E. **blade.**]

Blattfläche, *f.* =en. leaf-surface, surface of a leaf. [Blatt and Fläche.]

Blättlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little leaf, leaflet. [from Blatt. 410.1.]

Blattſtiel, *m.* =ls, =le. leaf-stalk, stem of a leaf, petiole. [Blatt and Stiel.]

blau, *adj.* **blue,** azure. [E. **blue.**]

Bläue, *f.* =en. **blueness,** azure. [from blau. 409.II.1.]

bläulich, *adj.* **bluish,** somewhat **blue.** [from blau. 415.12*b.*]

Blei, *n.* =es. lead. [probably related with blau or bleich, from the color.]

bleiben, *v.* *O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. continue, stay, remain, be **left,** abide; *followed by an infin. without* zu, *in sense of pres. part.: thus,* ſtecken bleiben, remain sticking (343.I.6). [the b is the prefix be=: =leiben related with E. **leave.**]

bleich, *adj.* pale, pallid, colorless, wan, faded. [E. **bleak, bleached.**]

bleichen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *or N. intr.* h. grow pale *or* white, lose color, fade out, **bleach.**—*N. tr.* make pale *or* white, remove the color of, **bleach.** [from bleich. 405.I.2; 408.1*a.*]

bleifarbig, *adj.* lead-colored, leaden, livid, dun. [Blei and farbig, 'colored.']

Bleiglanz, *m.* =zes. lead-**glance,** sulphuret of lead, galena. [Blei and Glanz.]

blenden, *v.* *N. tr.* make **blind, blind,** dazzle. [from blind. 405.I.2.]

Blendung, *f.* =gen. **blinding,** deprivation of sight. [from blenden. 408.III.8.]

Blick, *m.* =ckes, =cke. glance of the eye, look. [from blicken. 408.I.]

blicken, *v.* *N. intr.* h. glance the eye, cast a look, look. [related with bleich, blinken, etc.]

blind, *adj.* **blind,** destitute of sight. [E. **blind.**]

blindwüthend, *adj.* **blindly** raging, with **blind** fury. [blind and wüthend, pres. part. of wüthen, 'rage.']

blinken, *v.* *N. intr.* h. gleam, glitter, shine; twinkle, **blink,** wink. [E. **blink.**]

Blitz, *m.* =zes, =ze. lightning. [related with blinken, blicken, etc.]

blitzen, *v.* *N. intr.* h. lighten; gleam,

glisten, coruscate, flash. [from Blitz. 405.I.2.]

blitzesſchnell *or* **blitzſchnell**, *adj.* quick as lightning, with lightning speed. [Blitz (422.2*b*) and ſchnell.]

Blitzesſchnelle, *f.* lightning-quickness, rapidity of lightning. [Blitz (422.2*b*) and Schnelle.]

Blitzſtrahl, *m.* ⁼ls, ⁼len. flash of lightning. [Blitz and Strahl.]

blöcken *or* **blöken**, *v. N. intr.* h. **bleat**, baa, low. [imitative word.]

blöd *or* **blöde**, *adj.* weak, weakly; *hence*, dim-sighted; of weak understanding, simple, imbecile; awkwardly timid, bashful, shy.

bloß *or* **blos**, *adj.* bare, naked, exposed; stripped, destitute; mere, simple: *very frequent as adverb*, merely, simply, solely.

blühen, *v. N. intr.* h. bloom, blossom, flower, **blow**; *hence*, flourish, shine, make a fine show. [E. **blow** ('blossom').]

Blume, *f.* ⁼en. flower, blossom, **bloom**. [E. **bloom**: from blühen.]

Blumenpracht, *f.* splendor of flowers, flowery magnificence. [Blume(422.2*d*) and Pracht.]

Blut, *n.* ⁼tes. **blood**; *hence*, race, lineage. [E. **blood.**]

bluten, *v. N. intr.* h. **bleed.** [from Blut. 405.I.1.]

blutgierig, *adj.* greedy for **blood**, bloodthirsty, murderous, sanguinary. [Blut and gierig.]

Blüthe, *f.* ⁼en. blossom, **blow**, flower; *collectively*, sum of blossoms, floriage, bloom. [from blühen. 408. II.1.]

blüthenreich, *adj.* **rich** in flowers, abounding in blossoms, flowery. [Blüthe (422.2*d*) and reich.]

Blüthenſcheide, *f.* ⁼en. flower-**sheath**, spathe enveloping blossoms. [Blüthe (422.2*d*) and Scheide.]

Blüthenſtaub, *m.* ⁼bes. flower-dust, pollen. [Blüthe (422.2*d*) and Staub.]

Blüthentheil, *m.* ⁼ls, ⁼le. part of a flower. [Blüthe (422.2*d*) and Theil.]

blutig, *adj.* **bloody**, gory, sanguinary; cruel, murderous. [from Blut. 415.9*a*.]

Blutſchuld, *f.* guilt of **blood**, capital crime. [Blut and Schuld.]

Blutſtrahl, *m.* ⁼ls, ⁼len. jet of **blood**, blood-stream. [Blut and Strahl.]

Blutſtuhl, *m.* ⁼ls, ⁼stühle. seat of **blood**, **stool** on which a criminal sits to be decapitated. [Blut and Stuhl.]

Blutverwandtſchaft, *f.* ⁼ten. relationship by **blood**, consanguinity. [Blut and Verwandtſchaft.]

Boaſchlange, *f.* ⁼en. **boa** snake, boa constrictor. [*Boa* (Latin) and Schlange.]

Bock, *m.* ⁼ckes, ⁼böcke. **buck**; *hence*, four-legged support, horse; *hence*, carriage-box, elevated **seat** for a driver. [E. **buck.**]

Boden, *m.* ⁼ns, ⁼n. **bottom**, underlying support; ground (under our feet; surface of the earth), soil; standing-place, platform; lowest part (of a thing, its) **bottom**; floor; *hence*, roof-floor, garret, attic. [E. **bottom.**]

bodenlos, *adj.* **bottomless**, unfathomable. [Boden and los. 415.15*a*.]

Bogen, *m.* ⁼ns, ⁼n. **bow**, bend, curve, arch, vault. [E. **bow**: from biegen, 'bend.' 408.III.3.]

Böhme, *m.* ⁼en, ⁼en. **Bohemian.** [from original Böheim, '**home** of the Boii, Bohemia.']

Boot, *n.* ⁼tes, ⁼te *or* böte (14.2). **boat.** [E. **boat.**]

Bord, *m.* ⁼bes, ⁼be. **board, border**, brim, edge. [E. **border, board.**]

bordiren, *v. N. tr.* furnish with an edge or brim, **border.** [from Bord. 405.II.4.]

Borke, *f.* ⁼en. **bark**, rind of a tree. [E. **bark.**]

Borkenſchmerz, *m.* ⁼zens, ⁼zen. pain in the **bark**, bark-ache. [Borke (422.2*d*) and Schmerz, '**smart.**']

Born, *m.* ⁼nes, ⁼ne. spring, well, fount. [E. **bourn**; Scot. *burn*: related with Brunnen.]

Börſe, *f.* ⁼en. **purse**, money-bag; exchange. [E. **purse**; from Greek, through Latin.]

Borſte, *f.* ⁼en. **bristle.** [perhaps from berſten.]

böſe *or* **bös**, *adj.* **bad**, evil, wicked, criminal; ill-intentioned, evil-minded, vicious, malicious; angry, vexed, out of humor. [E. **bad.**]

Böſewicht, *m.* ⁼tes, ⁼ter *or* ⁼te. villain, rascal, miscreant. [böſe and Wicht, '**wight.**']

Boshheit, *f.* **badness**, wickedness, malice, spite, anger, ill-temper. [from böſe (formerly also boſe). 409.II.2.]

Bote, *m.* ⁼en, ⁼en. messenger, one charged with an errand to some one. [from bieten, '**bid.**']

Botſchaft, *f.* ⁼ten. message; **news.** [from Bote. 410.7.]

Bourbonenhof, *m.* =fs, =bfe. court of the Bourbons. [Bourbon (422.2*d*) and Hof.]

Brand, *m.* =bes, =ände. burning, fire, conflagration. [E. **brand**: from brennen, '**burn.**' 408.II.1.]

branden, *v. N. intr.* h. break (as waves against the shore or other obstacle), surge. [probably from Brand, named for the boiling motion.]

Brandung, *f.* =gen. breaking (of waves), surging, breaker, surge, surf. [from branden. 408.III.8.]

braſilianiſch, *adj.* Brazilian. [from Braſilien, 'Brazil.' 415.10*d*.]

Brat, *n.* =tes. meat for roasting, flesh. [from braten. 408.I.]

braten, *v. O*(II.3). *or N. tr.* cook by direct exposure to fire, roast; boil, fry.

Braten, *m.* =ns, =n. roast meat, roast. [from braten. 408.III.3.]

Brauch, *m.* =ches, =äuche. usage, custom, established form. [from brauchen.]

brauchen, *v. N. tr.* use, employ, make use of; be in want of, need, want, find necessary. [E. **brook,** 'put up with, get along with': with meaning much altered.]

brauen, *v. N. tr.* **brew.** [E. **brew.**]

Braukeſſel, *m.* =ls, =l. **brewing-kettle.** [brauen and Keſſel. 422.3.]

braun, *adj.* **brown.** [E. **brown.**]

bräunen, *v. N. tr.* make **brown,** embrown. [from braun. 405.I.2.]

braungefärbt, *adj.* **brown-colored.** [braun and gefärbt, past part. of färben, 'color.']

braungefleckt, *adj.* **brown-spotted.** [braun and gefleckt, past part. of fleden, 'spot.']

braungelb, *adj.* **brownish-yellow.** [braun and gelb.]

brauſen, *v. N. intr.* h. move on tumultuously and noisily, go roaring, bluster, roar; *hence,* display impetuosity, be impetuous.

Braut, *f.* =äute. **bride** (*i. e.* in Germany, a person betrothed and not yet married). [E. **bride.**]

bräutlich, *adj.* belonging to a **bride, bridal,** nuptial. [from Braut. 415.12*a*.]

Brautſchatz, *m.* =tzes, =ätze. **bridal** treasure, dowry. [Braut and Schatz.]

brav, *adj.* excellent, gallant, worthy, admirable, manly, valiant, courageous, **brave.** [from French.]

brechen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **break**; *of light,* refract. [E. **break.**]

Brei, *m.* =es. broth, mush, pap, thick liquid food; *hence,* any thick liquid. [related to brauen, '**brew.**']

breit, *adj.* **broad,** wide. [E. **broad.**]

Breite, *f.* =en. **breadth,** width, latitude; LATITUDE (as measured by circles on earth's surface). [from breit. 409.II.1.]

breiten, *v. N. tr.* make **broad,** spread out, widen, extend, expand. [from breit. 405.I.2.]

Breitenzirkel, *m.* =ls, =l. parallel of latitude. [Breite (422.2*d*) and Zirkel, '**circle.**']

breitgeſtirnt, *adj.* of **broad** forehead. [breit and geſtirnt (351.3) from Stirne, 'forehead.']

breitmäulig, *adj.* **broad-mouthed.** [breit and mäulig, from Maul, 'mouth.' 424.5.]

brennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr. and intr.* h. **burn**; make by **burning.** [E. **burn.**]

Bret *or* **Brett,** *n.* =tes, =ter. **board,** plank; shelf; counter. [E. **board**: related to breit, '**broad.**']

Brief, *m.* =fes, =fe. letter, epistle; written document, paper, charter, **brief.** [from Latin *brevis,* '**brief,** short'; literally 'summary, abstract.']

brillant', *adj.* **brilliant.** [French, 'shining,' from *briller,* 'shine.']

bringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring,** fetch; convey, carry, conduct:—**einen um etwas bringen,** cause one to lose something (*lit'ly,* bring him around it, instead of to it). [E. **bring.**]

Britte, *m.* =en, =en. **Briton,** inhabitant of Britain.

Brocat, *m.* =ts, =te. **brocade.** [from Italian.]

brocaten, *adj.* made of **brocade,** brocaded. [from Brocat. 415.2.]

Brod *or* **Brodt** *or* **Brot,** *n.* =bes *etc.*, =be *etc.* **bread**; loaf of **bread.** [E. **bread.**]

brodähnlich, *adj.* like **bread,** resembling bread. [Brod and ähnlich.]

Bronnen. *same as* Brunnen.

Bruch, *m.* =ches, =üche. **breach,** rupture; fracture. [from brechen. 408.I.]

Brücke, *f.* =en. **bridge.** [E. **bridge.**]

Bruder, *m.* =rs, =üder. **brother.** [E. **brother.**]

brüderlich, *adj.* **brotherly,** fraternal. [from Bruder. 415.12*a*.]

Brüderſchaft, *f.* =ten. **brotherhood,** FRATERNITY, order (of monks). [from Bruder. 410.7*a,b*.]

Bruderſphäre, *f.* =en. **brother sphere,**

companion globe. [Bruder and Sphäre.]

brüllen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. roar, bellow, low.

brummen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. make a low and continued snarling *or* buzzing noise, growl, snarl, buzz, hum; grumble, show ill-humor. [imitative word.]

brummig, *adj.* growling, snarling, grumbling, peevish, cross, bearish. [from brummen. 415.9*b*.]

Brunnen *or* **Bronnen,** *m.* =ns, =n. well, spring, fountain. [related with Born.]

Brunnquell, *m.* =ls, =le. well-spring, fountain-head. [Brunn, for Brunnen, and Quell.]

Brunſt, *f.* =ünſte. **burning,** conflagration, heat, fervor, ardor, passion. [from brennen. 408.II.1.]

brünſtig, *adj.* hot, ardent, fervent, passionate, eager. [from Brunſt. 415.9*a*.]

Bruſt, *f.* =ûſte. **breast,** bosom. [E. **breast.**]

Brut, *f.* **brood,** bevy of young. [E. **brood,** related to *breed.*]

brüten, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **brood,** incubate, sit on eggs *or* over young: *hence,* sit idle, mope. [from Brut. 405.I.1.]

Bube, *m.* =en, =en. boy, youth; attendant, servant, vassal; *usually,* low fellow, coward, knave, villain.

Buch, *n.* =ches, =ücher. **book.** [E. **book.**]

Buche, *f.* =en. **beech-tree, beech.** [E. **beech.**]

Bücherhauf, *m.* =fs, =fe. **book-heap.** [Buch (422.2*d*) and Hauf.]

Büchſe, *f.* =en. cylindrical vessel, cylinder, tube, pipe, barrel (of a gun or the like). [E. **box**: from Latin (Greek).]

bücken, *v. N. tr.* stoop, bend over, bow, duck. [related with biegen and beugen.]

Bückling, *m.* =gs, =ge. ceremonious and awkward bow, bow and scrape, obeisance, reverence. [from bücken. 408.III.5.]

Bug, *m.* =ges, =üge. **bow,** bent, flexure, curve; shoulder, withers (of horses). [from biegen, 'bend.' 408.I.]

Bügel, *m.* =ls, =l. bent piece of wood *or* metal, ring, hoop, stirrup. [from biegen, 'bend.' 408.III.2.]

Buhle, *m.* =en, =en; *f.* =en. beloved, lover; gallant, paramour.

buhlen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. make love, woo, court, play the gallant. [from Buhle. 405.I.1.]

Buhler, *m.* =rs, =r. wooer, lover. [from buhlen. 408.III.4.]

Buhlernetz, *n.* =tzes, =tze. **net** for lovers, amorous snare. [Buhler and Netz.]

Bühne, *f.* =en. scaffolding; stage, scene, theatre; *hence,* sphere of action.

Bulgar, *m.* =ren, =ren. **Bulgarian.**

Bund, *m.* =bes, =ünde. **bond,** tie; league, union; covenant, agreement, compact. [from binden. 408.I.]

bundbrüchig, *adj.* covenant-**breaking,** faithless to agreement, forsworn. [Bund and brüchig (415.9*a*), from Bruch, 'breach.]

Bündel, *n.* =ls, =l. **bundle,** bunch, parcel. [from binden.]

Bundesgenoß, *m.* =ſſen, =ſſen. confederate, ally. [Bund (422.2*b*) and Genoß, 'companion.']

Bündniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. **alliance,** league, confederacy, covenant. [from binden, '**bind.**' 408.III.6.]

bunt, *adj.* many-colored, variegated, varied, mixed. [probably related with Bund, in the sense of 'combination of colors.']

buntgefleckt, *adj.* spotted with different colors, varied in color by spots. [bunt and gefleckt, past part. of fleden, 'spot.']

Bürde, *f.* =en. **burden,** charge, load. [from =bären, '**bear.**' 408.II.1.]

Burg, *f.* =gen. fortified place, stronghold, citadel, castle; fortified town. [E. **burg, borough**: from bergen, 'shelter.']

Bürger, *m.* =rs, =r. inhabitant of a town, **burgher,** citizen. [from Burg. 410.3*a*.]

Bürgerfreiheit, *f.* =ten. **freedom** of the citizen, civil liberty. [Bürger and Freiheit.]

Bürgerin, *f.* =innen. female **burgher** *or* citizen. [from Bürger. 410.4.]

bürgerlich, *adj.* belonging to a **burgher** *or* citizen, characteristic of civil life, civil. [from Bürger. 415.12*a*.]

Bürgerlichkeit, *f.* =ten. social *or* civil life. [from bürgerlich. 409.II.3.]

Burghof, *m.* =fs, =höfe. court of a castle, castle yard. [Burg and Hof.]

Burgkapelle, *f.* =en. castle **chapel.** [Burg and Kapelle.]

Burſch *or* **Burſche,** *m.* =ſchen, =ſche *or* =ſchen. fellow, comrade; *especially,* student. [related with Börſe,

'**purse**,' and originally signifying 'stipendiary' or 'mess-mate.']

Bürſte, *f.* =en. **brush.** [related with Borſte, '**bristle.**']

Buſch, *m.* =ſches, =üſche. **bush**, thicket, brushwood, tuft. [from late Latin *boscus.*]

Büſchel, *m.* =ls, =l. tuft, bunch, cluster, fascicle. [from Buſch.]

Buſen, *m.* =ns, =n. **bosom**, breast; bay, gulf. [E. **bosom.**]

Buße, *f.* =en. compensation for injury, amends, atonement, fine; penance, penitence, repentance. [E. **boot**, 'advantage, compensation:' related with beſſer, 'better.']

büßen, *v. N. tr.* make amends for, do *or* suffer in compensation of, expiate, atone for, suffer for.—*intr.* ℌ. atone, make amends, do penance. [from Buße. 405.I.1.]

Byzantiner, *m.* =rs, =r. man of Byzantium, inhabitant of Constantinople; coin of Byzantium, **byzant** *or* **besant.** [from Latin *Byzantinus.* 410.3*c.*]

Cacaogebüſch, *n.* =ſches, =ſche. **cacao** *or* chocolate **bush** *or* copse *or* thicket. [Cacao (Mexican word) and Gebüſch.]

Californien, *n.* =ns. **California.**

Canal, *m.* =ls, =äle. **canal, channel**; drain, sewer. [through French etc. *canal*, from Latin *canalis.*]

Cap *or* **Kap**, *n.* =ps. **cape.** [through French etc. *cap*, from Latin *caput*, 'head' (i.e. head-land).]

Capitano, *m.* =os. **captain.** [Italian.]

Capitol, *n.* =ls. **capitol.** [from Latin.]

Caricatur, *f.* =ren. **caricature.** [Italian, from *caricare*, 'overload, exaggerate.']

Carneval, *n.* =ls. **carnival**, festive week before the beginning of Lent. [Latin *carni vale*, 'farewell to flesh.']

Carnevalsabend, *m.* =bs, =be. **evening** in **carnival** time. [Carneval (422.2*b*) and Abend.]

Carnevalsmenge, *f.* =en. **carnival** crowd. [Carneval (422.2*b*) and Menge.]

caspiſch, *adj.* **Caspian.**

Caſtell', *n.* =ls, =le. **castle.** [from Latin *castellum.*]

caſuarähnlich, *adj.* resembling the **cassowary.** [Caſuar (an Eastern word) and ähnlich, 'like.']

Cereal', *n.* =ls, =lien. edible grain, grain, **cereal.** [from Latin *cerealis*, 'pertaining to Ceres (goddess of grain and tillage).']

Ceremonie', *f.* =ni'en. **ceremony.** [from Latin *ceremonia.*]

ceremoniös, *adj.* **ceremonious.** [from Latin *ceremoniosus*, French *cérémonieux.*]

Ceres, *f.* **Ceres**, (to the Romans) goddess of the fertile earth and of agriculture. [Latin.]

chaotiſch, *adj.* **chaotic**, belonging to chaos *or* a primitive period of confusion. [from Latin *chaoticus.* 415.10*b.*]

Charak'ter, *m.* =rs, =te're. **character**, disposition, dignity, type. [Latin word.]

charakteriſiren, *v. N. tr.* **characterize.** [from French *caractériser.* 404.II.4.]

Charakteriſtik, *f.* **characteristic**, distinctive trait; characterization, distinctive description. [from French *caractéristique.*]

charakteriſtiſch, *adj.* **characteristic**, distinguishing. [from French *caractéristique.* 415.10*b.*]

charakterlos, *adj.* destitute of **character**, wanting in force. [Charakter and los, '**-less.**' 415.15*a.*]

Charakterzug, *m.* =gs, =üge. trait of **character**, characteristic feature. [Charakter and Zug.]

Charybde, *f.* **Charybdis** (noted whirlpool in the straits of Messina). [Greek.]

Chaſaren, *pl.* **Chasars** (a nomadic race).

Chauſſee', *f.* =ſſe'en. high-road, **causeway.** [French word.]

Chauſſeebau, *m.* =aues. road-construction, building of **a causeway.** [Chauſſee and Bau.]

Cherub, *m.* =bs, =bim. **cherub.** [Hebrew word.]

Chiguire, *f.* =en. capybara (South American beaver-like animal). [native South-American word.]

chineſiſch, *adj.* **Chinese.** [from Chineſe, 'Chinaman.' 415.10.]

Chor, *m. or n.* =res, =öre. **chorus, choir**; group, crowd. [from Latin *chorus.*]

Chorgeſang, *m.* =ngs, =änge. **choir singing**; **song** by **a chorus.** [Chor and Geſang.]

Chriſt *or* **Chriſtus** (107). **Christ.** [Greek.]

Chriſt, *m.* ₌ten, ₌ten. **christian.**
Chriſtenheit, *f.* **christendom.** [from Chriſt (422.2*d*). 410.5.]
Chriſtenthum, *n.* ₌mš. christianity, **christendom.** [from Chriſt (422.2*d*). 410.8.]
chriſtlich, *adj.* **christian.** [from Chriſt. 415.12*a*.]
Chriſtus, *gen.* ₌ti, *dat.* ₌to, *acc.* ₌tum, *voc.* ₌te (107). **Christ.** [Greek.]
Cicisbe'o, *m.* ₌oš, ₌been. **cicisbeo,** gallant of a married woman, privileged escort, chaperon. [Italian word.]
Circulation, *f.* ₌nen. **circulation.** [French or Latin word.]
Circuš, *m.* **circus.** [Latin word.]
Cirkel *or* **Zirkel**, *m.* ₌lš, ₌l. **circle,** round. [from Latin *circulus*.]
ciſalpiniſch, *adj.* **cisalpine,** lying on the hither side of the Alps (with reference to Rome), Italian. [from Latin *cisalpinus*. 415.10*b*.]
Civiliſation, *f.* ₌nen. **civilization.** [Latin.]
Claſſe, *f.* ₌en. **class,** rank, order. [from Latin.]
Cocosnuß, *f.* ₌üſſe. **cocoanut.** [Cocos and Nuß.]
Colonie', *f.* ₌ni'en. **colony.** [from Latin.]
coloſſal', *adj.* **colossal,** enormous, gigantic. [from Latin.]
Compliment', *n.* ₌nts, ₌nte. **compliment.** [from Latin.]
Concordat, *n.* ₌ts, ₌te. **concordat** (treaty with the pope on ecclesiastical matters). [from Latin.]
Concordia, (*Latin word, meaning*) **concord.**
Confet'ti, *pl.* (*of confetto, Italian word*). **confects, comfits, confectionery**; mock sugarplums made of plaster.
confuš', *adj.* **confused,** perplexed, puzzled. [from Latin.]
Conſequenz', *f.* **consecution,** consistency. [Latin *consequentia*.]
Conſonant', *m.* ₌ten, ₌ten. **consonant.** [from Latin.]
Continent', *m. or n.* ₌ts, ₌te. **continent.** [from Latin.]
contraſtiren, *v. N. intr.* ℌ. **contrast,** stand opposed. [from French *contraster*. 404.II.4.]
Corde, *f.* ₌en. **cord.** [from Latin.]
Cordille're, *f.* ₌en. **cordillera,** high mountain-range. [from Spanish *cordillera*.]
Corſet', *n.* ₌ts, ₌tte. **corset,** stays, bodice. [from French.]
Corſo, *m.* **Corso** (a certain long street in Rome). [Italian word.]
Crocodil', *m. or n.* ₌ls, ₌le. **crocodile.** [from Greek.]
Cultur, *f.* **culture, cultivation**; civilization. [from Latin.]
Culturſtufe, *f.* ₌en. grade of civilization. [Cultur and Stufe, '**step.**']
Cultuš, *m.* **cultus,** religious worship and ceremony. [Latin word.]
Cybele, *f.* **Cybele** *or* Rhea (to the Greeks, the mother of the gods).
cylindriſch, *adj.* **cylindrical.** [from Latin *cylinder*. 415.10*b*.]
Cypreſſe, *f.* ₌en. **cypress.**
Cypreſſengeſtalt, *f.* ₌ten. **cypress**-like figure. [Cypreſſe (422.2*d*) and Geſtalt.]
Cypripedium, *n.* ₌mš, ₌bien. **cypripedium,** lady's slipper. [Greek.]

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d. = **daš**, in **d. i.**, **daš iſt**, that is; **d. h.**, **daš heißt**, that is to say.
da *or* **dar**, *adv.* **there,** then, at that place *or* time; under those circumstances;—(*with* ſein, be) on the spot, present:—*correlative after* **als**, **wo**, *etc.* (438.3*g*):—*sometimes expletive after a relative* (182.2):—*very often, in combination with a preposition, representing a case* (*dative or accusative, singular or plural*) *of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by that preposition* (154.2, 3; 166.4), *e.g.* **dabei**, **dafür**, **daran**, *etc.*; *see the different compounds.*
conj. (*relative*), when, as;—*in causative sense,* as, since, because.—*compounds of* **da** *and* **dar** *with prepositions are, less often, used in a relative sense, or as conjunctions, representing cases of the relative pronoun governed by those prepositions* (180), *e.g.* **daraus**, out of which, whence, **damit**, wherewith, in order that, *etc.* [compare **dar**, below; **dar** is the older form, and **da** its abbreviation; from the demonstrative root of **der**. 367.2*a*.]
dabei, *adv.* **thereby,** by it *or* them, by that *or* those (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* **bei**, *in all the senses of* **bei**: *compare* **da**); **by** *or* **near it,** in

connection with it, besides, at the same time, present; in view of *or* considering it; notwithstanding that, nevertheless. [da and bei. 365.3*b*.]

Dach, *n.* =chs, =ächer. roof. [E. **thatch**: related with decken, 'cover, **deck**.']

dadurch, *adv.* **therethrough,** through *or* by *or* by means of it *or* them *or* that (= *accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* durch, *in all the senses of* durch: *compare* da); by that means. [da and durch. 365.3*b*.]

dafern, *conj.* **so far as**; *hence,* in case that, supposing that, provided, if. [da (relative) and fern. 365.3.]

dafür, *adv.* **therefor, for** it *or* them *or* that (= *accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* für, *in all the senses of* für: compare da); for *or* on behalf of *or* in return for *or* instead of it *or* that. [da and für. 365.3*b*.]

dagegen, *adv.* **against** it *or* them *or* that (= *accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* gegen, *in all the senses of* gegen: *compare* da); against *or* over against *or* opposite *or* in return for it *or* that; in return, on the contrary, on the other hand. [da and gegen. 365.3*b*.]

daheim, *adv.* **there at home,** at home, in one's own house *or* place *or* country. [da and heim. 365.3.]

daher, *adv.* thence, from thence: *used with verbs of motion nearly as a separable prefix, adding the meaning of* hither from some point, *or simply* along;—*most often,* from that circumstance *or* cause, therefore, accordingly, so then. [da and her, 'hither.' 365.3*a*.]

dahin, *adv.* thither, to that place *or* time *or* condition:—**bis dahin,** up to that time, till then: *used with verbs of motion and a few others as a separable prefix, adding the meaning of* away *or* along.

conj. (= wohin, da *relative instead of demonstrative*), whither, to *or* toward which. [da and hin, 'hence.' 365.3*a*.]

dahinaus, *adv.* **out** thither. [da and hinaus. 365.3*a*.]

dahinfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* f. pass along, go on. [dahin and fahren, '**fare.**']

dahinleben, *v. N. intr.* h. **live** along, **live** on from day to day. [dahin and leben.]

dahinſtrecken, *v. N. tr.* **stretch** along. [dahin and ſtrecken.]

dahinter, *adv.* **behind** that, **there** behind (= hinter ihm *or* ihn *or* ihr *or* ihnen, *etc.*). [da and hinter. 365.3*b*.]

damals, *adv.* then, at that time. [da and Mal, 'time.' 365.1*b*.]

Dame, *f.* =en. lady, gentlewoman, **dame.** [French word.]

damit, *adv.* **therewith,** with it *or* that *or* them (=*dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* mit, *in all the senses of* mit: *compare* da); along with *or* at *or* by it *or* that.

conj. wherewith (= womit, da *having relative sense*); *hence, most often,* in order that, so that, to the end that. [da and mit. 365.3*b*.]

Damm, *m.* =mes, =ämme. bank of earth, mound, mole, dike, **dam.** [E. **dam.**]

=dammen, *v. N. tr.* *only used in* **verdammen, condemn, damn.** [from Latin *damnare.*]

Dämmer, *m.* or *n.* =rs. dim light, twilight. [related with E. **dim.**]

Dammerde, *f.* mould, loam, black **earth.** [Damm and Erde.]

Dämmerlicht, *n.* =ts. **twilight.** [Dämmer and Licht.]

dämmern, *v. N. intr.* h. grow *or* become twilight, dawn. [from Dämmer. 405. I.1.]

Dämmerung, *f.* =gen. twilight (of morning *or* evening), dawn *or* dusk. [from dämmern. 408.III.8.]

Dampf, *m.* =fes, =ämpfe. vapor, steam, mist, **damp.** [E. **damp.**]

dampfartig, *adj.* like vapor, resembling mist *or* steam. [Dampf and artig, from Art, 'manner.' 415.15*f*.]

dampfen, *v. N. intr.* h. send forth steam, rise as vapor, fume, smoke. [from Dampf. 405.I.1.]

dämpfen, *v. N. tr.* dull, dim, smother, take away the clearness of. [related with Dämmer and dumpf.]

danach. *same as* **darnach.**

daneben, *adv.* beside it *or* that *or* them (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* neben, *in all the senses of* neben: *compare* da).

conj. (da *relative instead of demonstr.*) beside which. [da and neben. 365.3*b*.]

Dänemark, *n.* =ks. **Denmark.** ['**Dane,**' and Mark, '**march,** border.']

Dank, *m.* -kes. gratitude, **thanks**, acknowledgment; recompense, reward. [from denken, '**think**,' as being a mental recognition of a favor received.]

dankbar, *adj.* **thank**ful, grateful. [from Dank. 415.1*a*.]

Dankbarkeit, *f.* -ten. gratitude, **thank**fulness. [from dankbar. 409.II.3.]

danken, *v. N. tr.* return **thanks** for, express gratitude about; owe with gratitude, acknowledge indebtedness for, owe.—*intr.* h. express gratitude, return **thanks** (to some one). [from Dank. 405.I.1.]

dann, *adv.* **then**, at that time; thereupon:—**dann und wann**, now and then. [from the demonstr. root of der. 367.2*a*.]

dannen, *adv.* *in* **von dannen**, from **thence**, thence. (from dann.)

dar = **da**, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **there.** *used instead of* da *as prefix of transitive verbs, and in combination with prepositions beginning with* n *or a vowel; and, in the latter combination, often shortened to* dr-. [from the demonstr. root of der. 367.2*a*.]

daran (*or* **dran**), *adv.* **thereon**, at *or* **on** it *or* that *or* them (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* an, *in all the senses of* an : *compare* da); to *or* **on** to *or* near it *or* that. [dar and an. 365.3*b*.]

darauf (*or* **drauf**), *adv.* **thereupon**, upon *or* on it *or* that *or* them (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* auf, *in all the senses of* auf : *compare* da); to *or* on to it *or* that, at *or* in it, toward *or* for *or* after it *or* that; *often*, upon that, thereupon, afterwards, then, next. [dar and auf. 365.3*b*.]

daraus (*or* **draus**), *adv.* **thereout**, out of it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* aus, *in all the senses of* aus : *compare* da); from *or* forth from it, by *or* by reason of it *or* that.

conj. (da *relative instead of demonstrative*). **out** of which, from which, whence. [dar and aus. 365.3*b*.]

darbieten, *v. O* (III.3). *tr.* offer, present, proffer, tender; afford, furnish. [dar and bieten, '**bid**.']

darein (*or* **drein**), *adv.* **thereinto**, **into** *or* to it *or* them *or* that (= *accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* in, *in the various senses of* in *with an accusative : compare* da); —**drein**, *in a general sense*, on, along, into *or* against anything:—**hinter . . . drein**, along after. [dar and ein. 365.3*b*.]

darf *etc. from* dürfen (251.3).

darin (*or* **drin**), *adv.* **therein**, **in** *or* **within** *or* at it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* in, *in the various senses of* in *with a dative : compare* da). [dar and in. 365.3*b*.]

darinnen (*or* **drinnen**), *adv.* **there within**, within, inside. [dar and innen. 365.3.]

darnach (*or* **danach**), *adv.* **thereafter**, after *or* toward *or* to it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* nach, *in all the senses of* nach : *compare* da); in accordance with it *or* that, in that manner. [dar and nach. 365.3*b*.]

darneben. *same as* daneben.

darob (*or* **drob**), *adv.* on account of *or* at it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* ob : *compare* da). [dar and ob. 365.3*b*.]

darreichen, *v. N. tr.* **reach** forth, hand out, present, furnish. [dar and reichen.]

Darreichung, *f.* -gen. act of **reaching** forth, presentation, furnishing. [from darreichen. 408.III.8.]

darstellen, *v. N. tr.* set forth, exhibit, display; represent. [dar and stellen.]

darüben (*or, usually*, **drüben**), *adv.* **over there**, over yonder, yonder, beyond, opposite. [dar and üben. 365.3.]

darüber (*or* **drüber**), *adv.* **thereover**, above *or* across *or* about it *or* them *or* that (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* über, *in all the senses of* über : *compare* da); on that point; over and above, besides. [dar and über. 365.3*b*.]

darum (*or* **drum**), *adv.* **thereabout**, around *or* for *or* respecting it *or* them *or* that (= *accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* um, *in all the senses of* um : *compare* da); *especially*, for that reason, on that account, therefore. [dar and um. 365.3*b*.]

darunten (*or*, *usually*, **drunten**), *adv.* **there** below, **under** there, down, below, beneath. [dar and unten. 365.3.]

darunter (*or* **drunter**), *adv.* **thereunder**, beneath *or* among it *or* them *or* that (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* unter, *in all the senses of* unter: *compare* da). [dar and unter. 365.3*b*.]

Daſein, *n.* -ns. being present, presence; existence, being. [da and ſein, 'be.']

daſelbſt, *adv.* there, in that very place. [da and ſelbſt.]

daß, *conj.* **that**; (*for* ſo daß) so that: —**daß . . . nicht**, lest. [from the demonstr. root of der; same as das.]

daſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* h. **stand there.** [da and ſtehen.]

Dattel, *f.* -ln. **date**, fruit of the date-palm. [from Latin.]

Dattelpalme, *f.* -en. **date-palm.** [Dattel and Palme.]

dattelreich, *adj.* **rich** *or* abounding in **dates.** [Dattel and reich.]

däuchen *and* **däuchten**, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. *impers.* seem, appear, seem to. [late and anomalous formation out of the old preterit däuchte of dünken.]

Dauer, *f.* **duration, endurance**, continuance. [from dauern. 408.I.]

dauern, *v. N. intr.* h. **endure**, last, abide, continue. [from Latin *durare*.]

dauern, *v. N. tr.* move to pity, make sorry, grieve. [related probably with theuer, '**dear.**']

Daum, *m.* -mes, -äume. **thumb.** [E. **thumb.**]

Daumnagel, *m.* -ls, -ägel. **thumb-nail.** [Daum and Nagel.]

davon, *adv.* **thereof**, of *or* from *or* by *or* respecting it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* von, *in all the senses of* von: *compare* da); thence, **away**, off. [da and von. 365.3*b*.]

davonlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run away, make one's escape. [davon and laufen.]

davor, *adv.* **before** *or* in front of *or* **for** *or* because of *or* from it *or* them *or* that (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* vor, *in all the senses of* vor: *compare* da). [da and vor. 365.3*b*.]

dazu, *adv.* **thereto**, to *or* for *or* at it *or* them *or* that (= *dative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* zu, *in all the senses of* zu: *compare* da); in addition, besides, moreover; for that purpose, to that end. [da and zu. 365.3*b*.]

dazwiſchen, *adv.* **between** *or* among *or* in the midst of it *or* them *or* that (= *dative or accusative of a personal or demonstrative pronoun governed by* zwiſchen, *in all the senses of* zwiſchen: *compare* da). [da and zwiſchen. 365.3*b*.]

Decke, *f.* -en. cover, covering, coverlet; ceiling. [from decken. 408.II.2.]

Deckel, *m.* -ls, -l. cover (of a box or the like), lid. [from decken. 408.III.2.]

decken, *v. N. tr.* cover; **deck.** [related with Dach, 'roof.']

declamiren, *v. N. intr.* h. **declaim**, harangue, speak in a set *or* rhetorical manner. [from French *déclamer*. 404.II.4.]

Defenſivwaffe, *f.* -en. **defensive weapon.** [defenſiv (Latin) and Waffe.]

Degen, *m.* -ns, -n. sword. [related with E. **dagg**er.]

dehnen, *v. N. tr.* stretch, extend, lengthen. [related with dünn, '**thin.**']

Dehnung, *f.* -gen. stretching, extension; extent. [from dehnen. 408.III.8.]

Deichſel, *f.* -ln. pole (of a wagon), thill, shaft. [perhaps related with **thill.**]

-deihen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* thrive: *only used in* **gedeihen.**

dein, *poss. adj.* **thy, thine.** [from root of du, '**thou.**']

dein *or* **deiner**. *genitive of* du, **thou** (151).

deinig, *poss. adj.* (*always preceded by article.* 159.5). **thy, thine.** [from dein. 415.9*c*.]

Delta, *n.* -as, -as. **delta**, triangular tract of flat land between the mouths of a river. [name of the Greek letter Δ.]

Demeter, *f.* Ceres (goddess of the fertile earth and of agriculture). [Greek.]

Demuth, *f.* submissiveness, lowliness of mind, humility. [from *deo*, old word for 'servant, slave,' and Muth, '**mood.**']

demüthig, *adj.* submissive, of low mind, humble. [from Demuth. 415.9*a*.]

demüthigen, *v. N. tr.* make submis-

sive, humiliate, humble, bring low. [from demüthig. 405.I.2.]

Demüthigung, *f.* -gen. humbling, humiliation, abasement. [from demüthigen. 408.III.8.]

denken, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr. or intr.* (*with gen.*) h. **think**; think of, call to mind, reflect upon, remember; form an idea of, conceive, imagine; be of opinion, believe:—*with* zu *and an infin.*, intend, expect. [E. **think.**]

Denkmal, *n.* -ls, -le *or* -äler. monument, memorial. [denken and Mal, 'mark.' 422.3.]

denkwürdig, *adj.* **worthy of thought,** memorable, notable. [denken and würdig. 424.4.]

denn, *adv.* **then,** in that case, this being so (*not at beginning of clause, where in this sense* dann *would be used; but with less emphasis, parenthetically*):—else (331.1*e*).

conj. after a comparative (*for* als), **than**; *oftenest, at beginning of a clause*, for. [from the demonstrative root of der. 367.2*a*.]

dennoch, *conj.* even in that case, in spite of that, notwithstanding, nevertheless, yet. [denn and noch, 'yet.']

der, die, das, *demonst. pron. and adj.* (164; 166; 171). this *or* this one, **that** *or* that one, *etc.*; *as emphatic pers. pron.*, he, she, it, they, *etc.*

def. article (63–67). **the.**

rel. pron. (178). who, which, **that**: *rarely, as compound rel.* (179.3), he who, that which, *etc.* [E. **that** (= das), **the.**]

derben, *v. O* (I.3). *intr. or N. tr.*: *only used in* **verderben.**

dereinst, *adv.* some day (*usually*, in the future), at some time to come. [der and einst, '**once.**']

dereinstens, *adv. same as* dereinst.

dergestalt, *adv.* in such shape *or* manner, of such kind, so. [for der Gestalt, 'of that shape.' 365.1.]

dergleichen (*properly* der gleichen, *gen. pl.*, of the **like**: *now used as indeclinable adjective or pronoun*), such, such like, the like, the likes of that.

derjenige, diejenige, dasjenige, *determ. adj. and pron.* (168). that *or* that one, those. [der and jenig, '**yon.**']

derselbe, dieselbe, dasselbe, *determ. adj. and pron.* the **self**same *or* same; he, she, it, they, *etc.* (171). [der and selb. 169.]

derselbige, dieselbige, dasselbige. *same as* derselbe *etc.* (169.3).

desgleichen, *adv.* in **like** manner, after the same fashion, **like**wise. [adverbial genitive of der gleiche, '**the like**s' compare dergleichen.]

deshalb *or* **deßhalb,** *adv. or conj.* (385). on that account, for that reason, therefore. [des (gen. sing.) and halb, 'because of' (from Halb, 'side'). 365.2.]

dessentwillen *in* **um dessentwillen,** for the sake of which, because of which. [from dessen, gen. sing. (with irregularly added t: compare 152.2), and um . . . willen, 'because of.' 365.2.]

desto, *adv.* so much the (*before a comparative*); je . . . , desto . . . (*each word followed by a comparative*), the . . . , the . . . . [contracted from *des diu*, old genitive and instrumental of der.]

desungeachtet *or* (*more usually*) **dessenungeachtet,** *adv. or conj.* in spite of that, notwithstanding, nevertheless. [dessen, gen. sing., and ungeachtet. 365.2.]

deswegen *or* **deßwegen,** *adv. or conj.* (385). because of that, therefore. [des, gen. sing., and wegen, 'because of.' 365.2.]

deuten, *v. N. intr.* h. point, give an indication *or* sign.—*tr.* point at *or* out, give a sign for; *hence, usually*, show the significance of, interpret, explain; give a meaning to.

-deutig, *adj.* (*only used in composition*). significant, meaning. [from deuten. 415.9*b*.]

deutlich, *adj.* plain, evident, clear, distinct. [from deuten. 415.12*c*.]

Deutlichkeit, *f.* -ten. plainness, clearness, distinctness. [from deutlich. 409.II.3.]

deutsch, *adj.* German:—*as noun*, a German. [E. **Dutch**, to which we have given the restricted meaning of 'Low-German' (niederdeutsch).]

Deutsch, *n.* German language. [from deutsch. 129.4.]

Deutschland, *n.* -ds. Germany. [deutsch and Land, '**land.**']

d. i. = **das ist, that is,** that is to say, i.e.

Diadem, *n.* -ms, -me. **diadem.** [Greek.]

Diamant, *m.* -ten, -ten. **diamond.** [from Greek.]

diamanten, *adj.* of **diamond,** diamantine. [from Diamant. 415.2.]

dich. *accusative of* du, **thou** (151).

dicht, *adj.* close, dense, **thick**, compact, solid. [related with dic, '**thick**:' from -beißen.]

dichten, *v. N. tr.* produce as the result of thinking, compose as author (especially as poet), invent, devise. [related with denken, '**think**;' or else from Latin *dictare*, '**dictate.**']

Dichter, *m.* -rs, -r. poet. [from dicht-]

dichtgedrängt, *adj.* closely crowded, **thickly thronged.** [dicht and gedrängt, past part. of drängen. ten. 408. III. 4.]

Dichtung, *f.* -gen. poetry, poesy, mental invention. [from dichten. 408. III. 8.]

dick, *adj.* **thick**, stout, corpulent, fat, bulky, big. [from -beihen, 'thrive.']

Dickicht, *n.* -ts, -te. **thicket**, close growth of trees and bushes. [from dick. 409. II. 9.]

dickleibig, *adj.* **thick**-bodied, corpulent, gross. [dick and leibig, from Leib, 'body.' 424. 5.]

Dieb, *m.* -bes, -be. **thief.** [E. **thief.**]

dienen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) h. serve, be of service to, be useful to; do service as one engaged *or* hired (*servant, soldier, etc.*); serve a purpose, answer an end.

Diener, *m.* -rs, -r. servant, attendant, varlet. [from dienen. 408. III. 4.]

Dienergefolge, *n.* -ges, -ge. train *or* suite of servants. [Diener and Gefolge, '**following.**']

Dienſt, *m.* -ſtes, -ſte. service; employment. [from dienen. 408. II. 1.]

Dienſtmädchen, *n.* -ns, -n. servant girl, serving **maid.** [Dienſt and Mädchen.]

dies (dieſer, dieſe, dieſes, *etc.*), *demonstr. adj. and pron.* (165–6). **this** *or* that, **this** one *or* that one; the latter. [E. **this, these, those.**]

diesmal *or* **dießmal**, *adv.* **this** time. [dies or dieß (for dieſes, 165), and Mal, 'time.' 365. 1.]

Ding, *n.* -ges, -ge (*or* -ger). **thing**:—guter Dinge, of good cheer, in good spirits. [E. **thing.**]

dingen, *v. O* (L 1). *or N. tr.* condition; enter into conditions with, agree about *or* with, engage, hire. [from Ding. 405. I. 1.]

dir. *dative of* du, **thou** (151).

Dirne, *f.* -en. girl, lass, wench, hussy. [related with dienen.]

Diſtel, *f.* -ln. **thistle.** [E. **thistle.**]

Diſtelſaft, *m.* -ts, -ſafte. **thistle**-juice. [Diſtel and Saft, '**sap.**']

Dithyrambe, *f.* -en. **dithyrambic** song, free *or* enthusiastic ode. [Greek.]

doch, *adv. or conj.* **though,** yet, nevertheless, however; after all, at any rate; surely, doubtless, is it not so?—*sometimes simply* but (385. 5*c*): —*to an imperative or optative, adds a tone of stronger entreaty* (*like our* "do"):—*usually following the verb in an emphatic inverted sentence* (431*g*). [E. **though,** with which word (if put in at the right place and uttered with the right tone) it may in almost every instance be rendered.]

Doc'tor, *m.* -rs, -to'ren. **doctor.** [Latin.]

Document, *n.* -ts, -te. **document**; record, voucher. [Latin.]

Dolch, *m.* -ches, -che. dagger, dirk, poniard. [perhaps related with E. *dirk.*]

Dom, *m.* -mes, -me. cathedral; **dome,** cupola. [from Latin *domus*, 'house.']

Donau, *f.* Danube (river).

Donner, *m.* -rs, -r. **thunder.** [E. **thunder.**]

donnern, *v. N. intr.* h. **thunder.** [from Donner. 405. I. 1.]

Donnergang, *m.* -ges, -gange. step of **thunder, thundering** tramp. [Donner and Gang, 'walk.']

Donnerkeil, *m.* -ls, -le. **thunderbolt.** [Donner and Keil, 'wedge.']

Donnerſchlag, *m.* -gs, -age. stroke *or* clap of **thunder.** [Donner and Schlag, 'stroke.']

Donnerwort, *n.* -ts, -te. **word** of **thunder,** thunder-voice. [Donner and Wort.]

doppel, *adj.* (*in composition and derivation*). **double.** [from Latin *duplex.*]

doppeln, *v. N. tr.* **double, duplicate,** make twofold. [from doppel. 405. I. 2.]

Doppelſtrom, *m.* -ms, -ſtome. **double stream,** twofold current. [doppel and Strom.]

doppelt, *adj.* **double,** duplicate, twofold. [past part. of doppeln.]

Dorf, *n.* -fes, -dörfer. village, hamlet, little country town. [E. **-thorp,** in many names of places.]

dorren, *v. N. intr.* f. **dry** up, become parched, wither. [related with dürr, '**dry.**']

dörren, *v. N. tr.* make **dry,** deprive of moisture, parch. [related with dürr, '**dry.**']

dort, *adv.* there, yonder. [related with da, dar, '**there.**']

dorten, *adv. same as* dort. [from dort.]

Dofe, *f.* =en. small box, snuff-box.
Drache, *m.* =en, =en. **dragon.** [Latin (Greek.).]
Dragée, *n.* =s, =en. sugarplum. [French.]
dran. *same as* daran (*contracted form*).
Drang, *m.* =gs, =änge. pressure, crowding; impulse; crowd, **throng.** [from dringen. 408 I.]
drängen, *v. N. tr.* crowd, press, **throng**; impel, urge, hurry. [from Drang. 405. I. 1.]
dräuen, *v. N. intr.* h. threaten. [same as drohen.]
drauf. *same as* darauf (*contract. form*).
draus. *same as* daraus (*contract. form*).
draußen. *contracted form, for* draußen.
draußen, *adv.* **outside**, out, out of doors, abroad; in foreign lands. [from daraus.]
drehen, *v. N. tr.* turn, cause to revolve, whirl.
Drehung, *f.* =gen. turn, revolution, change of direction. [from drehen. 408. III. 8.]
drei, *num.* **three.** [E. **three.**]
dreifach, *adj.* **three**fold, triplicate, treble, triple. [drei and Fach. 415. 15*d*.]
dreihundert, *num.* **three hundred.** [drei and hundert. 197. 4.]
dreimal, *adv.* **three** times, thrice. [drei and Mal. 206.]
drein. *same as* darein (*contracted form*).
dreingestopft, *adj.* crowded into it, jammed in. [darein and gestopft, past part. of stopfen.]
dreißig, *num.* **thirty.** [from drei.]
dreitausend, *num.* **three thousand.** [drei and tausend. 197. 4.]
dreitausendmal, *adv.* **three thousand** times. [dreitausend and Mal. 206.]
=drießen, *v. O* (III. 3). *tr.* vex, disgust: *only in* **verdrießen.**
drin. *same as* darin (*contracted form*).
dringen, *v. O* (I. 1). *intr.* s or h. press, urge, crowd, **throng**; press one's way, penetrate, pierce:—**auf etwas dringen**, be urgent for *or* insist upon something. [E. **throng.**]
drinnen. *same as* darinnen (*contracted form*).
dritt, *numeral adj.* **third.** [from drei. 203. 1*a*.]
drittenmal = dritten Mal, **third** time.
drob. *same as* darob (*contracted form*).
drohen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. threaten, menace, show *or* aim by way of threat. [related with E. **throe.**]
Drohung, *f.* =gen. threat, menace. [from drohen. 408. III. 8.]
drosseln, *v. N. tr.* **throttle**, strangle. [E. **throttle**: from obsolete Drosse, '**throat.**']
drüben. *same as* darüben (*contracted and more usual form*).
drüber. *same as* darüber (*contracted form*).
Druck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. pressure, compression, oppression.
drücken, *v. N. tr.* press, squeeze, pinch; oppress, afflict, vex. [from Druck. 405. I. 1.]
drum. *same as* darum (*contracted form*).
drunten. *same as* darunten (*contracted form*).
drunter. *same as* darunter (*contracted form*).
=druß. *only in compounds, as* Ueberdruß, Verdruß. [from =drießen. 408. I.]
Dryade, *f.* =en. **dryad**, tree-nymph. [Greek.]
du, *pers. pron.* (151). **thou.** [E. **thou.**]
Duft, *m.* =stes, =üfte. emanation, exhalation, vapor; *especially*, odor, scent, fragrance.
duften, *v. N. intr.* h. give forth emanation; exhale fragrance *or* odor, be fragrant, smell sweetly. [from Duft. 405. I. 1.]
duftig, *adj.* vaporous, misty; sweet-smelling, fragrant, odorous. [from Duft. 415. 9*a*.]
dulden, *v. N. tr.* bear, endure, abide, get along with, tolerate, suffer. [related to E. **thole.**]
dumm, *adj.* stupid, dull, thick-headed, foolish, silly. [related with E. **dumb.**]
dumpf, *adj.* dull, not clear *or* distinct; *especially of sound*, low, heavy, hollow, indistinct, muffled. [related with dumm.]
Düne, *f.* =en. **down, dune**, heap *or* hill of blown sand. [E. **dune.**]
Dünenufer, *n.* =rs, =r. **dune** shore, sandy coast. [Düne (422. 2*d*) and Ufer, 'shore.']
dunkel, *adj.* dark, dusky, gloomy, obscure.
Dunkel, *n.* =ls. darkness, dusk, gloom, night. [from dunkel. 409. 2.]
dunkelblau, *adj.* dark **blue.** [dunkel and blau.]
dunkelgrün, *adj.* dark **green.** [dunkel and grün.]
dunkelklar, *adj.* darkly **clear**, *clair-obscur*, with light and shade intermingled. [dunkel and klar.]
dunkeln, *v. N. intr.* h. grow dark, be-

come dim, darken. [from dunkel. 405.I.2.]

dünken, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) h. *or tr.* seem, appear; seem to, appear to. [E. **think,** in **methinks**: däuchen, däuchten are a recent formation from its former preterit däuchte.]

dünn, *adj.* **thin,** slender, small; attenuated, rare. [related to dehnen.]

Dunſt, *m.* =ſtes, =ünſte. vapor, fume, misty exhalation.

dunſten, *v. N. intr.* h. exhale, rise as vapor. [from Dunſt. 405.I.1.]

Dunſtkreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. (sphere of vapors: *i. e.*) atmosphere. [Dunſt and Kreis, 'circle.']

durch, *adv. and sep. or insep.* (308-9) *prefix.* **through, throughout.** *prep.* (*with accus.*) **through**; through the course of, throughout, during; **through** the instrumentality of, by means of, by, in consequence of. [E. **through.**]

durch'arbeiten, *v. N. refl.* work one's self **through,** make one's way through. [durch and arbeiten.]

durchaus, *adv.* **throughout, thoroughly,** from end to end, completely; by all means, at any rate, absolutely; *especially with negative,* **durchaus nicht,** absolutely not, not in the least, by no means. [durch and aus.]

durchbe'ben, *v. N. tr.* vibrate through, thrill through, agitate. [durch and beben, 'tremble.']

durchbrech'en, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **break through,** pierce. [durch and brechen.]

durchdring'en, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* press through, penetrate, pierce; permeate, pervade. [durch and bringen.]

durchdringlich, *adj.* penetrable. [from durchdringen. 415.12*c*.]

durchfah'ren, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* go *or* pass **through,** traverse. [durch and fahren, '**fare.**']

durchflam'men, *v. N. tr.* **flame through,** flash through, penetrate with light and heat. [durch and flammen.]

durchflie'gen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* **fly through,** traverse on the wing *or* rapidly. [durch and fliegen.]

durchforſch'en, *v. N. tr.* search **through,** examine thoroughly, investigate, scrutinize. [durch and forſchen.]

durch'führen, *v. N. tr.* lead **through,** carry through, bring to an issue, accomplish, achieve. [durch and führen.]

Durchgang, *m.* =gs, =änge. passing through, TRANSIT; passage, alley. [from durchgehen. 408.I.]

durchgängig, *adj.* pervading, penetrating, prevailing, universal. [from Durchgang. 415.9*a*.]

durch'gehen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **go through,** traverse; run through, look over:—*intr.* ſ. run away. [durch and gehen.]

durchglüh'en, *v. N. tr.* **glow through,** inflame, fill with ardor, inspire. [durch and glühen.]

durchir'ren, *v. N. tr.* wander **through,** stray through. [durch and irren.]

durchkling'en, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* sound **through,** fill with sound. [durch and klingen.]

durchkreuz'en, *v. N. tr.* **cross through,** intersect, go athwart, become mixed up *or* entangled with. [durch and kreuzen.]

durchlauf'en, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* run *or* pass **through,** go from end to end of, traverse. [durch and laufen.]

durchmeſſ'en, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* measure **through**; *hence,* walk over, traverse. [durch and meſſen.]

durchrin'nen, *v. N. tr.* flow **through, run** through (as a stream). [durch and rinnen.]

durchſchau'en, *v. N. tr.* look **through,** review, survey, penetrate with the eye; fathom, sift. [durch and ſchauen, 'look.']

durch'ſcheinen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* h. **shine** *or* appear **through**:—**durchſcheinend,** *pres. part. as adj.,* TRANSLUCENT, DIAPHANOUS, allowing the passage of light. [durch and ſcheinen.]

durch ſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* strike *or* beat **through.**—*refl.* get through by dint of blows, fight one's way through, cut through. [durch and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

durch'ſchlüpfen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **slip through.** [durch and ſchlüpfen.]

durch'ſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **cut through.** [durch and ſchneiden.]

Durchſchnitt, *m.* =tes, =te. cutting **through,** section, INTERSECTION. [from durchſchneiden. 408.I.]

durchſchweif'en, *v. N. tr.* rove **through,** wander about. [durch and ſchweifen.]

durchſchwim'men, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **swim through,** cross by swimming. [durch and ſchwimmen.]

durch'ſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr* h. **see through.** [durch and ſehen.]

durchſpren'gen, *v. N. tr.* gallop **through.** [durch and ſprengen.]
durchſtrahl'en, *v. N. tr.* beam **through**, irradiate, penetrate as with light. [durch and ſtrahlen.]
durchſtröm'en, *v. N. tr.* **stream through**, permeate, penetrate. [durch and ſtrömen.]
durchtob'en, *v. N. tr.* rage **through.** [durch and toben.]
durchtrab'en, *v. N. tr.* trot **through**, traverse on a trot. [durch and traben.]
durchwat'en, *v. N. tr.* **wade through**, ford. [durch and waten.]
durchwühl'en, *v. N. tr.* root or grub **through**, pierce by digging. [durch and wühlen.]
durch'ziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **through.** [durch and ziehen.]
durchzieh'en, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* march **through**, traverse, cross. [durch and ziehen.]
Durchzug, *m.* ⁼gs, ⁼züge. marching **through**, passage, transit. [from durchziehen. 408.I.]
dürfen, *v. N. irreg.* (251). *tr.* (*modal auxiliary*, 253.) be permitted *or* allowed, feel authorized, trust one's self: *often to be rendered by* may *or* might (*in a permissive sense*):—need, require. [unites two verbs, dürfen, 'need,' (compare bedürfen), and turran, '**dare**, venture.']
Durft, *f.* ⁼ten. need, necessity. [from dürfen, 'need.' 408.II.1.]
dürftig, *adj.* needy, necessitous, indigent, poor; mean, scanty, shabby, insufficient. [from Durft. 415.9*a*.]
dürr, *adj.* **dry**, without moisture, arid; meager, barren, blunt. [related to borren, Durſt.]
Dürre, *f.* dryness, aridity, drought. [from dürr. 409.II.1.]
Durſt, *m.* ⁼tes. **thirst**, distress from want of water; *hence*, longing desire. [E. **thirst.**]
durſten *or* **dürſten**, *v. N. intr.* h. *or* (*impers.*) *tr.* **thirst**, be thirsty, feel longing for water; *hence*, long, feel a craving. [from Durſt. 405.I.1.]
durſtig, *adj.* **thirsty**, athirst; *hence*, eager, longing. [from Durſt. 415.9*a*.]
düſter, *adj.* gloomy, obscure, dusky, dismal; melancholy, sad.
Dutzend, *n.* ⁼ds, ⁼de. **dozen.** [from French *douzaine*.]
Dynaſtie', *f.* ⁼en. **dynasty**, line of sovereigns. [Greek.]

Ebbe, *f.* **ebb**, reflux of the tide, downflow; falling off. [perhaps related with ab, 'down.']
ebben, *v. N. intr.* h. **ebb**, fall to low tide, fall off. [from Ebbe. 405.I.1.]
eben, *adj.* **even**, level, plain, smooth. *adv. etc.*: *usually*, just, exactly, precisely; *often with negative*, **eben nicht**, precisely not, *i.e.* quite the contrary of;—just now, but just. (*as adverb, never to be rendered by* even.) [perhaps related with ab, 'down.']
Ebenbild, *n.* ⁼ds, ⁼der. exact image, likeness, resemblance. [eben and Bild, 'image.']
Ebene, *f.* ⁼en. plain, level tract of country. [from eben. 409.II.1.]
ebenfalls, *adv.* in like case *or* manner, likewise, also. [eben and Fall, 'case.' 365.1.]
ebenſo, *adv.* precisely **so** *or* **as**, just as. [eben and ſo.]
echt (*or* ächt), *adj.* genuine, real, true, lawful, legitimate. [related with Ehe.]
Ecke, *f.* ⁼en. **edge**, corner (*especially*, outer corner, angle). [E. **edge.**]
eckig, *adj.* angular, cornered, **edged.** [from Ecke. 415.9*a*.]
edel, *adj.* of noble birth, of noble qualities, noble, lofty, exalted. [from Adel, 'nobility.']
Edelgeſtein, *n.* ⁼ns, ⁼ne. precious **stones**, jewelry. [edel and Geſtein.]
edelherzig, *adj.* noble-**hearted**, magnanimous. [edel and Herz. 424.5.]
Edelknecht, *m.* ⁼chts, ⁼chte. squire, youth preparing for knighthood. [edel and Knecht, 'boy, servant.']
Edelmann, *m.* ⁼nns, ⁼änner *or* ⁼leute (100.2 *rem.*) noble**man**, noble. [edel and Mann.]
Edelmuth, *m.* ⁼ths. noble disposition, greatness of mind, magnanimity, generosity. [edel and Muth, '**mood.**']
edelmüthig, *adj.* of noble disposition, magnanimous, generous. [from Edelmuth. 415.9*a*.]
Eden, *n.* ⁼ns. **Eden**, paradise. [Hebrew.]
ehe, *adv.* sooner, earlier, rather (*rare in this sense, for which* eher *is usual*). *conj.* sooner than, before that, before, **ere.** [compare eher.]
Ehe, *f.* ⁼en. marriage, wedlock, matri-

mony. [originally 'law, lawful connection.']
ehebrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* h. commit adultery. [Ehe and brechen, 'break.']
Ehegatte, *m.* =en, =en. lawful spouse, husband. [Ehe and Gatte, 'spouse.']
Ehegemahl *or* **Ehgemahl,** *m.* =ls, =le. lawful spouse, husband. [Ehe and Gemahl, 'spouse.']
ehemals, *adv.* formerly, of old, in times past. [ehe and Mal, 'time.' 365.1.]
eher, *adv.* sooner, earlier, rather. [E. **ere,** and **early**: comparative of ehe; compare erst.]
ehern, *adj.* of brass, brazen. [related with **ore**: from Old German *êr*, '**ore,** metal.' 415.2.]
ehrbar, *adj.* bringing honor, honorable, reputable, well-behaved, decent, chaste. [from Ehre. 415.1*a*.]
Ehrbarkeit, *f.* =ten. good repute, propriety, modesty, chastity. [from ehrbar. 409.II.3.]
Ehre, *f.* =en. honor, good reputation, respect; mark of honor *or* respect, distinction.
ehren, *v. N. tr.* honor, esteem, respect, revere. [from Ehre. 405.I.1.]
Ehrenbezeigung, *f.* =gen. testimonial of respect, mark of honor, homage. [Ehre (422.2*d*) and Bezeigung, 'exhibition.']
Ehrenkreuz, *n.* =zes, =ze. **cross** of honor, honorific decoration. [Ehre (422.2*d*) and Kreuz.]
Ehrenmantel, *m.* =ls, =l. cloak of honor. [Ehre(422.2*d*) and Mantel, '**mantle.**']
ehrenvoll, *adj.* **full** of honor, honorable, creditable. [Ehre (422.2*d*) and voll.]
ehrerbietig, *adj.* reverent, deferential, respectful. [Ehre and erbietig, 'offering.']
Ehrgefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. sense of honor. [Ehre and Gefühl, '**feeling.**']
Ehrgeiz, *m.* =zes. greediness for honor, ambition. [Ehre and Geiz, 'covetousness.']
ehrliebend, *adj.* honor-**loving,** high-spirited. [Ehre and liebend, '**loving.**']
Ehrsucht, *f.* thirst for honor, inordinate ambition. [Ehre and Sucht.]
ehrsüchtig, *adj.* greedy for honor, very ambitious. [from Ehrsucht. 415.9*a*.]
ehrwürdig, *adj.* **worthy** of honor, respectable, venerable, reverend. [Ehre and würdig.]
Ehrwürdigkeit, *f.* =ten. venerableness, reverence, respectability. [from ehrwürdig. 409.II.3.]
ei, *interj. expressing especially surprise.* why! oh!
Eichbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **oak**-tree, **oak.** [Eiche and Baum.]
Eiche, *f.* =en. **oak.** [E. **oak.**]
Eid, *m.* =des, =de. **oath,** adjuration, execration. [E. **oath.**]
Eidechs *or* **Eidechse,** *f.* =sen. lizard.
eidlich, *adj.* accredited by **oath,** sworn to, declared on **oath.** [from Eid. 415.12*a*.]
Eifer, *m.* =rs. zeal, eagerness, fervor, ardor, emulation.
Eiferer, *m.* =rs, =r. zealot, enthusiast, fanatic. [from eifern. 408.III.4.]
eifern, *v. N. intr.* h. be zealous, show eagerness *or* ardor, be emulous. [from Eifer. 405.I.1.]
Eifersucht, *f.* jealousy. [Eifer and Sucht.]
eifrig, *adj.* eager, emulous, zealous, ardent. [from Eifer. 415.9*a*.]
eigen, *adj.* **own,** belonging to one's self; proper, pertinent, real; peculiar, singular, odd. [E. **own.**]
Eigenhilfe, *f.* **help** derived from one's self, self-assertion. [eigen and Hilfe.]
Eigennutz, *m.* =zes. one's **own** advantage, self-interest. [eigen and Nutz, 'advantage.']
eigennützig, *adj.* self-interested, self-seeking, selfish. [from Eigennutz. 415.9*a*.]
Eigensinn, *m.* =ns. wilfulness, caprice, stubbornness. [eigen and Sinn, 'thought.']
eigensinnig, *adj.* wilful, capricious, stubborn, obstinate. [from Eigensinn. 415.9*a*.]
Eigenthum, *n.* =ms, =tümer. PROPERTY, **own** possession. [from eigen. 409. II.8.]
eigenthümlich, *adj.* belonging exclusively to, appertaining, peculiar. [from Eigenthum. 415.12*a*.]
Eigenthümlichkeit, *f.* =ten. peculiarity, peculiar *or* characteristic possession. [from eigenthümlich. 409.II.3.]
eigentlich, *adj.* proper, true, real:—*adv.* properly speaking, really, in actuality. [from eigen (with irregularly added t). 415.12*b*.]
eignen, *v. N. tr.* make one's **own**; render APPROPRIATE, adapt, suit, make fit.—*refl.* be adapted *or* suited. [from eigen. 405.I.2.]
Eiland, *n.* =bs, =be. **island.** [from an old word for 'water, river,' and Land, '**land.**']

Eile, *f.* haste, hurry, speed, despatch. [from eilen. 408. II. 2.]

eilen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* ℌ. hasten, hurry, make speed, use despatch.

eilends, *adv.* hastily, hurriedly. [gen. of eilend, pres. part. of eilen. 363. 3*d*.]

eilig, *adj.* hasty, speedy, hurried, using despatch, quick. [from Eile. 415. 9*a*.]

Eimer, *m.* -rs, -r. pail, bucket. [contracted from einbar, 'one-handled.']

ein, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **in, into**:—*corresponding as prefix to* in *as preposition; in composition with adverbs, representing* into, *or* in *with accus., while* in *represents* in, *or* in *with dat.* [same word as in, '**in**,' and only recently distinguished from it.]

ein, *numeral* (198). **one**;—(*same as* man, 185) a person, they, people, **one.** *indef. art.* **an, a.** [E. **one, an, a** (Anglo-Saxon *án* in all these senses).]

einander, *indeclinable pron.* (*in objective relation with verbs, prepositions, and adjectives*). **one another,** each **other**:—**von einander, aus einander** (or **auseinander**), from each other, apart, asunder. [ein and ander, '**other.**']

einäſchern, *v. N. tr.* burn to **ashes,** INCINERATE. [ein and äſchern.]

einbilden, *v. N. tr.* (*with refl. pron. in dative,* 290). form in one's mind, imagine to one's self, conceive, fancy;—*hence,* conceit one's self, be conceited *or* presuming. [ein and bilden, 'form.']

Einbildung, *f.* -gen. imagination, fancy, conception, conceit. [from einbilden. 408. III. 8.]

Einbildungskraft, *f.* -äfte. power of imagination, faculty of fancying or conceiving. [Einbildung (422. 2*c*) and Kraft, 'power.']

einbrechen, *v. O* (I. 3). *intr.* ſ. **break in,** burst in; *hence,* make appearance, set in, begin. [ein and brechen.]

einbringen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring in.** [ein and bringen.]

Einbruch, *m.* -chs, -üche. **breaking in,** inroad, IRRUPTION. [from einbrechen. 408. I.]

eindringen, *v. O* (I. 1). *intr.* ſ. press in, crowd in, enter by force. [ein and bringen.]

Eindruck, *m.* -cks, -ücke. IMPRESSION, mark; sensation. [from eindrücken. 408. I.]

eindrücken, *v. N. tr.* press in; squeeze together; *hence,* shut, close. [ein and drücken.]

einfach, *adj.* simple, single, not complex *or* mixed; plain, homely. [ein and Fach, 'compartment.' 204; 415. 15*d*.]

Einfachheit, *f.* -ten. simplicity, singleness, plainness. [from einfach. 409. II. 2.]

einfallen, *v. O* (II. 3). *intr.* ſ. **fall in;** sink, go to ruin; make attack *or* invasion; *with dat. of person,* come into the mind of, strike, occur to. [ein and fallen.]

Einfalt, *f.* simplicity, singleness of mind; childishness, silliness. [ein and Falt, '**fold.**']

einfaſſen, *v. N. tr.* enclose, encompass; border, frame. [ein and faſſen, 'seize.']

einfinden, *v. O* (I. 1). *refl.* make appearance, show one's self, come and be present, turn up. [ein and finden, '**find**:' lit'ly '**find** one's self **in** (a given place).']

einfließen, *v. O* (III. 3). *intr.* ſ. **flow in;** INFLUENCE. [ein and fließen.]

einflößen, *v. N. tr.* cause to flow in, INSTIL, imbue *or* inspire with. [ein and flößen.]

Einfluß, *m.* -ſſes, -üſſe. INFLUX; *hence,* INFLUENCE, power, sway, credit. [from einfließen.]

einförmig, *adj.* **uniform,** unvaried, monotonous. [ein and förmig, from Form. 424. 5.]

einfügen, *v. N. tr.* fit in, insert. [ein and fügen.]

einführen, *v. N. tr.* lead in, bring in, INTRODUCE. [ein and führen.]

Eingang, *m.* -gs, -änge. entrance, entry; place of entrance, inlet; beginning. [from eingehen. 408. I.]

eingeben, *v. O* (II. 1). *tr.* **give into,** insert; *hence,* put into the head, prompt, suggest, instil. [ein and geben.]

eingeboren, *adj.* **inborn,** indigenous, native:—*as noun,* native, indigen, aboriginal. [ein and geboren, past part. of gebären, '**bear.**']

eingedenk, *adj.* (*with gen.*). mindful of, remembering, bearing in mind. [anomalous compound of ein and gedenk, 'mindful.']

eingehen, *v. O* (267). *intr.* ſ. **go in,** enter.—*tr.* (*or intr., with* auf) enter into, accede to, accept of, yield to. [ein and gehen.]

eingreifen, *v. O* (III. 1). *intr.* ℌ. catch hold upon *or* into anything (*with* in

as following prep.); take hold; encroach, trench, interfere. [ein and greifen, '**grip.**']

einheimiſch, *adj.* domestic, indigenous, native, **home**-bred. [ein and heimiſch, '**home**-like.']

Einheit, *f.* -ten. **oneness,** UNITY; unit. [from ein. 409. II. 2.]

einheitlich, *adj.* UNITARY; *hence*, centralized, absolute, autocratic. [from Einheit. 415. 12*a.*]

einher, *adv. and compound sep'ble prefix.* along (*usually with implication of stateliness or majesty*). [ein and her, 'hither.']

einhertreten, *v. O*(II. 1). *intr.* ſ. stride along, move majestically on. [einher and treten, '**tread.**']

einig, *adj.* **one,** united, accordant; single, sole, **only** (*in this sense usually* einzig):—*often in pl.* **einige,** *adj. or pron.* (189), *more rarely in singular*, some, sundry, a few *or* a little. [E. **any**: from ein. 415. 9*c.*]

einigen, *v. N. tr.* UNITE. [from einig. 405. I. 2.]

einigermaßen, *adv.* in some *or* **any** measure *or* degree, somewhat. [einig and Maß, 'measure.' 365. 1.]

Einigkeit, *f.* -ten. UNITY, union, unanimity, concord. [from einig. 409. II. 3.]

Einigung, *f.* -gen. UNION, agreement. [from einigen. 408. III. 8.]

einkaufen, *v. N. tr.* buy **in,** lay in by purchase. [ein and kaufen.]

Einkehr, *f.* putting up, lodging, entertainment. [from einkehren.]

einkehren, *v. N. intr.* ſ. turn **in** (for entertainment), put up. [ein and kehren.]

Einklang, *m.* -gs, -änge. accord, consonance, harmony, unison. [from einklingen. 408. I.]

einklingen, *v. O*(I. 1). *intr.* h. sound in harmony with something, accord. [ein and klingen.]

einladen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* invite, **ask in,** bid. [ein and laden, 'invite.']

einlagern, *v. N. tr.* find quarters for, supply with lodging, quarter. [ein and lagern, 'couch.']

einlaſſen, *v. O*(II. 3). *tr.* **let in,** admit, allow to enter; set in, fix. [ein and laſſen.]

einläuten, *v. N. tr.* ring **in,** usher in *or* announce by ringing of bells. [ein and läuten.]

einleuchten, *v. N. intr.* h. shine **in** (upon one), be obvious, appear evident *or* true, win assent *or* approval. [ein and leuchten, '**lighten.**']

einmal, *adv.* **one** time, **once**; once upon a time (in the past); some time (in the future); once for all; for once, just, only:—**auf einmal,** all at once, suddenly;—**nicht einmal,** not even;—**noch einmal ſo . . ., as . . .** again. [ein and Mal, 'time.' 206.]

einmünden, *v. N. intr.* h. discharge by a **mouth** (as a river), empty. [ein and münden.]

einmüthig, *adj.* of **one mood** *or* mind, UNANIMOUS, being of one accord. [ein and müthig, from Muth. 424. 5.]

einnehmen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* take **in,** receive; take possession of, occupy, fill; capture, captivate. [ein and nehmen.]

Einöde, *f.* -en. lonely desert, solitude, desolate place, wilderness. [from ein, '**one**;' as if compounded with öde, 'desolate.']

einpreſſen, *v. N. tr.* **press in,** compress, shut in. [ein and preſſen.]

einräumen, *v. N. tr.* make **room** in (for any one): *hence*, admit, cede, yield. [ein and räumen.]

einreihen, *v. N. tr.* place in a line *or* **row,** bring into a series, arrange in due order. [ein and reihen.]

einreiten, *v. O*(III. 1). *intr.* ſ. **ride in.** [ein and reiten.]

einrichten, *v. N. tr.* set **right,** regulate, order, arrange, prepare.—*refl.* establish one's self, become settled, arrange matters about one. [ein and richten.]

Einrichtung, *f.* -gen. ordering, arrangement, regulation. [from einrichten. 408. III. 8.]

einſam, *adj.* **lonesome,** lonely, solitary. [from ein, '**one.**' 415. 13*c.*]

Einſamkeit, *f.* -ten. loneliness, solitude. [from einſam. 409. II. 3.]

einſaugen, *v. O*(III. 4). *tr.* **suck in,** absorb, imbibe. [ein and ſaugen.]

einſchenken, *v. N. tr.* pour out (into one's cup), fill the cup. [ein and ſchenken, 'pour.']

einſchieben, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr.* **shove** *or* thrust **in,** interpose, insert, INTRUDE. [ein and ſchieben.]

einſchlafen, *v. O*(II. 3). *intr.* ſ. fall **asleep.** [ein and ſchlafen.]

einſchlagen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* beat **in**; strike into (as a road, etc.). [ein and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

einſchließen, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr.* shut **in,**

hem in, ENCLOSE, confine; INCLUDE. [ein and ſchließen, 'shut.']

einſchlummern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. fall **into slumber,** fall asleep. [ein and ſchlummern.]

einſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* cut **into,** INCISE, notch. [ein and ſchneiden.]

Einſchnitt, *m.* =tes, =te. cutting **in,** entrance by cutting, INCISION. [from einſchneiden. 408.I.]

einſchränken, *v. N. tr.* shut **in,** confine, limit, bound, restrict, restrain. [ein and ſchränken.]

einſchreiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* write **in** (upon something), INSCRIBE, write down, note. [ein and ſchreiben.]

einſegnen, *v. N. tr.* bless, confirm with a benediction, consecrate. [ein and ſegnen, 'bless.']

einſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. *or tr.* **see in** *or* into; comprehend. [ein and ſehen.]

einſeitig, *adj.* **onesided,** partial. [ein and Seite. 424.5.]

einſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set in;** set up (as a stake), stake, risk, hazard. [ein and ſetzen.]

Einſicht, *f.* =ten. **insight,** discernment, sagacity, intelligence. [from einſehen. 408.II.1.]

einſieden, *v. N. intr.* ſ. thicken by boiling, boil down *or* away. [ein and ſieden, '**seethe.**']

einſingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **sing** to sleep. [ein and ſingen.]

einſt, *adv.* **one** time, one day, once (in the past); some day (in the future), at some future time. [from ein, '**one,**' through genitive eines; as if a superlative.]

einſtecken, *v. N. tr.* **stick** *or* thrust **in** (as into the pocket, sheath, etc.), put up, hide away, pocket *or* sheathe. [ein and ſtecken.]

einſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ *or* h. **stand** as surety, be answerable:—**eingeſtanden,** answered for, provided for, sustained (as expense). [ein and ſtehen.]

einſtellen, *v. N tr.* put **in;** put away, leave off, discontinue.—*refl.* present one's self, appear, come. [ein and ſtellen.]

einſtens. *same as* einſt. [363.3*c*.]

einſtimmen, *v. N. intr.* h. chime in, join in with the voice; *hence,* assent, agree, consent. [ein and ſtimmen, 'give voice.']

einſtreichen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* sweep **in** (to one's purse or pocket). [ein and ſtreichen.]

einſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tumble **in,** fall in; come suddenly, burst in. [ein and ſtürzen.]

einſtweilen, *adv.* in the mean time, for a **while;** for the time, tempo rarily. [einſt and Weile. 365.1*b*.]

eintanzen, *v. N. tr.* **dance** to sleep. [ein and tanzen.]

eintauchen, *v. N. tr.* plunge **in,** IMMERSE. [ein and tauchen, '**duck.**']

eintauſchen, *v. N. tr.* barter for, get by exchange. [ein and tauſchen, 'exchange.']

eintheilen, *v. N. tr.* divide, distribute, dispose. [ein and theilen, '**deal.**']

Eintracht, *f.* concord, harmony, union. [ein and Tracht (related with eintragen).]

eintragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry in. [ein and tragen.]

eintreffen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. hit in, happen in, make appearance, arrive. [ein and treffen.]

eintreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. step in, enter, make appearance; occur, happen. [ein and treten, '**tread.**']

einwandern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. immigrate, come into a country. [ein and wandern, '**wander.**']

einwenden, *v. N*(*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* put in by way of reply *or* objection, object, oppose, retort, answer. [ein and wenden, 'turn.']

Einwendung, *f.* =gen. objection, exception, demurrer, remonstrance, retort. [from einwenden. 408.III.8.]

einwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw in; object. [ein and werfen, 'throw.']

einwiegen, *v. N. tr.* rock to sleep. [ein and wiegen, 'rock.']

einwirken, *v. N. intr.* h. **work in,** produce effect, exert influence, affect, operate. [ein and wirken.]

Einwohner, *m.* =s, =r. INHABITANT, indweller. [as if from einwohnen (408.III.4), from ein and wohnen, 'dwell.']

Einwurf, *m.* =ſes, =würfe. objection, exception, remonstrance. [from einwerfen.]

einzel, *adj.* single, individual. [from ein, 'one;' irregular derivative, through eines.]

einzeln, *adj.* single, sole, solitary, individual, isolated. [from einzel, for which it is the more usual recent substitute.]

einziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw in.—*intr.* move in, come in, enter. [ein and ziehen.]

einzig, *adj.* **only,** single, sole, unique. [from ein (through eins), '**one.**' 415.9*c.*]

Eis, *n.* =ſes. **ice.** [E. **ice.**]

Eiſen, *n.* =ns, =n. **iron;** *pl.* irons, fetters. [E. **iron.**]

eiſern, *adj.* of **iron,** iron. [from Eiſer, old form of Eiſen. 415.2.]

Eiſesblick, *m.* =ds, =cke. **icy** glance, chilling look. [Eis (422.2*b*) and Blick, 'look.']

eiſig, *adj.* **icy,** glacial. [from Eis. 415.9*a.*]

eitel, *adj.* vain, to no purpose, **idle,** useless; vain, conceited, puffed up with vanity. [E. **idle.**]

Eitelkeit, *f.* =ten. vanity, conceit, frivolity. [from eitel. 409.II.3.]

Eiter, *m.* =rs. pus, matter discharged by a sore.

eitern, *v. N. intr.* h. suppurate, fester, discharge matter. [from Eiter. 405. I.1.]

Ekel, *m.* =ls. loathing, disgust. [probably related with *irk,* arg, etc.]

ekeln, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* cause loathing, awaken disgust. [from Ekel. 405.I.1.]

Elaſticität, *f.* =ten. **elasticity.** [from Latin.]

elaſtiſch, *adj.* **elastic.** [from Latin. 415.10*b.*]

electriſch, *adj.* **electric.** [from Latin. 415.10*b.*]

Element', *n.* =ts, =te. **element;** rudiment. [from Latin.]

Elend, *n.* =ds. exile; misery, distress, want, penury. [old *elilenti,* 'other **land.**']

elend, *adj.* miserable, afflicted, distressed, wretched. [from Elend.]

elf (*or* **eilf**), *numeral.* **eleven.** [old German einlif, from ein, 'one,' and lif, probably '**leave:**' *i. e.* 'one above ten'; or lif is an anomalous alteration of the old word for 'ten.']

Elfe, *f.* =en. **elf,** fairy, sprite. [E. **elf.**]

Elle, *f.* =en. **ell,** yard. [E. **ell.**]

Elſaß, *n.* =ſſes. **Alsatia,** Alsace (border province of France and Germany).

Eltern, *pl.* parents. [properly die Aelteren, 'the **elders,**' comparative of alt, '**old.**']

Emotion, *f.* =nen. **emotion.** [Latin.]

Empfang, *m.* =gs. reception, receipt. [from empfangen. 408.I.]

empfangen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* receive, take, accept. [ent= (307.3) and fangen, 'seize.']

empfehlen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* recommend. [ent= (307.3) and =fehlen, 'commend.']

empfindbar, *adj.* capable of being felt, sensible, perceptible. [from empfinden. 415.16.]

empfinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* be sensible of, perceive, feel. [ent= (307.3) and finden, '**find.**']

empfindlich, *adj.* capable of being felt, sensible, grievous, sharp;—capable of feeling, sensitive, irritable, touchy. [from empfinden. 415.12*c.*]

Empfindung, *f.* =gen. feeling, sensation, perception. [from empfinden. 408.III.8.]

emphatiſch, *adj.* **emphatic.** [from Greek. 415.10*b.*]

empor, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* aloft, upward, on high:—*as prefix, may be compounded with almost any verb which admits the addition of the idea of* aloft; *and such verbs, as being self-explaining, are usually omitted in the dictionaries.* [in and old German *por, bor,* 'height.']

emporblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look upward. [empor and blicken.]

empören, *v. N. tr.* rouse, excite, stir up. [from empor. 406.]

emporheben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* lift up, raise aloft. [empor and heben, '**heave.**']

emporleiten, *v. N. tr.* **lead** upward. [empor and leiten.]

emporſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look aloft, gaze upward. [empor and ſchauen.]

emporſchießen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* f. **shoot** up. [empor and ſchießen.]

emporſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. look up. [empor and ſehen, '**see.**']

emporſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* f. mount up, rise aloft, ascend. [empor and ſteigen.]

emporſtreben, *v. N. intr.* f. soar aloft, **strive** to ascend. [empor and ſtreben.]

Empörung, *f.* =gen. agitation, tumult, insurrection, revolt, mutiny. [from empören. 408.III.8.]

emſig, *adj.* assiduous, industrious, diligent, busy, active, eager. (E. **empty,** with remarkable divergence of meaning.]

Ende, *n.* =es, =en. **end,** issue, limit, close, expiration, conclusion; end aimed at, aim, goal, object:—**am Ende,** in *or* at the end, finally, after all, on the whole; at last. [E. **end:** related with ent=, ant=, und.]

enden, *v. N. intr.* h. **end,** come to a conclusion, stop.—*tr.* bring to an

end, finish, terminate, close off. [from Ende. 405.I.1.]

endigen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* **end** *etc., same as* enden. [from Ende. 405.II.3.]

endlich, *adj.* final, concluding, last:—*adv.* finally, at last, in fine, after all. [from Ende. 415.12*a*.]

endlos, *adj.* **endless**, without end, eternal, everlasting. [Ende and los. 415.15*a*.]

Endzweck, *m.* -ckes, -cke. final aim, **end**, scope, design. [Ende and Zweck, 'aim.']

energisch, *adj.* **energetic, energizing**, infusing **energy** *or* vivacity. [from Greek.]

eng *or* **enge**, *adj.* narrow, close, strict, strait, shut in, confined *or* confining. [related with Angst; and, remotely, with *anxious, anguish* (from Latin).]

Enge, *f.* -en. narrowness; narrows, strait. [from eng. 409.II.1.]

Engel, *m.* -ls, -l. **angel.** [from Greek.]

Engelslippe, *f.* -en. **angel's lip.** [Engel (422.2*b*) and Lippe.]

England, *n.* -ds. **England** [*i.e.* **land** of the **Angles.**]

Engländer, *m.* -rs, -r. inhabitant of **England**, Englishman. [from England. 410.3*b*.]

Englein, *n.* -ns, -n. little **angel.** [for Engellein, from Engel. 410.1.]

engschuppig, *adj.* covered with narrow *or* close scales. [eng and Schuppe, 'scale.' 424.5.]

Enkel, *m.* -ls, -l. grandchild, grandson, remote descendant. [related with Ahn, 'ancestor.']

ent-, *inseparable prefix* (307.1,3); *earlier form* ant, 'against, back again;' *leading significance now* forth from, out, *but often varying only slightly, or in a manner not briefly definable, the verbs to which it is prefixed: also forms many denominative verbs* (405.III.1*b*), *mostly with sense of removal, deprivation, or negation.*

entbehren, *v. N. tr.* (*or intr. with gen.*) do without, dispense with, be destitute *or* deprived of. [probably ent- and -bären, '**bear.**']

entbehrlich, *adj.* capable of being done without *or* dispensed with. [from entbehren. 415.12*c*.]

entbrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *refl.* (*with gen.*) restrain one's self, refrain. [ent- and brechen; lit'ly 'break one's self off *or* away.']

entbrennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. begin to **burn**, become kindled, burst into flame. [ent- and brennen.]

entdecken, *v. N. tr.* DISCOVER, lay open, reveal, disclose, make public; DETECT, find out. [ent- and decken, 'cover.']

Entdecker, *m.* -rs, -r. DISCOVERER, revealer, DETECTOR. [from entdecken. 408.III.4.]

Entdeckung, *f.* -gen. DISCOVERY, disclosure. [from entdecken. 408.III.8.]

entfallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* (*with dat.*). **fall** from, drop out; drop from memory of. [ent- and fallen.]

entfalten, *v. N. tr.* **unfold**; develop, display, exhibit. [ent- and falten.]

entfernen, *v. N. tr.* put **far** off, remove, take to a distance, put away:—**entfernt**, *past part. as adj.*, remote, distant, far off, away. [from fern. 405.III.1*b*.]

Entfernung, *f.* -gen. removal, remoteness, distance. [from entfernen. 408.III.8.]

entfesseln, *v. N. tr.* **unfetter**, unchain, free from bonds. [ent- and fesseln.]

entflammen, *v. N. tr.* **inflame**, kindle, light up. [ent- and flammen.]

entfliegen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **fly** from, start forth from. [ent- and fliegen.]

entfliehen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **flee** from; run away, escape. [ent- and fliehen.]

entgegen, *adv. and sep'ble prefix, forming with verbs loose combinations* (*often not given in the dictionaries*), *with added meaning of* **against**, forth to meet, in face of, *and governing a dative.*

prep. (*with dative, before it.* 374*b*). against, in face of, to meet. [for ingegen, from in and gegen, '**against.**']

entgegenblicken, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ḥ. look forth upon, meet the looks of. [entgegen and blicken.]

entgegenharren, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ḥ. wait to meet, wait for. [entgegen and harren.]

entgegenkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **come** to meet, respond (to advances). [entgegen and kommen.]

entgegenragen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ḥ. jut out against, rise abruptly to meet. [entgegen and ragen, 'rise.']

entgegenreiten, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **ride** to meet, ride toward. [entgegen and reiten.]

entgegensehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ḥ. look out upon, meet the

looks of; look for, expect. [entgegen and ſehen, 'see.']

entgegenſenden, *v. N(irreg. or reg.,* 249). *tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*). **send** to meet, send out toward. [ent= gegen and ſenden.]

entgegenſetzen, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*). **set** over **against,** oppose:—**entgegengeſetzt,** *past part. as adj.*, opposing, opposite, contrary. entgegen and ſetzen.]

entgegenſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **stand** against, be in the way of, oppose. [entgegen and ſtehen.]

entgegenſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. rush to meet, burst forth upon. [entgegen and ſtürzen.]

entgegnen, *v. N. tr.* reply, rejoin, answer. [from entgegen (406), lit'ly 'oppose, object, retort.']

entgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. get away from, escape, get off, avoid. [ent= and gehen, '**go.**']

enthalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold** away, keep off.—*refl.* (*with gen.*) keep one's self from, abstain from, forbear.—*tr.* (ent= *in sense of* in) **hold** within, contain, comprehend, include, comprise. [ent= and halten: in last sense, altered from inhalten.]

enthüllen, *v. N. tr.* unveil, disclose, develop, reveal. [ent= and hüllen.]

entkeimen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. spring forth, germinate and grow up. [ent= and keimen, 'germinate.']

entkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. get **away,** escape. [ent= and kommen, '**come.**']

entladen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* **unload,** disburden, discharge. [ent= and laden.]

entlang, *adv.* thro' the **length** (of anything), **along.** [for inlang, from in and lang.]

entlegen, *adj.* remote, distant, far away, secluded. [as if past part. of entliegen (ent= and liegen, '**lie**'), in sense of pres. part. 351.3*a*.]

entmaſten, *v. N. tr.* deprive of **masts,** unmast, strip. [from Maſt, '**mast.**' 405.III.1*b*.]

entnationaliſiren, *v. N. tr.* deprive of **nationality, denationalize.** [ent= and nationaliſiren.]

entraffen, *v. N. refl.* (*with gen.*). snatch one's self from, break away from. [ent= and raffen.]

entreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear *or* snatch **away,** remove by violence; rescue, deliver. [ent= and reißen.]

entrichten, *v. N. tr.* discharge (as a rightful obligation), duly contribute, pay over. [ent= and richten, 'make **right.**']

entrinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **run** away from, escape. [ent= and rinnen.]

entrollen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **unroll.** [ent= and rollen.]

entrücken, *v. O. tr.* take suddenly away, snatch away, carry off. [ent= and rücken.]

entrüſten, *v. N. tr.* provoke, irritate, make angry *or* indignant, exasperate. [ent= and rüſten, 'fix.']

entſagen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ħ. renounce, forsake, disclaim. [ent= and ſagen, '**say.**']

entſchädigen, *v. N. tr.* save harmless, recompense for injuries received, indemnify. [ent= and ſchädigen, from Schaden, 'harm.' 405.III.1*b*; II.3.]

Entſchädigung, *f.* =gen. indemnification. [from entſchädigen. 408.III.8.]

entſchallen, *v. N. intr.* ħ. (*with dat.*). sound forth from, ring out of. [ent= and ſchallen.]

entſcheiden, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* decide, determine, decree, resolve; pass judgment *or* sentence. [ent= and ſcheiden, 'divide.']

Entſcheidung, *f.* =gen. decision, determination, dijudication. [from ent= ſcheiden. 408.III.8.]

entſcheidungsvoll, *adj.* decisive, critical. [Entſcheidung (422.2*c*) and voll, '**full.**']

entſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *refl.* resolve, decide, make up one's mind:—**ent= ſchloſſen,** *past part. as adj.*, resolved, determined, resolute, firm. [ent= and ſchließen, 'close.']

Entſchloſſenheit, *f.* =ten. determination, resolution. [from entſchloſſen. 409.II.2.]

entſchlüpfen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **slip** away from, glide out of, escape. [ent= and ſchlüpfen.]

Entſchluß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. resolve, resolution. [from entſchließen. 408.I.]

entſchuldigen, *v. N. tr.* EXCULPATE, excuse, relieve from blame *or* penalty, justify. [from ſchuldig, 'guilty.' 405.III.1*b*.]

Entſchuldigung, *f.* =gen. EXCULPATION, excuse, apology. [from entſchuldigen. 408.III.8.]

entſchwinden, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. disappear, vanish. [ent= and ſchwinden, 'vanish.']

entſeelen, *v. N. tr.* deprive of **soul**

or life, EXANIMATE:—**entſeelt**, *past part. as adj.*, lifeless, dead. [from Seele, 'soul.' 405.III.1*b*.]

entſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set** out of place, displace, remove.—*refl.* become beside one's self with horror, be shocked *or* startled, be terrified, start, shudder. [ent= and ſetzen.]

Entſetzen, *n.* =ns. horror, shuddering fear, terror, dread. [infinitive of entſetzen. 340.3.]

entſetzlich, *adj.* horrible, terrible, dreadful, shocking. [from entſetzen. 415. 12*c*.]

entſinnen, *v.* *O*(I.2). *refl.* (*with gen.*). bethink one's self of, recall, remember. [ent= and ſinnen, 'think.']

entſittlichen, *v. N. tr.* render immoral, demoralize. [from ſittlich, 'moral.' 405.III.1*b*.]

Entſittlichung, *f.* =gen. demoralization. [from entſittlichen. 408.III.8.]

entſprechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* (*with dat.*). ℌ. answer, respond to, correspond with. [ent= and ſprechen, '**speak.**']

entſprießen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* (*with dat.*). **sprout** forth; descend (from ancestors):—**entſproſſen**, *past part. as adj.*, descended, born. [ent= and ſprießen.]

entſpringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. **spring** from *or* forth, arise. [ent= and ſpringen.]

entſtehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. arise, come into being, originate. [ent= and ſtehen, '**stand.**']

Entſtehung, *f.* =gen. origination, coming into being, beginning. [from entſtehen. 408.III.8.]

Entſtehungsgeſchichte, *f.* =ten. history of origin, story of development. [Entſtehung (422.2*c*) and Geſchichte, 'history.']

entſteigen, *v.* *O*(III.2). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. ascend from, rise out of, come forth. [ent= and ſteigen, 'ascend.']

entſtellen, *v. N. tr.* (displace: *hence*) distort, disfigure, deface, deform. [ent= and ſtellen, 'place.']

entſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. tumble from, burst forth, proceed with violence. [ent= and ſtürzen.]

enttäuſchen, *v. N. tr.* undeceive, disabuse. [ent= and täuſchen, 'deceive.']

entwachſen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. grow forth from; out-grow. [ent= and wachſen, '**wax.**']

entweder, *conj.* either (*followed by* oder, or). [corrupted from eintweder, from ein, '**one,**' and beweder, '**whether;**' lit'ly, 'one of the two.']

entweichen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *intr.* (*with dat.*) ſ. run away from, slip out of reach of, evade, escape. [ent= and weichen, 'give way.']

entweihen, *v. N. tr.* desecrate, profane, violate the sanctity of. [ent= and weihen, 'hallow.']

Entweiher, *m.* =rs, =r. desecrator, profaner. [from entweihen. 408.III.4.]

Entweiherin, *f.* =innen. desecrator, profaner (female). [from Entweiher. 410.4.]

entwerfen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* (throw off hastily: *i.e.*) sketch, draw in outline, chalk out; project, devise, plan. [ent= and werfen, 'throw.']

entwickeln, *v. N. tr.* unwrap, unfold, untwist; develop, evolve, resolve; explain, expound, solve; display, exhibit. [ent= and wickeln, 'wrap up.']

Entwickelung, *f.* =gen. unfolding, development, exposition, exhibition. [from entwickeln. 408.III.8.]

entwinden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*). wrest forth, EXTORT.—*refl.* work one's self from *or* out of, extricate one's self, become free. [ent= and winden, '**wind,** twist.']

entwohnen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. become unused, grow disaccustomed. [ent= and wohnen, '**be wont.**']

entwöhnen, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. and gen.*). disaccustom, wean. [ent= and wöhnen, 'accustom.']

entziehen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*). withdraw, remove, take away, put out of reach. [ent= and ziehen, 'draw.']

entzücken, *v. N. tr.* **ravish,** enrapture, transport, fill with ecstasy, overjoy. [ent= and zücken, '**snatch.**']

entzünden, *v. N. tr.* kindle, inflame, set on fire; fill with ardor *or* passion. [ent= and zünden, 'kindle.']

entzwei, *adv.* **in two,** asunder, apart. [for inzwei, from in and zwei.]

entzweien, *v. N. tr.* disunite, **set at** variance, render mutually hostile. [from entzwei. 406.]

entzweigehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. come apart, **go in two,** separate. [ent= zwei and gehen.]

entzweireißen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. tear apart, become rent asunder. [ent= zwei and reißen, 'tear.']

Epaulette, *f.* =en. **epaulet.** [French.]

Equipage, *f.* =en. **equipage,** carriage and horses. [French.]

er, *pers. pron.* (151). he, it.

er-, *insep'ble prefix* (307.1,4): *same with* ur-, *and originally related or identical with* aus, **out**; *adds to verbs the idea of* out, *of transition or beginning, of strengthening or attainment, or of acquisition by means of the action signified; also forms denominative verbs* (405.III.1*c*), *most often with idea of passing into or reduction to a condition.*

erathmen, *v. N. intr.* h. breathe strongly, pant, sigh. [er- and athmen, 'breathe.']

Erbadel, *m.* -ls, -l. hereditary nobility. [Erbe and Adel, 'nobility.']

erbarmen, *v. N. refl.* (*with gen.*). pity, commiserate, have compassion on, show mercy to. [er- and -barmen.]

Erbarmen, *n.* -ns. pity, commiseration, compassion. [infin. of erbarmen. 340.3.]

erbärmlich, *adj.* pitiable, miserable, pitiful, wretched. [from erbarmen. 415.12*c*.]

erbauen, *v. N. tr.* build up, erect; *fig'ly,* EDIFY. [er- and bauen, 'build.']

erbaulich, *adj.* EDIFYING, informing and improving. [from erbauen. 415. 12*c*.]

Erbe, *m.* -en, -en. heir, inheritor.

Erbe, *n.* -es. inheritance, heritage.

erbeben, *v. N. intr.* h. tremble greatly, quake, shake. [er- and beben, 'tremble.']

erben, *v. N. tr.* inherit, receive as heir. [from Erbe. 405.I.1.]

erbeuten, *v. N. tr.* make **booty** of, get by plunder. [from Beute, '**booty**.' 405.III.1*c*.]

Erbfeind, *m.* -bs, -be. hereditary enemy. [Erbe and Feind, 'enemy.']

erbieten, *v. O*(III.3). *refl.* offer, proffer, promise. [er- and bieten, '**bid.**']

erbietig, *adj.* offering, proposing, ready. [from erbieten. 415.9*b*.]

Erbin, *f.* -innen. heiress. [from Erbe. 410.4.]

erbitten, *v. O*(I.4). *tr.* obtain *or* try to obtain by entreaty, beg for; win over. [er- and bitten, 'beg.']

erbleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* f. turn pale, lose color, blanch. [er- and bleichen, 'turn pale.']

erblich, *adj.* hereditary, inheritable, going down by inheritance. [from erben. 415.12*c*.]

erblicken, *v. N. tr.* catch sight of, espy, descry, perceive. [er- and blicken, 'look.']

erblühen, *v. N. intr.* f. bloom forth, blossom, develop in beauty. [er- and blühen, '**blow.**']

Erbtheilung, *f.* -gen. division of inheritance. [Erbe and Theilung, 'division.']

Erdbeere, *f.* -en. **strawberry.** [Erbe and Beere.]

Erdboden, *m.* -ns. ground, soil. [Erde and Boden, '**bottom.**']

Erde, *f.* -en. **earth,** ground, soil, dirt; **earth,** world. [E. **earth.**]

erdgeboren, *adj.* **earth-born.** [Erde and geboren, past part. of gebären, '**bear.**']

Erdenhaus, *n.* -fes, -häuser. **earth-house,** dwelling of earth. [Erde (422.2*d*) and Haus.]

erdenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* obtain by **thinking,** contrive, devise, invent, excogitate. [er- and denken.]

Erdenleben, *n.* -ns, -n. **earthly life.** [Erde (422.2*d*) and Leben.]

Erdensohn, *m.* -ns, -söhne. **son** of **earth,** earth-born mortal. [Erde (422.2*d*) and Sohn.]

Erdensonne, *f.* -en. **sun** of **earth,** earthly sun. [Erde(422.2*d*) and Sonne.]

Erdgeist, *m.* -stes, -ster. **earth-spirit.** [Erde and Geist, '**ghost.**']

Erdgürtel, *m.* -ls, -l. (**earth-girdle**: *i.e.*) ZONE. [Erde and Gürtel.]

Erdkörper, *m.* -rs, -r. terrestrial body, globe of **earth,** sphere. [Erde and Körper, 'body.']

Erdkreis, *m.* -fes, -fe. circumference of the **earth,** globe. [Erde and Kreis, 'circle.']

erdrosseln, *v. N. tr.* **throttle,** strangle, choke, suffocate. [er- and drosseln.]

Erdscholle, *f.* -en. clod of **earth,** lump of dirt or turf. [Erde and Scholle, 'clod.']

Erdstoß, *m.* -ßes, -ße. **earthquake** shock, earthquake. [Erde and Stoß, 'shock.']

Erdstrich, *m.* -ches, -che. region, territory; zone. [Erde and Strich, '**streak.**']

Erdwinkel, *m.* -ls, -l. corner of **earth,** nook of the world. [Erde and Winkel, 'corner.']

ereignen, *v. N. refl.* make appearance, take place, occur, happen. [er- and eignen, 'make one's **own**;' but mixed with ereignen, 'bring before the **eyes,**' from Auge, '**eye,**' and deriving its meaning from this.]

Ereigniß, *n.* -sses, -sse. occurrence, event. [from ereignen. 408.III.6.]

ererben, *v. N. tr.* obtain by inherit-

ance, be heir to, inherit. [er- and erben.]

erfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* fall in with (as an event *or* experience), experience, go through; learn, obtain information of. [er- and fahren, 'go, **fare.**']

erfahren, *adj.* experienced, expert, practised, versed, skilful. [past part. of erfahren.]

Erfahrung, *f.* -gen. experience, practical knowledge. [from erfahren. 408. III.8.]

Erfahrungskreis, *m.* -ſes, -ſe. circle of experience, round of knowledge. [Erfahrung (422.2*c*) and Kreis, 'circle.']

erfaſſen, *v. N. tr.* take hold of, seize, grasp; comprehend. [er- and faſſen, 'seize.']

erfinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **find** out, invent, devise, contrive. [er- and finden.]

Erfinder, *m.* -rs, -r. inventor, contriver. [from erfinden. 408. III.4.]

erfinderiſch, *adj.* inventive. [from Erfinder. 415.10*a*.]

erflehen, *v. N. tr.* obtain *or* seek to obtain by entreaty, implore. [er- and flehen, 'beg.']

Erfolg, *m.* -gs, -ge. consequence, result. [from erfolgen. 408.I.]

erfolgen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **follow,** ensue, result. [er- and folgen.]

erfordern, *v. N. tr.* require, demand, call for. [er- and fordern, 'ask.']

Erforderniß, *n.* -ſſes, -ſſe. requirement, requisite. [from erfordern. 408. III.6.]

erfreuen, *v. N. tr.* give pleasure to, cause to rejoice.—*refl.* (*with gen.*) enjoy. [er- and freuen, 'rejoice.']

erfreulich, *adj.* pleasing, agreeable, gratifying, delightful. [from erfreuen. 415.12*c*.]

erfriſchen, *v. N. tr.* **refresh,** restore freshness *or* vigor to. [from friſch. 405. III.1*c*.]

Erfriſchung, *f.* -gen. **refreshment**; collation. [from erfriſchen. 408. III.8.]

erfüllen, *v. N. tr.* **fill,** make **full**; fulfil, perform, accomplish. [er- and füllen.]

Erfüllung, *f.* -gen. fulfilment, accomplishment. [from erfüllen. 408. III.8.]

ergänzen, *v. N. tr.* make whole, complete, perfect; make up the lack of, supply. [from ganz, 'whole.' 405. III.1*c*.]

ergeben, *v. O*(II.1). *refl.* **give** one's self up, surrender, submit;—devote one's self, become addicted;—show itself, result, follow. [er- and geben.]

ergeben, *adj.* devoted, addicted, **given** up. [past part. of ergeben.]

Ergebenheit, *f.* -ten. devotion, attachment, addictedness. [from ergeben. 409. II.2.]

Ergebniß, *n.* -ſſes, -ſſe. result, consequence, upshot, sequel. [from ergeben. 408. III.6.]

Ergebung, *f.* -gen. submission, resignation. [from ergeben. 408. III.8.]

ergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** on, fare, happen; go forth, issue, be passed. —*refl.* **go** abroad, move about for exercise *or* pleasure, expatiate. [er- and gehen.]

ergießen, *v. O*(III.3). *refl.* pour one's self out, overflow, **gush** forth. [er- and gießen.]

erglänzen, *v. N. intr.* h. shine forth, glitter. [er- and glänzen, 'shine.']

ergötzen *or* **ergetzen,** *v. N. tr.* delight, gratify, please. [er- and götzen, causative of old German ergeſſen (= vergeſſen) 'forget;' lit'ly, 'cause to forget (all that troubles).']

ergreifen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* lay hold of, seize upon, catch, apprehend. [er- and greifen, '**grip.**']

ergrimmen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. grow furious, become angry. [from Grimm, 'wrath.' 405. III.1*c*.]

ergründen, *v. N. tr.* get to the **ground** *or* bottom of, explore thoroughly, fathom, sound, penetrate. [from Grund, '**ground.**' 405. III.1*c*.]

erhaben, *adj.* raised, elevated, exalted, uplifted, high; lofty, majestic, grand, noble, sublime. [irregular past part. (351.3) of erheben.]

Erhabenſein, *n.* -ns. being raised, occupation of an elevated position. [er- haben and ſein, 'be.']

erhalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* receive, get, obtain; keep, preserve, maintain, sustain. [er- and halten, '**hold.**']

Erhaltung, *f.* -gen. receipt, obtaining; preservation, maintenance, support. [from erhalten. 408. III.8.]

erharren, *v. N. tr.* wait for, expect. [er- and harren, 'wait.']

erhärten, *v. N. tr.* **harden**; confirm, verify. [from hart, '**hard.**' 405. III.1*c*.]

erhaſchen, *v. N. tr.* lay suddenly hold of, seize unexpectedly, catch. [er- and haſchen, 'catch.']

erheben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **heave** up, lift, raise, elevate.—*refl.* raise one's self, rise, arise. [er- and heben, '**heave.**']

erheblich, *adj.* material, weighty, important, cogent. [from erheben. 415. 12*c.*]

erheiſchen, *v. N. tr.* require, demand, make necessary. [er= and heiſchen, 'require.']

erheitern, *v. N. tr.* make cheerful, brighten up, gladden, exhilarate. [from heiter, 'cheerful.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erhellen, *v. N. tr.* brighten up, illuminate. [from hell, 'bright.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erhitzbar, *adj.* capable of being **heat**ed. [from erhitzen. 415. 1*b.*]

erhitzen, *v. N. tr.* **heat.** [from Hitze, '**heat.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

Erhitzung, *f.* =gen. heating up, incalescence, heat. [from erhitzen. 408. III. 8.]

erhöhen, *v. N. tr.* make **high,** elevate, raise aloft, exalt, extol. [from hoch. 405. III. 1*c.*]

Erhöhung, *f.* =gen. elevation, exaltation, enhancement. [from erhöhen. 408. III. 8.]

erholen, *v. N. refl.* recover one's self, be restored, get well *or* fresh, recreate. [er= and holen, 'fetch.']

Erholung, *f.* =gen. recovery, refreshment, recreation. [from erholen. 408. III. 8.]

erhören, *v. N. tr.* **hear, hear** of; grant. [er= and hören, '**hear.**']

erinnern, *v. N. tr.* remind, put in remembrance, call to mind, draw attention.—*refl.* (*with gen., or an followed by accus.*) remember, recollect, recall. [from inner, '**inner,** interior;' lit'ly 'put *within* one, bring before the *inner* sense.']

Erinnerung, *f.* =gen. calling to mind, remembrance, recollection, memory. [from erinnern. 408. III. 8.]

Erinnerungskraft, *f.* =äfte. power of memory. [Erinnerung (422. 2*d*) and Kraft, 'power.']

erjagen, *v. N. tr.* obtain by chasing, get by ardent pursuit. [er= and jagen, 'chase.']

erkennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* perceive, apprehend, understand, take cognizance of; recognize, distinguish; acknowledge, own to. [er= and kennen, 'know.']

erklären, *v. N. tr.* make **clear,** explain, expound, set forth. [from klar, '**clear.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erklärlich, *adj.* explainable, explicable, to be accounted for. [from erklären. 415. 12*c.*]

erklimmen, *v. N. tr.* win by **climb**ing, clamber up, scale. [er= and klimmen.]

erklingen, *v. O* (I. 1). *intr.* ſ. sound forth ring, resound. [er= and klingen.]

erkühnen, *v. N. refl.* embolden one's self, have the boldness, dare, presume. [from kühn, 'bold.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erlahmen, *v. N. tr.* grow **lame.** [from lahm, '**lame.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erlangen, *v. N. tr.* reach, attain, obtain, acquire. [er= and langen: lit'ly, 'obtain by stretching after.']

erlaſſen, *v. O* (II. 3). *tr.* **let** go, release, dispense; remit (as an obligation), yield claim on account of;—send forth, issue, publish, proclaim. [er= and laſſen.]

erlauben, *v. N. tr.* allow, give permission for, permit, grant. [er= and =lauben: related with Urlaub, '**leave.**']

Erlaubniß, *f.* =ſſe. permission, **leave.** [from erlauben. 408. III. 6.]

erlauſchen, *v. N. tr.* obtain by watching *or* lurking, find by stealthy search. [er= and lauſchen, 'lurk.']

Erle, *f.* =en. alder.

erleben, *v. N. tr.* **live** to see *or* experience, find out by experience, meet with. [er= and leben.]

erlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** down, deposit, impose; **lay** low, kill, slay. [er= and legen.]

erleichtern, *v. N. tr.* make **lighter** *or* easier, facilitate, ease, **lighten.** [from leichter, comparative of leicht. 405. III. 1*c*; I. 2*a.*]

erleiden, *v. O* (III. 1). *tr.* suffer, bear, endure, undergo. [er= and leiden, 'suffer.']

Erlenkönig. *see* **Erlkönig.**

erleuchten, *v. N. tr.* **light** up, illuminate; en**lighten.** [er= and leuchten, 'shine.']

Erleuchtung, *f.* =gen. **lighting** up, illumination. [from erleuchten. 408. III. 8.]

erliegen, *v. O* (I. 4). *intr.* ſ *or* h. (*with dat.*). sink under, succumb to, yield to, give way before, die of. [er= and liegen, '**lie.**']

erliſten, *v. N. tr.* obtain by artifice, win by craft *or* cunning. [from Liſt, 'craft.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

Erlkönig *or* **Erlenkönig,** *m.* =gs, =ge. **king** of the **erls** or elves. [Erle for Elfe (corruption of a northern form of the latter) and König.]

erlöſchen, *v. O* (III. 5). *or N. intr.* ſ. *or tr.* be extinguished *or* extinguish, go

out *or* put out. [er= and löſchen, 'extinguish.']

ermahnen, *v. N. tr.* admonish, exhort, remind. [er= and mahnen, 'remind.']

Ermahnung, *f.* =gen. admonition, exhortation. [from ermahnen. 408. III. 8.]

ermatten, *v. N. intr.* ſ. grow tired, weary. [from matt, 'weary.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

Ermattung, *f.* =gen. weariness, exhaustion. [from ermatten. 408. III. 8.]

ermeſſen, *v. O*(II. 1). *tr.* measure, weigh, fathom, estimate, understand. [er= and meſſen, 'measure.']

ermeßlich, *adj.* capable of being measured, measurable. [from ermeſſen. 405. 12*c.*]

ermorden, *v. N. tr.* **murder,** put to death. [from Mord, '**murder.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

ermüden, *v. N. tr.* weary, tire, fatigue. [from müde, 'tired.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

ermuntern, *v. N. tr.* cheer up, encourage, animate, rouse. [from munter, 'cheerful.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

ernähren, *v. N. tr.* nourish, feed, maintain, cherish. [er= and nähren, 'nourish.']

Erndte. *same as* **Ernte.**

erneuen, *v. N. tr.* **renew,** RENOVATE, restore. [from neu, '**new.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erneuern, *v. N. tr.* make **newer,** renovate, restore. [from neuer, comparative of neu. 405. III. I*c*; I. 2*a.*]

Erneuung, *f.* =gen. **renewal,** RENOVATION. [from erneuen. 408. III. 8.]

erniedrigen, *v. N. tr.* bring low, lower, humble, abase, degrade. [from niedrig, 'low.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

Erniedrigung, *f.* =gen. humiliation, abasement, degradation. [from erniedrigen. 408. III. 8.]

Ernſt, *m.* =ſtes. **earnest, earnestness,** seriousness, gravity: — **einem iſt Ernſt,** one is in earnest *or* seriously bent. [E. **earnest.**]

ernſt, *adj.* **earnest,** serious, grave, sober. [from Ernſt.]

ernſthaft, *adj.* **earnest,** serious, grave. [from Ernſt. 415. 7*a.*]

ernſtlich, *adj.* **earnest,** serious, intent, eager. [from Ernſt. 415. 12*a.*]

Ernte *or* **Erndte),** *f.* =en. harvest. [related with E. **earing,** 'plowing,' and **earn.**]

ernten, *v. N. tr.* harvest, gather in, reap (as result). [from Ernte. 405. III. 1*c.*]

Eroberer, *m.* =rs, =r. conqueror. [from erobern. 408. III. 4.]

erobern, *v. N. tr.* **overcome,** conquer, gain by force of arms, win. [from ober, '**over**;' lit'ly, 'get the upper hand of.']

Eroberung, *f.* =gen. conquest, acquisition by force of arms. [from erobern. 408. III. 8.]

eröffnen, *v. N. tr.* **open,** unclose; lay **open,** disclose. [from offen, '**open.**' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erpreſſen, *v. N. tr.* **press** out, extort, exact, wring forth. [er= and preſſen.]

erquicken, *v. N. tr.* **quicken,** revive, refresh, regale. [from quick, 'lively.' 405. III. 1*c.*]

erquicklich, *adj.* refreshing, reviving, comforting. [from erquicken. 415. 12*c.*]

Erquickung, *f.* =gen. **quickening,** enlivenment, refreshment, regalement. [from erquicken. 408. III. 8.]

erraffen, *v. N. tr.* gain by snatching, acquire with haste and violence. [er= and raffen, 'snatch.']

errathen, *v. O*(II. 3). *tr.* guess out, divine, hit upon, find by conjecture. [er= and rathen, 'guess.']

erregen, *v. N. tr.* stir up, excite, arouse. [er= and regen, 'stir.']

erreichen, *v. N. tr.* **reach,** attain, arrive at, gain. [er= and reichen.]

Erreichung, *f.* =gen. **reaching,** attainment. [from erreichen. 408. III. 8.]

erretten, *v. N. tr.* rescue, save, deliver. [er= and retten, 'save.']

Errettung, *f.* =gen. saving, deliverance, salvation. [from erretten. 408. III. 8.]

errichten, *v. N. tr.* set **upright,** erect, raise, establish, fix, set. [er= and richten, '**right.**']

Errichtung, *f.* =gen. erection, establishment. [from errichten. 408. III. 8.]

erringen, *v. O*(I. 1). *tr.* obtain by exertion, win as prize of effort. [er= and ringen, 'strive']

erröthen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. turn **red,** blush, color up. [from roth. 405. III. 1*c.*]

Erſatz, *m.* =zes. amends, return, indemnification, reparation, reimbursement. [from erſetzen. 408. I.]

erſaufen, *v. O*(III. 4). *intr.* ſ. be drowned, be deluged *or* inundated. [er= and ſaufen, '**sop.**']

erſchaffen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* create, produce, **shape** out. [er= and ſchaffen, 'make.']

erſchallen, *v. O*(III. 5). *or N. intr.* ſ. sound forth, resound, ring. [er= and ſchallen, 'sound.']

erſcheinen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. (**shine** forth: *i.e.*) make appearance, come in sight, appear. [er= and ſcheinen, '**shine.**']

Erſcheinung, *f.* =gen. appearance, PHENOMENON. [from erſcheinen. 408.III.8.]

erſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* **slay,** kill, put to death. [er= and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

erſchöpfen, *v. N. tr.* drain, exhaust. [er= and ſchöpfen, 'draw (water).']

Erſchöpfung, *f.* =gen. exhaustion. [from erſchöpfen. 408.III.8.]

erſchrecken, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. be frightened *or* startled.—*N. tr.* frighten, startle, terrify. [er= and ſchrecken, 'frighten.']

erſchrecklich, *adj.* terrifying, frightful, dreadful, terrible. [from erſchrecken. 415.12*c.*]

erſchüttern, *v. N. tr.* cause to quake *or* tremble, shake, convulse, stagger, **shatter**; move *or* affect strongly. [er= and ſchüttern, 'shake.']

Erſchütterung, *f.* =gen. shaking, shock, concussion. [from erſchüttern. 408. III.8.]

erſchwellen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. **swell** up, be inflated, expand. [er= and ſchwellen.]

erſehnen, *v. N. tr.* long for, hanker after, crave. [er= and ſehnen, 'long.']

erſetzen, *v. N. tr.* restore, replace, make up the loss of, supply. [er= and ſetzen, '**set.**']

Erſetzung, *f.* =gen. making up, restoration, reparation. [from erſetzen. 408. III.8.]

erſeufzen, *v. N. intr.* ẖ. sigh deeply, heave a sigh. [er= and ſeufzen, 'sigh.']

erſinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* think out, excogitate, devise, contrive. [er= and ſinnen, 'think.']

erſt, *adj.* first; foremost, leading.—*adv.* firstly, first, at first; for the first time, not till, only at this time; but just, only:—**erſt noch,** but just now. [E. **erst** (poetic): superl. of **eher,** for **eherſt.** 139.3.]

erſtarren, *v. N. intr.* ſ. grow stiff, stiffen, become numb or torpid. [from ſtarr. 405.III.1*c.*]

erſtaunen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. be astonished *or* amazed. [er= and ſtaunen, 'wonder.']

Erſtaunen, *n.* =ns. astonishment, wonder, surprise. [infin. of erſtaunen. 340.3.]

erſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. (**stand** forth: *i.e.*) arise, rise from the dead. [er= and ſtehen.]

erſtenmal *or* **erſtenmale** = **erſten Mal,** first time.

erſter, *adj.* former. [as if comparative of erſt. 139.3.]

erſtgeboren, *adj.* first-**born.** [erſt and geboren, past part. of gebären, '**bear.**']

erſticken, *v. N. tr.* stifle, smother, choke. [er= and ſticken, 'smother.']

erſtreben, *v. N. tr.* gain by **striving,** procure *or* try to procure with effort. [er= and ſtreben.]

erſtrecken, *v. N. tr.* **stretch** out, extend. [er= and ſtrecken.]

Erſtreckung, *f.* =gen. **stretch,** extent. [from erſtrecken. 408.III.8.]

erſtürmen, *v. N. tr.* take by **storm.** [er= and ſtürmen.]

ertönen, *v. N. intr.* sound forth, resound. [er= and tönen, 'give **tone.**']

ertragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* bear, endure, support. [er= and tragen, 'carry.']

erträglich, *adj.* endurable, supportable. [from ertragen. 415.12*c.*]

ertränken, *v. N. tr.* drown. [er= and tränken, '**drench.**']

ertrinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. be drowned, die by drowning. [er= and trinken, '**drink.**']

erwachen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **wake** up, be aroused, awake. [er= and wachen.]

erwachſen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. grow up, grow forth. [er= and wachſen, '**wax.**']

erwählen, *v. N. tr.* elect, select, make choice of, choose. [er= and wählen, 'choose.']

erwähnen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ẖ. (*with gen.*). mention, make mention of, call to notice. [er= and wähnen, 'suppose.']

erwärmen, *v. N. tr.* make **warm, warm** up. [from warm, '**warm.**' 405.III.1*c.*]

erwarten, *v. N. tr.* wait for, await, expect, look for the arrival of. [er= and warten, 'wait.']

Erwartung, *f.* =gen. waiting, expectation, anticipation. [from erwarten. 408.III.8.]

erwecken, *v. N. tr.* **waken,** rouse from slumber. [er= and wecken, '**waken.**']

erwehren, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*). keep off, resist.—*refl.* (*with gen.*). defend one's self from, resist. [er= and wehren, 'ward off.']

erweiſen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* show, prove; render (as a favor *or* kindness). [er= and weiſen, 'point out.']

erweislich, *adj.* capable of being point-

ed out, demonstrable. [from erweisen. 415.12*c*.]

erweitern, *v. N. tr.* make **wider**, spread out, extend, expand, dilate. [from weiter, comparative of weit, '**wide**.' 405.III.1*c*; I.2*a*.]

erwerben, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* gain, acquire, come by, procure by effort. [er= and werben, 'sue.']

Erwerbung, *f.* =gen. **acquisition, gain.** [from erwerben. 408.III.8.]

erwiedern (*or* **erwidern**), *v. N. tr.* give back again, return, retaliate; *especially*, answer, reply. [from wieder, 'again.' 406.]

erwühlen, *v. N. tr.* stir up, throw into turmoil *or* confusion. [er= and wühlen, 'wallow.']

erwünſchen, *v. N. tr.* **wish** for, desire. [er= and wünſchen.]

erwürgen, *v. N. tr.* strangle, choke, throttle, murder. [er= and würgen, 'choke.']

Erz, *n.* =zes, =ze. ore, metal; brass, bronze.

erz=, *prefix to nouns and adj.* (411.II.5; 416.6). **arch-.**

erzählen, *v. N. tr.* relate, recount, narrate, **tell.** [er= and zählen.]

Erzählung, *f.* =gen. narration, relation, **tale.** [from erzählen. 408.III.8.]

Erzbiſchof, *m.* =fs, =böfe. **archbishop.** [erz= and Biſchof.]

erzeigen, *v. N. tr.* show (a **favor** *or* kindness), render, confer. [er= and zeigen, 'show.']

Erzengel, *m.* =ls, =l. **archangel.** [erz= and Engel.]

erzeugen, *v. N. tr.* beget, generate, engender, produce, give rise to. [er= and zeugen, 'beget.']

erziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* (draw forth: *i. e.*) bring up, rear, train, EDUCATE. [er= and ziehen, 'draw.']

Erziehung, *f.* =gen. bringing up, training, EDUCATION. [from erziehen. 408.III.8.]

erzielen, *v. N. tr.* make one's aim *or* object, strive after; obtain by effort. [from Ziel, 'aim, goal.' 405.III.1*c*.]

erzittern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tremble, shake, quake. [er= and zittern, 'tremble.']

erzürnen, *v. N. tr.* make angry, irritate.—*refl.* become angry. [er= and zürnen, 'be angry.']

es, *pers. pron. neut.* (151; 154.4.). **it.** [E. **it.**]

Eſel, *m.* =ls, =l. **ass**, donkey. [related with *ass*; from Latin *asinus*.]

Eſelsfleiſch, *n.* =ſches. **asses' flesh** *or* meat. [Eſel (422.2*b*) and Fleiſch.]

Espe, *f.* =en. **aspen**, trembling poplar. [E. **aspen.**]

Espenlaub, *n.* =bes. **aspen-leaf.** [Espe (422.2*d*) and Laub.]

eſſen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **eat**, devour, feed. [E. **eat.**]

Etiquette, *f.* **etiquette.** [French. same word as *ticket*.]

etlich, *pron. adj.* some, sundry. [et= (compare etwa) and =lich.]

etwa, *adv.* perchance, peradventure; about, somewhere nearly; **indeed**, forsooth. [for etwo, from **wo**, '**where**,' with indefinite prefix et=, as in etlich and etwelch (189), etwas and etwan (et= and wann, '**when**').]

etwas, *indef. pron.* (188), *indeclinable.* something, somewhat (*construed in apposition with following adjective or* [*generally*] *noun*);—*often used adverbially*, somewhat, in some measure *or* respect, a little, **rather.** [et= (see etwa) and was.]

euch, *pers. pron.*, *dat. or accus. pl. of* du (151). **you**, to you. [E. **you.**]

euer, *possessive adj.* (157). **your.** [E. **your.**]

euer, *gen. pl. of* du (151). **of you, your.** [E. **your.**]

eurig, *possessive adj.* (159.5). **your.** [from euer. 415.9*c*.]

Europa, *n.* **Europe.**

Europäer, *m.* =rs, =r. **inhabitant of Europe, European.** [from Europa. 410.3*b*.]

europäiſch, *adj.* belonging to **Europe, European.** [from Europa. 415.10*a*.]

ewig, *adj.* everlasting, eternal, perpetual, unceasing:—**auf ewig**, forever. [from obsolete *ëwa*, 'continuance' (415.9): related with *ever*.]

ewigblind, *adj.* ever **blind.** [ewig and blind.]

Ewigkeit, *f.* =ten. eternity, perpetuity. [from ewig. 409.II.3.]

exact, *adj.* **exact.** [from Latin.]

Exiſtenz', *f.* **existence.** [from Latin.]

Experiment', *n.* =ts, =te. **experiment.** [from Latin.]

Fabel, *f.* =ln. **fable.** [Latin *fabula.*]
fabeln, *v. N. tr.* **fable,** tell falsely, invent and report. [from Fabel. 405.I.1.]
Façade, *f.* =en. **façade,** front *or* **face** of a building. [French.]
Fach, *n.* =ches, =ächer. compartment, panel; department, branch (of study, *etc.*): —*suffix forming multiplicative adjectives* (204; 415.15*d*), *as* einfach, single, dreifach, triple. [related with fahen, fangen, 'hold.']
fachen, *v. N. tr.* fan, blow.
Fächer, *m.* =rs, =r. fan. [from fachen. 408.III.4.]
Fächerpalme, *f.* =en. fan-**palm,** talipot tree. [Fächer and Palme.]
Fackel, *f.* =ln. torch, link, flambeau. [from Latin *facula.*]
Faden, *m.* =ns, =n *or* =äden. thread, string, twine, cord; **fathom.** [E. **fathom.**]
fahen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* (*preterit wanting*). seize, take hold of, hold. [old, and now only poetical, form of fangen.]
fähig, *adj.* (*with gen.*). capable, able. [from fahen. 415.9*b*.]
Fähigkeit, *f.* =ten. capacity, ability, faculty, talent. [from fähig. 409.II.3.]
Fahne, *f.* =en. banner, flag; *hence,* troop, squadron, company.
Fähnlein, *n.* =ns, =n. small banner; small troop *or* company, squad. [from Fahne. 410.1.]
Fähre, *f.* =en. **ferry, ferry**boat. [E. **ferry**: from fahren. 408.II.2.]
fahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* f *or* h. **fare,** go, move, pass, proceed; go in a carriage, drive, be drawn *or* conveyed:—**fahren lassen,** let go, drop, relinquish; **fahre wohl, farewell.** [E. **fare.**]
Fahrer, *m.* =rs, =r. one who goes *or* **fares, farer.** [from fahren. 408. III.4.]
Fährmann, *m.* =ns, =änner *or* =rleute (100.2 *rem.*). **ferryman.** [Fähre and Mann.]
Fahrt, *f.* =ten. passage, journey, voyage, course, transit. [from fahren. 408.II.1.]
Fährte, *f.* =en. track. [from fahren. 408.II.1.]
Fahrzeug, *n.* =gs, =ge. vessel, bark, boat, ship. [fahren and Zeug, 'thing.' 422.3.]
Fall, *m.* =les, =älle. **fall,** descent, tumble; water**fall,** cataract; hap, accident, CASE; condition, situation:—**im Fall,** in case; *hence,* supposing, if:—*frequent in adverbial compounds, with sense of* case (365.1*b*). [from fallen. 408.I.]
Falle, *f.* =en. pit-**fall,** trap, snare. [from fallen. 408.II.2.]
fallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* f. **fall,** descend, tumble; sink, decline; die, perish; *with dat.,* occur to, **fall** to the lot of:—**in die Augen fallen,** strike the eye; **in die Rede fallen,** interrupt (break suddenly into someone's talk); **aufs Herz fallen,** come over (as a feeling). [E. **fall.**]
fällen, *v. N. tr.* make **fall, fell**; let **fall,** lay down, pass (sentence). [from fallen (404.I.1); probably as denominative of Fall.]
=fällig. *in composition,* **falling.** [from Fall. 415.9*a*; or fallen. 415.9*b*.]
Fallstrick, *m.* =cks, =cke. snare, noose, gin, toil, trap. [fallen and Strick, '**string.**' 422.3.]
falsch, *adj.* **false,** untrue, wrong, ungenuine, spurious; perfidious, treacherous, base. [from Latin *falsus.*]
Falschheit, *f.* =ten. **falsehood,** deceit, guile, perfidy. [from falsch, 409.II.2.]
=falt, =faltig, =fältig, -fold, *in composition with numeral words, forming multiplicatives* (204; 415.15*e*). [from Falte.]
Falte, *f.* =en. **fold,** plait. [E. **fold.**]
falten, *v. N.* (*or O. in part.*). fold, double up. [E. **fold.**]
Fami'lie, *f.* =en. **family.** [from Latin *familia.*]
Famulus, *m.* **famulus,** assistant, attendant. [Latin.]
Fang, *m.* =ges, =änge. catching, capture; claw, **fang.** [from fangen. 408.I.]
fangen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* catch, seize, take hold of, capture; make prisoner *or* captive.—*refl.* be caught, become entangled; take hold, catch:—**gefangen,** *past part. as noun,* prisoner, captive. [related with E. **fang** ('that which seizes *or* takes hold').]
Fangschnur, *f.* =ren. string for catching anything, noose, lasso, hanging string. [fangen and Schnur, 'string.' 422.3.]
Farbe, *f.* =en. color, hue.
färben, *v. N. tr.* give color to, color, tinge, dye. [from Farbe. 405.I.1.]
farbig, *adj.* colored. [from Farbe. 415. 9*a*.]

Färbung, *f.* =gen. coloring, hue, tint, tinge. [from färben. 408.III.8.]

Farre, *m.* =en, =en. bullock, bull. [related with E. *farrow*, 'barren' (of cows).]

Faß, *n.* =ſſes, =äſſer. **vat**, tub, cask, barrel, vessel. [from faſſen (or *vice versâ*).]

faſſen, *v. N. tr.* hold, contain, include; apprehend, comprehend, conceive, frame in mind;—lay hold of, grasp, take, hold.—*refl.* contain *or* compose one's self, be collected:—*hence*, **gefaßt**, *past part. as adj.*, collected, composed, self-sustained, calm; (*with* auf, for) prepared, ready. [related with Faß.]

Faſſung, *f.* =gen. setting, comprehension, composure; composition, style. [from faſſen. 408.III.8.]

faſt, *adv.* almost, nearly, well-nigh. [irregularly from feſt, '**faſt**;' lit'ly, 'close upon.']

Faſte, *f.* =en. (*hardly used except in plural*). **faſt**, time of **fasting**. [from faſten.]

faſten, *v. N. intr.* h. **faſt**, go without food. [originally, 'keep, observe (as holy time);' related with feſt, '**faſt**.']

Faſtenzeit, *f.* =ten. **faſting** time, lent, shrove-**tide**. [Faſte (422.2*d*) and Zeit, 'time.']

Fatum, *n.* =ms, =ta. **fate**, destiny. [Latin word.]

faul, *adj.* decayed, rotten; **foul**, offensive, putrid; — lazy, indolent, idle. [E. **foul**.]

Faun, *m.* =nen, =nen. **faun**, (*to the Romans*) a god of fields and rural occupations, satyr. [Latin.]

Fauſt, *f.* =äuſte. **fiſt**, clenched hand. [E. **fiſt**.]

fechten, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* h. **fight**, combat. [E. **fight**.]

Feder, *f.* =rn. **feather**, plume; pen; spring (part of a machine, *etc.*). [E. **feather**.]

Federbuſch, *m.* =ſches, =üſche. tuft *or* crest of **feathers**. [Feder and Buſch, '**bush**.']

Federhut, *m.* =ts, =üte. plumed **hat**. [Feder and Hut.]

Fegefeuer, *n.* =rs. purgatory, limbo. [fegen and Feuer, '**fire**' (422.3); lit'ly, 'purifying fire.']

fegen, *v. N. tr.* cleanse, scour, sweep, purify. [perhaps related with E. *fair* (A-S. *fager*.).]

Fehde, *f.* =en. **feud**, quarrel. [related with Feind, 'foe.']

Fehl, *m.* =les, =le. **fault**, **failure**. [from fehlen. 408.I.]

fehlbar, *adj.* capable of **failing**, fallible. [from fehlen; only used with un=. 415.1*b*, 12*c*.]

fehlen, *v. N. intr.* h. **fail**, be wanting, be deficient *or* lacking; fail of success, miscarry; commit a fault, be in the wrong, be mistaken, err, offend:—**es fehlt an** . . . (*impers.*), there is lack of . . . [from French *faillir*, Latin *fallere*.]

=fehlen, *v. O*(L3). *tr. only in* **befehlen** *and* **empfehlen**, commend.

fehlſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. (make a false stroke: *i.e.*) fail of success, miscarry, prove abortive. [Fehl (used adverbially) and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

Fehltritt, *m.* =ts, =te. false step, *faux pas*, misstep, slip, fault. [Fehl (used adv'ly) and Tritt, '**tread**.']

Feier, *f.* holiday, cessation from labor, rest; celebration, festival. [from Latin *feriæ*.]

Feierklang, *m.* =gs, =änge. festive sound, joyous ringing. [Feier and Klang.]

feierlich, *adj.* solemn, ceremonial. [from Feier. 415.12*a*.]

Feierlichkeit, *f.* =ten. solemnity, ceremony. [from feierlich. 409.II.3.]

feiern, *v. N. intr.* h. make holiday, rest from labor.—*tr.* celebrate, solemnize, observe duly. [from Feier. 405.I.1.]

Feierſtunde, *f.* =en. leisure *or* festive hour; time of festivity, resting time. [Feier and Stunde, 'hour.']

Feiertag, *m.* =gs, =ge. **holiday**, **day** of rest *or* recreation. [Feier and Tag.]

feig *or* **feige**, *adj.* cowardly, faint-hearted, pusillanimous, dastardly.

Feige, *f.* =en. **fig**. [from Latin *ficus*.]

Feigenbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **fig**-tree. [Feige (422.2*d*) and Baum.]

feil, *adj.* on sale, venal, purchasable.

fein, *adj.* **fine**, not coarse, delicate; nice, pretty, excellent, admirable; elegant, refined; acute, quick; cunning, sly. [from French etc. *fin*, Latin *finitus*, '**finished**.']

feind, *adj.* hostile, inimical. [E. **fiend**: pres. part. of obsolete *fijan*, 'hate.']

Feind, *m.* =des, =de. enemy, foe. [same as feind.]

Feindin, *f.* =innen. (female) enemy *or* foe. [from Feind. 410.4.]

feindlich, *adj.* hostile, inimical. [from Feind. 415.12*a*.]

Feindlichkeit, *f.* =ten. hostility, un-

friendliness, hate. [from feindlich. 409.II.3.]

Feindſchaft, *f.* =ten. enmity, hostility, ill-will. [from Feind. 410.7*a*.]

feindſelig, *adj.* inimical, hostile. [from Feind. 415.9*f*.]

Feindſeligkeit, *f.* =ten. hostility, inimical act *or* conduct. [from feindſelig. 409.II.3.]

feingezeichnet, *adj.* **fine**-drawn, minutely detailed. [fein and gezeichnet, past part. of zeichnen, 'draw.']

Feinheit, *f.* =ten. **fineness**, delicay; niceness; sharpness, acuteness. [from fein. 409.II.2.]

Feld, *n.* =des, =der. **field**, open land, plain; **field** of war *or* battle, battle-ground; area; department, sphere. [E. **field**.]

Feldherr, *m.* =rn, =rn. general, commander-in-chief. [Feld and Herr, 'master.']

Feldzeichen, *n.* =ns, =n. **field**-ensign, standard, banner. [Feld and Zeichen, '**token**.']

Fell, *n.* =les, =le. skin, hide, pelt.

Fels, *m.* =en, =en; *or* **Felſen**, =ns, =n. rock.

Felsbruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. quarry. [Fels and Bruch, '**breach**;' *i.e.* 'place where stone is *broken* out.']

Felſenburg, *f.* =gen. rocky castle, fortress of rock. [Felſen and Burg.]

Felſenglied, *n.* =ds, =der. limb of stone, rocky member. [Felſen and Glied.]

Felſenklippe, *f.* =en. **cliff** of rock, rocky precipice. [Felſen and Klippe.]

Felſenriff, *n.* =fs, =fe. rocky **reef**, ledge of rocks. [Felſen and Riff.]

Felſenſchloß, *n.* =ſſes, =öſſer. rocky castle *or* keep. [Felſen and Schloß.]

Felſenwand, *f.* =ände. rocky wall, precipice. [Felſen and Wand.]

felſig, *adj.* rocky. [from Fels. 415.9*a*.]

Felsrinde, *f.* =en. rocky **rind**, rock-crust. [Fels and Rinde.]

Felsſtück, *n.* =cks, =cke. piece of rock. [Fels and Stück.]

Felswand. *same as* **Felſenwand**.

Fenſter, *n.* =rs, =r. window. [from Latin *fenestra*.]

Fenſterhöhle, *f.* =en. window **hole**. [Fenſter and Höhle.]

Fenſterſcheibe, *f.* =en. window-pane. [Fenſter and Scheibe.]

fern, *adj.* distant, **far** off, remote. [E. **far**.]

Ferne, *f.* =en. distance, **farness**, remoteness; distant place *or* time. [from fern. 409.II.1.]

Fernglas, *n.* =ſes, =äſer. perspective **glass**, spy-**glass**, lorgnette. [fern and Glas.]

fernleuchtend, *adj.* **far**-shining, glistening in the distance. [fern and leuchtend, pres. part. of leuchten.]

Fernrohr, *n.* =rs, =re or =öhre. spy-glass, telescope. [fern and Rohr, 'tube.']

Ferſe, *f.* =en. heel.

fertig, *adj.* prepared, ready; finished, complete, perfect; skilful, dexterous, handy. [for fährtig, from Fahrt (415.9*a*); lit'ly, 'prepared for a start or journey.']

fertigen, *v. N. tr.* make ready, prepare; perform. [from fertig. 405.I.2.]

Feſſel, *f.* =ln. **fetter**, chain, shackle. [probably related with Fuß, '**foot**,' as '*foot*-shackle.']

feſſellos, *adj.* **fetterless**, unchained, free from restraint. [from Feſſel. 415.15*a*.]

feſſeln, *v. N. tr.* **fetter**, chain, fasten, attach. [from Feſſel. 405.I.1.]

feſt (*or* feſte), *adj.* **fast**, firm, stable, solid, hard; fixed, immovable. [E. **fast**.]

Feſt, *n.* =tes, =te. **festival**, **fête**, **feast**. [from Latin *festum*.]

Feſte, *f.* =en. firmness, solidity, fixedness; **fastness**, stronghold, fortress; firm ground, main-land, continent. [from feſt. 409.II.1.]

Feſtgeſang, *m.* =gs, =änge. **festal song**. [Feſt and Geſang.]

feſthalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold fast**; stick to, cling upon. [feſt and halten. 312.2.]

Feſtigkeit, *f.* =ten. firmness, constancy, resolution. [from feſt. 409.II.3.]

Feſtland, *n.* =bs, =änder. firm **land**, continent. [feſt and Land.]

Feſtlandsſperre, *f* =en. shutting up of a continent, continental embargo. [Feſtland (422.2*b*) and Sperre.]

feſtlich, *adj.* **festal**, **festive**. [from Feſt. 415.15*b*.]

Feſtſaal, *m.* =ls, =ſäle. **festive** hall *or* **saloon**. [Feſt and Saal.]

feſtſetzen, *v. N. tr.* establish, arrange, determine, institute, stipulate. [feſt and ſetzen. 312.2.]

feſtſtecken, *v. N. tr.* **stick fast**, fasten. [feſt and ſtecken. 312.2.]

Feſttag, *m.* =gs, =ge. **festal day**. [Feſt and Tag.]

feſttägig, *adj.* belonging to a **festive day**, holiday. [from Feſttag. 415.9*a*.]

Feſttagskleid, *n.* =bs, =der. holiday garb. [Feſttag (422.2*b*) and Kleid, '**cloth**.']

feſtwachſen, *v*, *O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. grow

faſt *or* firm, become fixed *or* fastened by growing. [feſt and wachſen, '**wax.**' 312.2.]

fett, *adj.* **fat**, plump; greasy. [E. **fat.**]

Fett, *n.* =tes. **fat**, grease. [from fett. 409.I.2.]

feucht, *adj.* moist, humid, somewhat wet, damp.

Feuchtigkeit, *f.* =ten. moistness, dampness, humidity, moisture. [from feucht. 409.II.3.]

Feuer, *n.* =rs, =r. **fire**; ardor, passion, vehemence. [E. **fire.**]

feuerberauſcht, *adj.* intoxicated with passion. [Feuer and berauſcht, past part. of berauſchen.]

feuerbraun, *adj.* **fire-brown**, of fiery brown color. [Feuer and braun.]

Feuerſäule, *f.* =en. **fire**-pillar, column of fire. [Feuer and Säule.]

Feuerwagen, *m.* =ns, =n. **fire-wagon**, chariot of fire. [Feuer and Wagen.]

Feuerwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. **fire-work**, pyrotechnic composition. [Feuer and Werk.]

Feuerzunder, *m.* =rs, =r. **fire-tinder**, kindlings, touchwood. [Feuer and Zunder.]

feurig, *adj.* **fiery**, igneous; burning, ardent, passionate. [from Feuer. 415.9*a*.]

Fichte, *f.* =en. pine, pine-tree.

Fichtenſtamm, *m.* =ms, =ämme. pine **stem** *or* trunk. [Fichte (422.2*d*) and Stamm.]

Fichtenwald, *m.* =bs, =älder. pine forest. [Fichte (422.2*d*) and Wald.]

Fieber, *n.* =rs, =r. **fever.** [from Latin *febris.*]

Figur', *f.* =ren. **figure.** [from Latin *figura.*]

finden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **find**, meet with, hit upon, discover; (*with fact. pred.*) deem, consider, regard as, think.—*refl.* find one's self, be (in health or condition); (*with* zu) find one's way to, unite with; (*with* in) reconcile one's self to, get along with. [E. **find.**]

Finger, *m.* =rs, =r. **finger.** [E. **finger**: related with fangen, 'take, seize,' and **fang.**]

Fingerſpitze, *f.* =en. **finger**-point, finger's end. [Finger and Spitze.]

Finnenland, *n.* =bs. **Finland, land** of the **Finns.** [Finne, '**Finn,**' and Land.]

finſter, *adj.* dark, obscure, gloomy, dim; morose, sour, sullen, sad.

Finſterniß, *f.* =ſſe. **darkness**, obscurity, gloom. [from finſter. 409.II.5.]

Fiſch, *m.* =ſches, =ſche. **fish.** [E. **fish.**]

Fiſchchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **fish.** [from Fiſch. 410.1.]

fiſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. catch **fish, fish.** [from Fiſch. 405.I.1.]

Fiſcher, *m.* =rs, =r. **fisher, fisherman.** [from fiſchen. 408.III.4.]

Fiſcherhaus, *n.* =ſes, =äuſer. **fisherman's house.** [Fiſcher and Haus.]

Fiſchleib, *m.* =bs, =ber. **fish's** body. [Fiſch and Leib.]

Fiſchlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **fish.** [from Fiſch. 410.1.]

Fittig *or* **Fittich**, *m.* =gs, =ge. wing, pinion. [probably related with Feder, '**feather.**']

fixiren, *v. N. tr.* **fix** the eyes upon, stare *or* gaze **fixedly** at. [from French *fixer.* 404.II.4.]

flach, *adj.* (ä *or* a *in comparison*). flat, plain, level; shallow, superficial.

Fläche, *f.* =en. flatness, level, plain; plane, surface. [from flach. 409.II.1.]

Flächeninhalt, *m.* =ts, =te. plane *or* superficial content, area. [Fläche (422.2*d*) and Inhalt.]

Flachheit, *f.* =ten. flatness, shallowness. [from flach. 409.II.2.]

flackern, *v. N. intr.* h. flare, **flicker.** [probably from Latin *flagrare.*]

Flaminiſch, *adj.* **Flaminian.** [from Latin. 415.10*b*.]

Flamme, *f.* =en. **flame**, blaze. [from Latin *flamma.*]

flammen, *v. N. intr.* h. **flame**, blaze. [from Flamme. 405.I.1.]

Flammenbach, *m.* =chs, =äche. brook of **flame**, blazing stream. [Flamme (422.2*d*) and Bach.]

Flammenbildung, *f.* =gen. shape of **flame**, blazing form. [Flamme (422.2*d*) and Bildung.]

Flammenherz, *n.* =zens, =zen. **heart** of **flame**, blazing heart. [Flamme (422.2*d*) and Herz.]

Fläſchchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **flask** *or* bottle. [from Flaſche. 410.1.]

Flaſche, *f.* =en. **flask**, bottle. [E. **flask.**]

flattern, *v. N. intr.* h. **flutter**, hang loose, dangle. [E. **flutter.**]

Flaum, *m.* =mes, =me *or* =men. down. [from Latin *pluma.*]

Flechte, *f.* =en. twist, braid, plait, tress; lichen. [from flechten. 408.II.2.]

flechten, *v.* *O*(III.5). *tr.* twine together, plait, braid, twist. [related with E. *flax.*]

flechtenartig, *adj.* lichen-like. [Flechte (422.2*d*) and artig, from Art, 'manner.' 415.15*f*.]

flechtengekrönt, *adj.* tress-**crowned**, covered with braids. [Flechte (422.2*d*) and gekrönt, past part. of krönen.]

Fleck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. spot, place, plot; spot, stain, blot.

flecken, *v. N. tr.* spot, stain, speck. [from Fleck. 405.I.1.]

fleckig, *adj.* spotty, spotted. [from Fleck. 415.9*a*.]

Fledermaus, *f.* =äuse. bat, **flitter-mouse**. [fledern and Maus. 422.3.]

fledern, *v. N. intr.* h or s. **flutter**. [related with flattern.]

flehen, *v. N. tr.* implore, entreat, beseech, supplicate.

Flehenswort, *n.* =tes, =te. **word** of supplication *or* entreaty. [Flehen, infin. of flehen (422.2*b*), and Wort.]

Fleisch, *n.* =sches. **flesh**, meat. [E. **flesh**.]

fleischlich, *adj.* **fleshly**, carnal, sensual. [from Fleisch. 415.12*a*.]

Fleiß, *m.* =sses. industry, diligence, application, assiduity. [from fleißen. 408.I.]

fleißen, *v. O*(III.1). *refl.* use diligence, be industrious.

fleißig, *adj.* industrious, diligent, assiduous, sedulous. [from Fleiß. 415. 9*a*.]

fletschen, *v. N. tr.* bare *or* show (the teeth), grin with.

fliegen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s *or* h. **fly**; move rapidly, rush. [E. **fly**.]

fliehen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s. **flee**, hasten away, run off, escape.—*tr.* **flee** from, avoid, shun, get out of the way of. [related with fliegen.]

fließen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s *or* h. flow, run (as a liquid), stream. [related with E. *flit*, *float*, etc.]

flimmern, *v. N. intr.* h. glitter, glisten, sparkle, scintillate. [probably related with Flamme.]

flink, *adj.* brisk, alert, nimble, agile, lively.

Flinte, *f.* =en. fire-lock, musket, gun. [E. **flint**: named from the distinctive part of lock.]

Flitter, *m.* =rs, =r. spangle, tinsel, mock gold. [related with flattern.]

Flittergold, *n.* =ds. leaf-**gold** *or* brass, thin shining metal plate, tinsel. [Flitter and Gold.]

Flitterrose, *f.* =en. tinsel **rose**, **rosette** of mock gold. [Flitter and Rose.]

Flor, *m.* =res, =re. gauze, crape; veil.

Floß, *n.* =sses, =ße. **float**, raft, rude boat. [from fließen.]

flößen, *v. N. tr.* **float**, cause to flow. [from Floß.]

Flöte, *f.* =en. **flute**. [from French *flûte* etc.; Latin *flatus*, 'blowing.']

Flotte, *f.* =en. **fleet**. [E. **fleet**: related with *float*, fließen, etc.]

Flöz *or* **Flötz**, *n. or m.* =zes, =ze. horizontal layer *or* stratum. [related with E. *flat*.]

Flözschicht, *f.* =ten. horizontal layer *or* stratum. [Flöz and Schicht.]

Fluch, *m.* =ches, =üche. curse, malediction, imprecation, execration; cause of evil, torment, curse.

Fluchgeschick, *n.* =cks, =cke. cursed fate, accursed destiny. [Fluch and Geschick.]

Flucht, *f.* =ten. **flight**, running away, escape. [from fliehen. 408.II.1.]

flüchten, *v. N. intr.* take to **flight**, fly, escape.—*tr.* save by flight.—*refl.* run away, take to **flight**, escape. [from Flucht. 405.I.1.]

flüchtig, *adj.* flying, fugitive, runaway; **fleeting**, transient; cursive, hasty, cursory, slight. [from Flucht. 415.9*a*.]

Flüchtling, *m.* =gs, =ge. runaway, fugitive, refugee. [from Flucht. 410.6.]

Flug, *m.* =ges, =üge. act of **flying**, **flight**, soaring; **flock**, bevy. [E. **flock** etc.: from fliegen. 408.I.]

Flügel, *m.* =ls, =l. wing, pinion. [from fliegen, as instrument of **flight**. 408.III.2.]

flügeln, *v. N. tr.* wing, provide with wings. [from Flügel. 405.I.1.]

Flügelschlag, *m.* =gs, =äge. stroke of wings, flapping of pinions. [Flügel and Schlag, 'blow.']

Flügelthür, *f.* =ren. folding-**door**, wing of a double **door**. [Flügel and Thür.]

flugs, *adv.* hastily, hurriedly, quickly, speedily. [adv'l gen. (220.1) of Flug. 364.1.]

Fluidum, *n.* =ms, =da. **fluid**. [Latin word.]

Flur, *f.* =ren. field, meadow, plain, level; **floor**, hall, anteroom. [E. **floor**.]

Fluß, *m.* =sses, =üsse. flow, flux, movement as of a liquid; river, stream. [from fließen. 408.I.]

Flüßchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little river, rivulet, brook. [from Fluß. 410.1.]

flüssig, *adj.* fluid, liquid, watery. [from Fluß. 415.9*a*.]

flußreich, *adj.* **rich** in rivers, abounding in streams. [Fluß and reich. 415. 15*c*.]

Flußwelt, *f.* -ten. **river-world**, river-region. [Fluß and Welt.]
flüſtern, *v. N. intr.* h. whisper.
Fluth *or* **Flut**, *f.* -then. **flood**, inundation; water, liquid; high-water, **flood**-tide. [E. **flood**: comp. fließen, Flotte, etc.]
fluthen, *v. N. intr.* h. **flood**, make an inundation; swell (*said of water*), rise and flow. [from Fluth. 405.I.1.]
Fluthſtrom, *m.* -mē, -ōme. **flood**-tide, swelling **stream** *or* current. [Fluth and Strom.]
Folge, *f.* -en. series, order, succession, train; sequence, consequence, sequel; result, effect; inference, conclusion. [from folgen. 408.II.2.]
folgen, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*) s. **follow**, go *or* come after, succeed; be consequence of, result from; obey. [E. **follow**.]
folglich, *adv. or conj.* consequently, therefore, as a result, accordingly. [from Folge. 415.12*a*; 363.3*a*.]
förder, *adv.* **further**. [related with für, vor, and fort, as a comparative.]
fördern, *v. N. tr.* **further**, promote, advance; push on, hasten, despatch. [from förder. 406.]
fordern, *v. N. tr.* demand, ask as something due, lay claim to, call for. [doubtless same as fördern.]
Forderung, *f.* -gen. demand, requirement, requisition, summons. [from fordern. 408.III.8.]
Förderung, *f.* -gen. **furthering**, promotion, advancement, despatch. [from fördern. 408.III.8.]
Form, *f.* -men. **form**, shape, make, fashion; fixed **form** *or* habit, external form *or* method of procedure; model, mould. [from Latin *forma*.]
formen, *v. N. tr.* **form**, shape, model, fashion. [from Form. 405.I.1.]
-förmig, *adj. in composition*, **-formed**. [from Form. 415.15*f*.]
formlos, *adj.* **formless**, shapeless. [Form and los. 415.15*a*.]
forſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. search, make inquiry, investigate, scrutinize. [perhaps from für or vor, *i.e.* 'bring *forward* to the light.']
Forſcher, *m.* -rs, -r. investigator, inquirer. [from forſchen. 408.III.4.]
Forſt, *m.* -tes, -te. **forest**, wood. [from late Latin *foresta* etc., from *foris*, 'abroad, outside.']
fort, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **forth**, forward, onward; on and on (in time), continuously;—away, gone, off:—*gives to verbs either the idea of* onward, away (*with auxil'y* ſein), *or of* continuance of action (*with auxil'y* haben). [related with vor, für, **fore**, **for**.]
fortan, *adv.* onward from a given time (present or other), hence**forth** *or* thenceforth, continuously, without cessation. [fort and an.]
fortbewegen, *v. N. tr.* move onward. [fort and bewegen.]
fortdauern, *v. N. intr.* h. last on, continue to **endure**. [fort and dauern.]
fortdrehen, *v. N. tr.* continue to turn *or* whirl. [fort and drehen.]
fortfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* h. continue, go on; *often*, make a further remark, proceed in conversation *or* discourse. [fort and fahren, '**fare**, go.']
fortfließen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* h. continue to flow, flow on. [fort and fließen.]
fortführen, *v. N. tr.* lead **forth**, conduct away. [fort and führen.]
fortgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **go forth** *or* away; go forward, pass on; depart, set out. [fort and gehen.]
fortlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* s. run onward, run along, continue on. [fort and laufen.]
fortpflanzen, *v. N. tr.* propagate, extend, spread, communicate, transmit. (fort and pflanzen, '**plant**.']
fortreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear *or* drag away, carry onward with violence, hurry along. [fort and reißen.]
fortſchaffen, *v. N. tr.* carry **away**, transport. [fort and ſchaffen.]
Fortſchaffung, *f.* -gen. removal, transportation. [from fortſchaffen. 408. III.8.]
fortſchreiten, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* s. move onward, make progress, advance. [fort and ſchreiten.]
Fortſchritt, *m.* -tts, -tte. forward **step**, PROGRESS, advance, increase. [from fortſchreiten. 408.I.]
fortſetzen, *v. N. tr.* (**set** forward: *i.e.*) push on, continue, prosecute, pursue. [fort and ſetzen.]
Fortſetzung, *f.* -gen. continuation, carrying on, pursuit. [from fortſetzen. 408.III.8.]
fortſtreben, *v. N. intr.* h. **strive** to get away, struggle forward. [fort and ſtreben.]
fortſtürmen, *v. N. intr.* s. **storm** onward, go furiously on. [fort and ſtürmen.]

fortwachen, *v. N. intr.* h. continue **awake**, remain up. [fort and wachen.]

fortwachſen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* h. grow onward, advance and increase. [fort and wachſen, '**wax.**']

fortwälzen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ſ. roll onward. [fort and wälzen.]

fortwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw away. [fort and werfen.]

fortziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. move onward, go along, proceed. [fort and ziehen.]

Fortzug, *m.* =gs, =üge. onward march, advance, departure. [from fortziehen. 408.I.]

Fotheringhayſchloß, *n.* =ſſes. Fotheringay castle.

Frage, *f.* =en. question, inquiry. [from fragen. 408.II.2.]

fragen, *v. N. tr.* ask, inquire, interrogate, question.

Franke, *m.* =en. **Frank** (ancient German race, conquerors of France from the Romans); **Frank** (name by which all Europeans were called in the East).

fränkiſch, *adj.* **Frankish**, belonging to the Franks. [from Franke. 415.10.]

Frankreich, *n.* =chs. **France.** [Franke and Reich; lit'ly, 'kingdom of the **Franks.**']

Franzoſe, *m.* =en, =en. **Frenchman.** [from French *françois*, 'French.']

Franzoſenblut, *m.* =tes. **Frenchmen's blood.** [Franzoſe (422.2*d*) and Blut.]

franzöſiſch, *adj.* **French.** [from Franzoſe. 415.10*a*.]

Frascatanerin, *f.* =innen. female inhabitant of Frascati, Frascati woman. [from Frascataner, derivative of *Frascati* (410.3*c*). 410.4.]

Frau, *f.* =auen. mistress, dame, lady, wife; woman.

Frauenbild, *n.* =des, =der. female form, woman's figure, woman. [Frau (422.2*d*) and Bild.]

Frauenkleid, *n.* =des, =der. woman's garment. [Frauen (422.2*d*) and Kleid, '**clothes.**']

Frauentracht, *f.* =ten. female garb, woman's dress. [Frauen (422.2*d*) and Tracht.]

Frauenzimmer, *n.* =rs, =r. lady, gentlewoman, dame. [Frauen (422.2*d*) and Zimmer; lit'ly, 'women's apartment,' then applied to the women of a household, to women in general, and, finally, to one of the sex.]

Fräulein, *n.* =ns, =n. young lady, damsel, miss; **Miss** (as title). [from Frau. 410.1.]

frech, *adj.* insolent, shameless, audacious. [related with frank, '**frank,**' and fret.]

Frechheit, *f.* =ten. insolence, impertinence, impudence, audacity. [from frech. 409.II.2.]

frei, *adj.* **free**, unconfined, uncontrolled, at liberty; exempt, clear; vacant, open, unobstructed; frank, outspoken, bold:—**das Freie**, the open air. [related with frank, '**frank,**' frech; also with freien, Freund.]

freien, *v. N. tr.* woo, court, make love to. [related with Freund, '**friend.**']

Freier, *m.* =rs, =r. wooer, suitor, lover. [from freien. 408.III.4.]

Freiheit, *f.* =ten. **freedom**, liberty, privilege, immunity, franchise; license. [from frei. 409.II.2.]

freilich, *adv.* to be sure, as must be acknowledged, I confess, indeed. [from frei; literally '**freely,**' by abbrev'n for "I *freely* confess:" hence properly concessive.]

Freimuth, *m.* =thes. **freedom** of spirit, frankness, candor, sincerity. [frei and Muth, '**mood.**']

freiſchwingend, *adj.* **swinging free**, loose-hanging. [frei and ſchwingend, pres. part. of ſchwingen.]

Freiſtaat, *m.* =tes, =te. **free state**, republic, commonwealth. [frei and Staat.]

freiſtaatlich, *adj.* belonging to a **free state**, republican. [from Freiſtaat. 415.12*a*.]

Freiſtatt, *f.* =ten. (**free stead** *or* place: *i.e.*) asylum, place of refuge. [frei and Statt.]

fremd, *adj.* strange, extraneous, foreign; belonging to another *or* others; unfamiliar, unknown; unusual, extraordinary, peculiar; unused, unaccustomed. [related with E. **from,** 'away.']

Fremde, *f.* foreign country, region away from one's home. [from fremd. 409.II.1.]

Fremdling, *m.* =gs, =ge. strange person, stranger. [from fremd. 409.II.4.]

Fremdlingin, *f.* =innen. strange *or* foreign woman, female stranger. [from Fremdling. 410.4.]

freſſen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* eat (*said of animals, not man*); eat greedily, devour. [E. **fret**: contracted from vereſſen, ver= and eſſen, '**eat.**']

Freude, *f.* =en. joy, pleasure, gladness,

gratification, delight. [from freuen. 408. II. 1.]

Freudebeben, *n.* -ns. trembling with pleasure, thrill of joy. [Freude and Beben, infin. of beben.]

Freudenfeſt, *n.* -ſtš, -te. **festival** of joy, joyous fête. [Freude (422. 2*d*) and Feſt.]

freudig, *adj.* joyous, joyful, gladsome, happy. [from Freude. 415. 9*a*.]

freuen, *v. N. tr.* give pleasure to, make glad *or* joyful, rejoice.—*refl.* be glad, feel pleasure *or* delight, rejoice. [related with froh, freien, Freund, '**friend**,' etc.]

Freund, *m.* -des, -de. **friend.** [E. **friend**; properly pres. part. of a verb (Goth. *frijôn*) meaning 'love:' related with fret, freien, freuen, froh.]

Freundin, *f.* -innen. (female) **friend.** [from Freund. 410. 4.]

freundlich, *adj.* **friendly,** kindly, kind; cheerful, agreeable, pleasing. [from Freund. 415. 12*a*.]

Freundlichkeit, *f.* -ten. **friendliness,** kindness, civility. [from freundlich. 409. II. 3.]

Freundſchaft, *f.* -ten. **friendship.** [from Freund. 410. 7*a*.]

Frevel, *m.* -ls, -l. conscious misdeed, wickedness, wanton offense, mischief, outrage, crime.

frevelhaft, *adj.* criminal, wicked, wantonly offensive, mischievous. [from Frevel. 415. 7*a*.]

Freya, *f.* **Freya** (goddess of love and beauty in the Scandinavian mythology). [related with freien, freuen, Freund, etc.]

Friede *or* **Frieden,** *m.* -ns, -n. peace, tranquillity, quiet. [probably related with freien, freuen, etc.]

Friedensklang, *m.* -gs, -länge. sound of peace, peaceful tone. [Frieden (422. 2*b*) and Klang.]

Friedensſitz, *m.* -tes, -te. **seat** of peace, peaceful abode. [Frieden (422. 2*b*) and Sitz.]

friedlich, *adj.* peaceable, peaceful, pacific, quiet, tranquil. [from Friede. 415. 12*a*.]

Friedrich, *m.* -chs. **Frederick.** [Friede and reich; lit'ly, 'mighty in peace.']

frieren, *v. O* (III. 3). *intr.* ſ *or* h. **freeze,** feel cold, be chilled.—*tr.* (*usually impers.*) **freeze,** chill, feel cold to, affect with frost. [E. **freeze.**]

friſch, *adj.* **fresh,** refreshing, cool; not worn *or* used, new; brisk, lively, gay, smart:—*as exclamation,* be lively! [E. **fresh**; also **frisk, frisky.**]

Friſche, *f.* **freshness,** coolness, liveliness. [from friſch. 409. II. 1.]

friſchgefallen, *adj.* **freshly fallen,** new-fallen. [friſch and gefallen, past part. of fallen.]

Friſt, *f.* -ten. period, appointed time.

Friſur, *f.* -ren. dressing of the hair, head-dress (of hair, curled or otherwise artificially treated). [French *frisure*, from *friser*, 'curl, **friz.**']

Fritillaria, *f.* -rien. **fritillaria** (*a certain genus of plants, akin with the crown imperial*). [from Latin.]

froh, *adj.* glad, joyous, happy; (*with gen.*) glad of, happy in, rejoiced at. [related with freuen, etc.]

fröhlich, *adj.* joyous, gladsome, blithesome, gay, jovial, merry, **frolic.** [E. **frolic** (formerly used as adjective): from froh. 415. 12*b*.]

Fröhlichkeit, *f.* -ten. joyousness, gladness, gayety, joviality, **frolic.** [from fröhlich. 409. II. 3.]

frohlock'en, *v. N. intr.* h. exult, triumph, be jubilant. [froh and an obsolete verb meaning 'leap,' or 'clap.']

Frohn, *m.* -nes, -ne. body-service, labor of a vassal, compulsory work.

fröhnen, *v. N. intr.* h. do service, labor as vassal, be subservient. [from Frohn. 405. I. 1.]

Fröhner, *m.* -rs, -r. one bound to service, laborer, vassal, serf. [from fröhnen. 408. III. 4.]

fromm, *adj.* worthy, honest, excellent; *especially*, pious, religious, godly, devout. [from obsolete fram, '**from**, forth' (compare fremd), and originally 'forward, foremost, excelling.']

Frondoſität, *f.* **frondosity,** leafiness, wealth of vegetable growth. [Latin *frondositas*.]

Froſt, *m.* -tes, -öſte. **frost,** cold, chill, frigidity. [from frieren, '**freeze.**']

froſtig, *adj.* **frosty,** chilly, cold, frigid. [from Froſt. 415. 9*a*.]

Frucht, *f.* -üchte. **fruit**; fruit of the earth *or* fields, crop, grain, corn; result, product, effect, profit derived. [from Latin *fructus*.]

fruchtbar, *adj.* **fruitful,** fertile, prolific, productive. [from Frucht. 415. 1.]

Fruchtbarkeit, *f.* -ten. **fruitfulness,** productiveness, fecundity. [from fruchtbar. 409. II. 3.]

Fruchtbaum, *m.* -ms, -äume. **fruit tree.** [Frucht and Baum.]

früh, *adj.* early, not late; in early morning; speedy. [probably related with für, vor, 'before.']

Frühgeſang, *m.* =gs, =änge. early *or* matin **song**, morning **singing**. [früh and Geſang.]

Frühjahr, *n.* =rs, =re. early part of the **year**, spring. [früh and Jahr.]

Frühlicht, *n.* =ts. early **light**, morning light, dawn. [früh and Licht.]

Frühling, *m.* =gs, =ge. spring, vernal season; youth, prime. [from früh. 409. II. 4.]

Frühlingsfeier, *f.* =rn. spring festival, vernal celebration. [Frühling (422. 2*b*) and Feier.]

Frühſtück, *n.* =cks, =cke. (early bit: *i. e.*) breakfast, morning meal. [früh and Stück, 'piece.']

Fuchs, *m.* =ſes, =üchſe. **fox.** [E. **fox.**]

Fug, *m.* =ges, =ge. adaptedness, suitableness, convenience; right, due authority.

Fuge, *f.* =en. joint, seam, connection, fitting together. [from Fug.]

fügen, *v. N. tr.* fit together, joint, join, unite. [from Fug. 405. I. 1.]

fügſam, *adj.* adaptable, pliant; *hence*, yielding, supple, submissive. [from fügen. 415. 13*b*.]

Fügſamkeit, *f.* =ten. pliantness, suppleness, submission. [from fügſam. 409. II. 3.]

fühlen, *v. N. tr.* **feel**, touch, be sensible of, perceive by the organs of sensation (especially of touch): *hence*, **feel** with the inner sense, have a sense of, be convinced of, be sensitive to. [E. **feel.**]

Fuhr *or* **Fuhre**, *f.* =en. going, journey, turn, time. [from fahren. 408. II. 2.]

führen, *v. N. tr.* (cause to go: *i. e.*) carry, convey, bring; conduct, guide, lead; wield, manage, carry on, wage. [causative of fahren, 'fare, go' (404. I. 1); or from Fuhr. 405. I. 1.]

Fuhrt *or* **Furt** *or* **Furth**, *f.* =ten. **ford.** [E. **ford**: from fahren, 'fare, pass.' 408. II. 1.]

Fuhrwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. vehicle, carriage. [Fuhr and Werk, 'work.']

Fülle, *f.* =en. **fullness**, abundance, plenty. [for Völle, from voll, 'full.' 409. II. 2.]

füllen, *v. N. tr.* make **full**, **fill**, cram, replenish. [for völlen, from voll, 'full.' 405. I. 2.]

Füllen, *n.* =ns, =n. **foal**, **filly**, colt. [E. **filly**, **foal.**]

fünf, *num.* **five.** [E. **five.**]

fünft, *num. adj.* **fifth.** [from fünf. 203.]

Fünftheil, *m.* =les, =le. **fifth part**, **fifth.** [for Fünftheil, from fünft and Theil.]

fünfundzwanzig, *num.* **twenty-five.** [fünf, und, and zwanzig. 197. 3.]

fünfzehn *or* **funfzehn**, *numeral.* **fifteen.** [E. **fifteen**: fünf and zehn, 'ten.']

fünfzig *or* **funfzig**, *num.* **fifty.** [E. **fifty**: fünf and zig, which comes from zehn, 'ten.']

Funke *or* **Funken**, *m.* =n *or* =ns, =n. spark, scintillation.

funkeln, *v. N. intr.* h. sparkle, glitter, scintillate, coruscate. [related with Funke.]

für, *adv.* (*little used*) **forward**, **forth**, on.

prep. (*with accus.*). **for**; in behalf of; instead of; in return for; as concerns; *before an adjective or noun having value of factitive predicate or second accusative object, often to be rendered* as, *or omitted*: —**für ſich**, by one's self; **was für**, what sort of (175); . . . **für** . . . (*with repeated noun, e.g.* Mann für Mann), . . . by . . . , each . . . , singly; **für und wider**, *pro* and *con.* [E. **for**: originally same word as vor, 'fore;' also as ver=.]

Furcht, *f.* fear, terror, **fright**, dread, awe. [E. **fright**: probably related also with **fear**, and going back to the root of fahren; compare Gefahr.]

furchtbar, *adj.* fearful, formidable, **fright**ful, terrible, dreadful. [from Furcht. 415. 1.]

fürchten, *v. N. tr.* be **afraid** of, fear, apprehend.—*refl.* be afraid, feel fear, [from Furcht. 405. I. 1.]

fürchterlich, *adj.* **fright**ful, terrible, horrible, dreadful. [from fürchten (with irregular insertion of er). 415. 12*c*.]

Fürchterlichkeit, *f.* =ten. **fright**fulness, awfulness, terror-inspiring quality. [from fürchterlich. 409. II. 3.]

furchtſam, *adj.* fearful, timorous, timid, apprehensive. [from Furcht. 415. 13*a*.]

Fu'rie, *f.* =rien. **fury.** [from Latin *furia*.]

Fürſt, *m.* =ſten, =ſten. sovereign, chief's prince. [E. **first** (as chief person of the state): properly superlative of für (or vor).]

Fürſtenhaus, *n.* =ſes, =äuſer. **house** of

princes, royal family. **Fürſt** (422.2*d*) and **Haus**.]

Fürſtenſohn, *m.* =nš, =söhne. **son** of a monarch, prince. [**Fürſt** (422.2*d*) and **Sohn**.]

Furt *or* **Furth**. *same as* **Fuhrt**.

fürwahr, *adv.* **forsooth**, in truth, indeed, truly, verily. [für and wahr; lit'ly, '(I hold it *or* state it) for true.']

Fuß, *m.* =ßes, =üße. **foot**; *hence*, lowest part, base; **footing**:—**zu Fuß**, on foot; **auf freien Fuß**, on free foot, at liberty; **auf gleichem Fuße**, on equal footing, alike. [E. **foot**.]

Fußbekleidung, *f.* =gen. **foot-clothing**, covering of the feet. [Fuß and Bekleidung.]

Fußboden, *m.* =nš, =n. floor, **footing**, ground. [Fuß and Boden, '**bottom**.']

Füßchen, *n.* =nš, =n. little **foot**. [from Fuß. 410.1.]

Fußgänger, *m.* =rš, =r. **foot-goer**, pedestrian, walker, **footman**. [Fuß and Gänger.]

Fußpfad, *m.* =bš, =be. **foot-path**. [Fuß and Pfad.]

Fußſteig, *m.* =gš, =ge. **foot**-path, path. [Fuß and Steig.]

Fußvolk, *n.* =ks. people on **foot**, pedestrians; **foot** (of an army), infantry. [Fuß and Volk, '**folks**.']

Fußzehe, *f.* =hen. **toe**. [Fuß and Zehe, '**toe**.']

Fußzehenſpitze, *f.* =en. point of the **toe**, tip-toe. [Fußzehe (422.2*d*) and Spitze.]

Futter, *n.* =rš, =r. lining, covering.

Futter, *n.* =rš, =r. **fodder**, food, feed. [E. **fodder**: also related with **food**, **feed**.]

Futteral, *n.* =ls, =le. case, covering, box. [irregularly from Futter, 'lining.']

Futtermangel, *m.* =ls, =l. want of **fodder**, lack of forage. [Futter and Mangel.]

füttern, *v. N. tr.* furnish **fodder** to, feed; be food for. [from Futter. 405.I.1.]

Gabe, *f.* =en. **gift**, donation, present; yield, result of labor; endowment, talent, natural **gift**. [from geben. 408.II.2.]

Gabel, *f.* =ln. fork.

gäh *or* **jäh**, *adv.* hasty, sudden; headlong; steep, precipitous.

gählings, *adv.* suddenly, steeply, precipitously. [from gäh. 363.3*b*.]

gähnen, *v. N. intr.* h. **yawn**, gape. [E. **yawn**.]

gähren, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* h. ferment, effervesce, bubble. [related with **yeast**.]

Galerie', *f.* =en. **gallery**. [French *galerie*, 'festal hall,' related with *gala*.]

Galopp, *m.* =pš, =pe. **gallop**, canter. [from French *galop*; originally from the German root of laufen, '**leap**.']

galoppiren, *v. N. intr.* h. **gallop**. [from Galopp, or French *galoper*. 404.II.4.]

Galoppſprung, *m.* =gš, =sünge. **spring** *or* leap in **galloping**, jump. [Galopp and Sprung.]

Gang, *m.* =gš, =änge. **going**, motion, movement, progress; walk, gait, pace; **gangway**, passage. [from gehen, '**go**.' 408.I.]

Gänger, *m.* =rš, =r. one who goes, **goer**. [from gehen (originally *gangan*). 406. III.4.]

ganz, *adj.* entire, whole, complete.—*adv.* wholly, entirely, quite:—**ganz und gar**, wholly and entirely, absolutely, utterly; **im ganzen**, in the main, on the whole.

gänzlich, *adj.* complete, total, full. [from ganz. 415.12*b*.]

gar, *adj.* (*not declined*). finished, complete, ready, done.—*adv.* completely, entirely, quite, absolutely, even; very, exceedingly, mightily; *frequent with negatives*, at all, in the least, by any means:—**ganz und gar**, see **ganz**. [E. **yare**, 'ready.']

Garbe, *f.* =en. sheaf.

Garde, *f.* =en. **guard**. [from French *garde*, but originally from German root of wahren, '**ward**.']

Garn, *n.* =nš, =ne. **yarn**, thread; net, snare. [E. **yarn**.]

Garten, *m.* =nš, =ärten. **garden**. [E. **garden**, and related with **yard**: akin with gürten, '**gird**,' as meaning originally 'enclosed land.']

Gartenmauer, *f.* =ern. **garden** wall. [Garten and Mauer.]

Gäßchen, *n.* =nš, =n. little street, **lane**, alley. [from Gaſſe. 410.1.]

Gaſſe, *f.* =en. street, lane.

Gaſt, *m.* =tes, =äſte. **guest**, visitor,

stranger:—**zu Gaſte,** as guest, received as visitor. [E. **guest.**]

gaſtiren, *v. N. tr.* receive as **guest,** entertain. [from Gaſt. 404.II.4*a*.]

gaſtlich, *adj.* hospitable. [from Gaſt. 415.12*a*.]

Gaſtmahl, *n.* ⁼ls, ⁼le *or* ⁼ähler. hospitable **meal,** entertainment, banquet, feast. [Gaſt and Mahl.]

Gaſtrecht, *n.* ⁼ts, ⁼te. **right** of hospitality. [Gaſt and Recht.]

Gatte, *m.* ⁼en, ⁼en. spouse, consort; husband. [possibly related with E. **gather,** 'unite.']

gatten, *v. N.* match, couple, join, unite, marry together. [from Gatte. 405.I.1.]

Gattin, *f.* ⁼innen. (female) consort, spouse, wife. [from Gatte. 410.4.]

Gattung, *f.* ⁼gen. (gathering *or* sum of kindred creatures: *i.e.*) kind, sort, species, race. [from gatten. 408.III.8.]

gätuliſch, *adj.* **Gætulian,** belonging to Gætulia. [from Latin *Gætulia*, name of a region in north-west Africa. 415.10*b*.]

Gaukel, *m.* ⁼ls, ⁼l. ludicrous attitude *or* gesture, antic, trick, juggle.

gaukeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. play antics, move about in an odd *or* lively *or* ludicrous fashion, juggle, play tricks. [from Gaukel. 405.I.1.]

Gaukler, *m.* ⁼rs, ⁼r. buffoon, juggler. [from gaukeln. 408.III.4.]

Gauklerin, *f.* ⁼innen. (female) buffoon, juggler, pretender, impostor. [from Gaukler. 410.4.]

Gaul, *m.* ⁼les, ⁼le *or* ⁼äule. horse, steed, nag.

Gaumen, *n.* ⁼ns, ⁼n. palate; *hence,* taste. [E. **gum** (of the teeth).]

Gazelle, *f.* ⁼en. **gazelle,** antelope. [from Arabic *gazál*, 'wild goat.']

ge-, *insep'ble prefix* (307.1, 5). *original meaning* with, together; *effect as prefix to verbs too various and indistinct to be concisely stated: usual prefix also of past participles* (243.3). [Old English **y** of **y**clept, etc.; probably related with Latin *con, co,* 'with.']

Gebärde. *same as* **Geberde.**

gebären, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **bear,** bring forth, give birth to, produce. [ge⁼ and ⁼bären.]

Gebäu, *n.* ⁼äues, ⁼äue. building, structure, edifice. [from bauen, 'build.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Gebäude, *n.* ⁼es, ⁼e. building, structure, edifice. [from bauen, 'build.' 411.II.1*c*; 408.II.1.]

Gebein, *n.* ⁼ns, ⁼e. **bones** (collectively); *hence,* remains. [from Bein. 411.II.1*a*.]

geben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give,** confer, bestow, grant, present, render, yield, furnish:—*impers.* **es giebt,** *etc.* (*with object in accus.*), there is *or* are, *etc.* (292.3*a*).—**ledig geben,** set free; **Schuld geben,** attribute blame, impute, lay; **von ſich geben,** give forth, utter. [E. **give.**]

Geber, *m.* ⁼rs, ⁼r. **giver.** [from geben. 408.III.4.]

Geberde *or* **Gebärde,** *f.* ⁼en. **bearing,** posture, carriage of the body *or* limbs; *especially,* gesture. [from ge⁼ and ⁼bären, in the sense of 'carry one's self, behave.' 408.II.1.]

Gebet, *n.* ⁼ts, ⁼te. prayer. [from bitten or beten, 'ask, pray.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Gebiet, *n.* ⁼ts, ⁼te. dominion, jurisdiction, territory, province. [from bieten or gebieten. 408.I.]

gebieten, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* command, order; rule over, govern, control. [ge⁼ and bieten, '**bid.**']

Gebieter, *m.* ⁼rs, ⁼r. commander, ruler, master. [from gebieten. 408.III.4.]

Gebild *or* **Gebilde,** *n.* ⁼des, ⁼de. thing formed *or* **built,** structure, work; image, shape. [from bilden. 411.II.1*c*.]

Gebirg *or* **Gebirge,** *n.* ⁼ges, ⁼ge. mountain mass *or* range, highland, mountain. [from Berg, 'mountain.' 411.II.1*a*.]

Gebirgsebene, *f.* ⁼nen. highland plain, level tract among mountains. [Gebirg (422.2*b*) and Ebene.]

Gebirgskette, *f.* ⁼en. mountain chain. [Gebirg (422.2*b*) and Kette.]

Gebirgsſtock, *m.* ⁼cks, ⁼öcke. mountain mass. [Gebirg (422.2*b*) and Stock, '**stock.**']

Gebirgszug, *m.* ⁼ges, ⁼üge. mountain chain. [Gebirg (422.2*b*) and Zug, 'train.']

Gebrauch, *m.* ⁼chs, ⁼äuche. use, employment; usage, custom, rite. [from gebrauchen. 408.I.]

gebrauchen, *v. N. tr.* use, employ, make use of. [ge⁼ and brauchen, 'use.']

gebrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ḥ. *impers.* be defective *or* lacking. [ge⁼ and brechen, '**break.**']

gebrechlich, *adj.* defective, frail, feeble, sickly. [from gebrechen. 415.12*c*.]

Gebrechlichkeit, *f.* ⁼ten. frailty. [from gebrechlich. 409.II.3.]

Gebrüll, *n.* ⁼ls, ⁼le. roaring, roar. [from brüllen. 411.II.1*d*.]

Gebühr, *f.* =ren. **duty, propriety,** decorum. [from gebühren. 408.I.]
gebühren, *v. N. intr.* h. be due, belong of right *or* propriety. [probably related with =bären, '**bear.**']
gebührlich, *adj.* suitable, becoming, proper. [from gebühren. 415.12*c*.]
Gebung, *f.* **giving.** [from geben. 408. III.8.]
Geburt, *f.* =ten. **birth,** nativity, production; product, thing born. [from gebären. 408.II.1.]
Geburtstag, *m.* =gs, =ge. **birth-day.** [Geburt (422.2*c*) and Tag.]
Gebüsch, *n.* =sches, =sche. **bushes,** brushwood, thicket, copse, grove. [from Busch. 411.II.1*a*.]
Gedächtniß, *n.* =sses, =sse. memory, remembrance, recollection. [from gedacht, past part. of denken or gedenken. 408.III.6.]
Gedanke, *m.* =en *or* =ens, =en. **thought,** idea, meditation. [from gedenken. 408.II.2.]
gedankenvoll, *adj.* **full** of meditation *or* **thought,** pensive. [Gedanke (422.2*d*) and voll.]
gedeihen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* s. thrive, prosper, get on well, succeed. [ge= and =deihen.]
gedeihlich, *adj.* thriving, prosperous, successful; useful, salutary. [from gedeihen. 415.12*c*.]
gedenk, *adj.* **thoughtful,** mindful. [from denken. 416.2*b*.]
gedenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *intr.* h. *with gen.*, **think** of, bear in mind, remember; *with foll'g infin.*, put the mind upon, intend, design, purpose, plan; *rarely, as simple* denken, **think.** [ge= and denken.]
Gedicht, *n.* =ts, =te. poem. [from dichten. 411.II.1.]
Gedränge, *n.* =es, =e. crowd, press, jam, **throng.** [from drängen. 411. II.1*c*.]
Geduld, *f.* patience. [from dulden, 'bear.' 411.II.1*d*.]
geduldig, *adj.* patient, forbearing. [from Geduld. 415.9*a*.]
Gefahr, *f.* =ren. danger, risk, peril, jeopardy. [related with E. **fear**; probably from fahren, 'go.']
Gefährde, *f.* =en. danger, peril. [related with Gefahr.]
gefährden, *v. N. tr.* endanger. [from Gefährde. 405.I.1.]
gefährlich, *adj.* dangerous, perilous, hazardous. [from Gefahr. 415.12*a*.]
gefahrlos, *adj.* free from danger *or* risk, not perilous, **safe.** [Gefahr and los. 415.15*a*.]
Gefährte, *m.* =en, =en. companion, comrade, partner, mate, fellow. [from fahren, 'go.' 411.II.1*b*.]
Gefährtin, *f.* =innen. (female) companion, consort, mate. [from Gefährte. 410.4.]
gefallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*). suit, please, meet the approbation *or* liking of:—**sich gefallen lassen,** (allow to please one's self: *i.e.*) be content *or* satisfied *or* gratified with, put up with. [ge= and fallen; lit'ly '**fall** in with (one's taste or liking).']
Gefallen, *m.* =ns, =n. pleasure; choice, preference; favor, kindness. [from gefallen. 408.III.3.]
gefällig, *adj.* pleasing, agreeable; complaisant, courteous, obliging. [from gefallen. 415.9*b*.]
Gefälligkeit, *f.* =ten. pleasingness; complaisance, courtesy, readiness to oblige. [from gefällig. 409.II.3.]
Gefallsucht, *f.* desire to please, approbativeness; coquetry. [gefallen and Sucht. 422.3.]
gefalten, *adj.* folded. [past participle of falten.]
Gefangen, *adj. as noun.* prisoner, captive. [past part. of fangen, 'catch.']
Gefangenschaft, *f.* =ten. captivity, confinement, imprisonment. [from gefangen. 409.II.6.]
Gefängniß, *n.* =sses, =sse. prison, jail. [from gefangen. 408.III.6.]
Gefäß (*rarely* **Gefäße**), *n.* =sses, =sse. **vessel,** receptacle; *collectively*, **vessels.** [from fassen, 'hold.' 411.II.1*c*.]
gefaßt. *see* **fassen.**
Gefecht, *n.* =ts, =te. **fight, combat,** struggle, battle. [from fechten. 411. II.1*d*.]
Gefieder, *n.* =rs. **feathers,** plumage. [from Feder. 411.II.1*a*.]
Gefilde, *n.* =es, =e. **fields,** landscape, region. [from Feld. 411.II.1*a*.]
Gefolge, *n.* =es, =e. **following, suite,** train, escort, retinue. [from folgen. 411.II.1*d*.]
Gefüge, *n.* =es, =e. joining *or* **fitting** together, structure, texture. [from fügen. 411.II.1*c*.]
gefügig (*or* **gefüge**), *adj.* pliant, adaptable, tractable, docile, accommodating. [from fügen.]
Gefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. **feeling,** sensation; state of mind, sentiment, apprehension, sense. [from fühlen. 411.II.1*d*.]
gefühllos, *adj.* destitute of **feeling,**

unfeeling, insensible, apathetic. [Gefühl and los. 415.15*a*.]

gegen, *prep.* (*with accus.*, 375). **against**, opposed to; over **against**, opposite to, in presence of, before; *hence*, in comparison with, in exchange *or* return for; in the direction of, toward; *hence*, in the neighborhood of, somewhere near, about. [E. **gain**, in **again**, **against**, **gainsay**, etc.]

adv. hardly used, being replaced by dagegen, entgegen, gegenüber: *forms many compounds, with the meaning of* contrary, opposing.

Gegend, *f.* -den. region, tract of COUNTRY. [from gegen, as *country* from Latin *contra*, 'against;' lit'ly, 'what lies over against one.']

Gegenſtand, *m.* -des, -ände. object, matter, subject. [from gegen and ſtehen, '**stand.**']

gegenüber, *adv.* opposite.—*prep.* (*with preceding dat.*, 374) **over against**, opposite, opposed to:—*rarely divided, with the governed case between the two parts.* [gegen and über.]

Gegenwart, *f.* presence; present time. [gegen and Wart, related with -wärts.]

gegenwärtig, *adj.* present (not absent); present (not past or future), actual. [from Gegenwart. 415.9*a*.]

gegeſſen. *past part. of* eſſen (271.3).

Gegner, *m.* -rs, -r. opponent, adversary, antagonist. [as if from gegnen, 'oppose' (406), from gegen.]

gehälſt, *adj.* necked. [from Hals, 'neck.' 416.2*a*.]

Gehänge, *n.* -ges, -e. something **hanging**, pendant, bob. [from hangen. 411.II.1*c*.]

geharniſcht, *adj.* **harnessed**, clad in armor. [as if past part. of harniſchen, from Harniſch. 351.3; 416.2*a*.]

Gehege, *n.* -ges, -e. **hedge**, fence, enclosure; enclosed space *or* field, park, precinct, preserve. [related with E. **hedge**: from hegen. 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

geheim, *adj.* secret, clandestine, private, privy, hidden, concealed:—**in geheim, insgeheim** = **im Geheimen**, in secret, privily, clandestinely. [from Heim, '**home.**' 416.2.]

Geheimniß, *n.* -niſſes, -niſſe. secret, mystery; secrecy. [from geheim. 409. II.5.]

geheimnißvoll, *adj.* mysterious, mystical, **full** of secrecy. [from Geheimniß. 415.15*b*.]

gehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go**, move, walk; pass, be current, answer. [E. **go**.]

geheuer, *adj.* secure against *or* free from anything ghostly, canny. [ge- and old German *hiuri*, 'pleasant, gentle.']

Geheul, *n.* -les, -le. **howling**, yelling. [from heulen. 411.II.1*d*.]

Gehör, *n.* -rs. **hearing**; audience, attention. [from hören. 411.II.1*d*.]

gehorchen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). listen to (with submission), obey. [ge- and horchen, '**hearken.**']

gehören, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). belong to, appertain to, be owned by.—*refl. and impers.* be suitable *or* proper. [ge- and hören, '**hear**;' originally used only of servants, animals, etc., who must *listen to* him to whom they belong.]

gehörig, *adj.* belonging, appertaining; suitable, proper, fitting. [from gehören. 415.9*b*.]

gehörnt, *adj.* **horned.** [from Horn. 416.2*a*.]

gehorſam, *adj.* obedient, dutiful, obsequious. [from gehören. 415.13*b*.]

Gehorſam, *m.* -ms. obedience, dutifulness. [from gehorſam; formerly a fem. noun. with ending *e*. 409.II.1.]

-gehren, *only in* **begehren**, desire. [related with Gier, Geier, gern, and with E. **yearn.**]

Geier, *m.* -rs, -r. vulture, carrion kite. [related with -gehren, Gier, as '*rapacious* bird.']

Geifer, *m.* -rs. slaver, drivel, foam from the mouth, spittle.

Geißel, *m.* -ls, -l *or* ln. hostage, person held as security.

Geißel, *f.* -ln. scourge, lash, whip; *hence*, cutting sarcasm, cruel mockery.

Geiſt, *m.* -ſtes, -ſter. spirit, mind; genius; courage; **ghost**, spectre, spirit. [E. **ghost.**]

Geiſterchor, *m.* -rs, -öre. **chorus** of spirits, spirit **choir.** [Geiſt (422.2*d*) and Chor.]

Geiſterfülle, *f.* **fulness** of spirits, spirit-wealth. [Geiſt (422.2*d*) and Fülle.]

Geiſterwelt, *f.* -ten. **world** of spirits, spirit-**world.** [Geiſt (422.2*d*) and Welt.]

Geiſtesbildung, *f.* mental culture. [Geiſt (422.2*b*) and Bildung.]

Geiſtescultur, *f.* mental **culture.** [Geiſt (422.2*b*) and Cultur.]

Geiſtesgegenwart, *f.* presence of mind. [Geiſt (422.2*b*) and Gegenwart.]

Geiſtesſtärke, *f.* strength of mind. [Geiſt (422.2*b*) and Stärke.]

geiſtig, *adj.* relating to the mind *or* spirit, spiritual, mental; of the nature of spirits, immaterial, spiritual. [from Geiſt. 415.9*a*.]

geiſtlich, *adj.* spiritual; ecclesiastical, clerical, **ghostly**:—*as noun*, clergyman, ecclesiastic, priest, minister. [from Geiſt. 415.12*a*.]

Geiz, *m.* =zes. avarice, greediness, covetousness, niggardliness.

Geklirr *or* **Geklirre,** *n.* =res, =re. clinking, clash, rattle. [from klirren. 411. II.1*d*.]

Gelächter, *n.* =rs, =r. **laughter.** [from lachen. 411.II.1*d*.]

Gelände, *n.* =es, =e. collection of **lands** *or* fields, **landscape.** [from Land. 411.II.1*a*.]

Geländer, *n.* =rs, =r. railing, bannister, trellis. [from an obsolete dialectic Lander, 'stake, picket.' 411.II.1*a*.]

geländert, *adj.* railed, provided with a railing *or* bannister. [as if past part. of geländern, from Geländer (405.I.1), 416.2*a*.]

gelangen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. arrive, reach, attain, get, make one's way. [ge= and langen, 'stretch, reach.']

gelaſſen, *adj.* composed, tranquil, self-possessed, calm, cool, moderate. [past part. of laſſen; lit'ly, 'let alone, not stirred up *or* worried.']

Gelaſſenheit, *f.* self-possession, composure, calmness, coolness. [from gelaſſen. 409.II.2.]

geläufig, *adj.* current, fluent, ready, voluble, familiar. [from laufen, 'run.' 416.2*b*.]

Geläute, *n.* =es, =e. ringing (of bells), pealing, tinkle. [from läuten. 411. II.1*d*.]

gelb, *adj.* **yellow.** [E. **yellow** (A-S. *gelu*): old German *gëlo*.]

gelbgefleckt, *adj.* **yellow**-spotted, with yellow spots. [gelb and gefleckt, past part. of fleckeu.]

Geld, *n.* =des, =der. money. [from gelten, 'be worth;'—or from Gold.]

Geldbuße, *f.* fine, mulct. [Geld and Buße, 'penalty.']

Geldern, *n.* Gelders *or* Guelders (a city and province in the Netherlands).

gelegen, *adj.* lying, situated; (well situated: *i. e.*) convenient, handy, opportune, seasonable, agreeable. [past part. of liegen, in sense of pres. part. 351.3.]

Gelegenheit, *f.* =ten. opportunity, occasion. [from gelegen. 409.II.2.]

Gelehrt, *adj. as noun.* learned person, savant, scholar. [past part. of lehren, 'teach.']

Geleit, *n.* =tes, =te. company, escort, convoy. [from leiten, '**lead**, conduct.' 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

gelenk, *adj.* pliant, supple, flexible. [from lenken, 'bend.' 416.2*b*.]

Gelenk, *n.* =kes, =ke. joint, articulation. [from lenken, 'bend.' 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

Geliebt, *adj. as noun.* **beloved** person, **lover** *or* sweetheart. [past part. of lieben, '**love.**']

gelind, *adj.* gentle, soft, tender. [ge= and lind (nearly obsolete). 416.2*c*.]

gelingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. (*with dat.*) *impers.* (*rather, used in third person only*). prove successful, turn out as desired *or* aimed at:—**es gelingt einem,** etc., one succeeds *or* prospers (in something). [ge= and =lingen, 'make progress.']

gellen, *v. N. intr.* h. sound piercingly, ring shrilly, **yell.** [E. **yell** (A-S. *gellan*).]

geloben, *v. N. tr.* promise. [ge= and loben, 'praise, promise.']

gelten, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* h. (*hardly used except in third person, often impersonally*). have value, be recognized as worth, be valid *or* of force, hold good, pass (as current), be real *or* true; concern, apply to, rest upon, have to do with. (*followed by an accus. of amount of value, etc.* (230.1), *by a dative of the person or thing for which anything has value or is valid, or whom it concerns.*)

Gelübde, *n.* =es, =e. solemn promise, vow. [from geloben. 408.II.1.]

gelüſten, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. (*with dat.*) *usually in third person, or impersonal.* desire, hanker, **lust,** long inordinately. [ge= and lüſten.]

gemach, *adj.* comfortable, convenient, easy; gentle, slow, gradual. [related with allmählich: ge= and an obsolete root mach.]

Gemach, *n.* =chs, =cher. chamber, room, apartment. [from gemach, as 'convenience, resting-place.']

Gemahl, *m.* =ls, =le. consort, spouse, husband.—*n.* consort, husband *or* wife. [ge= and =mahl.]

Gemahlin, *f.* =innen. (female) consort, spouse, wife. [from Gemahl. 410.4.]

gemähnt, *adj.* **maned,** furnished with a **mane.** [from Mähne. 416.2*a*.]

Gemälde, *n.* =es, =e. picture, painting, portrayal, delineation. [from malen, 'paint.' 411.II.1*c*.]

gemäß, *adj.* conformable, suitable. *prep.* (*with preceding or following dative*, 374*b*). conformably to, in accordance with, according to. [ge= and meſſen, '**measure**.' 416.2*b*.]

gemäßigt, *adj.* temperate. (past part. of mäßigen, 'moderate.')

gemein, *adj.* (*with dat.*). common, belonging in common to; common, ordinary, **mean**, vulgar, low:—**gemein thun**, behave familiarly, make one's self familiar. [E. **mean**.]

Gemeinde (*or* **Gemeine**), *f.* =en. community, congregation. [from gemein. 409.II.1.]

Gemeingefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. common feeling, general sensation (of the body entire). [gemein and Gefühl.]

gemeinſam, *adj.* held in common, joint, combined, mutual. [from gemein. 415.13*c*.]

Gemiſch, *n.* =ſches, =ſche. mixture, medley. [from miſchen. 411.II.1*c*.]

Gemüſe, *n.* =es, =e. vegetables (cooked, for eating), pulse, greens, *etc.* [from Mus, 'boiled food.' 411.II.1*a*.]

Gemüth, *n.* =thes, =ther. soul, spirit, disposition, state of mind, **mood**. [from Muth, '**mood**.' 411.II.1*a*.]

Gemüthsbewegung, *f.* =gen. movement of spirit, emotion, affection of mind. [Gemüth (422.2*b*) and Bewegung.]

gen, *prep.* (*with accus.*). against, toward. [abbreviated from gegen. 375*a*.]

genau, *adj.* close-fitting; close, intimate; precise, exact, accurate, strict:—**genau nehmen**, be strict *or* punctilious about, require much of. [ge= and obsolete *nouwe*, 'narrow.']

Genauigkeit, *f.* =ten. exactness, precision, closeness, accuracy. [from genau. 409.II.3.]

genehm, *adj.* acceptable, agreeable. [from nehmen. 416.2*b*.]

General', *m.* =ls, =äle. **general**, chief. [from Latin *generalis*.]

geneſen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. get well, be healed, recover. [ge= and =neſen.]

genial', *adj.* **genial**. [from Latin *genialis*.]

Genick, *n.* =ckes, =cke. back of the **neck**, nape. [related with E. **neck**; also with nicken, neigen, Nacken.]

Genie', *n.* **genius**, inborn capacity, talent. [French *génie*, from Latin *genius*.

genießen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* h. (*with gen.*) *or tr.* enjoy, have the pleasure *or* benefit of; use as food, eat. [ge= and obsolete =nießen; related with Nutz, Genoſſe.]

Genius, *m.* **genius**. [Latin.]

Genoſſe *or* **Genoß**, *m.* =ſſen, =ſſen. comrade, companion, mate, fellow. [from genießen. 411.II.1*b*.]

Genoſſenſchaft, *f.* =ten. fellowship, society, association, company. [from Genoß (422.2*d*). 409.II.6.]

Genua, *n.* **Genoa** (seaport of northwestern Italy).

genug (*also* **gnug** *or* **genugs**), *adv.* (*following qualified adj.*, 147.1). **enough**, sufficiently:—*also used as indeclinable adjective, or noun, qualifying a* (*preceding or following*) *noun, or governing it in the genitive*, **enough**, sufficient, plenty:—**genug thun** (*with dat.*) **do enough** for, content, SATISFY. [E. **enough**.]

genügen, *v. N. intr.* h. be **enough**; (*with dat.*) be sufficient for, suffice, satisfy. [from genug. 405.I.2.]

Genugthuung, *f.* SATISFACTION, amends. [from genug thun. 408.III.8.]

Genuß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. enjoyment, pleasure, gratification. [from genießen. 408.I.]

geognoſtiſch, *adj.* relating to **geognosy** *or* geology, geological. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

geographiſch, *adj.* **geographical**. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

geologiſch, *adj.* **geological**. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

Georg, *m.* =gs. **George**. [from Greek.]

Gepäck, *n.* =cks, =cke. baggage, luggage. [from packen, '**pack**.' 411.II.1*c*.]

gerade *or* **grade**, *adj.* even, straight, direct; erect, upright; plain, outspoken, straight-forward.—*adv.* directly, straight, just, precisely, exactly.

Geräth *or* **Geräthe**, *n.* =thes, =the. (*collective*) tools, implements, furniture, household stuff. [from Rath. 411.II.1*a*.]

gerathen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. get, come, fall, pass (*implying change from one place or position to another*); turn out; turn out well, succeed, thrive. [ge= and rathen, 'guess;' originally implying accidental hitting upon or falling in with something.]

Geräuſch, *n.* =ſches, =ſche. rustling, bustle, stir, noise. [from rauſchen, '**rush**.' 411.II.1*d*.]

gerecht, *adj.* **righteous,** just; upright. [from recht, '**right.**' 416.2*c*.]

Gericht, *n.* -tš, -te. judgment; tribunal, court. [from richten, 'judge.' 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

Gerichtsſtunde, *f.* -en. hour of judgment. [Gericht (422.2*b*) and Stunde.]

gering, *adj.* small, little, petty, trifling, unimportant. [from obsolete ring, 'light.' 416.2*c*.]

Gerippe, *n.* -eš, -e. skeleton, bony framework. [from Rippe, '**rib.**' 411.II.1*a*.]

gern *or* **gerne,** *adv.* with pleasure, gladly, willingly, readily, fain:—**möchte gern,** would like, would be glad; **es gern thun** (*etc.*), like to do (*etc.*) it. [related with -gehren, Gier, etc., and with E. **yearn.**]

Geruch, *m.* -ches, -üche. smell; odor, scent, fragrance. [from riechen, 'smell.' 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

Gerüſte *or* **Gerüſt,** *n.* -tes, -te. scaffold, staging. [from rüſten, 'prepare.' 411.II.1*c*.]

geſammt, *adj.* united, joint, common, collective. [from ſammt. 416.2*c*.]

Geſammtwillen, *m.* -ns. collective **will,** joint desire. [geſammt and Willen.]

Geſandt, *adj. as noun.* messenger, embassador, ENVOY. [past part. of ſenden, '**send.**']

Geſang, *m.* -gš, -ange. **singing, song,** melody with the voice. [from ſingen. 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

Geſchäft, *n.* -tš, -te. business, affair. concern; occupation, employment. [from ſchaffen, 'work.' 411.II.1*d*.]

geſchäftig, *adj.* busy, occupied, at work, active. [from Geſchäft. 415.9*a*.]

geſchehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. (*only used in third person*). happen, come to pass, occur, come about, take place, be done; be over and done. [ge- and -ſchehen.]

geſcheidt *or* **geſcheit,** *adj.* sensible, clever, knowing. [from ſcheiden, 'divide, discern.' 416.2*b*.]

Geſchenk, *n.* -kš, -ke. gift, present, donation. [from ſchenken, 'give.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Geſchichtchen, *n.* -ns, -n. little tale *or* story. [from Geſchichte. 410.1.]

Geſchichte, *f.* -en. occurrence, event; affair; *especially*, narration of something that has happened, story, tale, history. [from geſchehen. 408.II.1.]

Geſchichtserzählung, *f.* -gen. historical narration, narrative. [Geſchichte (422.2*c*) and Erzählung.]

Geſchichtsforſcher, *m.* -rš, -r. student of history, historical investigator. [Geſchichte (422.2*c*) and Forſcher.]

Geſchichtsſchreiber, *m.* -rš, -r. historical writer, historian. [Geſchichte (422.2*c*) and Schreiber.]

Geſchick, *n.* -ckes, -cke. fate, destiny:—aptness, skill, dexterity, address. [from ſchicken, 'bring about' (411.II.1*d*); the second meaning from ſich ſchicken, 'be adapted.']

geſchicklich, *adj.* skilful, dexterous, adroit. [from Geſchick. 415.12*a*.]

Geſchicklichkeit, *f.* -ten. skilfulness, dexterity, adroitness, address. [from geſchicklich. 409.II.3.]

geſchickt, *adj.* fit, apt, qualified, skilful, handy, clever. [past part. of ſich ſchicken, 'be adapted.']

Geſchirr, *n.* -rres, -rre. gear, trappings, harness; ware. [from ſchirren, 'prepare.' 411.II.1*c*,*d*.]

geſchlacht, *adj.* having form *or* kind, shapely. [related with Schlag, 'kind,' Geſchlecht, etc.]

Geſchlecht, *n.* -tš, -ter. kind, species, race; sex. [from ſchlagen, 'strike.']

Geſchlechtsname, *m.* -ens, -en. **name** for a race *or* sex *or* family, family name, surname. [Geſchlecht (422.2*b*) and Name.]

Geſchmack, *m.* -cks, -cke. taste, savor, flavor; taste, gusto, fancy. [from ſchmecken, 'taste.' 411.II.1*c*.]

geſchmacklos, *adj.* **tasteless,** insipid, stale, flat. [Geſchmack and los. 415.15*a*.]

geſchmackvoll, *adj.* **tasteful, tasty,** elegant. [Geſchmack and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Geſchmeide, *n.* -es. ornaments wrought in metal; *hence*, trinkets, jewels, jewelry. [from ſchmieden, 'work out.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Geſchöpf, *n.* -pfes, -pfe. creature, being. [from ſchöpfen, 'create.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Geſchrei, *n.* -reies, -reie. crying, clamor, outcry. [from ſchreien, 'cry.' 411.II.1*d*.]

Geſchrille *or* **Geſchrill,** *n.* -lles, -lle. **shrill** cry, chirruping. [from ſchrillen. 411.II.1*d*.]

geſchwind, *adj.* swift, speedy, rapid, fast, quick, without delay. [from an obsolete ſchwind, 'strong, mighty.']

Geſchwindigkeit, *f.* -ten. **swiftness,** rapidity, celerity, velocity. [from geſchwind. 409.II.3; 415.9*c*.]

Geſchwiſter, *pl.* children of the same parents, brothers and **sisters.** [from Schweſter. 411.II.1*b*.]

Geſell *or* **Geſelle,** *m.* -llen, -llen. comrade, companion, fellow; apprentice,

journeyman. [related with Saal, 'hall, house;' lit'ly, 'living in the same quarters with one.' 411.II.1b.]

geſellen, *v. N. tr.* associate, ally, join. [from Geſell. 405.I.1.]

geſellig, *adj.* sociable, social, companionable, familiar, gregarious. [from Geſell. 415.9a.]

Geſellſchaft, *f.* -ten. company, society, association, party. [from Geſell. 410.7b.]

Geſellſchafter, *m.* -tš, -r. member of society, company man, companion, associate. [from Geſellſchaft. 410.3a.]

Geſetz, *n.* -zeš, -ze. law, ordinance, decree, statute. [from ſetzen, 'set;' lit'ly, 'that which is fixed or established.' 411.II.1c.]

Geſetzgebung, *f.* law-**giving,** LEGISLATION. [Geſetz and Gebung.]

Geſetzherrſchaft, *f.* sovereignty of law. [Geſetz and Herrſchaft.]

geſetzlos, *adj.* **lawless,** anarchical. Geſetz and los. 415.15a.]

Geſetzloſigkeit, *f.* -ten. lawlessness, insubordination. [from geſetzlos. 409.II.3; 415.9c.]

Geſicht, *n.* -tš, -te *or* -ter. **sight,** power of vision; (*pl.* -ter), face, visage; (*pl.* -te), vision, apparition:—zu Geſicht bekommen, get sight of, behold. [from ſehen, 'see.' 411.II.1c.]

Geſichtsbildung, *f.* -gen. formation of countenance, physiognomy. [Geſicht (422.2b) and Bildung.]

Geſichtsmaske, *f.* -en. **mask** for the face. [Geſicht (422.2b) and Maske.]

Geſichtspunkt, *m.* -teš, -te. **point** of vision *or* view. [Geſicht (422.2b) and Punkt.]

geſinnen, *v.* *O*(I.2). *intr.* ſ. be minded, intend, purpose: *hardly used except in past part.*, geſonnen, minded, disposed, intending. [ge- and ſinnen, 'think.']

geſinnt, *adj.* minded, disposed, intentioned. [from Sinn. 416.2a.]

Geſinnung, *f.* -gen. state of mind, disposition, intention, opinion. [from geſinnen. 408.III.8.]

geſittet, *adj.* mannered; well mannered, well bred, courteous. [as if past part. of ſitten (405.I.1), from Sitte, 'manner.' 416.2a.]

Geſpenſt, *n.* -tš, -ter. spectre, ghost, sprite, phantom. [ge- and old German *spenst*, 'illusion.']

Geſpräch, *n.* -cheš, -che. talk, discourse, conversation. [from ſprechen, 'speak.' 411.II.1d.]

-geſſen, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr. only in* **vergeſſen,** for**get.** [E. **get.**]

Geſtalt, *f.* -ten. form, shape, figure, fashion. [from ſtellen, 'put, place.' 411.II.1c.]

geſtalten, *v. N. tr.* give shape *or* figure to, form, fashion. [from Geſtalt. 405.I.1.]

geſtehen, *v.* *O*(267). *tr.* (**stand** to: *i.e.*) confess, acknowledge, own, avow. [ge- and ſtehen.]

Geſtein, *n.* -neš, -ne. **stone-work, stones.** [from Stein. 411.II.1a.]

geſtern, *adv.* **yesterday.** [E. **yester.**]

Geſtirn, *n.* -nš, -ne. constellation, asterism, group of **stars, star.** [from Stern. 411.II.1a.]

geſtirnt, *adj.* **starred, starry.** [as if past part. of ſtirnen (405.I.1), from Stern. 416.2a.]

geſtirnt, *adj.* foreheaded, browed. [as if past part. of ſtirnen (405.I.1.), from Stirne, 'forehead.' 416.2a.]

Geſträuch, *n.* -cheš, -che. shrubbery, bushes, branches and leaves, thicket. [from Strauch, 'shrub.' 411.II.1a.]

geſtüm, *adj.* gentle, quiet. [related with ſtumm, 'dumb;' only dialectic, except in ungeſtüm.]

Geſuch, *n.* -chš, -che. request, desire, demand, entreaty. [from ſuchen, 'seek.' 411.II.1d.]

geſund, *adj.* (u *or* ü *in comparison*). **sound,** not ailing *or* defective, healthy, healthful, wholesome, well. [E. **sound.**]

geſunden, *v. N. intr.* ſ. grow **sound** *or* healthy, recover health. [from geſund. 405.I.2.]

Geten, *pl.* **Getæ** (nomadic tribe).

Getöſe (*or* **Getoſe**), *n.* -eš, -e. roaring, deafening noise, din. [from toſen, 'roar.' 411.II.1d.]

Getrabe, *n.* -beš, -e. trotting, trampling. [from traben, 'trot.' 411.II.1d.]

getrauen, *v. N. tr.* (*refl. or with reflexive dative*). **trust,** venture. [ge- and trauen.]

getroſt, *adj.* of good cheer, with confident hope, assured, of good heart. [ge- and Troſt, 'trust.']

Getümmel, *n.* -lš, -l. noise and confusion, tumult, bustle, stir, turmoil, riot. [from tummeln, 'riot.' 411.II.1d.]

Gewaffen, *n.* -nš, -n. arms, coat of arms, escutcheon. [from Waffe, 'weapon.' 411.II.1a.]

gewahr, *adj.* (*only in combination with* werden). **gewahr werden** (*with gen. or accus.*, 229), be **aware** of, perceive,

feel. [E. **aware**: related with wahren, 'keep.']

Gewähr, *f.* -ren. surety, warrant, guaranty. [from wahren, 'keep.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

gewahren, *v. N. tr.* be **aware** of, perceive, see, observe, discover. [from gewahr. 405. I. 2.]

gewähren, *v. N. tr.* be surety for, warrant, guarantee, assure; furnish, afford; grant, vouchsafe, bestow. [from Gewähr. 405. I. 1.]

gewähren, *v. N. intr.* h. last, continue: —**gewähren laſſen**, let go on as it will, let alone, refrain from interfering with. [ge- and währen, 'last.']

Gewalt, *f.* -ten. power, might, authority, dominion, control; force, violence. [from walten, 'rule.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewalthaber, *m.* -rs, -r. holder of power, dictator, autocrat. [Gewalt and Haber, '**haver**.']

Gewalthaberei, *f.* -eien. exercise of uncontrolled authority, autocratic government, despotism. [from Gewalthaber. 410. 2*b*.]

Gewaltherrſchaft, *f.* -ten. government by downright power *or* force, despotism. [Gewalt and Herrſchaft.]

gewaltig, *adj.* powerful, mighty, potent; violent; mighty, big, great, extreme, monstrous. [from Gewalt. 415. 9*a*.]

gewaltſam, *adj.* forcible, violent. [from Gewalt. 415. 13*a*.]

Gewaltthat, *f.* -ten. **deed** of violence, violent act. [Gewalt and That.]

Gewand, *n.* -bs, -be or -änder. garment, vesture, dress, garb. [from winden, '**wind**, wrap.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewandform, *f.* -men. **form** of dress, style of attire. [Gewand and Form.]

Gewäſſer, *n.* -rs, -r. body of **water**, **waters**, flood. [from Waſſer. 411. II. 1*a*.]

Gewebe, *n.* -bs, -be. texture, tissue, fabric, **web**, **weft**. [from weben, '**weave**.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewehr, *n.* -rs, -re. weapon of defense; musket, gun. [from wehren, 'defend.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewerbe, *n.* -bs, -be. mode of acquisition, trade, craft, profession, industrial pursuit. [from werben, 'acquire.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

gewerbſam, *adj.* given to the arts of acquisition of property, engaged in industrial pursuits, industrious. [from Gewerb. 415. 13*a*.]

geweſen, *from* ſein (239. 2). been.

Gewicht, *n.* -hts, -hte. **weight**, heaviness; importance, consequence, moment. [from wiegen, '**weigh**.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

gewichtig, *adj.* heavy, **weighty**, ponderous; important. [from Gewicht. 415. 9*a*.]

Gewimmel, *n.* -ls, -l. swarm, moving *or* busy throng. [from wimmeln, 'swarm.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewinn, *m.* -nns, -nne. gain, profit, advantage. [from gewinnen. 408. I.]

gewinnen, *v. O* (I. 2). *tr.* **win**, gain, obtain, acquire. [ge- and -winnen.]

Gewirr, *n.* -rres, -rre. confusion, complication, entanglement. [from wirren, 'confuse.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

gewiß, *adj.* sure, certain, undoubting *or* undoubted:—**ein gewiſſer**, *etc.*, *and* **gewiſſe** (*pl.*), a certain, *etc.* (not further specified). [from wiſſen, 'know.' 416. 2*b*.]

Gewiſſen, *n.* -nns. inner knowledge, CONSCIOUSness; CONSCIENCE. [ge- and wiſſen, 'know;' infin. of a verb not otherwise in use.]

Gewiſſensangſt, *f.* -ängſte. distress of conscience. [Gewiſſen (422. 2*b*) and Angſt.]

gewiſſermaßen, *adv.* in a certain measure *or* manner, in some sort. [adverbial gen. pl. of gewiß and Maß, 'measure.' 365. 1*b*.]

Gewißheit, *f.* -ten. certainty, surety. [from gewiß. 409. II. 2.]

Gewitter, *n.* -rs, -r. thunder-storm, thunder and lightning. [from Wetter, '**weather**.' 411. II. 1*a*.]

gewohnen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. *or tr.* be accustomed *or* **wonted**; accustom *or* make **wont**: — **gewohnt**, *past part. as adj.* (*governing accus. with* ſein *or* werden, 229), **wont**, used, accustomed. [ge- and wohnen.]

gewöhnen, *v. N. tr.* accustom, make **wonted**, use, habituate. [ge- and wöhnen.]

gewöhnlich, *adj.* customary, usual, ordinary. [from gewöhnen. 415. 12*c*.]

Gewölbe, *n.* -bes, -be. arch, vault. [from wölben, 'arch.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gewölk *or* **Gewölke**, *n.* -lkes, -lke. body of clouds, cloud-mass. [from Wolke. 411. II. 1*a*.]

Gewühle *or* **Gewühl**, *n.* -hles, -hle. tumult, bustle, confusion. [from wühlen, 'root up.' 411. II. 1*d*.]

Gewürz, *n.* -zes, -ze. spice, condiment, relish. [from würzen, 'spice.' 411. II. 1*c*.]

Gezelt, *n.* -tes, -te. tent, canopy. [from Zelt, 'tent.' 411.II.1*a*, *e*.]

geziemen, *v. N. intr.* h. *or refl. or tr.* be **seemly** *or* proper, become, **beseem**, suit. [ge- and ziemen, '**beseem**.']

Gezücht, *n.* -tes, -te. breed, brood, offspring, progeny. [from ziehen, 'bring up.' 411.II.1*c*.]

Giebel, *m.* -ls, -l. **gable**, end of roof. [E. **gable**.]

Gier, *f.* eagerness, inordinate desire. [related with -gehren, 'desire.']

Gierde, *f.* -en. *same as* Gier. (E. **greed**.]

gierig, *adj.* eager, greedy. [from Gier. 415.9*a*.]

Gießbach, *m.* -chs, -bäche. tumbling stream, torrent. [gießen and Bach. 422.3.]

gießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* pour forth, pour, shed, spill; cast (of something melted, in a mould), found, run. [E. **gush**.]

Gift, *n. or m.* -tes, -te. poison, venom, bane. [probably from geben (like E. **gift**), as 'something administered.']

giftig, *adj.* poisonous, venomous, baneful. [from Gift. 415.9*a*.]

giltig *or* **gültig**, *adj.* valid, binding, current. [from gelten. 415.9*b*.]

-ginnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr. only in* **beginnen**, **begin**.

Gipfel, *m.* -ls, -l. summit, top, peak, pinnacle; climax, height. [related with Giebel.]

Giraffe, *f.* -en. **giraffe**, camelopard. [from the Arabic.]

giſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. ferment, froth.

Giſcht, *m.* -tes, -te. froth, spray. [from giſchen. 408.II.1.]

Gitter, *n.* -rs, -r. trellis, lattice, grating.

Glanz, *m.* -zes. lustre, radiance, brightness, brilliancy, splendor, magnificence. [E. **glance**.]

glänzen, *v. N. intr.* h. shine, glitter, glisten, sparkle, cast lustre *or* radiance. [from Glanz. 405.I.1.]

glänzend, *adj.* brilliant, bright, radiant, splendid. [pres. part. of glänzen. 353*a*.]

glanzlos, *adj.* destitute of brilliancy *or* lustre, not showy, unpretending. [Glanz and los. 415.15*a*.]

Glas, *n.* -ſes, -äſer. **glass**; cup, tumbler, goblet. [E. **glass**.]

glaſen, *v. N. tr.* **glaze**. [from Glas. 405.I.1.]

Glasgefäße, *n.* -ßes, -ße. **glass** ware, glass vessels *or* dishes. [Glas and Gefäße.]

Glaskoralle, *f.* -en. **glass coral** *or* bead, glazed colored bead. [Glas and Koralle.]

glatt, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). smooth, polished, sleek, even. [E. **glad**, with much altered meaning: probably related with gleiten, '**glide**.']

glätten, *v. N. tr.* smooth, polish, make even *or* level, plane, glaze. [from glatt. 405.I.2.]

Glaube *or* **Glauben**, *m.* -ns, -n. **belief**, faith, credence, credit, trust; creed. [E. be-**lief**: from glauben.]

glauben, *v. N. tr.* **believe**, have faith in, give credence to, credit, trust in; think, suppose, imagine; *before an infinitive*, believe *or* suppose one's self. [E. be-**lieve**: ge- and -lauben.]

glaublich, *adj.* credible, worthy of belief *or* credence. [from glauben, 415.12*c*.]

gleich, *adj.* **like**, resembling, similar; alike, equal, even, level.—*adv.* similarly, alike, equally; *often, for* ſo gleich, immediately, at once, directly, straightway; *with preceding* ob *or* wenn (*or in an inverted clause implying* ob *or* wenn, 433), although, even if:—**gleichen** *or* **Gleichen**, *after a possessive, invariable, signifying* likes, equals: *thus*, ſeines Gleichen, his equals.

prep. (*with preceding or following dat.* 374). like to, in the manner of, after the fashion of. [E. **like**: for ge- and leich, not separately used.]

gleichartig, *adj.* of **like** sort *or* kind, HOMOGENEOUS. [gleich and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

gleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*). be **like**, resemble, be equal to. [from gleich. 405.I.2.]

gleichfalls, *adv. or conj.* in **like** case, likewise, also. [gleich and Fall, 'case.' 365.1*b*.]

Gleichgewicht, *n.* -ts, -te. equipoise, balance, EQUILIBRIUM. [gleich and Gewicht, '**weight**.']

gleichgiltig *or* **gleichgültig**, *adj.* of equal account, EQUIVALENT, making no difference; indifferent, uninterested, careless. [gleich and giltig.]

Gleichheit, *f.* **likeness**, similarity, equality. [from gleich. 409.II.2.]

gleichmäßig, *adj.* of **like** measure, uniform, equal. [gleich and mäßig, from Maß, 'measure.' 415.15*f*.]

gleichſam, *adv.* as it were, **like** as if,

as though. [gleich and ſam (the adjective suffix, 415.13, but differently applied).]

gleichwie, *conj.* **like as, as.** [gleich and wie, 'as.']

gleichzeitig, *adj.* **of like** *or* identical time, simultaneous, contemporary, synchronous. [gleich and Zeit, 'time.' 424.5.]

Gleis, *n.* =ſes, =ſe. track, rut. [for ge=leis, from a root now obsolete.]

gleißen, *v. N. intr.* h. shine, glitter; make a show, put on a fair exterior, play the hypocrite. [related with glitzern, '**glitter.**']

gleiten, *v. O*(III.1). *or N. intr.* ſ *or* h. **glide,** slide, slip. [E. **glide**: related with glatt, 'smooth.']

Glied, *n.* =des, =der. limb, member; joint, link; file (of soldiers). [old English **lith**: for ge=lith, from an obsolete root meaning 'go,' related with leiten, '**lead.**']

Gliederbewegung, *f.* =gen. movement of the limbs *or* members. [Glied (422.2*d*) and Bewegung.]

gliedern, *v. N. tr.* provide with limbs or members, form in joints:—**ge=gliedert,** jointed. [from Glieder, plural of Glied. 405.I.1*a*.]

glimmen, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. intr.* h. shine dimly, **glimmer,** glow. [E. **glimmer**; also **gleaming,** and **gloom.**]

Glocke, *f.* =en. bell. [E. **clock**; from old German *cloccon*, 'strike.']

Glockenklang, *m.* =gs, =änge. ringing of bells. [Glocke (422.2*d*) and Klang.]

Glockenſpeiſe, *f.* =en. bell-metal. [Glocke (422.2*d*) and Speiſe.]

Glockenſtube, *f.* =en. bell-room, belfry. [Glocke (422.2*d*) and Stube.]

Glockenton, *m.* =ns, =töne. sound of bells, ringing. [Glocke (422.2*d*) and Ton, '**tone.**']

Glockenzeichen, *n.* =ns, =n. sign made by ringing of bells, bell-signal. [Glocke (422.2*d*) and Zeichen, '**token.**']

Glo'rie, *f.* =en. **glory.** [from Latin *gloria*.]

Glück (*rarely* **Glücke**), *n.* =ckes. **luck,** fortune; good fortune, happiness, prosperity, success. [for ge=lück; perhaps allied with locken, 'entice.']

glückbegabt, *adj.* **gifted** with good fortune, bringing prosperity. [Glück and begabt.]

glücklich, *adj.* fortunate, **lucky,** happy, successful, prosperous. [from Glück. 415.12*a*.]

glückſelig, *adj.* very happy, blissful, blessed. [from Glück. 415.9*f*.]

glühen, *v. N. intr.* h. **glow** (with heat or light), be incandescent; *hence*, be inflamed *or* ardent, glow (with passion), burn. [E. **glow.**]

Gluth, *f.* =then. **glowing,** heat, flame, ardor, passion. [from glühen. 408.II.1.]

Gnade, *f.* =en. grace, favor, clemency, mercy. [for ge=nade; from an obscure root.]

gnädig, *adj.* gracious, clement, merciful, propitious. [from Gnade. 415.9*a*.]

Gnu, *m.* =u's, =us. **gnu,** horned horse. [South-African name.]

gnug. *abbreviated form of* genug.

Gold, *n.* =des. **gold.** [E. **gold.**]

Goldberg, *m.* =gs, =ge. **gold** mountain. [Gold and Berg.]

golden, *adj.* **golden.** [from Gold. 415.2.]

Goldfiſch, *m.* =ſches, =ſche. **goldfish.** [Gold and Fiſch.]

Goldfiſchlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **goldfish.** [from Goldfiſch. 410.1.]

goldgehörnt, *adj.* **golden-horned.** [Gold and gehörnt.]

Goldpapier, *n.* =rs, =re. **gold-paper,** gilt paper. [Gold and Papier.]

goldreich, *adj.* **rich** in **gold,** auriferous. [Gold and reich. 415.15*c*.]

Goldſtaub, *m.* =bs. **gold** dust. [Gold and Staub.]

Goldſtern, *m.* =ns, =ne. **golden star.** [Gold and Stern.]

Goldſtück, *n.* =cks, =cke. **gold** piece. [Gold and Stück.]

gönnen, *v. N. tr.* grant willingly, not grudge. [from ge= and *unnan* (obsolete), 'give.']

Goſſe, *f.* =en. gutter, sewer, drain. [from gießen. 408.II.2.]

Gothe, *m.* =en, =en. **Goth.**

gothiſch, *adj.* **Gothic.** [from Gothe. 415.10*b*.]

Gott, *m.* =tes, =götter. **god; God.** [E. **god.**]

Götterbalſam, *m.* =ms, =me. divine **balsam** *or* **balm.** [Gott (422.2*d*) and Balſam.]

Götterhöhe, *f.* =en. divine grandeur, exaltation of the **gods.** [Gott (422.2*d*) and Höhe, '**height.**']

Götterleben, *n.* =ns, =n. **life** of the **gods,** divine life. [Gott (422.2*d*) and Leben.]

Götterſtärke, *f.* strength of the **gods,** divine might. [Gott (422.2*d*) and Stärke.]

Götterwonne, *f.* divine delight, plea-

sure as of **gods.** [Gott (422.2*d*) and Wonne.]

Gotteslâſtern, *n.* =ns. blasphemy, sacrilege. [Gott (422.2*b*) and Lâſtern, infin. of lâſtern, 'defame.']

Gotteſſtreiter, *n.* =rs, =r. warrior *or* champion of **God.** [Gott (422.2*b*) and Streiter.]

Gottfried, *m.* =bs. **Godfrey.** [Gott and Friede, 'peace.']

Gottheit, *f.* =ten. **godhead,** divinity, deity. [from Gott. 410.5.]

Göttin, *f.* =innen. **goddess.** [from Gott. 410.4.]

göttlich, *adj.* **godlike,** divine; **godly.** [from Gott. 415.12*a*.]

Gottlob, *interj.* thank God! praise to God! [for Gott (dat.) ſei Lob, 'to God be praise.']

gottlos, *adj.* **godless,** impious, un**godly,** wicked. [Gott and los. 415.15*a*.]

=gözen *or* **gezen,** *only in* **ergözen.** [causative of =geſſen, '**get.**']

Grab, *n.* =bes, =äber. **grave,** tomb, sepulchre. [from graben. 408.I.]

graben, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* dig, **grub**; **grave,** carve. [E. **grave, grub.**]

Graben, *m.* =ns, =äben. ditch, trench, moat. [from graben. 408.III.3.]

Gräber, *m.* =rs, =r. digger. [from graben. 408.III.4.]

Grabesnacht, *f.* **night** of the **grave,** darkness of the tomb. [Grab (422.2*b*) and Nacht.]

Grabgeſang, *m.* =gs, =änge. **gravesong,** funeral hymn. [Grab and Geſang.]

Grad, *m.* =bes, =be. degree, step, **grade.** [from Latin *gradus*.]

Graf, *m.* =fen, =fen. count, earl. [E. **-grave,** in *margrave* etc.]

Gram, *m.* =mes. grief, sorrow, sadness, affliction. [related with Grimm, **grim.**]

gram, *adj.* (*not inflected*, 117*a*). adverse, hostile, vexed, angry. [same as Gram.]

Granat', *m.* =ts, =te. pome**granate.** [from Latin *granatus*, 'seedy.']

Granatapfel, *m.* =ls, =äpfel. pome**granate** (fruit). [Granat and Apfel, '**apple.**']

Granatbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. pome**granate** tree. [Granat and Baum.]

Granatkern, *m.* =ns, =ne. pome**granate** seed. [Granat and Kern, '**kernel.**']

Granit', *m.* =ts, =te. **granite.** [French *granit*, from Latin *granum*, '**grain.**']

Granitmaſſe, *f.* =en. **mass** of **granite.** [Granit and Maſſe.]

Granitrücken, *m.* =ns, =n. **granite ridge.** [Granit and Rücken.]

Gränze. *same as* Grenze.

Gränzwächter, *m.* =rs, =r. guard of a boundary, frontier guard. [Gränze and Wächter, '**watchman.**']

Gras, *n.* =ſes, =äſer. **grass.** [E. **grass.**]

Grasart, *f.* =ten. kind of **grass,** gramineous species. [Gras and Art.]

Grasdecke, *f.* =en. covering of **grass.** [Gras and Decke.]

Grasebene, *f.* =en. **grass** plain, prairie. [Gras and Ebene.]

Grasflur, *f.* =ren. **grassy** meadow. [Gras and Flur.]

grasreich, *adj.* **rich** in **grass, grassy.** [Gras and reich. 415.15*c*.]

Grasrispe, *f.* =en. panicle of **grass,** branching flower of the grasses. [Gras and Rispe.]

Grassteppe, *f.* =en. **grassy steppe,** extended grass plain, prairie. [Gras and Steppe.]

graß, *adj.* terrible, fearful, hideous. [related with E. **grisly.**]

gräßlich, *adj.* horrible, hideous, ghastly, **grisly.** [E. **grisly**: from graß. 415.12*b*.]

grau, *adj.* **gray,** grizzled; *hence*, aged, ancient, old. [E. **gray.**]

Gräuel *or* **Greuel,** *m.* =ls, =l. horror, abomination, outrage, crime. [from grauen, 'dread.' 408.III.2.]

Gräuelthat, *f.* =ten. **deed** of horror, abominable act, outrage. [Gräuel and That.]

grauen, *v.N. intr.* (*with dat.*) *impers.* cause horror *or* aversion, make shrink back with dread, fill with fear.

Grauen, *n.* =ns, =en. horror, aversion, dread, abhorrence, abomination. [infin. of grauen. 340.3.]

grauen, *v. N. intr.* h. turn **gray,** become hoary, be partially changed from black to white *or* from dark to light; *hence*, dawn. [from grau. 405.I.2.]

gräulich *or* **greulich,** *adj.* horrid, hideous, dreadful, shocking, frightful. [from grauen, 'dread.' 415.12*c*.]

graus, *adj.* horrid, hideous, frightful, shocking. [related with grauen, 'dread,' and graß.]

grauſam, *adj.* terrible, dreadful; *especially*, cruel, barbarous, fell, fierce. [from grauen, 'dread.' 415.13*b*.]

Grauſamkeit, *f.* =ten. cruelty, bar-

barity, inhumanity. [from grauſam. 409.II.3.]

grauſen, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* feel *or* excite horror.—*impers.* (*with dat.*). excite horror in, terrify greatly, horrify, fill with dread:—**grauſend,** *pres. part. as adj.*, horror-inspiring, shocking, dreadful, awful. [from graus. 405.I.2.]

grauſenvoll, *adj.* **full** of horror *or* dread, dreadful, terrible, awful. [Grauſen (infin. of grauſen) and voll. 415.15b.]

Gregor', *m.* -rs. **Gregory.** [from Greek.]

greifen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* h. **gripe,** grasp, catch, seize, snatch, put forth the hand with intent to seize *or* grasp. [E. **gripe, grip.**]

greinen, *v. N. intr.* h. distort the countenance with laughing *or* crying, whine, **grin.** [E. **grin.**]

greis, *adj.* gray *or* grizzled (especially with age); *hence*, aged, old. [related with grau.]

Greis, *m.* -ſes, -ſe. old man, aged person. [same as greis.]

grell, *adj.* piercing the ear *or* eye: *of sound*, shrill, piercing; *of aspect*, glaring.

Grenadier, *m.* -rs, -re. **grenadier.** [French word.]

Grenze (*or* **Gränze**), *f.* -en. limit, border, boundary, frontier, confine. [from Russian *granitza.*]

grenzen (*or* **gränzen**), *v. N. intr.* h. be limited *or* bounded, border. [from Grenze. 405.I.1.]

Gretchen, *n.* -ns. *diminutive of* Margarete, Margaret.

Greuel. *same as* Gräuel.

Grieche, *m.* -en, -en. **Greek,** inhabitant of Greece. [from Latin *græcus.*]

griechiſch, *adj.* **Grecian, Greek.** [from Grieche. 415.10a.]

Griff, *m.* -feſ, -fe. **gripe,** part grasped with the hand, handle, hilt. [from greifen. 408.I.]

Griffel, *m.* -fls, -l. style (for writing on tablets), pencil, slate-pencil. [from Greek *graphion.*]

Grille, *f.* -en. cricket (shrill chirping insect); *figuratively*, whim, caprice, freak, vagary (*from proverbial expressions such as* er hat Grillen im Kopfe, er fängt Grillen, *said of a whimsical person*).

Grimm, *m.* -mes. fury, rage, violent wrath *or* anger. [related with E. **grim,** and with gram.]

grimmig, *adj.* wrathful, furious, raging, fierce, **grim.** [from Grimm. 415.9a.]

grinſen, *v. N. intr.* h. **grin,** show the teeth. [from greinen.]

grob, *adj.* (ö *in comparison*). coarse; rough, rude, uncouth.

Grobheit, *f.* -ten. coarseness, grossness; rudeness, incivility, insolence. [from grob. 409.II.2.]

Groll, *m.* -les. rancor, animosity, ill-will, inveterate enmity, grudge.

grollen, *v. N. intr.* h. bear grudge *or* ill-will, hate, be angry. [from Groll. 405.I.1.]

groß, *adj.* (ö *in comparison; superl.* größt, 139.1). **great,** large, *big*, **tall**; eminent, grand. [E. **great**; also, through the French etc., **gross.**]

Größe, *f.* -en. **greatness,** largeness, MAGNITUDE, size. [from groß. 409. II.1.]

Großmuth, *f.* high spirit, MAGNANIMITY, generosity. [groß and Muth, '**mood.**']

großmüthig, *adj.* of lofty spirit, MAGNANIMOUS, generous. [from Großmuth. 415.9a.]

Großſprecher, *m.* -rs, -r. big talker, swaggerer, boaster. [groß and Sprecher, '**speaker.**']

Großſprecherei, *f.* -eien. tall talk, swagger, braggadocio. [from Großſprecher. 410.2.]

Grotte, *f.* -en. **grotto.** [E. **grotto**: through French, from Latin (Greek) *crypta.*]

Grottenwerk, *n.* -ks, -fe. **grotto-work,** grotto-like structure. [Grotte (422.2*d*) and Werk.]

Grube, *f.* -en. pit, cavity, hollow, hole, ditch; grave. [E. **groove**: from graben, 'dig.']

Grübel, *m.* -ls, -l. digging about, **grubbing,** hypercriticism, needless subtilty. [from graben, 'dig.' 408.III.2.]

grübeln, *v. N. intr.* h. stir, **grub,** dig about; *hence*, rack one's brains, be critical above measure *or* needlessly. [from Grübel. 405.I.1.]

Gruft, *f.* -üfte. cave, hollow; *usually*, sepulchre, grave, funeral vault. [from graben, 'dig.' 408.II.2.]

grün, *adj.* **green,** fresh, verdant:—**das Grüne,** verdure. [E. **green,** related with *grow.*]

Grün, *n.* **greenness,** verdure. [from grün. 409.I.2.]

Grund, *m.* -des, -ünde. **ground,** earth, dirt; *hence*, that on which anything stands *or* rests, bottom, basis, foun-

dation; *hence*, reason, cause, occasion, **grounds**; *also*, lowest part of anything, bottom, base; *hence*, low **ground**, valley, hollow, dale:—**im Grunde**, at bottom, on the whole, after all; **zu Grunde**, to the bottom, to destruction. [E. **ground**: from *grind* (lost in German), as that which is crushed or **ground** with the feet; or, as pulverized soil.]

gründen, *v. N. tr.* lay the foundation of, **ground**, bottom, found. [from Grund. 405.I.1.]

Grundfläche, *f.* =en. bottom-surface, base area, surface of support. [Grund and Fläche.]

Grundgeſetz, *n.* =tzes, =tze. fundamental law. [Grund and Geſetz.]

grundlos, *adj.* bottomless, unfathomable; **groundless**, without reason, unfounded. [Grund and los. 415.15*a*.]

Grundſatz, *m.* =tzes, =sätze. fundamental rule *or* maxim, principle. [Grund and Satz, 'settlement.']

Gründung, *f.* =gen. founding, foundation, establishment. [from gründen. 408.III.8.]

Grüne, *f.* =en. **greenness**, verdure. [from grün. 409.II.1.]

grünen, *v. N. intr.* h. grow **green**, be green *or* verdant: — **grünend**, verdant, flourishing in green. [from grün. 408.I.2.]

grünlich, *adj.* **greenish**. [from grün. 415.12*b*.]

Gruppe, *f.* =en. **group**, cluster. [from French *groupe*.]

gruppenweiſe, *adv.* **groupwise**, in the manner of groups, by groups *or* clusters. [Gruppe (422.2*d*) and Weiſe, 'manner.' 365.1*b*.)

gruppiren, *v. N. tr.* **group**, bring together, cluster. [from French *grouper*. 404.II.4.]

Gruß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. **greeting**, salutation, salute, polite attention. [E. **greet**.]

grüßen, *v. N. tr.* **greet**, salute, pay one's compliments to, bow *or* curtsey to. [from Gruß. 405.I.1.]

Guaraunen, *pl.* Guarauni (South American tribe).

gucken, *v. N. intr.* h. peep, look curiously, pry.

gülden, *adj.* **golden**. [archaic form of golden.]

Gummi, *m.* =is. **gum**. [Latin word.]

Gunſt, *f.* =ten. favor, grace, good-will; permission, leave. [from gönnen. 408.II.1.]

günſtig, *adj.* favorable, gracious, well-willing, propitious, auspicious. [from Gunſt. 415.9*a*.]

Günſtling, *m.* =ges, =ge. favorite, minion. [from Gunſt. 410.6.]

Gurt, *m.* =tes, =te. **girt, girth, girdle**. [E. **girt**, etc.]

Gürtel, *m.* =els, =l. **girdle, sash**, belt, zone. [from Gurt.]

Gürtelende, *n.* =es, =en. **girdle-end**, extremity of a sash. [Gürtel and Ende.]

gürten, *v. N. tr.* **gird, girdle**, bind about. [from Gurt. 405.I.1.]

Guß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. pouring out, **gush**; casting, founding, cast. [from gießen. 408.I.]

gut, *adj.* **good**, desirable, proper, excellent; virtuous, benevolent, kind; clever, skilful: — *adv.* well. [E. **good**.]

Gut, *n.* =tes, =üter. **good** thing, property, possession, **goods** (*in pl.*); estate. [from gut. 409.I.2.]

gütig, *adj.* kind, indulgent, gracious. [from gut. 415.9*c*.]

gütlich, *adj.* amicable, friendly:—**ſich gütlich thun**, indulge one's self, do what suits one. [from gut. 415.12*b*.]

Gymnote, *m.* =en, =en. electrical eel, **gymnote**. [from Greek.]

Gyps, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. **gypsum**, plaster of Paris. [from Latin *gypsum*.]

Gypsconfetti, *pl.* mock sugar-plums of plaster. [Gyps and *confetti*.]

Gypskorn, *n.* =ns, =körner. grain *or* kernel of plaster, plaster sugarplum. [Gyps and Korn, '**corn**.']

Gypszeltlein, *n.* =ns, =n. plaster sugarplum. [Gyps and Zeltlein.]

Haar, *n.* =res, =re. **hair** (collectively or singly). [E. **hair**.]

Habe, *f.* (what one **has**: *i.e.*) property, possession, fortune. [from haben. 408.II.2.]

haben, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 239.1). *tr.* **have**, possess, hold in keeping:—*as auxiliary*, have, *forming perf. and pluperf. tenses and perf. infin., of all trans. and many intrans. verbs* (240, 241):—*with* zu *and an infin.*, **have** to, be under obligation to (343. III.1*c*). [E. **have**.]

Haber, *m.* =rs, =r. **haver**, holder, pos-

sessor (*in composition*). [from haben. 408. III. 4.]
Habeſch, *n.* **Abyssinia.**
Haber, *m.* =rs. quarrel, strife, brawl.
hadern, *v. N. intr.* h. quarrel, wrangle, squabble, strive, brawl. [from Haber. 405. I. 1.]
Hafer, *m.* =rs. oats.
Haft, *f.* =en. **having**, keeping, custody. [perhaps from haben. 408. II. 1.]
Haft, *m.* =tes, =te. hold, keeping hold; means of holding, clasp, brace. [same as preceding.]
haften, *v. N. intr.* h. hold on, cling, stick, be fixed *or* attached. [from Haft. 405. I. 1.]
Hag, *m.* =ges, =ge. **hedge**, fence. [related with Hecke, '**hedge.**']
Hagel, *m.* =ls. **hail.** [E. **hail.**]
hageln, *v. N. intr.* h. *impers.* **hail.** [from Hagel. 405. I. 1.]
=hagen *in* **behagen**, please, gratify.
Hahn, *m.* =nes, =nen *or* =ähne. cock; *hence*, hammer, faucet. [related with Henne, '**hen,**' and Huhn, '**fowl.**']
Hahnengeſchrei, *n.* =eies. cock-crowing, **crying** of cocks. [Hahn (422. 2*d*) and Geſchrei.]
Hai, *m.* =aies, =aie. **shark.**
Haide. *see* Heide.
Haidelandd. *see* Heidelandd.
Hain, *m.* =nes, =ne. grove, wood. [related with Hag.]
Halb *or* **Halbe**, *obsolete noun, meaning* side, *now used in various compounds* (*as* beshalb) *with the meaning* account, reason, because (365. 1*b*). [E. **half.**]
halb, *adj.* **half.** [from Halb.]
Halbcultur, *f.* **half-culture**, semi-civilization. [halb and Cultur.]
halben *or* **halber**, *prep.* (*with preceding gen.*, 373. *b*). on account of, because of. [from Halb.]
halbflüſſig, *adj.* **half-fluid**, semi-liquid. [halb and flüſſig.]
Halbinſel, *f.* =ln. **half-island**, PENINSULA. [halb and Inſel.]
Halbkreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. SEMICIRCLE. [halb and Kreis.]
Halbkugel, *f.* =ln. HEMISPHERE. [halb and Kugel.]
Halblicht, *n.* =ts, =te. **half light**, imperfect *or* defective illumination. [halb and Licht.]
Halbſchweſter, *f.* =rn. **half-sister.** [halb and Schweſter.]
Hälfte, *f.* =en. **half**, moiety; middle. [from halb.]
Hall, *m.* =ls, =le. sound, resonance.
Halle, *f.* =en. **hall**, great room; public **hall**, place of assembly *or* meeting; entrance **hall**, portico, porch [E. **hall.**]
hallen, *v. N. intr.* h. sound, resound. [from Hall. 405. I. 1.]
Halm, *m.* =mes, =me *or* =men. (grass-like) stalk, stem, culm, straw. [E. **halm, haum.**]
Hals, *m.* =ſes, =älſe. neck.
Halsſchmuck, *m.* =cks, =cke. neck ornament, necklace. [Hals and Schmuck.]
halsſtarrig, *adj.* stiffnecked, headstrong, obstinate. [Hals and ſtarrig.]
Halsſtarrigkeit, *f.* =ten. stiffneckedness, obstinacy, stubbornness. [from halsſtarrig. 409. II. 3.]
Halt, *m.* =tes, =te. **hold**, holding, support. [from halten. 408. I.]
halten, *v. O* (II. 3). *tr.* **hold**, keep, retain; restrain, keep back, detain; contain, include; keep, observe, perform, celebrate; esteem, think; deem, consider, regard.—*intr.* h. **hold** on, stop, cease to move, **halt**; remain still *or* fixed, be firm *or* constant, endure, last.—*refl.* maintain one's self; behave. [E. **hold, halt.**]
Halter, *m.* =rs, =r. (*in composition*) **holder.** [from halten. 408. III. 4.]
Haltung, *f.* =gen. **holding**, keeping; attitude, carriage, bearing, demeanor, behavior. [from halten. 408. III. 8.]
Hammer, *m.* =rs, =ämmer. **hammer**; hammer-headed shark, balance-fish, zygæna (*so named from the shape of its head*). [E. **hammer.**]
Hand, *f.* =ände. **hand**:—**zur Hand**, at hand, within reach, ready; **vor der Hand**, for the moment, at present. [E. **hand.**]
Händchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **hand.** [from Hand. 410. 1.]
Handel, *m.* =ls, =ändel. transaction, business, affair; trade, traffic, commerce; suit, difference, quarrel. [from Hand.]
handeln, *v. N. intr.* h. act, deal, treat, behave; trade, traffic, bargain. [E. **handle**: from Handel. 405. I. 1.]
Handelsleute, *pl.* (100. 2 *rem.*). tradesmen, merchants, dealers. [Handel (422. 2*b*) and Leute.]
Handelsſtadt, *f.* =ädte. trading town, commercial city. [Handel (422. 2*b*) and Stadt.]
Handelsverkehr, *m.* =rs. commercial intercourse. [Handel (422. 2*b*) and Verkehr.]

Handknöchel, *m.* =ls, =l. bone *or* joint of the **hand, knuckle.** [Hand and Knöchel.]

Handlung, *f.* =gen. action, transaction, performance, deed. [from handeln. 408.III.8.]

Handschuh, *m.* =hs, =he. glove, gauntlet. [Hand and Schuh, '**shoe.**']

Handwerk, *n.* =ls, =le. **handi**craft, trade, (mechanical) occupation *or* business. [Hand and Werk, '**work.**']

handwerksmäßig, *adj.* in the way of handicrafts *or* trades, in distinct occupations. [Handwerk (422.2*b*) and mäßig, from Maß: compare 415.15*f.*]

Hang, *m.* =gs, =änge. declivity, slope; inclination, propensity. [from hangen. 408.I.]

Hangematte, *f.* =en. (**hanging mat**: *i.e.*) hammock. [from hangen and Matte. 422.3.]

hangen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *intr.* h. **hang,** depend, dangle, be suspended. [E. **hang.**]

hängen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* cause to **hang,** suspend, attach, fasten.—*intr.* (*less properly*). hang, depend, be suspended. [from hangen, 404.I.1 (or from Hang, 405.I.1).]

Hans, *m.* =ens. Jack, Johnnie. [abbreviation of Johannes, '**John.**']

Hänschen, *n.* =ns. Jacky, little Jack. [from Hans. 410.1.]

Harfe, *f.* =en. **harp.** [E. **harp.**]

Harm, *m.* =mes. **harm,** hurt; *usually,* feeling of injury, distress, sorrow, grief. [E. **harm.**]

Harmonie', *f.* =ni'en. **harmony,** concord; harmonious sound, accord. [from Greek.]

harmonisch, *adj.* **harmonious,** harmonic, concordant. [from Harmonie. 415.12*a.*]

Harnisch, *m.* =sches, =sche. **harness,** armor, panoply. [from French *harnois.*]

Harpune, *f.* =en. **harpoon.** [E. **harpoon**: from French *harpon.*]

harren, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. wait, linger in expectation, remain in suspense; (*with gen.*) wait for, await.

hart, *adj.* **hard,** stiff, solid; rough, harsh, rigorous, severe, stern, unrelenting, cruel; difficult, laborious. [E. **hard.**]

Härte, *f.* **hard**ness; harshness, severity. [from hart. 408.II.1.]

hartnäckig, *adj.* stiff-**necked,** headstrong, stubborn, obstinate. [hart and Nacken, '**neck.**' 424.5.]

Harz, *n.* =zes. the **Hartz** (mountain district in central Germany).

haschen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* seize with suddenness, catch, snatch.

Hase, *m.* =en, =en. **hare.** [E. **hare.**]

Haß, *m.* =sses. **hate, hatred,** detestation, grudge, enmity, ill-will. [E. **hate.**]

hassen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **hate,** detest, abominate, feel enmity toward. [from Haß. 405.I.1.]

häßlich, *adj.* (**hateful**: *hence*) disagreeable, ugly, ill-favored, deformed. [from hassen. 415.12*c.*]

Hast, *f.* **haste,** hurry, precipitation. [E. **haste.**]

hastig, *adj.* **hasty,** hurried, precipitate. [from Hast. 415.9*a.*]

Haube, *f.* =en. cap (woman's).

Hauch, *m.* =ches, =che. breath, expiration, puff, whiff; breeze.

hauchen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. breathe, respire, blow.—*tr.* breathe out, exhale. [from Hauch. 405.I.1.]

hauen, *v.* *O*(II.4). *tr.* **hew,** cut, chop; deal a stroke *or* blow *or* bite, strike out, lash, cut. [E. **hew.**]

Hauer, *m.* =rs, =r. **hewer,** cutter. [from hauen. 408.III.4.]

Hauf *or* **Haufe,** *m.* =fes, =fen; *or* **Haufen,** *m.* =ns, =n. **heap,** pile, mass, store, hoard. [E. **heap.**]

häufen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **heap,** pile up, amass, hoard. [from Hauf. 405.I.1.]

häufig, *adj.* copious, abundant, frequent. [from Hauf. 415.9*a.*]

Häuflein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **heap,** small mass *or* collection *or* company. [from Hauf. 410.1.]

Haupt, *n.* =tes, =äupter. **head;** CHIEF, leader, person of highest rank *or* position. [E. **head** (A-S. *heafod*).]

Hauptaction, *f.* =nen. chief-**action** (old style name for a historical drama, in which eminent personages are represented). [Haupt and Action.]

Haupterforderniß, *n.* =sses, =sse. chief requisite. [Haupt and Erforderniß.]

Hauptplatz, *m.* =tes, =ätze. chief **place,** principal square. [Haupt and Platz.]

Hauptstadt, *f.* =ädte. chief city, capital. [Haupt and Stadt.]

Hauptstraße, *f.* =en. chief **street,** highway. [Haupt and Straße.]

Hauptursache, *f.* =en. chief cause, principal ground. [Haupt and Ursache.]

Hauptzweck, *m.* =cks, =cke. chief object, principal end *or* aim. [Haupt and Zweck.]

Haus, *n.* =ses, =äuser. **house,** building

(especially for living in), residence; **housing**, casing, frame; **household**, family; race, lineage: — zu Hause, at home; nach Hause, home, to one's home. [E. **house**.]

Hausbewohner, *m.* -rs, -r. inhabitant of a **house**, indweller, inmate. [Haus and Bewohner.]

Häuschen, *n.* -ns, -n. little **house**, cottage. [from Haus. 410.1.]

hausen, *v. N. intr.* h. **house**, reside, keep house; carry on, manage, perform. [from Haus. 405.I.1.]

Hausfrau, *f.* -auen. **housewife**, (female) head of a family, dame. [Haus and Frau.]

Haushälter, *m.* -rs, -r. **householder**, housekeeper, economist. [Haus and Hälter.]

haushälterisch, *adj.* like a **householder**, with prudent management, thrifty, economical, frugal. [from Haushälter. 415.10*a*.]

häuslich, *adj.* domestic, appertaining to a **household**, economic. [from Haus. 415.12*a*.]

Häuslichkeit, *f.* -ten. domesticity, family life. [from häuslich. 409.II.3.]

Hausrath, *m.* -ths. **household** stuff, furniture, movables in a house. [Haus and Rath.]

Haustracht, *f.* -ten. **house** garb, indoors dress. [Haus and Tracht.]

Haut, *f.* -äute. **hide**, skin, cuticle. [E. **hide**.]

Hautstelle, *f.* -en. place on the skin, part *or* spot of the **hide** *or* cuticle. [Haut and Stelle.]

Hebe, *f.* **Hebe** (to the Greeks, goddess of youth, and cup-bearer of the gods).

Hebel, *m.* -ls, -l. instrument for **heaving** *or* lifting, lever, pry. [from heben. 408.III.2.]

heben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **heave**, lift, raise; elevate, exalt; lift off, remove, put an end to.—*refl.* raise one's self, rise. [E. **heave**.]

Heber, *m.* -rs, -r. one who raises, lifter, **heaver**. [from heben. 408.III.4.]

Hebung, *f.* -gen. lifting, raising, **heaving**. [from heben. 408.III.8.]

Hecke, *f.* -en. **hedge**. [E. **hedge**: related with Hag.]

Heer, *n.* -res, -re. host, orderly *or* organized multitude; *especially*, army. [perhaps related with Heerde.]

Heerde *or* **Herde**, *f.* -en. **herd**, flock. [E. **herd**: related with Hort, '**hoard**,' Hürde, 'pen,' etc.]

Heerzug, *m.* -gs, -üge. train *or* march of an army. [Heer and Zug.]

Heft, *n.* -tes, -te. **haft**, handle, hilt, fastening. [E. **haft**: related with Haft.]

heften, *v. N. tr.* cause to cling, fasten, attach, fix. [as causative to haften (404.I.1); properly from Heft or Haft. 405.I.1.]

heftig, *adj.* vehement, violent, furious, impetuous. [from Haft (415.9*a*). orig'ly 'persistent.']

Heftigkeit, *f.* -ten. vehemence, violence, impetuousness. [from heftig. 409.II.3.]

hegen, *v. N. tr.* **hedge** *or* fence about, enclose; *hence*, *figuratively* (*and usually*), harbor, foster, cherish, entertain. [for hägen, from Hag. 405.I.1.]

Hehl, *n.* -les. concealment, secrecy. [from hehlen. 408.I.]

hehlen, *v. N. tr.* conceal, hide, keep secret.

hehr, *adj.* exalted, majestic, sublime, august, sacred. [related with Herr, 'lord.']

Heide, *m.* -en, -en. **heathen**, pagan, infidel. [from Heide, '**heath**;' originally 'dweller in the wilds.']

Heide (*or* **Haide**), *f.* -en. **heath**; barren, uncultivated and unfertile land. [E. **heath**.]

Heideland (*or* **Haideland**), *n.* -bs, -änder. **heath-land**, barren. [Heide and Land.]

heil, *adj.* **hale**, **whole**, sound, unhurt, uninjured. [E. **hale**, **whole**.]

Heil, *n.* -les. **health**, welfare, prosperity, happiness; *as exclamation* (390), **hail**! [from heil. 409.I.2.]

heilen, *v. N. tr.* **heal**, cure, make well.—*intr.* s. become well, be **healed**, grow sound again. [from heil. 405.I.2.]

heilig, *adj.* (**healthful**, bringing the highest welfare: *hence*) **holy**, sacred; inviolable:—*as noun*, saint, Saint. [from Heil. 415.9*a*.]

heiligen, *v. N. tr.* make **holy**, **hallow**, sanctify, consecrate. [from heilig. 405.I.2.]

Heiligkeit, *f.* -ten. **holiness**, sanctity, sacredness. [from heilig. 409.II.3.]

heilsam, *adj.* **wholesome**, salutary, **healing**. [from Heil. 415.13*a*.]

Heim, *n.* -ms, -me. **home**, where one lives. [E. **home**: rare; superseded by Heimath.]

heim, *adv.* **homeward,** toward home, **home.** [from Heim.]

Heimath (*or* **Heimat**), *f.* -then. **home,** where one lives, native place *or* country. [from Heim. 410.9.]

Heimathhütte, *f.* -en. native cottage. [Heimath and Hütte, '**hut.**']

Heimathland, *n.* -ds. **land** of one's **home,** native land. [Heimath and Land.]

heimiſch, *adj.* **homelike,** indigenous, belonging to one's native place. [from Heim. 415.10*a.*]

heimlich, *adj.* private, secluded, secret; **homely,** comfortable, snug. [from Heim. 415.12*a.*]

heimſuchen, *v. N. tr.* [**seek home**: *i. e.*) follow up closely (even into one's hiding places); *hence,* visit, requite, punish. [heim and ſuchen.]

heimtreiben, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* **drive home.** [heim and treiben.]

Heimweg, *m.* -gs, -ge. **way homeward.** [heim and Weg.]

Heinrich, *m.* -chs. **Henry.** [for Heimrich, from heim and reich, literally 'mighty at home.']

Heirath, *f.* -then. marriage, nuptials, wedding.

heirathen, *v. N. tr.* marry, wed. [from Heirath. 405.I.1.]

heiſchen, *v. N. tr.* **ask** for, demand, require. [E. **ask**: formerly eiſchen.]

heiß, *adj.* **hot, heated,** ardent, burning, torrid; full of ardor *or* passion, vehement. [allied with Hitze, heizen, etc.]

heißen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* bid, command, enjoin; call, name, denominate.—*intr.* h. be called *or* named, go by the name of; mean, signify:—**das heißt,** that is to say, i.e.; es heißt, it is said, the story goes. [E. (archaic) **hight.**]

heiter, *adj.* clear, serene, bright, cheerful, pleasant.

heizen, *v. N. tr.* **heat,** make **hot,** calefy. [related with heiß and Hitze.]

Held, *m.* -den, -den. hero, champion.

Heldenbuch, *n.* -chs, -bücher. **book** of heroes. [Held (422.2*d*) and Buch.]

Heldengeſtalt, *f.* -ten. heroic shape, hero-form. [Held (422.2*d*) and Geſtalt.]

Heldenmuth, *m.* -ths. heroic spirit *or* courage. [Held (422.2*d*) and Muth.]

Heldenthat, *f.* -ten. heroic **deed,** grand achievement, exploit. [Held (422.2*d*) and That.]

Heldentod, *m.* -des. heroic **death.** [Held (422.2*d*) and Tod.]

helfen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*), **help,** aid, assist; be of service, do good, avail. [E. **help.**]

hell (*or* **helle**), *adj.* (*of sound*) clear, distinct; (*of light*) clear, bright, luminous, not dimmed *or* clouded. [related with Hall, hallen, 'sound.']

Helle, *f.* -en. brightness, brilliancy, light. [from hell. 409.II.1.]

hellig, *adj.* sounding. [related with Hall, hallen, 'sound.']

hellleuchtend, *adj.* bright-shining. [hell and leuchtend, pres. part. of leuchten, '**light.**']

Helm, *m.* -mes, -me. **helm, helmet**: head-piece, cap, capital. [E. **helm** etc.: related with hehlen.]

Helmbuſch, *m.* -ſches, -büſche. **helmet** plume, crest. [Helm and Buſch, '**bush.**']

Hemiſphäre, *f.* -en. **hemisphere.** [from Greek.]

hemmen, *v. N. tr.* **hem** in, check, hinder, retard. [E. **hem.**]

Hengſt, *m.* -tes, -te. male horse, stallion, steed.

Henkel, *m.* -ls, -l. part by which anything is **hung** up, handle, hook, ear. [from henken. 408.III.2.]

henken, *v. N. tr.* **hang,** suspend, execute by hanging. [from hangen. 404.I.2.]

Henker, *m.* -rs, -r. **hangman,** executioner. [from henken. 408.III.4.]

Henkerblut, *n.* -ts. **hangman's blood,** blood of murderous wretches. [Henker and Blut.]

Henne, *f.* -en. **hen.** [related with Hahn, Huhn.]

her, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* hither, this way, toward the speaker or the point had in view or conceived to be occupied (*opposite of* hin, hence); *sometimes simply* along (*or indicating motion without distinct reference to direction, after other adverbs or prepositions,* 379.1*a*):—**um . . . her,** round about . . . , around . . . ; **wo . . . her** (=**woher**) whence:—*in specifications of distance in the past,* ago (*thus,* acht Tage her, eight days ago, *lit'ly,* eight days hither, *or* reckoning from the time referred to to the present).

compounded with many other particles etc., forming adverbs of motion and compound separable prefixes (298.2*a*); *also with verbs.* [related with hier, '**here**', etc. 367.2*c.*]

herab, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* down

hither, down (toward the speaker or the point contemplated), from above. [her and ab, 'down.' 298.2*a*.]

herabhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* f. **hang** down, depend, be pendulous. [herab and hangen.]

herabhängen, *v. N. tr.* suspend downward.—*intr.* f. hang down, depend. [herab and hängen.]

herablaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let** down. —*refl.* condescend, stoop:—**herablaſſend**, *pres. part. as adj.* condescending, affable, gracious. [herab and laſſen.]

herabſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set** down, lower, reduce, depress. [herab and ſetzen.]

herabſinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* f. **sink** down, be depressed *or* downcast *or* dejected. [herab and ſinken.]

herabſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* f. descend, dismount. [herab and ſteigen, 'mount.']

herabſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* f. plunge down, come headlong down, descend suddenly. [herab and ſtürzen.]

herabwehen, *v. N. intr.* f. blow downward, come blowing *or* breathing down. [herab and wehen.]

herabwürdigen, *v. N. tr.* depreciate, degrade, abase. [herab and würdigen, 'value (think **worthy**).']

heran, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **on** hither, along (toward the speaker or the point contemplated), from **away**. [her and an. 298.2*a*.]

heranführen, *v. N. tr.* bring **on**, lead hither. [heran and führen.]

herankriechen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* f. come crawling **on**, approach by creeping. [heran and kriechen.]

herannahen, *v. N. intr.* f. draw **nigh**, approach. [heran and nahen, 'come **near**.']

heranſchleichen, *v. O*(III.2). *refl.* come stealing up, approach stealthily. [heran and ſchleichen, 'creep.']

heranſchweben, *v. N. intr.* f. come floating **on**, approach by floating. [heran and ſchweben.]

heranwachen, *v. N. tr.* **watch** approaching, observe coming along. [heran and wachen: pregnant combination, for herannahend wachen (or bewachen).]

heranzögern, *v. N. tr.* bring on by delay *or* loitering. [heran and zögern.]

herauf, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **up** hither, **upward** (toward the speaker or the point contemplated), from below. [her and auf. 298.2*a*.]

herauffahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* f. come moving *or* driving **up**, drive up. [herauf and fahren, '**fare**.']

heraufklimmen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* f. come **climb**ing **up**, scramble upward. [herauf and klimmen.]

heraufklingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* f. come sounding **up**, rise in sound. [herauf and klingen.]

heraufrauſchen, *v. N. intr.* f. come rushing and roaring **up**, ascend with noise. [herauf and rauſchen.]

heraufreichen, *v. N. tr.* **reach** upward, hand up. [herauf and reichen.]

heraufſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* f. mount **up** here, ascend. [herauf and ſteigen.]

heraus, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **out** hither, forth, from within *or* among. [her and aus. 298.2*a*.]

Herausgabe, *f.* -en. **giving** up, release, delivery; publication. [from herausgeben. 408.II.2.]

herausgeben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give** forth, deliver up; publish, edit. [heraus and geben.]

herausholen, *v. N. tr.* fetch **out**, bring forth. [heraus and holen.]

herauskommen, *v. O*(276). *intr.* f. **come out**, come forth; issue, appear; be divulged *or* published. [heraus and kommen.]

herausnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **take out**, draw forth. [heraus and nehmen.]

herausſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set out**, expose, offer publicly. [heraus and ſetzen.]

herausſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* f. rush forth, come precipitately **out**. [heraus and ſtürzen.]

herb *or* **herbe**, *adj.* bitter, sour, acid; harsh, unpleasant.

herbei, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* near **by** hither, into the vicinity (of the speaker or the point contemplated), from a distance, from farther off, this **way**. [her and bei. 298.2*a*.]

herbeibringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** hither. [herbei and bringen.]

herbeieilen, *v. N. intr.* f. come hurrying up, approach in haste. [herbei and eilen.]

herbeiführen, *v. N. tr.* bring on *or* up, induce, cause, give rise to *or* occasion for. [herbei and führen, 'lead.']

herbeikommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* f. **come** along up, reach the spot. [herbei and kommen.]

herbeiladen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* invite to come, summon to one's self. [herbei and laden.]

herbeilaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run hither, come running up. [herbei and laufen, 'run.']

herbeilocken, *v. N. tr.* entice to one's self, induce to come. [herbei and locken.]

herbeiſchaffen, *v. N. tr.* collect, draw in, procure, obtain. [herbei and ſchaffen, 'procure.']

Herbeiſchaffung, *f.* -gen. collection, procuring, obtaining as supply. [from herbeiſchaffen. 408.III.8.]

herbeiſpringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. come jumping *or* running up. [herbei and ſpringen, '**spring.**']

herbeiſtrömen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come **streaming** or flowing in. [herbei and ſtrömen.]

Herbſt, *m.* -ſtes, -ſte. **harvest;** harvest-season, autumn, fall. [E. **harvest.**]

herbſtlich, *adj.* autumnal, in autumn. [from Herbſt. 415.12*a*.]

Herde. *same as* Heerde.

herdehnen, *v. N. tr.* stretch along, extend. [her and dehnen.]

herein, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **in** hither, **in**ward (toward the speaker or the point contemplated), from without *or* outside. **herein!** come in, enter, walk in. [her and ein, '**in.**' 298.2*a*.]

hereinblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look **in.** [herein and blicken.]

hereinbringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring in here,** bring in. [herein and bringen.]

hereindringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. come crowding **in,** approach irresistibly. [herein and dringen.]

hereinlaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let in here,** allow *or* cause to enter. [herein and laſſen.]

hereinſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come tumbling *or* rushing **in,** enter tumultuously. [herein and ſtürzen.]

hereintragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* bring **in.** [herein and tragen, 'carry.']

hergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. move this way, **go** hither, approach. [her and gehen.]

herkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **come** hither, approach; **come** down by custom *or* descent, be derived *or* transmitted, proceed. [her and kommen.]

Herkunft, *f.* **coming** hither, arrival; descent, extraction, birth, origin. [from herkommen; comp. -kunft.]

herleiten, *v. N. tr.* **lead** *or* conduct hither; derive, deduce, refer one's source *or* origin. [her and leiten.]

Hermann, *m.* -nns. **Hermann** *or* Arminius (a leader of the ancient Germans in their struggle with the Romans).

Hermannsſchlacht, *f.* -ten. Hermann's battle (*i.e.* battle like that formerly fought under Arminius for the freedom of Germany). [Hermann (422.2*b*) and Schlacht.]

Hermes, *m.* **Hermes** *or* Mercury (god of eloquence and commerce). [Greek.]

hernach, *adv.* afterward, after this *or* that, hereafter. [her and nach, 'after.' 298.2*a*.]

hernieder, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* down hither, downward (toward the speaker, or the point contemplated), from aloft *or* above. [her and nieder, '**neath,** down.']

herniederblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look down, cast the eyes downward. [hernieder and blicken.]

herniederhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. **hang** down, depend. [herniederand hangen.]

herniederkommen, *v. O*(267). ſ. **come** down, descend. [herniederand kommen.]

herniederſchweben, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come **sweeping** *or* floating down, descend gently. [herniederand ſchweben.]

Herodot', *m.* -ts. **Herodotus** (first Greek historian). [Greek.]

Herr, *m.* -rn, -rren (*or* -rn, 93). master, lord; gentleman; *in address,* sir; *before a proper name,* Mr.:—**der Herr,** the Lord. [related with hehr.]

herrlich, *adj.* lordly; grand, splendid, stately, magnificent, glorious. [from Herr. 415.12*a*.]

Herrlichkeit, *f.* lordliness, grandeur, splendor, magnificence, glory. [from herrlich. 409.II.3.]

Herrſchaft, *f.* lordship, mastery, dominion, sway, government; master and mistress, employers (of servants). [from Herr. 410.7*a*.]

herrſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. rule, reign, sway, govern, be lord *or* master. [from Herr. 405.II.2.]

Herrſcher, *m.* -rs, -r. sovereign, monarch, ruler, lord. [from herrſchen. 408.III.4.]

Herrſchſucht, *f.* thirst of ruling *or* governing, inordinate lust of power. [herrſchen and Sucht.]

herrſchwüthig, *adj.* madly ambitious, filled with inordinate and excessive

lust of power. [herrſchen and wüthig. 424.4.]

herrühren, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. (move *or* stir hither: *i.e.*) proceed, originate (*with* von, from). [her and rühren.]

herſchwanken, *v. N. intr.* ſ. rock this way. [her and ſchwanken.]

herſtammen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. (*with* von, from) originate, proceed, have one's source. [her and ſtammen.]

herſtellen, *v. N. tr.* (place here: *hence*) restore (*as something lost*), reëstablish; bring back to health. [her and ſtellen.]

Herſtellung, *f.* -gen. restoration, recovery. [from herſtellen. 408.III.8.]

herüber, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **over** hither, to this side, from beyond *or* yonder. [her and über. 298.2*a*.]

herum, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* round about, around, about. [her and um, 'about.' 298.2*a*.]

herumdrehen, *v. N. tr.* turn about. [herum and drehen.]

herumfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. drive around, go about, fly around, play smartly. [herum and fahren, '**fare,** go.']

herumführen, *v. N. tr.* guide about, move around. [herum and führen, 'lead.']

herumkugeln, *v. N. tr.* roll around. [herum and kugeln.]

herumlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run around *or* about. [herum and laufen.]

herumliegen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* ḥ. **lie** around. [herum and liegen.]

herumreiſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. journey about, travel around. [herum and reiſen.]

herumſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *refl.* go fighting *or* struggling about. [herum and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

herumſpringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **spring** about, turn with a jump. [herum and ſpringen.]

herumtanzen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **dance** about. [herum and tanzen.[

herumwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw around; turn with a sudden movement, cast into another direction. [herum and werfen, 'throw.']

herumziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* drag around, draw about.—*intr.* ſ. go *or* move about. [herum and ziehen.]

herunter, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* down hither, downward (toward the speaker or the point contemplated), from above. [her and unter, '**under,** down.' 298.2*a*.]

herunterbrennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. **burn** down. [herunter and brennen.]

herunterfallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** down. [herunter and fallen.]

herunterhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ḥ. **hang** down. [herunter and hangen.]

herunterhängen, *v. N. intr.* **hang** down. [herunter and hängen.]

herunterholen, *v. N. tr.* fetch down, take down. [herunter and holer..]

herunterſchauen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. look down, gaze downward. [herunter and ſchauen.]

herunterſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. climb down, descend, dismount, stoop. [herunter and ſteigen, 'mount.']

herunterſtoßen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* thrust down. [herunter and ſtoßen.]

herunterſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come tumbling down, fall headlong. [herunter and ſtürzen.]

heruntertrinken, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **drink** down. [herunter and trinken.]

hervor, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **forth** *or* forward hither, forward, forth, out. [her and vor, '**fore.**' 298.2*a*.]

hervorbrechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. **break** forth, issue with suddenness *or* violence. [hervor and brechen.]

hervorbringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** forth, produce, give origin *or* birth to. [hervor and bringen.]

hervorgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** forth, proceed, arise, follow as consequence. [hervor and gehen.]

hervorheben, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* lift forth, bring into prominence, render conspicuous, call special attention to. [hervor and heben, '**heave.**']

hervorhuſchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. come slyly *or* softly forth. [hervor and huſchen.]

hervorkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **come** forth, appear. [hervor and kommen.]

hervornehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take forth, bring out, move out. [hervor and nehmen, 'take.']

hervorragen, *v. N intr.* ḥ. jut forth, stand out, project, be prominent. [hervor and ragen, 'jut.']

hervorringen, *v. O*(I.1). *refl.* struggle forth, fight one's way out. [hervor and ringen.]

hervorrufen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* call forth, summon. [hervor and rufen.]

hervorſchauen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. look forth, gaze out. [hervor and ſchauen.]

hervorſproſſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **sprout** forth, shoot out. [hervor and ſproſſen.]

hervorſtechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ḥ. **stick** forth, stand out, be conspicuous:—

hervorſtechend, *pres. part. as adj.* (353*a*), prominent, conspicuous, striking. [hervor and ſtechen.]

hervorſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. ascend forth, come forth (from something below). [hervor and ſteigen, 'mount.']

hervortauchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. emerge (as from under water), come forth from a hiding-place, appear suddenly. [hervor and tauchen, '**duck**, dive.']

hervorthun, *v. O*(267). *refl.* put one's self forward, come into view; signalize *or* distinguish one's self. [hervor and thun, '**do.**']

hervortreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. step forth, come out, appear. [hervor and treten, '**tread.**']

hervorwachſen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. grow forth, grow up. [hervor and wachſen, '**wax.**']

hervorziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* drag forth, draw out. [hervor and ziehen.]

herwärts, *adv.* hitherwards, in this direction, toward one. [her and =wärts. 364.2.]

Herz, *n.* =zens, =zen. **heart**; breast; courage, spirit: —**aufs Herz fallen**, come over one (as something depressing); **zu Herzen gehen**, go *or* cut to the heart, distress. [E. **heart.**]

herzen, *v. N. tr.* press to the **heart**, hug, embrace. [from Herz. 405.I.1.]

Herzenstraurigkeit, *f.* =ten. sorrow of **heart**, **hearty** grief. [Herz (422.2*b*) and Traurigkeit.]

herzig, *adj.* **hearty**, touching the **heart**, winning, attractive, charming. [from Herz. 415.9*a*.]

herzinnig, *adj.* **hearty**, **heartfelt**, truly cordial. [Herz and innig, 'interior.']

herzlich, *adj.* **hearty**, CORDIAL, affectionate, loving. [from Herz. 415.12*a*.]

herzlos, *adj.* **heartless**, destitute of **heart**, without feeling. [Herz and los. 415.15*a*.]

Herzog, *m.* =gs, =ge (*or* =öge). duke. [Heer 'army,' and ziehen, 'march;' lit'ly 'army-leader,' like *duke* (Latin *dux*), from *duco*, 'lead.']

herzu, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* hither, here **to** (the speaker or the point contemplated), **to** this place, from away. [her and zu, '**to.**' 298.2*a*.]

herzuſchleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. come crawling up to one, approach stealthily *or* sneakingly. [herzu and ſchleichen.]

Heu, *n.* =eues. **hay**, dried grass. [E. **hay**: related with hauen, '**hew**,' as '*cut* grass.']

heucheln, *v. N. intr.* h. play the hypocrite, feign, dissemble, put on false show.

Heuchler, *m.* =rs, =r. hypocrite, dissembler. [from heucheln. 408.III.4.]

heuchleriſch, *adj.* hypocritical, dissembling, deceiving by false show. [from Heuchler. 415.10*a*.]

heulen, *v. N. intr.* h. **howl**, yell, scream, roar. [E. **howl.**]

heute *or* **heut**, *adv.* to-day, this day; in these days:—**heut zu Tage**, at the present day, now-a-days. [from ancient *hiû tagû*, 'on this **day.**' 366.]

heutig, *adj.* of to-day, belonging to the present time; modern. [from heute. 415.9*d*.]

Hexe, *f.* =en. witch, **hag**, sorceress [related with E. **hag.**]

Hexenmeiſter, *m.* =rs, =r. wizard, sorcerer, conjuror. [Hexe (422.2*d*) and Meiſter, '**master.**']

hie, *adv.* here. *same as* hier, *but now hardly used as independent word except in* hie und da, here and there: *in composition with prepositions, exchangeable with* hier, *except before a vowel, where* hier *alone is usual.* [related with hin, her, etc. 367.2*c*.]

hiebei. *same as* hierbei.

hiedurch. *same as* hierdurch.

hiefür. *same as* hierfür.

hieher. *same as* hierher.

hiemit. *same as* hiermit.

hienieden, *adv.* (*much more usual than* hiernieden). here below, on the earth, in this life. [hie and nieden, '**neath.**']

hier, *adv.* **here**, in this place: *in combination with a preposition, representing a case of the demonstrative pronoun* dies, *meaning* this, *governed by that preposition* (*in this office, exchangeable with* hie, *except before a vowel*): *e.g.* hierbei, hierdurch (166.4): *see the different compounds.* [related with hin, her, etc. 367.2*c*.]

hierauf, *adv.* **hereon**, **hereupon**, upon this *or* these (= auf dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* auf). [hier and auf. 365.3*b*.]

hierbei (*or* **hiebei**), *adv.* **hereby**, herewith, **by** *or* near this *or* these (= bei dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* bei). [hier and bei. 365.3*b*.]

hierdurch (*or* **hiedurch**), *adv.* **herethrough**, **through** *or* by means of this *or* these (= durch dieſes *etc.*,

in the various senses of durch). [hier and durch. 365.3*b*.]

hierfür (*or* **hiefür**), *adv.* **herefor, for** *or* instead of this *or* these (= für dieſes *etc.*, *in the various senses of* für). [hier and für. 365.3*b*.]

hierher (*or* **hieher**), *adv.* hither, to **here,** thus far. [hier and her. 365.3.]

hierin, *adv.* **herein, in** this *or* these (= in dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* in). [hier and in. 365.3*b*.]

hiermit (*or* **hiemit**), *adv.* **herewith,** with *or* along with this *or* these (= mit dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* mit). [hier and mit. 365.3*b*.]

hierneben. *same as* hienieben.

hierüber, *adv.* **hereover, over** *or* respecting this *or* these (= über dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* über). [hier and über. 365.3*b*.]

hierunter, *adv.* **hereunder, under** *or* amid this *or* these (= unter dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* unter). [hier and unter. 365.3*b*.]

hiervon (*or* **hievon**), *adv.* **hereof,** of *or* from this *or* these (= von dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* von). [hier and von. 365.3*b*.]

hierzu (*or* **hiezu**), *adv.* **hereto, to** *or* in addition **to** this *or* these (= zu dieſem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* zu) :—**hiezu kommen,** come as addition, be added. [hier and zu.]

hievon. *same as* hiervon.

hiezu. *same as* hierzu.

Hifthorn, *n.* =ns, =örner. hunting **horn,** bugle. [Hift (or Hief, Hüft), obsolete word for 'blast on a horn,' and Horn.]

Hilfe. *same as* Hülfe.

Hilfsmittel. *same as* Hülfsmittel.

Himbeere, *f.* =en. **raspberry.** [E. **hindberry**: formerly Hindbeere, from Hinde, '**hind,**' and Beere, because eaten by deer.]

Himmel, *m.* =ls, =l. heaven, sky; canopy; zone, clime.

himmelan, *adv.* toward heaven, heavenward. [Himmel and an, 'up.' 365.2.]

himmelgroß, *adj.* heaven-big, large as skies. [Himmel and groß.]

Himmelsdecke, *f.* =en. heavenly covering, skyey canopy, sky. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Decke.]

Himmelsfackel, *f.* =ln. heavenly torch. (Himmel (422.2*b*) and Fackel.]

Himmelsgebirge, *n.* =es, =e. heaven-mountains. [translation of *Thian-shan*, name of a high mountain range in central Asia: Himmel (422.2*b*) and Gebirge.]

Himmelsgewalt, *f.* =ten. heavenly power. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Gewalt.]

Himmelsglanz, *m.* =zes. heavenly brightness *or* glory. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Glanz.]

Himmelshöhe, *f.* =en. heavenly **height,** height of heaven. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Höhe.]

Himmelskraft, *f.* =äfte. heavenly power. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Kraft.]

Himmelslicht, *n.* =ts, =ter. **light** of heaven, heavenly light. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Licht.]

Himmelsliebe, *f.* heavenly **love.** [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Liebe.]

Himmelslied, *n.* =ds, =der. heavenly song. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Lied.]

Himmelsluft, *f.* =üfte. air of heaven. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Luft.]

Himmelsſchooß, *m.* =ßes, =ße. bosom of heaven, heavenly canopy. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Schooß.]

Himmelsſtrich, *m.* zone, clime, latitude. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Strich, '**streak.**']

Himmelsſtütze, *f.* =en. support of the sky, pillar of heaven. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Stütze.]

Himmelstochter, *f.* =chter. **daughter** of heaven. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Tochter.]

Himmelston, *m.* =ns, =töne. heavenly **tone,** sound of heaven. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Ton.]

Himmelszelt, *n.* =ts, =te. canopy of heaven, skyey vault. [Himmel (422.2*b*) and Zelt.]

himmliſch, *adj.* heavenly, celestial, ethereal, divine, beatific. [from Himmel. 415.12*a*.]

hin, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* hence, that way, away from the speaker or the point had in view or conceived of as occupied (*opposite of* her, hither); *sometimes simply* along, *or implying motion without distinct reference to direction, especially after other adverbs or prepositions* (379.1*a*); gone, lost:—**hin und her,** back and forth, to and fro, this way and that; **hin und wieder, hin und zurück,** forth and back, away and home again; **wo . . . hin** (=**wohin**) whither.

compounded with many other particles etc., forming adverbs of motion and compound separable prefixes (298.2*a*); *also with verbs.* [related with her, hier, **hence,** etc. 367.2*c*.]

hinab, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* down

thither, down (away from the speaker or the point contemplated), from up here. [hin and ab. 298.2*a*.]

hinabblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look down, cast the glance downward. [hinab and blicken.]

hinabbrausen, *v. N. intr.* s. go roaring down, descend noisily. [hinab and brausen.]

hinabfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* s. go down, descend. [hinab and fahren, 'go, **fare.**']

hinabreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* drag down. [hinab and reißen.]

hinabſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look down. [hinab and ſchauen.]

hinabſchießen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s. **shoot** down, dart downward. [hinab and ſchießen.]

hinabſchmeißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* hurl down, fling downward. [hinab and ſchmeißen, '**smite.**']

hinabſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. look down. [hinab and ſehen, '**see.**']

hinabſetzen, *v. N. intr.* h. leap down, plunge. [hinab and ſetzen, '**set.**']

hinabſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* s. climb down, descend, dismount. [hinab and ſteigen, 'mount.']

hinabſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* s. tumble downward, plunge down. [hinab and ſtürzen.]

hinabtauchen, *v. N. tr.* plunge down, immerse, sink. [hinab and tauchen.]

hinabwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* cast down, throw downward. [hinab and werfen.]

hinabziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw down. —*intr.* s. move *or* march down, descend. [hinab and ziehen.]

hinan, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* up thither, up (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from down here. [hin and an. 298.2*a*.]

hinaneilen, *v. N. intr.* s. hasten up, haste to ascend. [hinan and eilen.]

hinanführen, *v. N. tr.* lead up, guide *or* conduct up. [hinan and führen.]

hinanziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s. move *or* march up, ascend. [hinan and ziehen.]

hinauf, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **up** thither, up hence (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from below here, upward, up. [hin and auf. 298.2*a*.]

hinaufblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look **up.** [hinauf and blicken.]

hinaufkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **come up.** [hinauf and kommen.]

hinaufſchreien, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* h. cry **upward,** shout up. [hinauf and ſchreien.]

hinaufſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. look **up.** [hinauf and ſehen, '**see.**']

hinaufſpeien, *v. N. tr.* **spit upward.** [hinauf and ſpeien.]

hinaufſteigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* s. mount **up,** ascend. [hinauf and ſteigen.]

hinaus, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **out** hence *or* thither, forth (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from in here, away, out; beyond. [hin and aus. 298.2*a*.]

hinausfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* s. pass **out,** go forth. [hinaus and fahren, '**fare.**']

hinaushangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* s. **hang out,** jut out, project. [hinaus and hangen.]

hinausgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **go out.** [hinaus and gehen.]

hinausſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look forth, gaze away. [hinaus and ſchauen.]

hinausſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. **see out,** look forth *or* away. [hinaus and ſehen.]

hinausſtürmen, *v. N. intr.* s. **storm** forth, go **out** wildly *or* furiously, rush away. [hinaus and ſtürmen.]

hinaustreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* s. step **out,** go forth. [hinaus and treten, '**tread.**']

hinausweiſen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* direct forth *or* away, show **out.** [hinaus and weiſen.]

hinausziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s. march **out,** go forth. [hinaus and ziehen.]

Hinde, *f.* =en. **hind,** doe. [E. **hind.**]

hindern, *v. N. tr.* **hinder,** keep back, put be**hind,** impede, obstruct, be in the way of; prevent. [E. **hinder**: for hintern, from hinter, '**behind.**']

Hinderniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. **hindrance,** impediment, obstruction, obstacle. [from hindern. 408.III.6.]

hindeuten, *v. N. intr.* h. point, aim, show the way, direct any one. [hin and deuten, 'indicate.']

hindurch, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **through** thither, away through (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from this side through; **through**out, during. [hin and durch. 298.2*a*.]

hindurchdringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* s. press *or* crowd **through,** force one's way through. [hindurch and dringen.]

hindurchführen, *v. N. tr.* lead *or* conduct **through.** [hindurch and führen.]

hinein, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **in** thither, **in** (from the speaker or the

point contemplated), from out here, **in.** [hin and ein. 298.2*a*.]

hineindenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *refl.* (*with* in etwas) **think** one's self (**into** something), transfer one's self in thought, make a mental appropriation (of something). [hinein and denken.]

hineinfinden, *v. O*(I.1). *refl.* (*with* in etwas) **find** one's way (**into** something), adapt *or* reconcile one's self. [hinein and finden.]

hineinguden, *v. N. intr.* h. peep **in.** [hinein and guden.]

hineinkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* f. **come in,** get in. [hinein and kommen.]

hineinlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* f. run **in.** [hinein and laufen.]

hineinlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay in,** deposit. [hinein and legen.]

hineinfchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look **in.** [hinein and fchauen.]

hineinfchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* f. strike **in,** dash in. [hinein and fchlagen.]

hineinfchleudern, *v. N. tr.* hurl **in.** [hinein and fchleudern.]

hineinfehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. **see in,** look in. [hinein and fehen.]

hineinfetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set** or **seat in,** insert. [hinein and fetzen.]

hineinftrecken, *v. N. tr.* **stretch in,** reach in. [hinein and ftrecken.]

hineinftürzen, *v. N. intr.* f. tumble **in,** plunge headlong in. [hinein and ftürzen.]

hineintreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* f. step **in,** enter. [hinein and treten, '**tread.**']

hineinwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw *or* cast **in.** [hinein and werfen.]

hinfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* f. go hence *or* away, depart. [hin and fahren, '**fare,** go.']

hinführen, *v. N. tr.* lead forth, conduct away. [hin and führen.]

hingeben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give** away, give up, yield, resign, devote. [hin and geben.]

hingegen, *adv. or conj.* on the contrary, on the other hand. [hin and gegen, '**against.**']

hingehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* f. **go** forth, pass away, elapse. [hin and gehen.]

hingleiten, *v. N. intr.* f. **glide** along. [hin and gleiten.]

hinkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* f. **come** forth *or* away, get (to something). [hin and kommen.]

hinlangen, *v. N. intr.* h. reach the desired point, hold out, be sufficient. [hin and langen.]

hinlänglich, *adj.* sufficient, enough. [from hinlangen. 415.12*c*.]

hinlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* f. run thither, run up (to something). [hin and laufen.]

hinlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** away, deposit. [hin and legen.]

hinnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take away, take from one; carry away, ravish, transport. [hin and nehmen.]

hinreichen, *v. N. tr.* **reach** forth, hand out, deliver.—*intr.* h. **reach** to the desired point, hold out, be sufficient: —**hinreichend,** *pres. part. as adj.* (353*a*), sufficient, enough. [hin and reichen.]

hinreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear **away,** carry along with violence, snatch away; *hence,* ravish, enrapture, transport. [hin and reißen.]

hinrichten, *v. N. tr.* destroy, put to death, execute. [hin and richten, 'direct;' lit'ly 'send away, despatch.']

hinfchlendern, *v. N. intr.* f. saunter along, live on aimlessly, lounge. [hin and fchlendern.]

hinfchwanken, *v. N. intr.* h. **swing** off *or* away. [hin and fchwanken.]

hinfehen, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. look off (toward something), have regard *or* respect. [hin and fehen, '**see.**']

hinfehnen, *v. N. refl.* long (to take) one's self away, yearn to depart. [hin and fehnen.]

Hinficht, *f.* respect, regard, consideration, view:—**in Hinficht auf,** respecting, touching, as to, as concerns. [from hinfehen. 408.II.1.]

hinfinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* f. **sink** down, drop away, faint, swoon. [hin and finken.]

hinftellen, *v. N. tr.* put away, set one side, stow away. [hin and ftellen.]

hinftreben, *v. N. intr.* h. **strive** (to get) away, struggle forth *or* along, press on. [hin and ftreben.]

hinftrecken, *v. N. tr.* **stretch** along, stretch out, extend, spread. [hin and ftrecken.]

hinftürzen, *v. N. intr.* f. fall along, tumble at full length, be thrown down. [hin and ftürzen.]

hinten, *adv.* **behind,** on the backside, in the rear, aft. [related with hin etc. 367.2*c*,3*a*.]

hinter, *adv. and sep'ble or insep'ble* (308–9) *prefix.* **behind,** back, in the rear.

prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). be-

hind, back of, in rear of, after. [E. **hind**: related with hin etc. 367.2*c*.]

hinter, *adj.* **hinder**, back, rear: — **hinterſt**, *superl.* **hind**most. [E. **hind, hinder**: same as prep. hinter.]

Hinterhalt, *m.* =ts, =te. ambush, ambuscade, wait. [from hinterhalten. 408. I.]

hinterhalt'en, *v.* *O*(II. 3). *tr.* **hold** back, keep hidden. [hinter and halten.]

hinterher, *adv.* along after, following be**hind**. [hinter and her.]

hinterlaſſ'en, *v.* *O*(II. 3). *tr.* leave be**hind**; bequeath. [hinter and laſſen.]

Hinterliſt, *f.* =ten. artifice, cunning, deceit, fraud. [hinter and Liſt, 'cunning.']

Hintertheil, *m.* =ls, =le. **hinder** part, back part, stern. [hinter and Theil.]

Hintertreffen, *n.* =ns, =n. rear-guard. [hinter and Treffen, 'fighting.']

hinträumen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **dream** away, spend in **dreaming**. [hin and träumen.]

hintreten, *v.* *O*(II. 1). *intr.* ſ. step along, walk on. [hin and treten, '**tread**.']

hinüber, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **over** thither, **over** (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from this side, across. [hin and über. 298.2*a*.]

hinüberleiten, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **lead over**, conduct across. [hinüber and leiten.]

hinüberrufen, *v.* *O*(II. 4). *tr.* call **over**, invite across. [hinüber and rufen.]

hinüberſchreiten, *v.* *O*(III. 1). *intr.* ſ. step **over**, stride across. [hinüber and ſchreiten.]

hinunter, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* down hence, downward (from the speaker or the point contemplated), from up here, down. [hin and unter, '**under**.' 298.2*a*.]

hinunterblicken, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. look down, cast the eyes downward. [hinunter and blicken.]

hinunterbücken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* bow down, bend downward. [hinunter and bücken.]

hinunterfahren, *v.* *O*(II. 2). *intr.* ſ. go down, descend. [hinunter and fahren, '**fare**, go.']

hinunterfallen, *v.* *O*(II. 3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** down, be precipitated. [hinunter and fallen.]

hinunterklaffen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. **cleave** downward from above, gape open below, open down. [hinunter and klaffen.]

hinunterkommen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **come** down, descend. [hinunter and kommen.]

hinunterſtürzen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. plunge down, be precipitated downward. [hinunter and ſtürzen.]

hinwälzen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* roll along, wallow along, creep. [hin and wälzen.]

hinwärts, *adv.* thither**wards**, in that direction, from one:—**hin- und her-wärts**, this way and that, to and fro, back and forth. [hin and =wärts. 364.2.]

hinweg, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **away**, forth from here, off. [hin and weg. 298.2*a*.]

hinwegeilen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. hasten **away**, hurry off. [hinweg and eilen.]

hinweggehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go away**, depart. [hinweg and gehen.]

hinwegraffen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* snatch **away**, sweep off, carry away with suddenness *or* violence. [hinweg and raffen.]

hinwegräumen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* clear **away**. [hinweg and räumen.]

hinwegſpringen, *v.* *O*(I. 1). *intr.* ſ. **spring away**, take a flying leap. [hinweg and ſpringen.]

hinwegſpülen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* wash **away**, sweep off with a dash of water. [hinweg and ſpülen.]

hinwegtragen, *v.* *O*(II. 2). *tr.* bear **away**, carry off. [hinweg and tragen.]

hinwegwerfen, *v.* *O*(I. 3). *tr.* throw **away**, reject. [hinweg and werfen.]

hinwehen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. blow along. [hin and wehen.]

hinwenden, *v.* *N*(*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* turn away. [hin and wenden.]

hinwerfen, *v.* *O*(I. 3). *tr.* throw to some place, cast. [hin and werfen.]

hinziehen, *v.* *O*(III. 3). *tr.* draw along, extend, protract.—*intr.* ſ. move off, go forth *or* away, pass hence. [hin and ziehen.]

hinzu, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **to, to**ward; in addition. [hin and zu. 298.2*a*.]

hinzufügen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* add, annex, append; say further, add **to** something already said. [hinzu and fügen, 'fit, join.']

Hippobosce, *f.* =en. horse-fly, gad-fly. [from the Greek, 'horse-feeder.']

Hirn, *n.* =nes, =ne. brain.

Hirſch, *m.* =ſches, =ſche. stag, **hart**. [E. **hart**.]

Hirt, *m.* =ten, =ten. **herd**sman, shep**herd**, keeper. [E. **herd**: related with Hort, Heerde, etc.]

Hirtenleben, *n.* =ns. pastoral **life**, life

of a keeper of flocks. [Hirt (422.2*d*) and Leben.]

Hirtenſtamm, *m.* =mś, =ämme. race of **herdsmen,** pastoral race. [Hirt (422.2*d*) and Stamm, '**stem.**']

Hirtenvolk, *n.* =ls, =völker. people of **herdsmen,** pastoral nation. [Hirt (422.2*d*) and Volk, '**folk.**']

hiſtoriſch, *adj.* **historic, historical.** [from Latin. 415.10*b*.]

Hitze, *f.* =en. **heat, hotness,** great warmth; fervor, ardor, passion. [related with heiß, heizen, etc.]

hm, *interj. expressing doubt, hesitation, perplexity.* **hem!**

hoch, *adj.* (*as declined,* **hoher** *etc.,* 120.4; *comparative* **höher,** 139.1). **high,** tall, lofty, great; grand, exalted, sublime; of **high** price, dear. [E. **high.**]

hochbeglückt, *adj.* **highly** blessed, greatly favored. [hoch and beglückt, past part. of beglücken.]

hochernſt, *adj.* **highly** serious, very **earnest.** [hoch and ernſt.]

hochgeſchürzt, *adj.* **high-girt,** high-strung, haughty, disdainful. [hoch and geſchürzt, past part. of ſchürzen.]

hochgethürmt, *adj.* built up into a tower, **high-towering.** [Hoch and gethürmt, past part. of thürmen.]

hochgewölbt, *adj.* **high-vaulted,** having high arches. [hoch and gewölbt, past part. of wölben.]

hochherzig, *adj.* **high-hearted,** high-spirited, of lofty courage. [hoch and Herz. 424.5.]

hochhüglicht, *adj.* marked by **high hills,** very broken, rugged. [hoch and hügelicht.]

Hochland, *n.* =ds, =länder. **highland,** upland. [hoch and Land.]

Hochmuth, *m.* loftiness of mind, haughtiness, arrogance, presumption, insolence. [hoch and Muth, '**mood.**']

hochmüthig, *adj.* haughty, proud, arrogant, supercilious. [from Hochmuth. 415.9*a*.]

Hochſinn, *m.* =ns. loftiness of mind, **high** spirit, magnanimity. [hoch and Sinn, 'mind.']

höchſt, *adv.* (*adj., superl. of* hoch, 363. 2*a*). in the **highest** degree, exceedingly, extremely.

höchſtens, *adv.* at the **highest,** at utmost, at best. [from höchſt, superl. of hoch. 363.3*c*.]

Hochzeit, *f.* =ten. festivity; *especially,* nuptials, wedding, marriage, bridal. [hoch and Zeit, 'time;' lit'ly, '**high** time.']

Hochzeitsſchloß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſer. **bridal** castle, castle where festivities are in progress. [Hochzeit (422.2*c*) and Schloß.]

Hochzeittag, *m.* =ge, =ge. wedding-**day.** [Hochzeit and Tag.]

Hock, *m.* =ckes, =cke. bunch, heap. [related with hoch and Hügel.]

hocken *or* **hucken,** *v. N. intr.* h. **sit** on any one's back; crouch, squat, cower.—*tr.* carry on the back. [from Hock; lit'ly, 'sit bunched up.']

Hof, *m.* =fes, =öfe. yard, courtyard, court; court of a sovereign *or* nobleman, palace and its belongings; court, attention for the sake of favor.

Hofburg, *f.* =gen. court-castle, **royal** residence. [Hof and Burg, 'castle.']

hoffen, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* **hope,** expect, look for. [E. **hope.**]

Hoffnung, *f.* =gen. **hope,** expectation. [from hoffen, with irregularly inserted n, for Hoffung. 408.III.8.]

hoffnungslos, *adj.* **hopeless,** destitute of **hope.** [Hoffnung (422.2*c*) and los. 415.15*a*.]

hoffnungsreich, *adj.* **rich** in **hope,** full of hope. [Hoffnung (422.2*c*) and reich. 415.15*c*.]

hoffnungsvoll, *adj.* **full** of **hope** *or* promise, **hopeful,** promising. [Hoffnung (422.2*c*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Hofglanz, *m.* =zes. court splendor, royal show *or* magnificence. [Hof and Glanz.]

höflich, *adj.* COURTLY, courteous, polite, civil, obliging. [from Hof. 415. 12*a*.]

Höflichkeit, *f.* =ten. COURTESY, politeness, civility. [from höflich. 409.II.3.]

Höfling, *m.* COURTIER, courtling. [from Hof. 410.6.]

Höflingsſchaar, *f.* =ren. crowd of courtiers. [Höfling (422.2*b*) and Schaar.]

Hofrank, *m.* =änke. court intrigue. [Hof and Rank.]

hohe, *etc. declined form of* hoch (120.4).

Höhe, *f.* =en. **height,** altitude; **high** place, summit, top; elevation, hill, mountain:—**in die Höhe,** on **high,** aloft, upward, up; **von der Höhe,** from above *or* aloft. [from hoch. 409.II.1.]

höher. *comparative of* hoch (139.1).

hohl, *adj.* **hollow,** not solid, vacant within, empty; *of sound,* reverberating as if within a cavity:—**die hohle Hand,** the **hollow**ed palm, **hollow** of the **hand.** [E. **hollow, hole,**

etc.: probably related with **hehlen**, 'hide.']

Höhle, *f.* =en. **hole, hollow**, cavity, cavern, cave. [from hohl. 409.II.1.]

höhlen, *v. N. tr.* **hollow** out, excavate. [from hohl. 405.I.2.]

Hohlgefäß, *n.* =ßes, =ße. **hollow** vessel, piece of hollow-ware. [hohl and Gefäß.]

Höhlung, *f.* =gen. **hollowing**, excavation, cavity, socket. [from höhlen. 408.III.8.]

Hohn, *m.* =nes. scorn, mockery, scoffing, contumely.

höhnisch, *adj.* scornful, mocking, scoffing, jeering. [from Hohn. 415.10*a*.]

hold, *adj.* favorable, propitious, gracious, kind; pleasing, lovely, charming, dear, sweet.

holen, *v. N. tr.* fetch, go and bring, go *or* come for, get; draw, pull upon, **haul**. [E. **hale, haul**.]

Hölle, *f.* =en. **hell**, place of torment for the departed. [related with **hehlen**, hohl, etc.]

Höllengeist, *m.* =es, =ter. spirit of **hell**, infernal spirit. [Hölle (422.2*d*) and Geist.]

Höllenrachen, *m.* =ns, =n. throat *or* jaws of **hell**, mouth of the infernal abyss. [Hölle (422.2*d*) and Rachen.]

Höllenraum, *m.* =mes, =äume. **room** *or* place of **hell**, hell space. [Hölle (422.2*d*) and Raum.]

Holz, *n.* =zes, =hölzer. wood, fire-wood, timber; forest, piece of woods.

hölzern, *adj.* wooden, made of wood; stiff, awkward, wooden. [from Holz. 415.2.]

Holzhauer, *m.* =rs, =r. wood-cutter, chopper, **hewer** of wood. [Holz and Hauer.]

Holzspan, *m.* =ns, =äne. splinter *or* shaving of wood, chip. [Holz and Span.]

Honig, *m.* =gs. **honey**. [E. **honey**.]

Honigkuchen, *m.* =ns, =n. **honey-cake**, gingerbread. [Honig and Kuchen.]

honigreich, *adj.* **rich** in **honey**, **honey**-filled. [Honig and reich. 415.15*c*.]

horchen, *v. N. intr.* h. **hearken**, listen, give ear.—*tr.* listen to, give ear to. [from hören, 'hear.' 404.II.3.]

Horcher, *m.* =rs, =r. **hearkener**, listener. [from horchen. 408.III.4.]

Horde, *f.* =en. **horde**, wandering troop, nomadic tribe. [from Turkish *ordi*, 'camp.']

hören, *v. N. tr.* **hear**, give ear to; hearken, listen. [E. **hear**.]

Hörer, *m.* =rs, =r. **hearer**. [from hören. 408.III.4.]

Horizont', *m.* =ts, =te. **horizon**. [from Greek, 'bounding, limiting.']

horizontal', *adj.* **horizontal**. [from French etc. *horizontal*.]

Horn, *n.* =nes, =hörner. **horn**. [E. **horn**.]

Hort, *m.* =tes, =te. **hoard**, treasure; place of safety. [E. **hoard**: related with Heerde, Hirt, etc.]

Hose, *f.* =en. **hose**, stocking; trousers, breeches; hollow cylinder, spout. [E. **hose**.]

Hottentott, *m.* =ten, =ten. **Hottentot**.

Hottentottenkrahl, *n.* =s, =le. **Hottentot kraal**. [Hottentott (422.2*b*) and Krahl.]

hu, *interj. expressing horror, shuddering.* **hu!** oh!

Huanaco, *n.* =o's, =os. **huanaco** (species of South American camel-like sheep). [Peruvian word.]

hübsch, *adj.* pretty, pleasing, nice, fair. [corrupted from höfisch, 'courteous, courtly,' from Hof. 415.10*a*.]

hucken. *see* hocken.

Huf, *m.* =fes, =fe. **hoof**. [E. **hoof**.]

Hufschlag, *m.* =gs, =äge. **hoof**-stroke, tread of horses. [Huf and Schlag.]

Hügel, *m.* =ls, =l. **hill, hillock**, knoll. [E. **hill**: probably related with hoch.]

hügelig, *adj.* **hilly**. [from Hügel. 415.9*a*.]

Hügelreihe, *f.* =en. **row** *or* range of **hills**. [Hügel and Reihe.]

hüglicht *or* **hügelicht**, *adj.* **hilly**. [from Hügel. 415.8.]

Huhn, *n.* =nes, =hühner. fowl, barndoor-fowl, cock *or* hen. [related with Hahn, Henne.]

Hühnerhäuschen, *n.* =ns, =n. hen-**house**, poultry-house. [Huhn (422.2*d*) and Häuschen.]

Huld, *f.* grace, favor, good-will, kindness. [related with hold.]

huldig, *adj.* gracious, favorable; bound to good-will *or* service. [from Huld. 415.9*a*.]

huldigen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). pay homage, swear fealty *or* allegiance. [from huldig. 405.I.2.]

Hülfe *or* **Hilfe**, *f.* **help**, aid, assistance:—**einem zu Hülfe**, to the aid or assistance of any one. [from helfen. 408.II.2.]

hülfreich, *adj.* **rich** in assistance, **helpful**. [from Hülfe. 415.15*c*.]

Hülfsflotte, *f.* =en. **auxiliary fleet.** [Hülfe (422.2*c*) and Flotte.]
Hülfsheer, *n.* =rs, =re. **auxiliary army.** [Hülfe (422.2*c*) and Heer.]
Hülfsleiſtung, *f.* =gen. rendering of aid, coming to **help.** [Hülfe (422.2*c*) and Leiſtung.]
Hülfsmittel *or* **Hilfsmittel**, *n.* =ls, =l. auxiliary means, means **helping** one to anything, instrument, expedient. [Hülfe (422.2*c*) and Mittel.]
Hülle, *f.* =en. envelop, covering, wrapping, veil. [E. **hull**, 'envelop:' related with hehlen, 'conceal.']
hüllen, *v. N. tr.* envelop, wrap up, veil, hide. [from Hülle. 405.I.1.]
Hülſe, *f.* =en. **hull**, shell, husk. [E. **hull**: related with Hülle, hehlen, 'hide.']
Humanität', *f.* =ten. **humanity.** [from Latin *humanitas.*]
Hund, *m.* =des, =de. dog, **hound.** [E. **hound.**]
Hundert, *num.* (200.2; 201.1). **hundred.** [E. **hundred.**]
hundertmal, *adv.* **a hundred times.** [hundert and Mal. 206.]
Hunger, *m.* =rs. **hunger**, appetite; strong desire. [E. **hunger.**]
hungern, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr. impers.* **hunger**, be **hungry**, affect with **hunger.** [from Hunger. 405.I.1.]
hungrig, *adj.* **hungry.** [from Hunger 415.9*a*.]
Hunne, *m.* =en, =en. **Hun.**
hunniſch, *adj.* **Hunnish**, of **Huns.** [from Hunne. 415.10*a*.]
hüpfen, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. **hop**, leap, skip, dance. [E. **hop.**]
Hürde, *f.* =en. **hurdle**, fold, pen. [E. **hurdle**: related with Herde etc.]
Hure, *f.* =en. harlot, prostitute, courtesan, **whore.** [E. **whore.**]
Hut, *m.* =tes, =üte. **hat.** [E. **hood, hat**: perhaps related with Hut, 'protection.']
Hut, *f.* **heed**, care, guard, protection. [E. **heed.**]
Hutform, *f.* =men. **form** of **hat**, hat-shape. [Hut and Form.]
hüten, *v. N. tr.* have **heed** *or* care of, guard, watch, keep. — *refl.* guard one's self, be on one's guard, beware, take **heed.** [from Hut. 405.I.1.]
Hütte, *f.* =en. cottage, cot, **hut.** [E. **hut.**]
Hyäne, *f.* =en. **hyena.** [from Greek.]
Hyläa, *f.* wooded region, forestland, **hylæa.** [from Greek, 'woody.']
Hymenäe, *f.* **hymenæa** (leguminous tree, kind of locust, with edible pods).
Hypotheſe, *f.* =en. **hypothesis**, supposition. [from Greek.]

ich, *pron.* (151). I. [E. **I** (A-S. *ik*).]
Ideal', *n.* =ls, =le. **ideal**, imagined model. [from Latin.]
Idee', *f.* =e'en. **idea**, notion, conception. [from Greek.]
ihm, *pron.* (*dat. masc. or neut.*, 151). to **him** *or* it.
ihn, *pron.* (*accus. masc.*, 151). him *or* it.
ihnen, *pron.* (*dat. plur.*, 151). to them; —**Ihnen**, to you.
ihr, *pron.* (*dat. sing. of* ſie, *fem.*). to her *or* it; —(*nom. pl. of* du). ye, you (151).
ihr, *possessive adj.* (157). her, its, their; —**Ihr**, your.
ihrer, *pron.* (*gen. fem. or plur.*, 151), of her *or* it; of them; —**Ihrer**, of you.
ihrerſeits, *adv.* on her *or* its *or* their part, in her *or* its *or* their turn. [ihr and Seite, '**side.**' 365.1*b*.]
ihrig, *possessive adj.* (159.5). her, its, their; —**Ihrig**, your. [from ihr, 415.9*c*.]
im = in dem (65).
immer, *adv.* ever, always, all the time, continually, constantly; yet, **still**: —**wer immer**, whoever; **wie immer**, how ever, how possibly, how in the world; **für immer, auf immer**, forever. [je and mehr.]
immerdar, *adv.* ever, always: —**auf immerdar**, forever. [immer and dar, '**there.**']
immerfort, *adv.* on and on, constantly, all the time. [immer and fort, '**forth**, on.']
immergrün, *adj.* **evergreen.** [immer and grün.]
immerhin, *adv.* all the time (in spite of objections) after all, yet, at least. [immer and hin.]
Impera'tor, *m.* =rs, =to'ren. **emperor.** [Latin word.]
in, *prep.* (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). **in**, into, to, at, within. [E. **in.**]
Inbegriff, *m.* =fs, =fe. sum, compendium, essence. [in and Begriff.]
incruſtiren, *v. N. tr.* **incrust**, cover

with **a crust.** [French *incruster.* 404.II.4.]

indem, *conj.* **in** *or* during the time that, while, whilst, as; **in** that (by doing so and so); since, as (*causal*). [in and dem (dat. of der, demonstr.). 365.2.]

indeß *or* **indeſſen,** *adv.* meantime, meanwhile; however, nevertheless.
conj. while, whilst:—**indeſſen daß,** during the time that, while, whilst. [in and deß or deſſen (gen. of der, demonstr.). 365.2.]

Indian'er, *m.* =rs, =r. (American) **Indian.** [E. **Indian,** Fr. *Indien.* 410.3c.]

Indian'erin, *f.* =innen. (female) Indian, squaw. [from Indianer. 410.4.]

Indien, *n.* =ns. **India.** [from Latin (Greek).]

indiſch, *adj.* (East) **Indian,** belonging to **India.** [from Indien. 415.10*b*.]

individuell', *adj.* **individual.** [French *individuel.*]

Inhalt, *m.* =ts, =te. what is **held in** anything, content; purport, tenor. [in and Halt.]

inhaltſchwer, *adj.* heavy with contents, full of meaning, significant. [Inhalt and ſchwer.]

inne, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **within.** [from in. 367.3.]

innen, *adv.* **within.** [from in. 367.3.]

inner, *adj.* (139.2). **inner,** interior, internal; intrinsic:—*as noun* (*in neuter*), **inner** self, heart, soul, bosom. [from in.]

innerſt, *adj.* farthest **in, inmost** :—*as noun* (*in neuter*), **inmost** self, deepest part, bottom of the heart *or* soul. [superlative of inner. 139.2.]

innig, *adj.* internal, intimate, hearty, cordial, fervent. [from in. 415.9*d*.]

inniglich, *adv.* intimately, heartily, cordially, fervently. [from innig. 415. 12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

insbeſondere, *adv.* in particular, especially. [*i.e.* in das Beſondere, from beſonder. 365.2.]

Inſchrift, *f.* =ten. INSCRIPTION, legend. [in and Schrift.]

Inſect', *n.* =ts, =ten. **insect.** [from Latin.]

Inſel, *f.* =ln. **isle,** island. [from Latin *insula.*]

inſelförmig, *adj.* having the **form** of an **isle;** island-like. [Inſel and förmig, from Form. 415.15*f*.]

inſelreich, *adj.* **rich** in **isles,** full of islands. [Inſel and reich. 415.15*c*.]

insgeheim, *adv.* in secret, privily. [*i.e.* in das Geheime, from geheim. 365.2.]

Inſig'nien, *pl.* **insignia,** ensigns, paraphernalia. [from Latin.]

Inſtinct', *m.* =tes, =te. **instinct.** [from Latin.]

inſtinctiv', *adj.* **instinctive.** [from Latin.]

Inſtrument', *n.* =ts, =te. **instrument.** [from Latin.]

intelligent', *adj.* **intelligent.** [from Latin.]

intereſſant', *adj.* **interesting.** [from French *intéressant.*]

Intereſſ'e, *n.* =es, =en. **interest.** [from Latin.]

inwendig, *adj.* **inward,** interior, internal, within. [in and wendig.]

inzwiſchen, *adv.* in the mean time, meanwhile, however: — **inzwiſchen daß,** *conj.* while. [in and zwiſchen, '**between.**']

ioniſch, *adj.* **Ionic.** [from the Greek. 415.10*b*.]

irden, *adj.* **earthen,** made of **earth** *or* clay. [from Erde, '**earth.**' 415.2.]

irdiſch, *adj.* **earthly,** belonging to the **earth,** terrestrial, sublunary. [from Erde. 415.10*a*.]

irgend, *adv.* ever, soever, whatever, at all, *usually prefixed to a pronoun or pronominal adverb, after which* ever, soever *etc. would stand in English: thus,* **irgend etwas,** anything whatever, anything at all; **irgend ein . . .,** any . . . soever;—*rarely used more independently,* anywhere, at any time, anyhow.

irgendwo, *adv.* anywhere, at any place whatever; somewhere. [irgend and wo.]

Iris, *f.* **Iris** (goddess of the rainbow, and messenger of Jupiter). [Greek.]

Irland, *n.* =ds. **Ireland.**

irre (*or* **irr**), *adj.* in error, **astray,** off the right track.

irren, *v. N. intr.* ℌ. be in error, go astray, be mistaken, err.—*tr.* lead astray, mislead, deceive, disturb. [from irre. 405.I.2.]

Irrthum, *m.* =ms, =tümer. error, mistake, deception; false step, fault. [from irre. 409.II.8.]

Irrung, *f.* =gen. going astray, error, mistake. [from irren. 408.III.8.]

Iſai, *m.* **Jesse.** [Hebrew.]

iſt, *from* ſein (239.2). **is.**

Italien, *n.* =ns. **Italy.** [Latin.]

italieniſch *or* **italiäniſch,** *adj.* **Italian.** [from Italien. 415.12*a*.]

ja, *particle of assent* (360*a*). **yea, yes.** — *adv.* (*asseverative, adding force to the predication of a preceding verb; itself very lightly pronounced*), indeed, truly, verily, forsooth, you know. [E. **yea.**]

Jagd, *f.* -den. chase, hunt, hunting. [from jagen. 408.II.1.]

Jagdgefolge, *n.* -es, -e. hunting train, **followers** in the chase. [Jagd and Gefolge.]

Jagdleben, *n.* -ns. **life** by the chase, hunter-life. [Jagd and Leben.]

Jagdvogel, *m.* -ls, -dgel. bird for the chase, hunting hawk, falcon. [Jagd and Vogel, '**fowl.**']

jagen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* ȝ. hunt, chase; go (as if in chase) quickly, drive at full speed, race.—*tr.* hunt, chase; chase away, drive off, force to depart.

Jäger, *m.* -rs, -r. huntsman, hunter. [from jagen. 408.III.4.]

Jägerhorde, *f.* -en. **horde** of hunters, hunting-tribe. [Jäger and Horde.]

Jaguar, *m.* -rs, -re. **jaguar.** [South American word.]

jäh, *adj.* steep, precipitous; abrupt, hasty. [same word as gäh.]

Jahr, *n.* -res, -re. **year.** [E. **year.**]

Jahreshälfte, *f.* -en. **half-year.** [Jahr (422.2*b*) and Hälfte.]

Jahrhundert, *n.* -ts, -te. **hundred years,** century. [Jahr and hundert.]

Jahrtauſend, *n.* -ds, -de. **thousand years,** MILLENNIUM. [Jahr and tauſend.]

Jammer, *m.* -rs, -r. sorrow, grief, misery, wretchedness; lamentation, pity.

Jammerknechtſchaft, *f.* ten. miserable bondage, wretched slavery. [Jammer and Knechtſchaft.]

jämmerlich, *adj.* sorrowful, miserable, wretched, lamentable. [from Jammer. 415.12*c*.]

jammern, *v. N. intr.* feel sorrow, lament, grieve.—*tr. impers.* move to sorrow *or* pity, grieve. [from Jammer. 405.I.1.]

je, *adv.* always, ever; at every time, at any time; in any case:—**von je**, from always, from the beginning. *before comparatives*, je . . ., je . . ., *or* je . . ., deſto . . ., according as . . ., so much the . . ., *or* the . . ., the . . . (*the first* je *having a relative force*).

jed (**jeder, jede, jedes**, *etc.*, 190) *pron.* each, every, **either.** [E. **either**: old German *ieweder, i.e.* je and weder, '**whether**;' the theme, until recently, jeder, instead of jed.]

jedenfalls, *adv.* in every *or* any case, at all events, anyhow. [jed and Fall, 'case.' 365.1*b*.]

jedermann, *m.* -nns. every **man,** every one, every body. [jeder (old form of jed) and Mann. 187.]

jedesmal, *adv.* each time, every time. [*i.e.* jedes Mal; jed and Mal, time. 365.1*b*.]

jedoch, *adv.* however, notwithstanding, nevertheless, yet. [je and doch, '**though.**']

jedweder, *pron.* (190). every, each. [for older jedweder (compare jed or jeder); from je and old *deweder*.]

jeglich, *pron.* (190). every, each. [je and gleich, '**like.**']

jemals, *adv.* ever, at any time. [je and Mal. 365.1.]

Jemand, *pron.* (186). some *or* any one, somebody, anybody. [je and Mann, '**man.**']

jen (**jener, jene, jenes**, *etc.*, 163), *pron.* **yon, yonder,** that (*correlative to* dies, this); the former, before-mentioned. [E. **yon.**]

jenachdem = **je nachdem,** according as in each case, according as.

jenig, *in derjenige, etc.* (168). *pron.* that, that one. [from jen. 415.9*c*.]

jenſeit *or* **jenſeits**, *prep.* (*with gen.*, 373). on the other **side** of, **beyond.** [jen and Seite. 365.1*b*.]

jeruſalemiſch, *adj.* of **Jerusalem.** [from Jeruſalem. 415.10*a*.]

jetzig, *adj.* belonging to now, present, actual. [from jetzt. 415.9*d*.]

jetzo, *adv. same as* jetzt.

jetzt, *adv.* at the present time, now. [old German *iezuo, iezе, iezunt*; perhaps from je and zu.]

Joch, *n.* -ches, -che. **yoke.** [E. **yoke.**]

Johann, *m.* -nns. **John.** [Hebrew.]

Johanniter, *m.* -rs, -r. knight of the order of St. **John,** Hospitaller. [from Johann.]

Jubel, *m.* -ls, -l. noisy joy, loud rejoicing, exultation, **jubilation.** [from Latin.]

jubeln, *v. N. intr.* ȝ. rejoice loudly, shout for joy, exult, be triumphant, **jubilate.** [from Jubel. 405.I.1.]

Jude, *m.* -en, -en. **Jew.** [from Latin *Judæus*: ultimately from *Judah*.]

Jugend, *f.* **youth,** period of youth, adolescence; young people, youth. [for Jungend, from jung. 409.II.9.]

Jugendalter, *n.* -rs, -r. age of **youth,** juvenile days, adolescence. [Jugend and Alter.]

Jugendland, *n.* =bs. **land** of one's **youth,** country where youth was spent. [Jugend and Land.]
jugendlich, *adj.* **like a youth,** juvenile, **youthful,** young. [from Jugend. 415.12*a.*]
Jugendnacht, *f.* =ächte. **night** of one's **youth,** youthful evening. [Jugend and Nacht.]
jung, *adj.* (ü *in comparison*). **young,** youthful, not old; new, recent. [E. **young.**]
Jungfrau, *f.* =auen. **young** woman, maiden, virgin. [jung and Frau.]
jungfräulich, *adj.* maidenly, virgin-like, virginal. [from Jungfrau. 415.12*a.*]
Jungherr, *m.* =rn, =rren. **young** sir, young gentleman. [jung and Herr.]
Jungherrlein, *n.* =ns, =rn. little gentleman. [from Jungherr. 410.1.]
Jüngling, *m.* =gs, =ge. **young** man, youth. [from jung. 409.II.4.]
Jünglingsjahr, *n.* =rs, =re. **year** of one's youth *or* when one was a **young** man. [Jüngling (422.2*b*) and Jahr.]
jüngst, *adv.* in most recent time, recently, lately. [superl. of jung. 363. 2*a.*]
Junius *or* **Juni,** *m.* **June.** [from Latin.]
Jupiter, *m.* =rs. **Jupiter** (to the Romans, the chief of the gods).
Jurist, *m.* =sten, =sten. **jurist,** lawyer.
Juristerei, *f.* =sterei. lawyer's doings, lawyer's trade. [from Jurist. 410.2*b.*]
Juwel', *m. or n.* =ls, =len. **jewel.** [from old French *jouel.*]

Kachel, *f.* =ln. earthen ware; saucer-shaped tile, Dutch tile.
Kachelofen, *m.* =ns, =öfen. earthenware stove, stove of Dutch tiles. [Kachel and Ofen, '**oven.**']
Kaffee, *m.* =fees. **coffee.** [from Arabic.]
Kaffer, *m.* =rs, =rn. **kafir,** South-African native. [Arabic.]
Käfig, *m.* =gs, =ge. cage. [from Latin *cavea.*]
kahl, *adj.* bare, bald, naked, **callow.** [E. **callow.**]
Kahn, *m.* =nes, =ähne. boat, skiff.
Kaiser, *m.* =rs, =r. emperor. [from Latin *Cæsar.*]
Kaiserin, *f.* =innen. empress. [from Kaiser. 410.4.]
Kaiserkrone, *f.* =en. **crown** imperial (a certain plant). [Kaiser and Krone.]
kaiserlich, *adj.* imperial. [from Kaiser. 415.12*a.*]
Kaiserthum, *n.* =ms, =ümer. empire; dignity of emperor. [from Kaiser. 410.8.]
Kali, *n.* =i's. potash, **alkali.** [from Arabic.]
Kalipflanze, *f.* =en. **alkaline plant.** [Kali and Pflanze.]
Kalk, *m.* =kes, =ke. lime, **chalk.** [E. **chalk**: from Latin *calx.*]
Kalkfels, *m.* =fen, =fen. limestone, lime-rock. [Kalk and Fels.]
Kalmücke, *m.* =en, =en. **Kalmuck** (Tartar tribe).
kalt, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). **cold,** frigid. gelid; reserved, passionless, indifferent. [E. **cold.**]
Kälte, *f.* =en. **coldness,** cold, chilliness, frigidity. [from kalt. 409.II.1.]
kälteerregend, *adj.* exciting *or* producing **cold.** [Kälte and erregend, pres. part. of erregen.]
kälteliebend, *adj.* **loving** *or* preferring **cold.** [Kälte and liebend, pres. part. of lieben.]
Kameel', *n.* =ls, =le. **camel.** [from Arabic.]
Kamerad', *m.* =ds *or* =den, =den. **comrade,** companion, fellow, mate. [French *camarade.*]
Kamm, *m.* =ms, =ämme. **comb;** crest; ridge; cog (of a wheel), cog-work. [E. **comb.**]
kämmen, *v. N. tr.* **comb,** dress with a comb. [from Kamm. 405.I.1.]
Kammer, *f.* =rn. **chamber,** room, apartment. [from Latin *camera.*]
Kämmerer, *m.* =rs, =r. **chamberlain.** [from Kammer. 410.3*a.*]
Kampf, *m.* =fes, =kämpfe. fight, combat, contest, struggle, battle, conflict. [from Latin *campus,* 'field, **camp.**']
kämpfen, *v. N. intr.* h. combat, fight, contend, struggle, battle. [from Kampf. 405.I.1.]
Kanarienvogel, *m.* =ls, =vögel. **canary-bird.** [Kanarien, 'Canaries,' and Vogel, '**fowl.**']
kann, *etc. from* können (251.3).
Kanone, *f.* =en. **cannon.** [from French etc. *canon.*]
Kanonengebrüll, *n.* =ls, =le. roaring of **cannon,** cannon roar. [Kanone (422.2*d*) and Gebrüll.]

Kanzel, *f.* =ln. pulpit; **chancel.** [from Latin.]
Kanzler, *m.* =rs, =r. **chancellor.** [from Kanzel. 410.3*a*.]
Kap. *same as* Cap.
Kapelle, *f.* =en. **chapel.** [from old French etc. *capella*.]
Kapit'el, *n.* =ls, =l. **chapter.** [from Latin *capitulum*.]
Kapland, *n.* =ds, =änder. **Cape land,** Cape Colony (southern extremity of Africa). [Kap and Land.]
Kardinal', *m.* =ls, =äle. **cardinal.** [from Latin.]
Kardinalbiſchof, *m.* =fs, =öfe. **cardinal-bishop.** [Kardinal and Biſchof.]
karg, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). penurious, miserly, niggardly, stingy.
kärglich, *adj.* somewhat penurious *or* miserly, scanty, poor. [from karg. 415.12*b*.]
Karroo, *n.* =oo's, =oo. South African plain (long and narrow step, in the descent from the interior to the coast). [African word.]
Käſe, *m.* =es, =e. **cheese.** [from Latin *caseus*.]
Kaſten, *m.* =ns, =n. chest, box, coffer. [probably akin with Kiſte.]
Kataſtro'phe, *f.* =en. **catastrophe,** important turning-point. [from Greek.]
Katze, *f.* =en. **cat**; *vulgarly*, ugly old woman. [E. **cat.**]
katzenartig, *adj.* **cat**-like, feline. [Katze (422.2*d*) and Art, 'kind.' 415.15*f*.]
Katzentiſchchen, *n.* =ns, =n. (little cat's table: *i.e.*) side-table, second *or* children's table. [Katze (422.2*d*) and Tiſchchen.]
kauern, *v. N. intr.* h. **cower,** crouch, squat. [E. **cower.**]
Kauf, *m.* =fes, =äufe. purchase, bargain.
kaufen, *v. N. tr.* buy, purchase, obtain by bargain; get for a price. [related with E. **cheap, cope**: from Kauf. 405.I.1.]
Kaufleute, *pl.* (100.2 *rem.*). tradespeople, merchants. [kaufen and Leute. 422.3.]
Kaufmann, *m.* =ns, =änner *or* =fleute (100.2). merchant, tradesman. [kaufen and Mann. 422.3.]
kaucaſiſch, *adj.* **Caucasian.** [from *Caucasus*. 415.10*b*.]
kaum, *adv.* hardly, scarcely, almost not, but just:—**kaum noch,** but just now, a moment ago. [perhaps related with Kummer.]
keck, *adj.* lively, alert; bold, daring, fearless; *usually*, pert, saucy, forward. [same word as queck, quick. E. **quick.**]
Kegel, *m.* =ls, =l. cone.
Kegelberg, *m.* cone mountain, conical peak. [Kegel and Berg.]
Kehle, *f.* =en. throat, gorge.
=kehr, *f.* (*only in composition*). turning, turn. [from kehren. 408.I.]
kehren, *v. N. tr.* turn.—*intr.* turn, return.
kehren, *v. N. tr.* sweep, cleanse with a broom.
Kehricht, *n.* =ls, =le. sweepings, rubbish. [from kehren, 'sweep.' 408. III.9.]
Kehrichtfaß, *n.* =ſſes, =äſſer. rubbish-box, vessel into which sweepings are thrown. [Kehricht and Faß.]
Keil, *m.* =les, =le. wedge.
Keim, *m.* =mes, =me. germ, embryo, bud.
keimen, *v. N. intr.* h. germinate, bud, shoot forth, develop. [from Keim. 405.I.1.]
kein, *pron.* (195.2). no, **none,** not **one,** not any, no one. [negative of ein, '**one, a**;' abbreviated from old nechein, from nih, 'not,' and ein.]
keineswegs, *adv.* in no wise, by no means, not at all. [kein and Weg, '**way.**' 365.1*b*.]
Keller, *m.* =rs, =r. **cellar.** [from Latin *cellarium*.]
kennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* know, have knowledge *or* cognizance of, be acquainted with. [E. **ken**; related with **know**; also with können, '**can.**']
Kenner, *m.* =rs, =r. knower, CONNOISSEUR. [from kennen. 408.III.4.]
Kenntniß, *f.* =ſſe. knowledge, information, acquisition, science. [from kennen. 408.III.6.]
Kerker, *m.* =rs, =r. prison, jail, dungeon. [from Latin *carcer*.]
Kerkermauer, *f.* =rn. prison-wall. [Kerker and Mauer.]
Kerkerſchmach, *f.* prison-shame, disgrace of imprisonment. [Kerker and Schmach.]
Kerl, *m.* =les, =le. fellow, **churl.** [E. **churl.**]
Kerlchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little fellow. [from Kerl. 410.1.]
Kern, *m.* =nes, =ne. **kernel,** stone (of fruits, etc.), seed. [E. **kernel**: related with Korn, '**corn.**']
Kerze, *f.* =en. candle, taper, wax-light.

[probably from Latin *cereus*, 'waxen.']

Kerzchen, *n.* =nŝ, =n. little candle *or* taper. [from Kerze. 410.1.]

Keſſel, *m.* =lŝ, =l. **kettle**, caldron, boiler. [from Latin *catillus*.]

Kette, *f.* =en. **chain**, fetter, bond; connected series, **concatenation**. [from Latin *catena*.]

Kichern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. titter, **giggle**, chuckle. [E. **giggle**.]

Kiel, *m.* =les, =le. **keel**; **quill**. [E. **keel, quill**.]

Kiemung. *same as* Kimmung.

Kieſen, *v.* O(III.3). *tr.* **choose**, elect, select. [E. **choose**.]

Kikeriki, cock-a-doodle-do! [imitative word.]

Kimm, *m.* =mes. horizon. [related with Kimme.]

Kimme, *f.* =en. border, edge, rim, **chimb**. [E. **chimb**.]

Kimmen, *v. N. tr.* border, edge. [from Kimme. 405.I.1.]

Kimmung, *f.* =gen. bordering, edging; loaming, mirage, *fata morgana*. [from Kimmen. 408.III.8.]

Kind, *n.* =des, =der. child: — **ſchönes Kind**, pretty girl.

Kindchen, *n.* =nŝ, =n. little child, little one. [from Kind. 410.1.]

Kindermädchen, *n.* =nŝ, =n. nursery-**maid**, children's nurse. [Kind (422.2*d*) and Mädchen.]

Kinderſpiel, *m.* =lŝ, =le. children's play. [Kind (422.2*d*) and Spiel.]

Kinderzeit, *f.* =ten. time when one was a child, childhood. [Kind (422.2*d*) and Zeit.]

Kindeskind, *n.* =dŝ, =der. child's child, grandchild. [Kind (422.2*b*) and Kind.]

Kindeskindeskind, *n.* =dŝ, =der. child's grandchild, greatgrandchild, remote descendant. [Kind (422.2*b*) and Kindeskind.]

Kindheit, *f.* =ten. **childhood**. [from Kind. 410.5.]

Kindlich, *adj.* **childlike**. [from Kind. 415.12*a*.]

Kirche, *f.* =en. **church**. [probably from Greek *kyriakon*.]

Kirchenglocke, *f.* =en. **church** bell. [Kirche (422.2*d*) and Glocke.]

Kirchweihe, *f.* consecration *or* dedication of a **church**. [Kirche and Weihe.]

Kirchweihfeſt, *n.* =tŝ, =te. dedication **feſt**ival, yearly **feſt**ival in commemoration of the consecration of a **church**. [Kirchweihe and Feſt.]

Kirghiſe, *m.* =en, =en. **Kirghis** (Tartar tribe).

Kiſte, *f.* =en. **chest**, box, coffer, trunk. [from Latin *cista*.]

klaffen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. split open, gape, yawn.

Klafter, *f.* =rn. **fathom**; cord.

Klage, *f.* =en. lament, complaint; accusation, impeachment.

Klagegeſang, *m.* =gŝ, =änge. **song** of lament, *miserere*, dirge. [Klage and Geſang.]

Klagelied, *n.* =dŝ, =der. song of lament *or* sorrow, dirge. [Klage and Lied.]

klagen, *v. N. tr.* mourn, bewail, lament, complain. [from Klage. 405.I.1.]

kläglich, *adj.* lamentable, pitiful, miserable, wretched. [from klagen. 415.15*c*.]

Klammer, *f.* =rn. **clamp**, clasp, brace; parenthesis. [related with klemmen.]

klammern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. clasp, clinch. [from Klammer. 405.I.1.]

Klang, *m.* =ges, =änge. sound, ringing, resounding noise, **clang**. [from klingen. 408.I.]

klappen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **clap**, flap, clatter, rattle. [E. **clap**.]

klappern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. clatter, rattle, keep up a noise. [from klappen. 404.II.2.]

klar, *adj.* (a, *rarely* ä, *in comparison*). **clear**, bright, fair; evident, plain, manifest, not obscure; limpid, unmixed, untroubled. [from Latin *clarus*.]

Klarheit, *f.* =ten. **clearness**, brightness, plainness, lucidity. [from klar. 409.II.2.]

klatſch, *interj.* clap! snap! [imitative word.]

klatſchen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. clap: — **in die Hände klatſchen**, clap the hands. [from klatſch.]

Klaue, *f.* =en. **claw**, talon, fang. [E. **claw**.]

kleben, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **cleave**, adhere, stick.—*tr.* stick on, glue, fasten by paste etc. [E. **cleave**.]

Klee, *m.* =ees. **clover**, trefoil. [E. **clover** related.]

Kleid, *n.* =dŝ, =der. garment, article of **clothing**, dress, raiment, garb. [E. **cloth**.]

Kleidchen, *n.* =nŝ, =n. little garment, pretty dress. [from Kleid. 410.1.]

kleiden, *v. N. tr.* **clothe**, dress, attire, apparel. [from Kleid. 405.I.1.]

Kleidung, *f.* =gen. **clothing**, dressing, dress, garb, **clothes**. [from kleiden. 408.III.8.]

Kleidungsſtück, *n.* =ckes, =cke. piece of clothing, article of dress, garment. [Kleidung (422.2*c*) and Stück.]

klein, *adj.* little, small, minute; petty, mean. [E. **clean**: originally 'shining, bright,' then 'neat, pretty, fine,' then 'small.']

Kleinheit, *f.* =ten. littleness, smallness, pettiness, insignificance; trifle. [from klein. 409.II.2.]

Kleinigkeit, *f.* =ten. trifle, small matter, bagatelle. [from klein. 409.II.3.]

Kleinmuth, *m.* =thes. littleness of mind, PUSILLANIMITY, faintheartedness. [klein and Muth, '**mood.**']

Klemens, *m.* **Clement.** [Latin *clemens.*]

klemmen, *v. N. tr.* squeeze, cramp, constrain, pinch, jam.

klieben, *v. O*(III.3). *or N. tr.* **cleave**, split. [E. **cleave.**]

Klima, *n.* =a's (*or unvaried*, 101.5), =ata *or* =ate. **climate, clime.** [from the Greek.]

klimatiſch, *adj.* **climatic**, relating to **climate.** [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

klimmen, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. intr.* ſ. **climb, clamber.** [E. **climb.**]

Klinge, *f.* =en. blade, sword. [probably from klingen.]

klingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* h. sound, ring, **clink, clang.** [E. **clink, clang.**]

Klippe, *f.* =en. **cliff**, steep rock, crag. [E. **cliff.**]

Klippenfiſch, *m.* =ſches, =ſche. **cliff-fish.** [Klippe (422.2*d*) and Fiſch.]

klirren, *v. N. intr.* h. clink, clash, rattle, clatter. [imitative word.]

klopfen, *v. N. intr.* h. beat, knock, pulsate violently, **clap**:—**in die Hände klopfen, clap** the **hands.** [E. **clap.**]

Kloſter, *n.* =rs, =öſter. **cloister,** convent, monastery. [from Latin *claustrum.*]

Kluft, *f.* =üfte. **cleft**, gap, chasm, ravine, gulf, abyss. [from klieben. 408.II.1.]

klug, *adj.* (ü *in comparison*). knowing, prudent, sagacious, worldly-wise, shrewd, intelligent, rational, wise.

Klugheit, *f.* =ten. prudence, sagacity, shrewdness, policy, discretion. [from klug. 409.II.2.]

klüglich, *adv.* prudently, discreetly, shrewdly, wisely. [from klug. 415.12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

Klumpen, *m.* =ns, =n. **clump**, lump, mass, heap. [E. **clump.**]

Knabe, *m.* =en, =en. boy, lad, youth. [E. **knave**, with meaning altered.]

knacken, *v. N. intr.* h. crack, break *or* split with noise. [imitative word.]

Knacker, *m.* =rs, =r. cracker. [from Knacken. 408.III.4.]

Knall, *m.* =les, =le. sharp report, detonation, crack, snap.

Knappe, *m.* =en, =en. boy, youth; *especially*, esquire, candidate for knighthood; adherent, attendant. [nearly related with Knabe.]

knarren, *v. N. intr.* h. creak, jar. [imitative word.]

Knecht, *m.* =tes, =te. servant, menial, thrall; vassal, retainer, man-at-arms, soldier. [E. **knight**: originally 'youth, young man.']

knechten, *v. N. tr.* reduce to servitude, enslave, enthrall. [from Knecht. 405.I.1.]

knechtiſch, *adj.* slavish, servile, menial. [from Knecht. 415.10*a*.]

Knechtſchaft, *f.* =ten. servitude, slavery. [from Knecht. 410.7.]

knicken, *v. N. tr.* bend and crack.—*intr.* h. crook the knee.

Knie, *m.* =es, =ni'e *or* =nie'e. **knee.** [E. **knee.**]

knieen, *v. N. intr.* h. **kneel.** [from Knie. 405.I.1.]

knirſchen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. gnash, grate, crash, craunch.

Knix *or* **Knicks**, *m.* =xes, =xe. curtsey, bow and scrape. [from knicken.]

Knöchel, *m.* =ls, =l. **knuckle**, joint. [related with Knochen.]

Knochen, *m.* =ns, =n. bone.

Knochenſtück, *n.* =cks, =cke. bit *or* piece of bone. [Knochen and Stück.]

Knopf, *m.* =fes. =öpfe. button. [E. **knob.**]

Knospe, *f.* =en. bud.

Knoten, *m.* =ns, =n. **knot**, node, knob; tie, tangle. [E. **knot.**]

knüpfen, *v. N. tr.* fasten together, unite, tie, knit. [related with Knopf.]

knuspern, *v. N. tr.* gnaw.

Kobold, *m.* =bes, =be. **goblin**, elf, sprite. [probably from Greek *kobalos.*]

Koch, *m.* =ches, =öche. **cook.** [from kochen. 408.I.]

kochen, *v. N. tr.* **cook**, boil, prepare by boiling *or* cooking.—*intr.* h. boil, cook. [from Latin *coquere.*]

Köchin, *f.* =innen. (female) **cook.** [from Koch. 410.4.]

Kohle, *f.* =en. **coal, charcoal.** [E. **coal.**]

kohlſchwarz, *adj.* **coal-black, swarthy as coal.** [Kohle and ſchwarz.]

Köln (*or* **Cöln**), *n.* =ns. **Cologne.** [from Latin *colonia.*]

kolossalisch, *adj.* **colossal,** enormous, monstrous. [from Latin *colossalis.* 415.10*b.*]

komisch, *adj.* **comic, comical.** [from Latin. 415.10*b.*]

kommen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* f. **come,** move hither, approach, arrive; arise, proceed; happen, occur. [E. **come.**]

Komnene, *m.* =en, =en. **Comnenian** (member of a certain Byzantine family).

Komödiant, *m.* =ten, =ten. **comedian,** comic actor, player. [French *comédien* etc.]

König, *m.* =gs, =ge. **king,** monarch, sovereign. [E. **king.**]

Königin, *f.* =innen. queen. [from König. 410.4.]

königlich, *adj.* **kingly,** royal, regal, sovereign. [from König. 415.12*a.*]

Königreich, *n.* =chs, =che. **king**dom. [König and Reich, 'realm.']

Königsmord, *m.* =ds. **murder** of a **king,** REGICIDE. [König (422.2*b*) and Mord.]

Königssohn, *m.* =ns, =öhne. **king's son,** prince. [König (422.2*b*) and Sohn.]

Königstitel, *m.* =ls, =l. royal **title, kingly** attribute. [König (422.2*b*) and Titel.]

können, *v.* *N*(*irreg.*, 251), *tr.* (*modal auxiliary*, 254). **can,** be able, have power. [E. **can**: related with kennen, '**ken**;' originally 'know how.']

Kopf, *m.* =fes, =öpfe. head; *hence,* mind, talent, disposition; uppermost part, top. [E. **cop, cob, cup**: original meaning, 'dish, receptacle' (like French etc. *tête,* from Latin *testa*).]

kopfauf, *adv.* head **u**ppermost, right side **up.** [Kopf and auf.]

Kopfbedeckung, *f.* =gen. head-covering. [Kopf and Bedeckung.]

Kopfputz, *m.* =zes. head-dress, ornamental attire of the head. [Kopf and Putz.]

Kopfschmerz, *m.* =zes, =zen. pain in the head, head-ache. [Kopf and Schmerz.]

kopfschüttelnd, *adj.* shaking the head. [Kopf and schüttelnd, pres. part. of schütteln.]

kopfunten, *adv.* head downwards, topsy-turvy. [Kopf and unten, '**under.**']

Koralle, *f.* =en. **coral.** [from Latin (Greek) *corallum.*]

Korb, *m.* =bes, =örbe. basket. [from Latin *corbis.*]

Körbchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little basket. [from Korb. 410.1.]

Korn, *n.* =nes, =örner. **corn,** grain; kernel. [E. **corn.**]

kornbeladen, *adj.* **corn-laden, loaded** with grain. [Korn and beladen, past part. of beladen.]

Körper, *m.* =rs, =r. body; bulk, substance; **corpse.** [from Latin *corpus.*]

Körperfülle, *f.* =en. **full**ness of body, plumpness, embonpoint. [Körper and Fülle.]

körperlich, *adj.* bodily, **corpore**al, material. [from Körper. 415.12*a.*]

Körperoberfläche, *f.* =en. surface of the body. [Körper and Oberfläche.]

Körperschaft, *f.* =ten. **corporation, corporate** body. [from Körper. 410. 7*b.*]

Körperumfang, *m.* =gs. extent of body, **corporeal** content. [Körper and Umfang.]

kosen, *v. N. intr.* h. talk familiarly *or* intimately, chat; caress. [from French *causer.*]

Kost, *f.* fare, food, diet, victuals, board. [from kosten. 408.I.]

Kost, =ten. (*now used only in plural*). **cost,** expense, charge. [from kosten, '**cost.**']

kostbar, *adj.* **costly**; precious, valuable. [from Kost. 415.1*a.*]

Kostbarkeit, *f.* =ten. **cost**liness, preciousness; costly *or* precious thing, valuable, jewel. [from kostbar. 409. II.3.]

kosten, *v. N. tr.* taste, try by tasting, make trial of. [perhaps related with fiesen.]

kosten, *v. N. tr.* **cost,** require expenditure of, stand in. [from old French etc. *couster.*]

köstlich, *adj.* **costly,** precious, delightful, charming, admirable. [from Kost, '**cost.**' 415.12*a.*]

krachen, *v. N. intr.* h. **crack,** crash. [E. **crack.**]

krächzen, *v. N. intr.* h. **croak,** utter a hoarse sound.—*tr.* croak out, utter hoarsely. [E. **croak.**]

Kraft, *f.* =äfte. strength, vigor, power, force, energy; efficiency, faculty, virtue:—**in Kraft** (*with gen.*), in the strength *or* virtue of, by authority of. [E. **craft.**]

kraft, *prep.* (*with gen.*, 373). in virtue of, by authority of. [abbreviated from in Kraft.]

kräftig, *adj.* strong, vigorous, power-

ful, mighty, efficient, valid. [from Kraft. 415.9*a*.]

kräftigen, *v. N. tr.* strengthen, invigorate, reinforce, corroborate. [from kräftig. 405.I.2.]

kraftlos, *adj.* without strength *or* vigor, powerless, impotent, invalid. [Kraft and los. 415.15*a*.]

Kraftüberſpannung, *f.* =gen. overstraining of force. [Kraft and Ueberſpannung.]

Krähe, *f.* =en. **crow.** [E. **crow.**]

krähen, *v. N. intr.* h. **crow** (like a cock). [E. **crow.**]

Kraal *or* **Kral**, *n.* =leś, =le. **kraal,** South-African village. [South-African word.]

Krahn *or* **Kran**, *m.* =neś *or* =nen, =ne *or* =nen. **crane** (machine for raising heavy weights), derrick. [E. **crane**: related with Kranich.]

Kram, *m.* =meś, =äme. shop; small wares, articles of trade; *hence*, stuff, rubbish, trumpery.

kramen, *v. N. intr.* h. carry on small trade *or* petty business; stir, rummage. [from Kram. 405.I.1.]

Krampf, *m.* =feś, =ämpfe. **cramp,** spasm, convulsion, fit. [E. **cramp.**]

krampfhaft, *adj.* convulsive, spasmodic. [from Krampf. 415.7*a*.]

Kranich, *m.* =chś, =che. **crane.** [E. **crane.**]

krank, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). ill, sick, diseased:—*as noun*, sick person, patient, invalid. [E. **crank** (A-S. *cranc*, 'weak').]

kränken, *v. N. tr.* give pain to, grieve, afflict, distress, mortify, insult, hurt the feelings of. [from krank. 405.I.2.]

Krankenhaus, *m.* =feś, =äuſer. hospital, infirmary. [krank (422.2*d*) and Haus, '**house.**']

Krankheit, *f.* =ten. illness, sickness, disease, malady. [from krank. 409. II.2.]

Kranz, *m.* =ześ, =änze. garland, wreath, coronal, crown; cornice, rim, edge.

kränzen, *v. N. tr.* crown, wreathe. [from Kranz. 405.I.1.]

kraus, *adj.* crisped, frizzled, curled.

kräuſeln, *v. N. tr.* curl, crisp. [from kraus. 405.II.1.]

Kraut, *n.* =teś, =äuter. herb, plant.

krautartig, *adj.* plant-like, herbaceous, herbescent. [Kraut and Art, 'kind.' 415.15*f*.]

Kräuterwurzel, *f.* =ln. plant-root, root of herbs. [Kraut (422.2*d*) and Wurzel.]

Krautſteppe, *f.* =en. **steppe** covered with plants, herbaceous plain. [Kraut and Steppe.]

Kreide, *f.* =en. **chalk.** [from Latin *creta*.]

Kreiś, *m.* =ſeś, =ſe. circle, circuit; orbit; sphere (of action):—**im Kreiſe,** round about.

Kreiſel, *m.* =lś, =l. top (for spinning), whirligig. [from kreiſen. 408.III.2.]

kreiſen, *v. N. intr.* h. circle about, turn round and round, spin, whirl. [from Kreiś. 405.I.1.]

Kreiślauf, *m.* =fś, =äufe. rotation, movement in an orbit, series of recurrent changes, course, orbit. [Kreiś and Lauf, 'running.']

Kreuz, *n.* =ześ, =ze. **cross.** [from Latin *crux*.]

kreuzen, *v. N. tr.* **cross,** go athwart, cut **across,** intersect; mark with the sign of a **cross.** [from Kreuz. 405.I.1.]

Kreuzfahrer, *m.* =rś, =r. **crusader** (one who goes out for the **cross**). [Kreuz and Fahrer, '**farer.**']

Kreuzheer, *n.* =rś, =re. army of the **cross, crusading** army. [Kreuz and Heer.]

kreuzigen, *v. N. tr.* **crucify,** nail to the **cross.** [from Kreuz. 405.II.3.]

Kreuzpredigt, *f.* =ten. **preaching** of the **cross, crusading** sermon. [Kreuz and Predigt.]

Kreuzzug, *m.* =gś, =üge. expedition for the **cross, crusade.** [Kreuz and Zug.]

kriechen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* h *or* ſ. creep, crawl; sneak, fawn, cringe.

Krieg, *m.* =geś, =ge. war, strife, hostilities:—**Krieg führen,** wage war, carry on hostilities. [probably related with kriegen, 'get.']

kriegen, *v. N. tr.* get, obtain.

kriegen, *v. N. intr.* h. war, make war. [from Krieg. 405.I.1.]

Krieger, *m.* =rś, =r. warrior, soldier, champion. [from kriegen, 'war.' 408. III.4.]

kriegeriſch, *adj.* warlike, martial. [from Krieger. 415.10*a*.]

Kriegesmann, *m.* =neś, =änner *or* =ſeute (100.2). **man** of war, warrior, soldier. [Krieg (422.2*b*) and Mann.]

Kriegsgeſang, *m.* =gś, =änge. war-**song,** battle-hymn. [Krieg (422.2*b*) and Geſang.]

Kriegsgeſchrei, *n.* =eiś, =eie. war-cry, call to arms. [Krieg (422.2*b*) and Geſchrei.]

Kriegsheer, *n.* =rś, =re. warlike **host,** army. [Krieg (422.2*b*) and Heer.]

Kriegsmuth, *m.* =thes. warlike spirit, martial excitement. (Krieg (422.2*b*) and Muth, '**mood.**']

Kriegsvolk, *n.* =kes. men of war, soldiers, troops. [Kriegs (422.2*b*) and Volk, '**folks.**']

kritisch, *adj.* **critical.** [from Latin. 415.10*b*.]

Krone, *f.* =en. **crown,** coronet, diadem; rim, summit, top; highest perfection, **crown**ing work *or* glory. [from Latin *corona.*]

krönen, *v. N. tr.* set a **crown** upon, crown. [from Krone. 405.I.1.]

krumm, *adj.* (ü *in comparison*). crooked, bent, curved.

krümmen, *v. N. tr.* crook, bend, curve. [from krumm. 405.I.2.]

Krümmung, *f.* =gen. crooking, winding; crook, bend, curve. [from krümmen. 408.III.8.]

Krystall', *m.* =les, =le. **crystal.** [from Greek.]

krystallen, *adj.* of **crystal, crystalline.** [from Krystall. 415.2.]

Küche, *f.* =en. **kitchen, cook**-room. [related with kochen.]

Kuchen, *m.* =nes, =n. **cake.** [related with kochen.]

Kugel, *f.* =ln. ball, bullet, globe, sphere.

kugelförmig, *adj.* ball-shaped, globular, spherical. [Kugel and Form, '**form.**' 415.15*f*.]

kugeln, *v. N. tr. or intr.* f. roll, roll about. [from Kugel. 405.I.1.]

kugelrund, *adj.* **round** as a ball, globular, spherical. [Kugel and rund.]

kühl, *adj.* **cool,** coldish, fresh. [E. **cool.**]

Kühle, *f.* =en. **coolness,** freshness, **cool.** [from kühl. 409.II.1.]

kühlen, *v. N. tr.* **cool,** make cool.—*intr.* h. become **cool,** be cool. [from kühl. 405.I.2.]

Kühlung, *f.* =gen. **cooling,** refreshment. [from kühlen. 408.III.8.]

kühn, *adj.* bold, daring, intrepid, dauntless, audacious. [E. **keen**: perhaps related with können, '**can.**']

Kühnheit, *f.* =ten. boldness, daring, courage, intrepidity, audacity. [from kühn. 409.II.2.]

Kummer, *m.* =res. grief, sorrow, trouble, distress. [E. **cumber**: ultimately from Latin *cumulus.*]

kümmerlich, *adj.* miserable, pitiful, wretched, despicable. [from Kummer. 405.12*a*.]

kümmern, *v. N. tr.* grieve, afflict, trouble, concern. — *refl.* concern one's self, care, heed. [from Kummer. 405.I.1.]

kund, *adj.* (*not inflected nor compared*). known, manifest:—**kund werden, sich kund geben,** make one's self known, become manifest, disclose *or* exhibit one's self, appear, find expression. [from kennen.]

Kunde, *f.* knowledge, cognizance; science; information, intelligence, notice, news. [from kund. 409.II.1.]

kundig, *adj.* knowing, skilful, learned, wise, intelligent, informed; known, familiar. [from Kunde. 415.9*a*.]

kündigen, *v. N. tr.* make known, announce. [from kundig. 405.I.1.]

=kunft, *f.* =künfte. (*used only in composition*). **coming.** [for original fumt (408.II.1), from kommen.]

künftig, *adj.* to **come,** future. [from =kunft. 415.9*a*.]

Kunst, *f.* =ünste. skill, art, address; art (as distinguished from science), one of the arts; artifice, cunning, trick. [from können, '**can.**' 408.II.1.]

künsteln, *v. N. tr.* treat with art *or* artifice, bestow pains upon; elaborate excessively, over-refine. [from Kunst. 405.II.1.]

Künstler, *m.* =res, =r. artisan, artificer, artist, virtuoso. [from künsteln (408.III.4), but without disparaging implication.]

künstlich, *adj.* artificial, not natural, artful. [from Kunst. 415.12*a*.]

Kunstsinn, *m.* =nes, =ne. sense for art, taste for the arts. [Kunst and Sinn.]

Kunststück, *n.* =kes, =ke. piece of art *or* artifice, cunning device, trick, juggle. [Kunst and Stück.]

Kupfer, *n.* =res. **copper,** brass. [from Latin *cuprum.*]

Kupferfluß, *m.* =flusses. **Coppermine** river (in arctic America). [Kupfer and Fluß.]

Kuppel, *f.* =ln. **cupola,** dome, spire. [from Italian etc. *cupola.*]

Kür *or* **Kur,** *f.* =ren. choice, preference, election. [from küren. 408.I.]

küren, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* choose, elect, select. (same word originally as kiesen, '**choose.**']

kurz, *adj.* (ü *in comparison*). short, brief; **curt,** concise:—*adv.* briefly, in brief, in short, in a word. [from Latin *curtus.*]

kürzen, *v. N. tr.* shorten, abbreviate. [from kurz. 405.I.2.]

Kuß, *m.* =sses, =üsse. **kiss,** buss. [E. **kiss.**]

küſſen, *v. N. tr.* **kiss**, salute with a **kiss**, buss, smack, salute. [from Kuß. 405. I. 1.]

Küſte, *f.* =en. **coast**, shore. [from old French etc. *coste*, Latin *costa*, 'rib, side.']

Küſtenfahrer, *m.* =rs, =r. **coast-farer, coaster**; **coasting**-vessel. [Küſte (422. 2*d*) and Fahrer.]

Küſtenkette, *f.* =en. **coast** range, chain (of mountains) along a shore. [Küſte (422. 2*d*) and Kette.]

küſtenlos, *adj.* shore**less**, illimitable. [Küſte (422. 2*d*) and los. 415. 15*a*.]

Küſtenſtaat, *m.* =ts, =ten. **coast state**, country limited to a shore. [Küſte (422. 2*d*) and Staat.]

Küſtenſtadt, *f.* =ädte. **coast** city, seaport town. [Küſte (422. 2*d*) and Stadt.]

Kutſche, *f.* =en. **coach**, carriage. [E. **coach**.]

kutſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. drive in *or* manage a **coach**. [from Kutſche. 405. I. 1.]

Kutſchendeckel, *m.* =ls, =l. **coach**-cover, roof of a carriage. [Kutſche (422. 2*d*) and Deckel.]

Kutſchenfahrer, *m.* =rs, =r. **coach-farer**, one riding in a carriage. [Kutſche (422. 2*d*) and Fahrer.]

Kutſchenfenſter, *n.* =rs, =r. **coach**-window, carriage blind. (Kutſche (422. 2*d*) and Fenſter.]

Kutſchenreihe, *f.* =en. **row** of **coaches** *or* carriages. [Kutſche (422. 2*d*) and Reihe.]

Kutſcher, *m.* =rs, =r. **coach**man, driver. [from kutſchen. 408. III. 4.]

Kutſchpferd, *n.* =ds, =de. **coach**-horse. [Kutſche and Pferd.]

Kyllingie, *f.* =en. **Kyllingia** (a kind of sedge-grass).

Labe, *f.* =en. refreshment, comfort, enlivenment, consolation. [from laben. 408. II. 2.]

laben, *v. N. tr.* refresh, quicken, restore, comfort.

Labung, *f.* =gen. refreshment, restorative. [from laben. 408. III. 8.]

Lache, *f.* =en. pool, puddle, body of standing or stagnant water. [E. **loch, lake**: from Latin *lacus*.]

lächeln, *v. N. intr.* h. smile. [from lachen. 404. II. 1.]

lachen, *v. N. intr.* h. **laugh**. [E. **laugh**.]

lächerlich, *adj.* **laugh**able, ridiculous, ludicrous. [from lachen, as if through Lacher, '**laugher**' (not in use). 415. 12*a*.]

Lachs, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. salmon.

Lade, *f.* =en. chest, trunk, box, press. [from laden, '**load**.' 408. II. 2.]

laden, *v. O*(II. 2). *or N. tr.* **load, lade**, charge, burden. [E. **load, lade**.]

laden, *v. O*(II. 2). *or N. tr.* summon, cite, invite.

Ladung, *f.* =gen. **loading**, charge, freight. [from laden, '**load**.' 408. III. 8.]

Ladung, *f.* =gen. invitation, summons. [from laden, 'invite.' 408. III. 8.]

Laffe, *m.* =en, =en. fop, coxcomb, dandy.

Lage, *f.* =en. situation, position, condition. [from liegen, '**lie**.' 408. II. 2.]

Lager, *n.* =rs, =r. couch, bed; camp; hole, **lair**; depository, storehouse, magazine; bed, stratum, **layer**. [from liegen, '**lie**.' 408. III. 4.]

lagern, *v. N. tr.* **lay** down, put to bed *or* rest; encamp; form in **layers**.—*refl.* **lie** down, make one's bed *or* couch; encamp. [from Lager. 405. I. 1.]

Lagune, *f.* =en. **lagoon**, shallow lake. [French etc. *lagune*.]

lahm, *adj.* **lame**, halt, crippled. [E. **lame**.]

lähmen, *v. N. tr.* make **lame, lame**, cripple, palsy. [from lahm. 405. I. 2.]

Lama, *n.* =a's, =as. **lama** *or* llama (species of South-American camel-like sheep).

Lamm, *n.* =ms, =ämmer. **lamb**. [E. **lamb**.]

lammherzig, *adj.* **lamb-hearted**, lamb-like. [Lamm and herzig, from Herz. 424. 5.]

Lampe, *f.* =en. **lamp**. [French etc. *lampe*, from Latin (Greek).]

Land, *n.* =des, =de *or* =änder. **land**, ground, soil, dry surface of earth; part of earth's surface, territory, region, country; country as distinguished from city. [E. **land**.]

Landenge, *f.* =en. narrow neck of **land**, isthmus. [Land and Enge.]

Länderform, *f.* =men. **form** of **land**, shape of country. [Land (422. 2*d*) and Form.]

Länderkunde, *f.* knowledge *or* study of various lands, geography. [Land (422. 2*d*) and Kunde.]

Ländermaſſe, *f.* =en. **mass** of **land**, continent. [Land (422. 2*d*) and Maſſe.]

Landfrieden, *m.* =nš, =n. public peace, universal tranquillity. [Land and Frieden.]

Landkutſche, *f.* =en. **stage-coach.** [Land and Kutſche.]

ländlich, *adj.* country-like, rural. [from Land. 415.12*a*.]

Landmädchen, *n.* =nš, =n. country girl, damsel from outside the city. [Land and Mädchen, '**maiden.**']

Landmann, *m.* =nš, =änner *or* =bleute (100.2). **countryman,** dweller in the country, farmer, rustic. [Land and Mann.]

Landſchaft, *f.* =ten. **landscape;** province, district, region. [from Land. 410.7*b*.]

Landſitz, *m.* =tzes, =tze. **country-seat.** [Land and Sitz.]

Landſpitze, *f.* =en. point of **land,** promontory, peninsula. [Land and Spitze.]

Landſtrecke, *f.* =en. **stretch** of **land,** reach of country, region. [Land and Strecke.]

Landwind, *m.* =des, =de. **land wind,** wind blowing off shore. [Land and Wind.]

lang, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). **long,** extended, protracted; high, tall: — **längſt,** *see below.* [E. **long.**]

lange *or* **lang,** *adv.* **long**: —*often added after a word or phrase expressing duration of time, as* den ganzen Tag lang, the whole day **long.** [same word as lang, *adj.*]

Länge, *f.* =en. **length;** LONGITUDE. [from lang. 409.II.1.]

langen, *v. N. intr.* h. stretch, reach, extend; hold out, suffice; reach out, stretch forth for something, strive to obtain. [from lang, '**long.**' 405.I.2.]

langentbehrt, *adj.* **long** gone without, long withheld. [lang and entbehrt, past part. of entbehren.]

langerhitzt, *adj.* **long heated.** [lang and erhitzt, past part. of erhitzen.]

langgebildet, *adj.* **long** cultivated *or* civilized. [lang and gebildet, past part. of bilden.]

langgedehnt, *adj.* **long** extended *or* stretched out. [lang and gedehnt, past part. of dehnen.]

langgehälſt, *adj.* **long** necked. [lang and gehalſt, from Hals, 'neck.' 416.2*a*.]

langgepflegt, *adj.* **long** nursed *or* tended. [lang and gepflegt, past part. of pflegen.]

langgeſtreckt, *adj.* **long** extended, **stretched** at full **length.** [lang and geſtreckt, past part. of ſtrecken.]

langhaarig, *adj.* **longhaired.** [lang and Haar. 424.5.]

langhörnig, *adj.* **longhorned.** [lang and Horn. 424.5.]

langſam, *adj.* slow, lingering, heavy, dull. [from lang. 415.13*c*.]

längſt, *adv.* very **long** (already), long since, a great while ago. [superl. of lang. 363.2*a*.]

langverhalten, *adj.* long held back *or* repressed. [lang and verhalten, past part. of verhalten.]

langverkannt, *adj.* **long** misunderstood. [lang and verkannt, past part. of verkennen.]

Langweile *or* **Langeweile,** *f.* tedium, ennui. [lang and Weile, '**while.**']

langweilig, *adj.* tedious, tiresome, borous, **long**-winded. [from Langweile. 415.9*a*.]

Lanze, *f.* =en. **lance,** spear. [from Latin.]

Lapp *or* **Lappe,** *m.* =pen, =pen. fool, dolt, silly fellow. [related with Lappen and Laffe.]

Lappen, *m.* =nš, =n. rag, patch, flap.

läppiſch, *adj.* silly, foolish, nonsensical. [from Lapp. 415.12*a*.]

Lärm, *m.* =mes. **alarm,** tumult, disturbance, bustle, noise, racket. [E. **alarm**: from Italian *all' arme,* 'to arms!']

lärmen, *v. N. intr.* h. make a tumult *or* disturbance, be noisy. [from Lärm. 405.I.1.]

Lärmen, *m. or n.* =nš, =n. *same as* Lärm. [as neuter, infin. of lärmen; as masculine, irregular parallel form to Lärm.]

Larve, *f.* =en. spectre, ghost; *hence,* monster, frightful form, horrid creature;—mask, disguise. [from Latin *larva.*]

laß, *adj.* inactive, idle, lazy; weary, tired. [E. **late**: from laſſen.]

Laß, *m.* letting, *etc.* (*only used in composition*). [from laſſen. 408.I.]

laſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let** alone, leave, refrain from doing, forbear; leave behind one, relinquish, bequeath; refrain from interfering with, **let,** permit, allow, suffer;—*often* (*when governing another verb in infin.*), cause, make, effect, bring about:— *in imper.*, **let**; *as,* laßt (laſſen Sie) uns gehen, let us go. [E. **let.**]

läſſig, *adj.* inactive, indolent, **lazy.** [from laß. 415.9*c*.]

Laſt, *f.* =ten. burden, charge, **load**, **last**. [E. **last** ('load'), **load**: from laden. 408.II.1.]

Laſter, *n.* =rs, =r. gross crime, degrading vice, vice, crime.

Läſterer, *m.* =rs, =r. blasphemer; reviler, calumniator, slanderer. [from läſtern. 408.III.4.]

läſtern, *v. N. tr.* bring shame *or* degradation upon, calumniate, revile, defame; blaspheme. [from Laſter. 405.I.1.]

läſtig, *adj.* burdensome, troublesome, onerous, inconvenient, vexatious. [from Laſt. 415.9*a*.]

Laſtthier, *n.* =rs, =re. **beast** of burden. [Laſt and Thier.]

latein', *adj.* **Latin.** [from Latin.]

Lateiner, *m.* =rs, =r. **Latin** (person). [from Latein; compare 410.3*b*.]

Laterne, *f.* =en. **lantern.** [from Latin.]

Latte, *f.* =en. **lath**, lath-work or **lattice-work**. [E. **lath**.]

Laub, *n.* =bes. foliage, **leaves**. [E. **leaf**.]

Laub, *m.* =bes, =be. (*hardly used except in composition*). **leave**. [E. **leave**: from =lauben. 408.I.]

Laube, *f.* =en. arbor, bower. [from Laub, '**leaf**.']

=lauben, *v. N.* (*only in* erlauben, permit, glauben, **believe**). [related with leben, loben.]

laubig, *adj.* **leafy.** [from Laub. 415.9*a*.]

Lauer, *f.* lurking, ambush. [from lauern. 408.I.]

lauern, *v. N. intr.* h. lie in wait *or* ambush, lurk, be on the watch. [E. **lower, lour**.]

Lauf, *m.* =fes, =äufe. running, run, course. [from laufen. 408.I.]

Laufbahn, *f.* =nen. path for running, course, career. [laufen and Bahn. 422.3.]

laufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* f *or* h. run; move rapidly; move on, proceed, walk, flow. [E. **leap, loaf**.]

läufig (*or* läuftig), *adj.* running, current. [from Lauf. 415.9*a*.]

Laune, *f.* =en. humor, mood, temper; whim, fancy, freak, **lunc**. [from Latin *luna*, 'moon,' upon whose changes the changes of mood were fancied to depend.]

lauſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. lie in hiding *or* in wait for purposes of seeing *or* hearing, lurk and watch *or* listen, listen privily. [probably related with lauern.]

laut, *adj.* **loud, aloud,** resonant, audible. [E. **loud**.]

Laut, *m.* =tes, =te. sound, tone, audible noise *or* utterance. [same with laut, *adj*.]

läuten, *v. N. intr.* h. ring, peal, chime, toll. [from Laut. 405.I.1.]

lauter, *adj.* clear, pure, undefiled, unmixed; *indeclinable* (*adv. used adjectively*), mere, downright, nothing but, pure and simple.

leben, *v. N. intr.* h. **live**, exist, have **life**; dwell, abide. [E. **live**.]

Leben, *n.* =ns, =n. **life, living**; animation, vivacity, vigor. [infin. of leben. 340.3.]

lebend'ig, *adj.* **living, alive,** animated; lively, vivacious, vivid. [from lebend, pres. part. of leben (415.9*c*), with anomalously changed accent (55.1 *rem*.).]

Lebensbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. tree of **life**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Baum.]

Lebensbedingung, *f.* =gen. condition of **life**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Bedingung.]

Lebenseinrichtung, *f.* =gen. arrangement of **life**, regulation of **living**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Einrichtung.]

Lebensfluth, *f.* =then. **life-flood**, flow *or* current of **life**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Fluth.]

Lebensfriſt, *f.* =ten. allotted term of **life**, duration of existence. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Friſt.]

Lebensgefahr, *f.* =ren. risk of **life**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Gefahr.]

Lebensgefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. **feeling** of **life**, sense of existence. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Gefühl.]

Lebensglück, *n.* =cks, =cke. **life-happiness**, enjoyment of life. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Glück.]

Lebensmai, *m.* =aies. **may-time** of **life**, spring of existence. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Mai.]

Lebensmittel, *n.* =ls, =l. means of subsistence, provisions, victuals. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Mittel.]

Lebensordnung, *f.* gen. **ordering** *or* regulation of **life**, regimen, diet. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Ordnung.]

Lebensregung, *f.* =gen. motion *or* stir of **life**, vividness of existence. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Regung.]

Lebensſcene, *f.* =en. **life-scene.** [Leben (422.2*b*) and Scene.]

Lebensſtaub, *m.* =bs. **life-dust.** [Leben (422.2*b*) and Staub.]

Lebensſtufe, *f.* =en. stage *or* degree of **life**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Stufe.]

Lebenstiefe, *f.* =en. **depth of life** *or* being. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Tiefe.]

Lebensweiſe, *f.* =en. way of **life**, manner of **living**. [Leben (422.2*b*) and Weiſe, '**wise.**']

Lebewohl, *n.* =ls. **farewell**, adieu, leavetaking. [*i.e.* lebe wohl! '**live well**, fare well.']

lebhaft, *adj.* **lively**, vivacious, animated, sprightly, quick. [from Leben. 415.7*a*.]

Lebhaftigkeit, *f.* =ten. **liveliness**, vivacity, sprightliness. [from lebhaft. 409.II.3.]

Lebtag, *m.* =gs, =ge. **day of life**, all one's life. [Leben and Tag.]

lechzen, *v. N. intr.* h. pant with thirst, loll, languish.

Lecidee, *f.* =en. **lecidea** (kind of small lichen, growing mostly on rocks).

Leder, *n.* =rs, =r. **leather**, tanned hide. [E. **leather.**]

ledern, *adj.* **leathern**, of **leather.** [from Leder. 415.2.]

ledig, *adj.* free, unencumbered, unembarrassed, untrammelled, unoccupied, empty, void: — **ledig geben**, set free, release.

leer, *adj.* empty, void, vacant.

Leere, *f.* =en. emptiness, vacancy, void. [from leer. 409.II.1.]

leeren, *v. N. tr.* empty out, make void *or* vacant, clear, evacuate. [from leer. 405.I.2.]

leergebrannt, *adj.* **burnt** empty *or* bare, cleared by fire. [leer and gebrannt, past part. of brennen.]

legen, *v. N. tr.* **lay**, cause to lie, deposit, put down, place.—*refl.* lay one's self down, go to rest, become quiet. [E. **lay**: from liegen, 'lie.' 404.I.1.]

legitim', *adj.* **legitimate**, lawful. [from French *légitime*.]

legitimiren, *v. N. tr.* **legitimate**, make lawful, legalize. [from French *légitimer*. 404.II.4.]

Lehen, *n.* =ns, =n. fief, feud, feudal tenure. [from leihen, 'lend' (*i.e.* 'confer on conditions').]

Lehenadel, *m.* =ls. feudal nobility. [Lehen and Adel.]

Lehm, *m.* =mes. **loam**, clay, mud. [E. **loam.**]

lehnen, *v. N. tr.* **lean**, incline, recline. [E. **lean.**]

Lehnſtuhl, *m.* =ls, =ühle. easy-chair, arm-chair. [lehnen and Stuhl, '**stool.**' 422.3.]

Lehnsherr, *m.* =rn, =ren. feudal lord. [Lehen (422.2*b*) and Herr.]

Lehre, *f.* =en. doctrine, teaching. [E. **lore**: from lehren. 408.II.2.]

lehren, *v. N. tr.* teach, instruct, inform. [related with lernen, '**learn.**']

Lehrer, *m.* =rs, =r. teacher, instructor, preceptor, tutor. [from lehren. 408. III.4.]

Lehrling, *m.* =gs, =ge. pupil, scholar. [from lehren. 408.III.5.]

=lei, *old substantive meaning* kind, sort, *now found only in composition, forming indeclinable adjectives* (415.11). [from old French *ley*, Latin *lex*.]

Leib, *m.* =bes, =ber. **life**; *usually*, body; belly, womb. [from leben. 408.I.]

leibhaftig, *adj.* bodily, in real presence *or* person, real, actual, out and out. [from Leib. 415.7*a*,*d*.]

Leiche, *f.* =en. dead body, corpse.

Leichnam, *m.* =ms, =me. dead body, corpse. [from Leiche, anomalous formation.]

leicht, *adj.* **light**, not heavy *or* burdensome; easy, not difficult, facile; nimble, not heavy *or* slow. [E. **light.**]

leichtbeweglich, *adj.* easily movable, **light**-moving. [leicht and beweglich.]

leichtfüßig, *adj.* **lightfooted**, nimble of **foot.** [leicht and Fuß. 424.5.]

Leichtigkeit, *f.* =ten. **lightness**; facility, ease. [from leicht. 409.II.3.]

leichtlich, *adv.* **lightly**, easily. [from leicht. 415.12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

leichtſchwebend. *adj.* **lightly** floating. [leicht and ſchwebend, pres. part. of ſchweben, '**sweep.**']

Leichtſinn, *m.* =ns. **lightness** of mind, levity, frivolity, indiscretion. [leicht and Sinn.]

leid, *adj.* (*not in use attributively*). disagreeable, painful, distressing, harmful:—*as noun*, **Leides** *or* **Leids**, harm, hurt, pain, distress, trouble: —**leider**, *see below*. [E. **loath, loth**: from leiden. 414.]

Leid, *n.* =des. harm, hurt, pain, sorrow, grief, woe. [from leid. 409.I.2.]

leiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* suffer, endure, bear; bear with, put up with, tolerate, allow.

Leiden, *n.* =ns, =n. suffering, affliction, distress, misfortune. [infin. of leiden, 340.3.]

Leidenſchaft, *f.* =ten. PASSION, violent emotion *or* desire. [from Leiden. 410.7.]

leidenſchaftlich, *adj.* PASSIONATE, impassioned, vehement. [from Leidenſchaft. 415.12*a*.]

leider, *interjectional adv.* (390*a*). alas! unfortunately, to my sorrow *or* grief, as I regret. [comparative of leid, standing for was mir noch leider iſt, 'what is yet more painful to me.']

leidig, *adj.* sad, pitiful, sorry, disagreeable. [from Leid. 415.9*a*.]

leihen, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* **lend**; confer, bestow;—borrow, obtain upon interest *or* on conditions. [E. **lend**.]

Leim, *m.* -mes. glue; adhesive substance, bird-**lime**. [E. **lime**.]

leimen, *v. N. tr.* glue, smear with glue *or* **lime** *etc.* [from Leim. 405.I.1.]

Lein, *m.* -nes, -ne. flax-plant, flax, **linen**. [E. **linen, lint, line**: from Latin *linum*.]

leinen, *adj.* made of **flax, linen**. [E. **linen**: from Lein. 415.2.]

Leinen, *n.* -ns, -n. **linen,** linen cloth *or* clothing. [from leinen. 409.2.]

Leintuch, *n.* -chs, -tücher. **linen** cloth, linen. [Lein and Tuch, '**duck**, cloth.']

Leinwand, *f.* **linen,** linen cloth, canvas. [Lein and Wand, 'stuff.']

leiſe, *adj.* not loud, soft, low, gentle, hardly perceptible.

leiſrauſchend, *adj.* softly rustling, with gentle murmur. [leiſe and rauſchend, prea. part. of rauſchen.]

leiſten, *v. N. tr.* do (*especially*, something due or expected), perform, render, accomplish.

leiten, *v. N. tr.* **lead,** guide, conduct, direct, manage. [E. **lead**.]

Leiter, *f.* -rn. **ladder.**

Leiterbaum, *m.* -ms, -bäume. side-piece *or* **beam** of a **ladder.** [Leiter and Baum.]

lenken, *v. N. tr.* turn *or* bend into a desired direction, direct aright, steer, rein, manage, govern.

lenkſam, *adj.* tractable, pliable, flexible, manageable. [from lenken. 415.13*b*.]

Lenz, *m.* -zes, -ze. spring-time, spring.

Lenzgedicht, *n.* -ts, -te. spring song *or* poem. [Lenz and Gedicht.]

Lerche, *f.* -en. **lark.** [E. **lark**.]

lernen, *v. N. tr.* **learn.** [E. **learn**: related with lehren, 'teach.']

Leſebuch, *n.* -chs, -bücher. reading-**book,** reader. [leſen and Buch. 422.3.]

leſen, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr.* gather, collect, pick up, glean;—read. [old English **lease,** 'glean.']

Leſer, *m.* -rs, -r. reader. [from leſen 408.III.4.]

Letten, *m.* -ns. clay, mud.

lettig, *adj.* clayey, loamy, muddy. [from Letten. 415.12*a*.]

-letzen, *v. N. tr.*, *only in* **verletzen,** injure, harm. [related with laß and letzt, as meaning 'put behindhand.']

letzt, *adj.* **last, latest,** final, extreme, concluding, ultimate. [E. **latest, last**: superl. of an obsolete adjective, related with laß.]

letztenmal = letzten Mal, last time.

letzter, *adj.* (*always declined*). **latter.** [compar. of letzt. 139.2.]

Leu, *m.* -euen *or* -euens (*dat. and accus.* -euen *or* -eu), -euen. **lion.** [same word as Löwe; from Latin *leo*.]

leuchten, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. shine, give **light,** beam, radiate brightness; **lighten.** [from Licht.]

Leuchter, *m.* -rs, -r. **lighter,** candlestick, candelabrum. [from leuchten. 408.III.4.]

Leuchtthurm, *m.* -ms, -türme. **light**-house. [Licht and Thurm, 'tower.']

Leute, *pl.* people, men, folks. (*often used in composition instead of* Mann *in the plural.* 100.2.)

libyſch, *adj.* **Libyan.** [from Libyen, 'Libya.' 415.10*b*.]

Licht, *n.* -tes, -ter (*or* -te). **light,** luminosity, brightness; source of **light,** luminary, candle. [E. **light**.]

licht, *adj.* **light,** luminous, bright, clear; **light**-colored. [same as Licht.]

lichten, *v. N. tr.* **light, lighten,** clear up, brighten. [from licht. 415.I.2.]

Lichterchen, *pl.* little **lights, tapers.** [from Lichter, pl. of Licht. 410.1.]

Lichterpyramide, *f.* -en. **pyramid** of **lights.** [Licht (422.2*d*) and Pyramide.]

Lichtſtrahl, *m.* -ls, -len. ray *or* beam of **light.** [Licht and Strahl.]

lieb, *adj.* dear, **beloved,** valued, esteemed; attractive, charming, agreeable, pleasing:—**lieb haben,** hold dear, love, cherish; **lieb ſein,** be agreeable *or* pleasing (to some one):—*superl. as noun,* **Liebſte,** best-beloved, dearest one, sweetheart; **lieber,** *see below.* [E. **lief, love**.]

Liebchen, *n.* -ns, -n. little **love,** darling, pet, sweetheart. [from Liebe. 410.1.]

Liebe, *f.* **love,** affection. [from lieb. 409.II.1.]

liebeleer, *adj.* empty of **love,** unloving, without affection. [Liebe and leer.]

lieben, *v. N. tr.* **love,** hold dear, feel

affection for, be attached to, like, fancy. [from lieb. 405.I.2.]

lieber, *adv.* **liefer,** rather, sooner, more willingly. [comparative of lieb.]

Liebhaber, *m.* =rs, =r. lover, gallant; amateur. [from lieb haben (see lieb). 408.III.4.]

liebkosen, *v. N. tr.* caress, fondle. [lieb and kosen, 'chat, caress.']

lieblich, *adj.* **lovely,** charming, attractive, pleasing, agreeable. [from Liebe. 415.12*a*.]

Lieblichkeit, *f.* =ten. **loveliness,** attractiveness, charm. [from lieblich. 409.II.3.]

Liebling, *m.* =gs, =ge. darling, favorite, minion. [from lieben. 408.III.5.]

Lieblingswein, *m.* =ns, =ne. favorite **wine.** [Liebling (422.2*b*) and Wein.]

Lied, *n.* =des, =der. song, lay, ballad, ditty.

Lid *or* **Lid,** *n.* =des, =der *or* =de. **lid,** cover; eye-**lid.** [E. **lid.**]

liefern, *v. N. tr.* **deliver,** hand over; furnish, supply, yield. [from French *livrer*.]

Lieferung, *f.* =gen. handing over, furnishing, supply; thing *or* part supplied. [from liefern. 408.III.8.]

liegen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* h (*or* s). **lie,** be recumbent; be situated, be; *with* an *before an object, and an indirect personal object in the dative,* depend, be of consequence; *as,* es liegt ihm viel daran, *or* es liegt ihm daran, it is of much importance to him, he is intent *or* anxious. [E. **lie.**]

=lieren, *v. O*(III.3)., *only in* **verlieren, lose.** [related with los.]

Li'lie, *f.* =en. **lily.** [from Latin.]

Lilienfinger, *m.* =rs, =r. **lily finger.** [Lilie (422.2*d*) and Finger.]

lind *or* **linde,** *adj.* soft, mild, gentle. [E. **lithe.**]

Linde, *f.* =en. **linden,** lime-tree. [E. **linden.**]

Lindenbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **linden-tree.** [Linde (422.2*d*) and Baum.]

lindern, *v. N. tr.* make softer *or* milder, alleviate, mitigate, assuage. [from linder, comparative of lind. 405.I.2*a*.]

=lingen, *v. O*(I.1). make progress. (*only in* **gelingen** *and* **mißlingen**). [related with lang.]

Li'nie, *f.* =en. **line;** lineage, descent, race. [from Latin.]

link, *adj.* left, sinister:—*as noun,* **Linke** (*f.*), left hand.

links, *adv.* to the left. [adverbial genitive of link. 363.3*d*.]

Linon, *m.* =ns. **lawn,** cambric, fine **linen** cloth. [French word.]

Lippe, *f.* =en. **lip.** [E. **lip.**]

List, *f.* =ten. craft, cunning, artifice, trick, deceit.

listig, *adj.* crafty, cunning, artful, sly, trickish, deceitful. [from List. 412.9*a*.]

Llano, *m.* =o's, =os. **llano, plain,** prairie. [Spanish word (pronounce *lyano*) from Latin *planus*.]

Lob, *n.* =bes. praise, commendation, laudation. [probably related with lieben, =lauben.]

loben, *v. N. tr.* praise, commend, laud; do credit to, bring praise to, honor: —promise. [from Lob. 405.I.1.]

löblich, *adj.* laudable, commendablo, praiseworthy, estimable, respectable. [from loben. 415.12*c*.]

lobpreisen, *v. O*(III. 2). *or N. tr.* **praise** and extol, sing the **praises** of, exalt. [Lob and preisen.]

Loch, *m.* =ches, =cher. hole. [perhaps related with **lock,** as something to be closed or fastened up.]

Locke, *f.* =en. **lock** (of hair or the like), ringlet, curl, tress. [E. **lock.**]

locken, *v. N. tr.* entice, allure, decoy.

Lockenfülle, *f.* **fullness** of **locks,** rich *or* abundant tresses. [Locke (422.2*d*) and Fülle.]

locker, *adj.* loose, not firm *or* solid, spongy; of loose conduct, dissolute. [related with Loch and Lücke.]

lockig, *adj.* curly, ringleted. [from Locke, '**lock.**']

Lockung, *f.* =gen. allurement, enticement. [from locken. 408.III.8.]

lodern, *v. N. intr.* h. blaze, flame up, flare.

Löffel, *m.* =ls, =l. spoon, ladle. [from obsolete *lappan*, '**lap.**']

Loge, *f.* =en. box (in a theatre or other place of exhibition), enclosed space for seats. [French word: pronounce *lo-zhé*.]

Lohn, *m.* =nes, =öhne; *or n.* = nes, =ne. reward, recompense, pay, wages.

lohnen, *v. N. tr.* reward, recompense, requite. [from Lohn. 405.I.1.]

Loos, *n.* =ses, =se. **lot;** assigned share, allotment; destiny, fate, fortune. [E. **lot.**]

loosen, *v. N. intr.* h. cast **lots.**—*tr.* cast lots for, determine by lot. [from Loos. 405.I.1.]

Lorbeer, *m.* =rs, =ren. **laurel,** bay. [Latin *laurus* and Beere, '**berry;**' originally a name for the fruit.]

Lorelei, *f.* **Loreley**, Lurley (a fabled nymph).

Lorgnette, *f.* =en. **lorgnette**, opera-glass, quizzing-glass. [French word.]

los, *adj.* (*hardly used attributively*). **loose**, released, set free, disengaged, unfastened, untied: — *with* ſein *or* werden, *governing accus.* (229), **loose** from, rid of, free from: — *forms many adjectives from nouns, with the meaning* destitute of, without, **-less** (415.15*a*): — *as* (*separable*) *prefix to verbs, adds the simple idea of* loose, free; *or, often, that of* unrestrained, violent, furious motion *or* action. [E. **loose, -less**: compare loſe; related with =lieren.]

losbinden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **unbind**, unfasten, let **loose**. [los and binden.]

löſchen, *v.* *O*(III.5). *or N. tr.* extinguish, put out; quench, slake.

loſe, *adj.* **loose**, not firm *or* fixed, unsteady; wanton, dissolute; (*in good sense*) wanton, mischievous, frolicsome, playful, arch. [same word with los.]

löſen, *v. N. tr.* set **loose**, free, **loosen**; redeem, ransom; solve, dissolve; solve, guess out, unriddle. [from los. 405.I.2.]

Losgebundenheit, *f.* =ten. release from customary restraint, license, extravagant freedom of behavior. [from losgebunden, past part. of losbinden. 409.II.2.]

losgehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** furiously, rush; **go** off, be carried on, proceed. [los and gehen.]

loshageln, *v. N. intr.* h. come **hailing** furiously, pour down violently. [los and hageln.]

loslaſſen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* **let loose**, release, let go, set free. [los and laſſen.]

losmachen, *v. N. tr.* **make loose**, loosen. [los and machen.]

losreißen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *tr.* tear **loose**, drag away, release with force *or* violence. [los and reißen.]

losrennen, *v.* *N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ. **run loose**, rush away, go with swiftness and violence. [los and rennen.]

losringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *refl.* struggle into freedom, get **loose** by effort, wrench away. [los and ringen.]

losſtürmen, *v. N. intr.* h. **storm** furiously, make a violent attack, come raging. [los and ſtürmen.]

lostreiben, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive** furiously *or* violently. [los and treiben.]

Löſung, *f.* =gen. **loosening**, release; solution; ransom. [from löſen. 408. III.8.]

Loſung, *f.* =gen. watchword, parole, sign, signal, tocsin. [parallel form to Löſung, going back to los, '**loose.**']

Lotos, *m.* **lotus**. [from Greek.]

Lotosblume, *f.* =en. **lotus**-flower. [Lotos and Blume, '**bloom.**']

Lotto, *n.* = o's, =os. **lottery**. [Italian word: ultimately related with Los.]

Lottoſpiel, *n.* =ls, =le. **lottery**, playing at hazard. [Lotto and Spiel, 'play.']

Löwe, *m.* =en, =en. **lion**. [from Latin *leo*: compare Leu.]

Löwenritt, *m.* =tes, =te. **lion's ride**. [Löwe (422.2*b*) and Ritt.]

Löwin, *f.* =innen. **lioness**. [from Löwe. 410.4.]

Lücke, *f.* =en. gap, chasm; deficiency, blank. [related with Loch and locker.]

Ludwig, *m.* =gs. **Lewis, Louis, Ludovic**. [old form *Hlodowiks*, '**famous fighter.**']

Luft, *f.* =üfte. air, atmosphere; air in motion, breeze, zephyr; breath, relief, vent, breathing room.

Lüftchen, *n.* =ns, =n. gentle current of air, breeze, zephyr. [from Luft. 410.1.]

luftdünn, *adj.* atmospherically **thin**, filled with rarefied air. [Luft and dünn.]

lüften, *v. N. tr.* raise into the air, **lift**, elevate, raise; give air to, supply with free breath, ease, expand. [E. **lift**: from Luft. 405.I.1.]

luftfeucht, *adj.* atmospherically moist, supplied *or* filled with damp **air**. [Luft and feucht.]

Luftraum, *m.* =ms. space occupied by the atmosphere, atmosphere, sky, heavens. [Luft and Raum, '**room.**']

Luftſäule, *f.* =en. column of **air**. [Luft and Säule.]

Luftſchicht, *f.* =ten. **stratum** *or* layer of air. [Luft and Schicht.]

Luftſtreifen, *m.* =ns, =n. **stripe** *or* **strip** of air. [Luft and Streifen.]

Luftſtrom, *m.* =ms, =öme. **stream** *or* current of air. [Luft and Strom.]

Luftſtrömung, *f.* =gen. flow *or* current of air. [Luft and Strömung, '**streaming.**']

Luftwärme, *f.* **warmth** *or* heat of the atmosphere. [Luft and Wärme.]

Lüge, *f.* =en. **lie**, falsehood, untruth: — **Lügen** (*gen. sing. or plur.*) **ſtrafen**, accuse of **lying**, give the **lie** to. [from lügen. 408.II.2.]

lügen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* h. **lie**, speak falsely, utter untruth. [E. **lie.**]

Lump, *m.* -pes, -pe; *or* **Lumpen,** *m.* -ns, -n. rag, tatter; ragamuffin, scamp.
Lumpenhülle, *f.* -en. envelop of rags, tattered wrapping. [Lump (422.2*d*) and Hülle.]
lumpig, *adj.* ragged, tattered, shabby. [from Lump. 415.9*a*.]
Luoghi, *pl.* places, seats. [Italian word, pl. of *luogo*, Latin *locus*.]
-lust, *only used in composition, in* Verlust, *from* verlieren. [408.II.1.]
Lust, *f.* -üste. pleasure, gratification, delight, joy; inclination, humor, fancy, desire, longing, **lust**:—**Lust haben,** have desire, desire, like, choose. [E. **lust.**]
lustbar, *adj.* pleasant, delightful, amusing, merry. [from Lust. 415.1.]
Lustbarkeit, *f.* -ten. pleasure, amusement, merrymaking, sport. [from lustbar. 409.II.3.]
lüsten, *v. N. tr. impers.* awaken the desire of, inspire longing in, tempt. [E. **list**: from Lust. 405.I.1.]
lüstern, *adj.* longing, hankering, greedy, **lust**ful, wanton; awakening desire, tempting. [from Lust.]
lustig, *adj.* merry, gay, jovial, sportive; amusing, droll. [E. **lusty**: from Lust. 415.9*a*.]
lustiggrün, *adj.* of cheerful **green,** pleasantly green. [lustig and grün.]
Lüttich, *n.* -chs. **Liege** (city in Belgium).
Lydien, *n.* -ns. **Lydia** (country in Asia Minor).

Maaß. *see* Maß.
Maaßregel *or* **Maßregel,** *f.* -ln. measure, means, preparatory step. [Maß and Regel, '**rule.**']
Maaßstab *or* **Maßstab,** *m.* -bs, -äbe, measuring-**staff,** rule, scale, proportion. [Maß and Stab.]
machen, *v. N. tr.* **make,** produce, effect, form; cause, bring about; do, act, carry on; be busy, proceed:—**sich auf etwas machen,** set one's self at *or* about something, betake one's self to something; **sich** (*dat.*) **zu eigen machen,** make one's own, *hence* lay to heart. [perhaps related with mögen, Macht, etc.]
Macht, *f.* -ächte. **might,** power, force, strength. [from mögen. 408.II.1.]
Machtgebrauch, *m.* -chs. use of power, application of **might** *or* force. [Macht and Gebrauch.]
mächtig, *adj.* **mighty,** powerful, strong, potent; great, huge, immense. [from Macht. 415.9*a*.]
Mädchen, *n.* -ns, -n. **maiden,** girl, damsel; **maid**-servant, female attendant. [from Magd (Maid). 410.1.]
mag *etc.*, *from* mögen (251.3).
Magd, *f.* -ägde. **maid, maiden.** [E. **maid** (A-S. *mægdh*): related with mögen.]
Mägdlein, *n.* -ns, -n. **maiden,** girl, lass, young woman. [from Magd. 410.1.]
magellanisch, *adj.* **Magellanic,** of **Magellan** (*or* Magailhans):—**magellanische Wolken,** Magellanic clouds (three conspicuous nebulæ, like small light clouds, near the south pole). [415.10*a*.]
Magen, *m.* -ns, -n *or* -ägen. stomach, **maw,** craw. [E. **maw.**]
mager, *adj.* lean, lank, thin, **meagre,** barren. [E. **meagre.**]
Magie', *f.* **magic,** sorcery, necromancy, black art. [from Latin (Greek).]
Magister, *m.* -rs, -r. **magister, master** (of arts, or the like; as first academic degree). [Latin.]
Magnet', *m.* -ts. -te. **magnet,** loadstone. [from Latin (Greek).]
mähen, *v. N. tr.* **mow,** cut with the scythe. [E. **mow.**]
Mahl, *n.* -les, -le *or* -ähler. **meal,** repast. [E. **meal**: perhaps originally the same with Mal, as properly the appointed *time* of eating.]
-mahl, *in* Gemahl, spouse, vermählen, marry. [from a root meaning 'assemble,' then 'combine, covenant.']
mahlen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *or N. tr.* grind (as grain), **mill.** [related with E. **mill.**]
Mahlzeit. *f.* -ten. **meal**-time, **meal,** repast. [Mahl and Zeit, 'time.']
Mähne, *f.* -en. **mane.** [E. **mane.**]
mahnen, *v. N. tr.* remind urgently, admonish, warn; urge on (to performance of duty or the like), incite, impel. [related with meinen, 'think,' as causative. 404.I.1.]
Mährchen, *n.* -ns, -n. story, tale, legend, fiction. [from Mähre. 410.1.]
Mähre, *f.* -en. tidings, news, information, account, story.
Mähre, *f.* -en. **mare,** horse. [E. **mare.**]

Mai, *m.* -aies, -aie *or* -aien. **May.** [from Latin.]

Maid, *f.* -de. **maid.** [corrupted form of Magd; unusual and poetic.]

Maienlicht, *n.* -tes. **light of May.** [Mai (422.2*d*) and Licht.]

Mainz, *n.* **Mayence** (city on the Rhine).

Majestät', *f.* -ten. **majesty, Majesty.** [Latin.]

majestätisch, *adj.* **majestic.** [from Majestät. 415.10*a*.]

Majorat', *n.* -tes, -te. right of primogeniture *or* of succession to property according to superiority of age, privilege of an elder over a younger brother. [French word.]

Makrokosmus, *m.* **macrocosm,** great world, universe at large (as opposed to the *microcosm*, the little world, or man). [Greek word.]

Mal (*or* **Mahl**), *n.* -les, -le *or* -äler. mark, spot, stroke; time, bout, turn:—*very frequent in composition, especially with numerals, undeclined* (206), *in the sense of* time: —**mit einem Mal,** at once, all at once, suddenly.

'mal, *for* einmal, for once, just, only.

malen, *v. N. tr.* paint, portray, delineate, represent. [from Mal. 405.I.1.]

Maler, *m.* -res, -r. painter, artist. [from malen. 408.III.4.]

Malerei, *f.* -ten. painting, delineation, picture. [from Maler. 410.2.]

malerisch, *adj.* picturesque. [from Maler. 415.10*a*.]

Malter, *n. or m.* -tes, -r. a certain measured quantity (*of various things, and of variable amount*); (*of wood*) half (*or* a third, *or* a quarter) of a cord.

man, *indef. pron.* (*always as subject of a verb, and singular*, 185). one, people, they. [originally same word as Mann, '**man**:' compare French *on* from *homme*.]

manch, *indef. pron.* (191). *in sing.* **many a,** many a one; *in pl.* **many.** [E. **many.**]

mancherlei, *adj. indeclinable* (415.11). of various sort *or* kind, diverse, various, sundry, different. [manch and -lei. 415.11.]

manchmal, *adv.* **many** a time, often; sometimes, now and then. [manch and Mal.]

Mandel, *f.* -ln. **almond.** [like *almond*, corrupted from Latin (Greek) *amygdala*.]

Mangel, *m.* -ls, -ängel. want, deficiency; defect, fault, penury, poverty.

mangeln, *v. N. intr.* h. be wanting, lack. [from Mangel. 405.I.1.]

Manier', *f.* -ren. **manner,** fashion; affected *or* artificial manner, **mannerism.** [from French *manière*.]

Mann, *m.* -nes, -änner (*in the sense of* retainers, soldiers, Mannen). **man;** husband; retainer. [E. **man.**]

mannbar, *adj.* ready for a husband, marriageable. [from Mann. 415.1.]

Mannbarkeit, *f.* -ten. marriageable age, puberty. [from mannbar. 409.II.3.]

Männerwürde, *f.* dignity of **men, man's worth,** manliness. [Mann (422.2*d*) and Würde.]

Manneswürde, *f.* dignity **of man, man's worth.** [Mann (422.2*b*) and Würde.]

mannigfach *or* **mannichfach**, *adj.* **manifold,** various, multifarious. [mannig, older form of manch, and Fach. 204; 415.15*d*.]

mannigfaltig *or* **mannichfaltig**, *adj.* **manifold,** various, multifarious, varied. [mannig, older form of manch, and -fältig. 204; 415.15*e*.]

Mannigfaltigkeit *or* **Mannichfaltigkeit**, *f.* -ten. **manifoldness,** multifariousness, variety. [from mannigfaltig. 409.II.3.]

Männlein, *n.* -ns, -n. little **man, mannikin.** [from Mann. 410.1.]

männlich, *adj.* **manly,** virile, masculine, male. [from Mann. 415.12*a*.]

Mannschaft, *f.* -ten. body of **men,** troops, forces, numbers. [from Mann. 410.7*b*.]

Mannskleid, *n.* -des, -der. **man's** garment, male dress. [Mann (422.2*b*) and Kleid, '**cloth.**']

Mannstracht, *f.* -ten. **men's** garb *or* dress. [Mann (422.2*b*) and Tracht.]

Mannszucht, *f.* discipline, strictly enforced order among a body of **men.** [Mann (422.2*b*) and Zucht, 'training.']

Mantel, *m.* -ls, -äntel. **mantle,** cloak; envelop, sheathing, jacket. [from Latin *mantellum*.]

Maria, *f.* **Mary.**

Marionette', *f.* -ten. puppet, **marionette.** [French word.]

Mark, *n.* -kes. **marrow,** pith; pulp, core. [E. **marrow.**]

Mark, *f.* -ten. **march,** boundary, limit; **marc** *or* **mark** (a weight for gold and silver, about half a pound; *also*, a coin). [E. **march, marc.**]

Marke, *f.* =en. **mark**; token. [E. **mark.**]
Markgraf, *m.* =fen, =fen. **margrave,** count of the **marches.** [Mark and Graf.]
Markt, *m.* =tes, =ärkte. **market,** market-place, **mart,** fair. [from Latin *mercatus.*]
Marmor, *n.* =rs, =re. **marble.** [from Latin.]
Marmorſäule, *f.* =en. **marble** column *or* pillar. [Marmor and Säule.]
Marſtall, *m.* =ls, =älle. royal *or* public stable. [Mar, for Mähre, '**mare,** horse,' and Stall, '**stall.**']
Marſtallkammer, *f.* =rn. **chamber** *or* apartment of a royal stable. [Marſtall and Kammer.]
Märterer. *same as* Märtyrer.
Martha, *f.* **Martha.**
Märtyrer, *m.* =rs, =r. **martyr.** [from Greek *martür,* 'witness.']
März, *m.* =zes, =ze. **March** (month). [from Latin *Martius.*]
Maske, *f.* =en. **mask,** vizor; **masquerading** dress, disguise; masker, **masquerader,** disguised person. [from French *masque.*]
Maskenkleidung, *f.* =gen. **masquerading** dress, disguise. [Maske (422.2*d*) and Kleidung, '**clothing.**']
maskiren, *v. N. intr.* h. wear a **mask,** disguise one's self, go **masquerading.** [from French *masquer.* 404. II.4.]
Maß *or* **Maaß,** *n.* =ßes, =ße; *or* **Maß** *or* **Maße,** *f.* =ße *or* =ßen. measure; standard, scale, proportion; due measure *or* proportion, moderation. [from meſſen. 408.I.]
Maſſe, *f.* =en. **mass,** bulk, heap, quantity. [from French *masse.*]
maßen, *v. N. tr.* measure. [from Maß. 405.I.1.]
Maſſenvertheilung, *f.* =gen. distribution of bulk, arrangement of composing parts. [Maſſe and Vertheilung.]
mäßig, *adj.* of due measure *or* proportion, moderate. [from Maß. 415.9*a.*]
=mäßig, *in composition,* of the measure *or* proportion of, in accordance with. [from Maß. 415.15*f.*]
mäßigen, *v. N. tr.* moderate, temper, mitigate:—**gemäßigt,** *past part. as adj.,* temperate, moderate. [from mäßig. 405.I.2.]
Mäßigung, *f.* =gen. moderation, mitigation, temperance. [from mäßigen. 408.III.8.]
Maſt, *m.* =tes, =ten. **mast** (of a ship). [E. **mast.**]
Maſtbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **mast.** [Maſt and Baum, 'tree.']
Material', *n.* =ls, =lien (101.3). **material.** [from Latin.]
matt, *adj.* check**mated** *or* **mate** (*at chess*); reduced to inaction, faint, feeble, weary, dull. [from Arabic.]
Matte, *f.* =en. **mat.** [from Latin *matta.*]
Matte, *f.* =en. **mead, meadow,** grassy plot *or* field. [E. **mead.**]
Mauer, *f.* =rn. wall. [from Latin *murus.*]
Mauerloch, *n.* =chs, =öcher. hole in the wall. [Mauer and Loch.]
mauern, *v. N. tr.* wall up *or* in, build like a wall, **mure.** [from Mauer. 405.I.2.]
Mauerwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. walling, masonry, stone-**work.** [Mauer and Werk.]
Maul, *n.* =les, =äuler. mouth, muzzle, chops.
Maul, *n.* =les, =äuler. **mule.** [from Latin *mulus.*]
Mauleſel, *m.* =ls, =l. **mule.** [Maul and Eſel, 'ass.']
Maulthier, *n.* =rs, =re. **mule.** [Maul and Thier, 'animal.']
Maus, *f.* =äuſe. **mouse.** [E. **mouse.**]
Maxi'me, *f.* =en. **maxim,** aphorism. [from Latin.]
mechaniſch, *adj.* **mechanical.** [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b.*]
Mechanismus, *m.* **mechanism.** [Latin (Greek) word.]
Medicin', *f.* =nen. **medicine,** physic; medical art. [from Latin.]
Meer, *n.* =res, =re. sea, ocean.
Meerbuſen, *m.* =ns, =n. bay, gulf. [Meer and Buſen, '**bosom.**']
Meerenge, *f.* =en. narrows, strait. [Meer and Enge, 'narrows.']
Meeresarm, *m.* =ms, =me. **arm** of the sea, narrow bay *or* gulf. [Meer (422.2*b*) and Arm.]
Meeresküſte, *f.* =en. **seacoast,** shore of the ocean. [Meer (422.2*b*) and Küſte.]
Meeresluft, *f.* =üfte. sea breeze, air from the ocean. [Meer (422.2*b*) and Luft.]
Meeresſpiegel, *m.* =ls, =l. mirror-like surface of the sea, ocean surface. [Meer (422.2*b*) and Spiegel, 'mirror.']
Meeresſtrom, *m.* =ms, =öme. ocean current. [Meer (422.2*b*) and Strom, '**stream.**']

Meeresufer, *n.* =rs, =r. **sea** shore. [Meer (422.2b) and Ufer.]
Meereswaſſer, *n.* =rs, =r. **sea water.** [Meer (422.2b) and Waſſer.]
meergebietend, *adj.* ocean-ruling, domineering the seas. [Meer and gebietend, pres. part. of gebieten.]
Mehl, *n.* =les, =le. **meal,** flour. [E. **meal**: from mahlen. 408.I.]
mehlreich, *adj.* abounding in **meal, mealy,** farinaceous. [Mehl and reich, '**rich.**' 415.15c.]
mehr, *adj.* (192.2). **more**:—*generally indeclinable, but with a plural,* **mehre** (*or, usually,* **mehrere**), *signifying* **more** than one, several, sundry, divers:—*after a negative word,* any longer, *especially in* **nicht mehr,** no longer. [E. **more**: comparative of a lost adjective mag, '**much**:' compare meiſt (139.1).]
mehren, *v. N. tr.* make **more,** increase, augment, multiply. [from mehr. 405.I.2.]
mehrer, *adj.* (*only in plural,* **mehrere** *etc.*) **more** than one, several, sundry, divers. [irregular comparative of mehr. 192.2.]
mehrmals, *adv.* **more** than once, several times, repeatedly, again and again, often. [mehr and Mal, 'time.' 365.1.]
meiden, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* avoid, shun, refrain from, keep away from.
Meile, *f.* =en. **mile** (*a German mile equals nearly five English miles*). [from Latin *mille,* 'thousand' (paces).]
mein, *poss. adj.* (157–60). **mine, my.** [E. **mine.**]
mein *or* **meiner,** *pers. pron. gen. sing. of* ich (151). of **me, my.**
meinen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* þ. think, opine, suppose, imagine; think to say, have in mind, intend, **mean.** [E. **mean.**]
meiner *or* **mein,** *pers. pron. gen. sing. of* ich (151). of **me, my.**
meinetwegen, *adv.* for **my** sake, on account of me; so far as I am concerned, for all me, for aught I care. [mein and wegen. 365.2; 152.2.]
meinig, *poss. adj.* (159.5). **mine, my.** [from mein. 415.9c.]
Meinung, *f.* =gen. opinion, notion, thought; **meaning,** intent. [from meinen. 408.III.8.]
Meißel, *m.* =ls, =l. chisel. [from an obsolete verb meißen, 'cut.' 408.III.2.]
meiſt, *adj.* **most.**—*adv.* (363.2a) **mostly,** for the **most** part. [superlative of a lost adjective mag, '**much**:' compare mehr (139.1).]
meiſtentheils, *adv.* for the **most** part, **mostly.** [meiſt and Theil, 'part.' 365.1.]
Meiſter, *m.* =rs, =r. **master,** superior, leader, chief; teacher:—**Meiſter werden** (*with gen.*), become **master** of, get the better of, overcome, **master.** [from Latin *magister.*]
meiſtern, *v. N. tr.* **master,** get the better of, overcome, control. [from Meiſter. 405.I.1.]
melden, *v. N. tr.* mention, tell, notify, make known, announce.
melken, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. tr.* **milk.** [E. **milk.**]
Melodie', *f.* =en (*or* **Melodei,** *f.* =ei'en). **melody,** tune, air. [from Latin (Greek).]
melodiös', *adj.* **melodious,** tuneful. [from French (Latin).]
Melo'ne, *f.* =en. **melon.** [from Latin.]
Melonencactus, *m.* **melon**-like **cactus.** [Melone (422.2d) and Cactus.]
Menge, *f.* =en. multitude, great number *or* quantity, mass, crowd. [related with mannig, manch, '**many.**']
mengen, *v. N. tr.* make into a mass together, **mingle,** mix, blend. [E. **mingle**; also related with *among:* perhaps related with Menge.]
Menſch, *m.* =ſchen, =ſchen. man, person, human being. [derivative (originally adjective) from Mann, '**man.**']
Menſchenantlitz, *n.* =tzes, =tze. human countenance. [Menſch (422.2b) and Antlitz.]
Menſchenart, *f.* =ten. kind of human beings, race. [Menſch (422.2b) and Art.]
Menſchenbildung, *f.* =gen. human culture, civilization. [Menſch (422.2b) and Bildung.]
Menſchenbruſt, *f.* =ûſte. **breast** of man, human bosom. [Menſch (422.2b) and Bruſt.]
menſchenerhaltend, *adj.* men-preserving, conservative of the human race. [Menſch (422.2b) and erhaltend, pres. part. of erhalten.]
Menſchengeſchlecht, *n.* =ts, =te. human race. [Menſch (422.2b) and Geſchlecht.]
Menſchenhand, *f.* =ânde. human **hand.** [Menſch (422.2b) and Hand.]
Menſchenherz, *n.* =zens, =zen. **heart** of man, human **heart.** [Menſch (422.2b) and Herz.]
Menſchenkenntniß, *f.* =ſſe. knowledge

of men *or* of human nature. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Kenntniß.]

menſchenleer, *adj.* empty of human beings, unoccupied, not populated. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and leer.]

Menſchenleere, *f.* =en. absence of human beings, want of population, desertedness. [from menſchenleer. 409. II.1.]

Menſchenloos, *n.* =ſes, =ſe. **lot** of men, human destiny. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Loos.]

Menſchenmaſſe, *f.* =en. **mass** of human beings, crowd. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Maſſe.]

Menſchenrace, *f.* =en. **race** of men. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Race.]

Menſchenſchädel, *m.* =ls, =l. human skull. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Schädel.]

Menſchenſtimme, *f.* =en. human voice. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Stimme.]

Menſchenverachtung, *f.* =gen. contempt of men. [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Verachtung.]

Menſchenwitz, *m.* =zes, =ze. human **wit.** [Menſch (422.2*b*) and Witz.]

Menſchheit, *f.* humanity, human race, mankind. [from Menſch. 409.II.2.]

menſchlich, *adj.* human; humane. [from Menſch. 415.12*a*.]

merken, *v. N. tr.* **mark,** note, perceive, observe. [from Marke. 405.I.1.]

merklich, *adj.* noticeable, perceptible. [from merken. 415.12*c*.]

merkwürdig, *adj.* **worthy** of notice, **remarkable,** notable. [merken and würdig. 424.4.]

meſſen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* measure, **mete,** ascertain the quantity of. [E. **mete.**]

Meſſer, *n.* =rs, =r. knife.

Meſſerſtich, *m.* =chs, =che. knife-thrust. [Meſſer and Stich.]

Metall', *n.* =ls, =le. **metal.** [from Latin (Greek).]

metallen, *adj.* of **metal, metallic.** [from Metall. 415.2.]

Metallglanz, *m.* **metallic** lustre, glitter of metal. [Metall and Glanz.]

metallſchmutzig, *adj.* **metal-smutted,** dirty from handling metal. [Metall and ſchmutzig.]

Metamorpho'ſe, *f.* =en. **metamorphosis,** structural change. [from Greek.]

Meth, *m.* =thes, =the. **mead,** hydromel, metheglin. [E. **mead.**]

mexicaniſch, *adj.* **Mexican.**

mich, *pers. pron. accus. sing. of* ich (151). **me.**

Miene, *f.* =en. **mien,** expression of face, look, air, bearing. [from French *mine*.]

Miethe, *f.* =en. pay, **meed;** hire, rent. [E. **meed.**]

Milch, *f.* **milk.** [E. **milk.**]

milchgebend, *adj.* **milk-giving,** yielding milk. [Milch and gebend, pres. part. of geben.]

mild (*or* **milde**), *adj.* **mild,** gentle, tender, loving; benevolent, charitable. [E. **mild.**]

Milde, *f.* **mildness,** gentleness, benevolence, mercy, charity. [from mild. 408.II.1.]

Militär, *n.* =rs, =re. **military,** soldiery. [from Latin or French.]

Milliarde, *f.* =en. **milliard,** thousand millions. [French word.]

Million', *f.* =nen. **million,** thousand thousands. [from French.]

Mimo'ſe, *f.* =en. **mimosa,** sensitive plant. [from Latin.]

minder, *adj.* less. [for minner, comparative of a lost adjective; related with Latin *minor*. 139.2.]

mindern, *v. N. tr.* lessen, diminish, abate. [from minder. 405.I.2.]

Minderung, *f.* =gen. lessening, diminution, abatement, reduction. [from mindern. 408.III.8.]

Minderzahl, *f.* =len. inferior number, minority. [minder and Zahl.]

mindeſt, *adj.* least. [for minneſt, superlative of a lost adjective; compare minder. 139.2.]

Minerva, *f.* **Minerva** (to the Romans, goddess of wisdom and of war). [Latin.]

Miniatur', *f.* =ren. **miniature,** reduced picture. [from French.]

Miniſt'er, *m.* =rs, =r. **minister.** [Latin word.]

Minne, *f.* =en. love, sexual affection.

Minnelohn, *m.* =hns, =hne. reward of love, love's wages. [Minne and Sold.]

Miöllner, *m.* =rs. **Miollner** (name of Thor's hammer). [Icelandic word.]

mir, *pers. pron. dat. sing. of* ich (151). to **me.**

miſchen, *v. N. tr.* **mix,** mingle, blend, combine. [E. **mix** (A.-S. *miscan*).]

Miſchung, *f.* =gen. **mixing,** mixture, combination. [from miſchen. 408. III.8.]

miß=, *prefix* (*almost always inseparable*, 313), *having the same force as English* **mis-.** [related with miſſen.]

mißbehagen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). displease, be disagreeable to. [miß- and behagen.]

mißbilligen, *v. N. tr.* disapprove, disallow, condemn. [miß- and billigen.]
Mißbrauch, *m.* -chs, -äuche. misuse, abuse. [miß- and Brauch.]
miſſen, *v. N. tr.* **miss,** fail of; be without, feel the absence of. [E. **miss.**]
mißfallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*). displease, be disagreeable to. [miß and fallen, '**fall**;' opposite of gefallen, 'please.']
mißhellig, *adj.* dissonant, discordant; disagreeing, at variance. [miß- and hellig.]
Mißhelligkeit, *f.* -ten. discordance, disagreement, dissension. [from mißhellig. 408.II.3.]
mißlingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* (*used only in third person*). turn out ill, prove unsuccessful, come to naught, miscarry. [miß- and -lingen; opposite of gelingen.]
mit *or* **mitt,** *adj.* **mid, middle,** central. [E. **mid**: now hardly used.]
mit, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* along, along with something *or* somebody (*to be inferred from the connection*), in conjunction *or* company, in unison, at the same time, likewise, also. *prep.* (*with dat.*). with, along with; by. [related with mitt (obsolete adjective), Mitte, mittels, E. **mid, middle,** etc.]
mitbringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** along (with one), come **bring**ing. [mit and bringen.]
Mitbruder, *m.* -rs, -brüder. colleague, fellow, member of the same fraternity (with one), CONFRÈRE. [mit and Bruder, '**brother.**']
miterfaſſen, *v. N. tr.* join in taking hold of *or* comprehending. [mit and erfaſſen.]
mitfühlen, *v. N. tr.* join in **feeling,** feel along with something *or* someone. [mit and fühlen.]
mitgeben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give** along with something else; give as dowry. [mit and geben.]
Mitgefühl, *n.* -ls, -le. fellow-**feeling,** sympathy. [mit and Gefühl.]
mitgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** along (with one), join one's company. [mit and gehen.]
mitgenießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* join in enjoying, take part in the pleasure afforded by. [mit and genießen.]
Mitglied, *n.* -bs, -der. fellow, member, one of a fraternity. [mit and Glied, 'limb.']
mithin, *adv. or conj.* consequently, accordingly, therefore. [mit and hin, 'hence.']
mitkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **come** along (with one), follow in company; bear a part, share, participate. [mit and kommen.]
Mitleid, *n.* -bs. SYMPATHY, COMPASSION, commiseration, pity. [mit and Leid, 'suffering.']
mitleidig, *adj.* COMPASSIONATE, pitiful. [from Mitleid. 415.9*a*.]
mitnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take along, carry with one. [mit and nehmen.]
mitreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* drag along, involve in one's own violent motion. [mit and reißen.]
mitſchweben, *v. N. intr.* h. join in floating *or* swaying. [mit and ſchweben.]
mitſein, *v. O*(244). *intr.* ſ. join in, bear a part, participate. [mit and ſein, 'be.']
mitſprechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* h. join in **speak**ing, take part in a talk, do one's share of conversing. [mit and ſprechen.]
Mittag, *m.* -gs, -ge. **mid-day,** noon, meridian; direction of the sun at noon, south. [mit and Tag.]
Mittagshöhe, *f.* -en. meridian **height,** culmination. [Mittag (422.2*b*) and Höhe.]
Mittagsſonne, *f.* -en. **midday sun,** [Mittag (422.2*b*) and Sonne.]
Mitte, *f.* **middle, midst,** centre. [from mit or mitt, '**mid.**']
mittel, *adj.* (*little used in the positive degree, except in composition*). **middle,** mid, central, interior, inner. [related with mit, Mitte, etc.]
Mittel, *n.* -ls, -l. MEDIUM, means, instrumentality, expedient. [from Mittel. 409.I.2.]
Mittelaſien, *n.* -ns. Central Asia. [mittel and Aſien.]
mittelbar, *adj.* MEDIATE, indirect. [from Mittel. 415.1.]
Mittelclaſſe, *f.* -en. **middle class,** intermediate rank. [mittel and Claſſe.]
Mittelmeer, *n.* -rs, -re. sea enclosed by land, interior ocean, mediterranean. [mittel and Meer.]
Mittelpunkt, *m.* -ts, -te. **middle** *or* central **point,** centre. [mittel and Punkt.]
Mittelraum, *m.* -ms, -räume. central space, interior **room.** [mittel and Raum.]
mittels *or* **mittelſt,** *prep.* (*with gen.*). by means of, by help of, through. [gen-

itive of Mittel; the final t of mittelſt a superfluous addition.]

mittelſt, *adj.* (*superlative of* mittel). **mid**most, central.

Mittelſtufe, *f.* =en. **middle step** *or* degree, intermediate *or* transitional step. [mittel and Stufe.]

mitten, *adv.* (*followed by a preposition*). **midway**:—**mitten in, in** *or* into the **midst** of; **mitten durch, through** the **midst** of, *etc.* [from Mitte.]

Mitternacht, *f.* =ächte. **midnight.** [mitt, '**mid**,' and Nacht.]

Mitternachtsſtunde, *f.* =en. **midnight** hour. [Mitternacht (422.2*c*) and Stunde.]

mittheilen, *v. N. tr.* cause to be shared, communicate, impart. [mit and theilen, 'share.']

mittlerweile, *adv.* **meanwhile**, in the mean time. [mittel and Weile. 365.1.]

mitunter, *adv.* now and then, sometimes. [mit and unter, 'among;' equivalent to mitten unter anderm, 'midway among other things.']

Mode, *f.* =en. **mode**, fashion. [French word.]

Moder, *m.* =rs, =r. mould, decay. [related with **mother** (of vinegar, etc.) and **mud**.]

modiſch, *adj.* **modish**, fashionable. [from Mode. 415.10*a*.]

mögen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 251). *intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* (*modal auxiliary*, 255). **may, might**:—*originally*, have power, be able; *then*, be permitted *or* allowed, be conceded as possible; like, choose, care, desire. [E. **may** and **might**.]

möglich, *adj.* possible, practicable, feasible:—**wo möglich**, if possible. [from mögen. 415.12*c*.]

Möglichkeit, *f.* =ten. possibility, feasibility, practicableness. [from möglich. 409.II.3.]

Molch, *m.* =ches, =che. salamander, lizard, saurian, dragon, monster.

Moment', *m.* =ts, =te. **moment**, instant. [from French.]

Monarch', *m.* =chen, =chen. **monarch**, sovereign. [from Greek.]

monarchiſch, *adj.* **monarchical**. [from Monarch. 415.10*b*.]

Monat, *m.* =ts, =te. **month.** [E. **month**: related with Mond.]

Mönch, *m.* =ches, =che. **monk**, friar. [from Greek *monachos*.]

Mönchskleidung, *f.* =gen. **monk's** dress *or* garb. [Mönch and Kleidung, '**clothing**.']

Mond, *m.* =des (*or* =den), =de (*or* =den). **moon**; **month**. [E. **moon**: modern corruption of Mon.]

mondbeſtrahlt, *adj.* **moon**lit. [Mond and beſtrahlt, past part. of beſtrahlen.]

Mondenglanz, *m.* =zes. radiance *or* brightness of the **moon**. [Mond (422.2*b*) and Glanz.]

Mondenſchein, *m.* =ns. **moonshine, moon**light. [Mond (422.2*b*) and Schein.]

Mondgebirg, *n.* =gs, =ge. Mountains of the **Moon** (supposed range in Central Africa). [Mond and Gebirg.]

Mondlicht, *n.* =ts. **moonlight.** [Mond and Licht.]

Mongole, *m.* =en, =en. **Mongol.**

mongoliſch, *adj.* **Mongolian**. [from Mongole. 415.10*b*.]

monoton', *adj.* **monotonous.** [from Greek.]

Montur', *f.* =ren. uniform, regimentals, outfit, rig. [from French.]

Moor, *n.* =res, =re. **moor**, morass, swamp, bog, fen. [E. **moor**.]

Moorboden, *m.* =ns, =n. boggy land, swampy surface, marshy soil. [Moor and Boden, '**bottom**.']

Moos, *n.* =ſes, =ſe. **moss.** [E. **moss**.]

moraliſch, *adj.* **moral**, ethical. [from Latin. 415.10*b*.]

Mord, *m.* =des, =de. **murder**, homicide; bloodshed, massacre. [E. **murder**.]

Mordblick, *m.* =cks, =cke. **murder**ous look, deadly *or* fatal glance. [Mord and Blick.]

morden, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. commit **murder**, murder, slaughter. [from Mord. 405.I.1.]

Mörder, *m.* =rs, =r. **murderer.** [from Mord. 410.3*a*.]

mörderiſch, *adj.* **murder**ous, bloodthirsty. [from Mörder. 415.10*a*.]

Morgen, *m.* =ns, =n. **morn, morning**, beginning of day; direction of the sun at morning, east, orient:—**morrow**, day following:—**morgens** *or* **Morgens**, *adv'l gen.* (220.1), of a morning, in the morning. [E. **morn, morrow**.]

morgen, *adv.* **to-morrow**, the day after to-day. [E. **morrow**.]

Morgen, *m.* =ns, =n. a certain measure of land (of variable value), acre:—*rarely and improperly, as measure of length*, rod, perch. [perhaps same word as Morgen, 'morn,' as quantity ploughed in a morning or the like.]

Morgendämmerung, *f.* =gen. **morn-**

ing-twilight, dawn. [Morgen and Dämmerung.]

Morgenland, *n.* =änder. eastern country, East, Orient. [Morgen and Land, '**land.**']

morgenländiſch, *adj.* pertaining to the East, Oriental. [from Morgenland. 415.10*a*.]

Morgenlicht, *n.* =ts, =ter. **morning light.** [Morgen and Licht.]

Morgenluft, *f.* =üfte. **morning** air *or* breeze. [Morgen and Luft.]

Morgenroth, *n.* =ths. **red of morning**, aurora. [Morgen and Roth.]

morgens, *adv.* **of a morning**, in the morning. [genitive of Morgen. 364.1.]

Morgentraum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **morning dream.** [Morgen and Traum.]

Morgenzug, *m.* =gs, =üge. **morning** draught, early breeze. [Morgen and Zug.]

Moſchee', *f.* =en. **mosque**, Mohammedan house of worship. [from Arabic *masjid*.]

Moſchus, *m.* **musk.** [from Greek.]

Moſchusſtier, *m.* =rs, =re. **musk-ox.** [Moſchus and Stier, '**steer.**']

Moskau, *n.* **Moscow.**

Mosquito, *m.* =to's, =tos. **mosquito.** [Spanish word.]

Motte, *f.* =en. **moth.** [E. **moth.**]

Mottenwelt, *f.* =ten. **world of moths.** [Motte and Welt.]

Mouflon', *m.* =ns, =ns. **moufflon**, wild sheep. [French word.]

Möve *or* **Mewe**, *f.* =en. sea-gull, **mew.** [E. **mew.**]

müde, *adj.* tired, weary, fatigued. [related with mühen.]

Mühe, *f.* =en. toil, labor, trouble, pains, trying effort.

mühen, *v. N. tr.* trouble, occasion labor *or* **pains** to. [from Mühe. 405. I.1.]

mühevoll, *adj.* painful, laborious, toilsome. [Mühe and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Mühle, *f.* =en. **mill.** [from mahlen, 'grind.']

Mühlenrad *or* **Mühlrad**, *n.* =ds, =äder. **mill-wheel.** [Mühle (422.2*d*) and Rad.]

Muhme, *f.* =en. female relative, aunt *or* cousin.

mühſam, *adj.* toilsome, laborious, painful. [from Mühe. 415.13*a*.]

Mulciber, *m.* =rs. **Mulciber** (a name of Vulcan). [Latin.]

Mu'mie, *f.* =en. **mummy**, embalmed corpse. [from Persian.]

Mumme, *f.* =en. **mask**, muffle.

mummen, *v. N. tr.* mask, muffle, disguise. [E. **mumm, mummery**: from Mumme. 405. I.1.]

=mund, *in* Vormund *and other compounds and derivatives*, protection.

Mund, *m.* =des, =de *or* =münde *or* =münder. **mouth.** [E. **mouth.**]

münden, *v. N. intr.* h. discharge (as through a **mouth**). [from Mund. 405. I.1.]

Mündlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **mouth.** [from Mund. 410.1.]

Mündung, *f.* =gen. **mouth**, orifice, outlet. [from münden. 408. III. 8.]

Munition', *f.* =nen. **munition**, ammunition. [French.]

Münſter, *n. or m.* =rs, =r. **minster**, cathedral. [from Latin *monasterium*.]

munter, *adj.* lively, sprightly, vivacious, brisk, cheery, **gay**; **awake**, wakeful.

muntern, *v. N. tr.* cheer up, enliven, arouse. [from munter. 405. I.2.]

Münze, *f.* =en. coin, coined **money**; **mint.** [E. **mint, money**: from Latin *moneta*.]

münzen, *v. N. tr.* coin, stamp:—**es auf einen münzen**, have a design upon one, plot against one. [from Münze. 405. I.1.]

murmeln, *v. N. intr.* h. murmur, mutter.

murren, *v. N. intr.* h. grumble, growl, mutter, snarl. [corrupted from Latin *murmurare*.]

mürriſch, *adj.* peevish, pettish, wayward, surly. [from murren. 415.10.]

Mus, *n.* =ſes, =ſe. boiled food, porridge.

Muſchel, *f.* =ln. **muscle**, shell-fish; shell. [from Latin *musculus*.]

Muſelmann, *m.* =ns, =änner. **Mussulman, Moslem**, Mohammedan. [from Arabic.]

Muſe'um, *n.* =ms, =ſe'en. **museum**; study. [Latin (Greek) word.]

Muſik', *f.* =ken. **music.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Muskel, *m.* =ls, =ln. **muscle** (organ of animal motion). [from Latin *musculus*.]

Muskelanſtrengung, *f.* =gen. **muscular** exertion *or* effort. [Muskel and Anſtrengung.]

Muskelkraft, *f.* =äfte. **muscular** power *or* force. [Muskel and Kraft.]

Muße, *f.* leisure, ease, freedom from occupation. [related with müſſen.]

müſſen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 251). *tr.* (*modal auxiliary*, 256). **must**, be under ne-

cessity, be compelled *or* forced, have to, cannot but. [E. **must**: original meaning, 'find place *or* opportunity.']

müßig, *adj.* at leisure, unemployed, idle, without effort *or* action. [from Muße. 415.9*a*.]

Müßiggang, *m.* =gs. idleness, unemployed condition, destitution of occupation. [müßig and Gang, '**going.**']

Muſter, *n.* =rs, =r. pattern, model, example, paragon. [through Italian *mostra*, from Latin *monstrare*, 'show.']

Muſterring, *m.* =gs, =ge. sample *or* model **ring.** [Muſter and Ring.]

Muth, *m.* =thes. **mood**, disposition, character *or* frame of mind; spirit, courage, mettle: —**zu Muthe ſein**, feel; **zu Muthe werden**, come to feel. [E. **mood.**]

muthen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. be minded *or* disposed.—*tr.* (*obsolete*) desire, require. [from Muth. 405.I.1.]

muthig, *adj.* courageous, spirited, mettlesome, daring. [from Muth. 415.9*a*.]

Muthwillen, *m.* =ns. wantonness, pertness, petulancy, humorsomeness. [Muth and Willen, '**will.**']

muthwillig, *adj.* wanton, pert, mischievous, petulant. [from Muthwillen. 415.9*a*.]

Mutter, *f.* =ütter. **mother.** [E. **mother.**]

Mutterliebe, *f.* maternal **love.** [Mutter and Liebe.]

Mutterluſt, *f.* **motherly** delight, maternal enjoyment. [Mutter and Luſt.]

Mutterpferd, *n.* =bs, =be. nursing mare, **mother** with foal. [Mutter and Pferd.]

Mütze, *f.* =en. cap.

myſtiſch, *adj.* **mystic, mystical.** [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

Mythe, *f.* =en. **myth**, legend, fable. [from Greek.]

mythologiſch, *adj.* **mythological.** [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

nach, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* after, behind; in accordance; for, about: —**nach und nach**, by gradual sequence *or* progression, little by little, by degrees.

prep. (*with dat.*). after, behind, next following; in accordance with, conformably to, after the manner of; for, about, respecting: —*frequent with adverbs, as* **nach oben**, upward, **nach außen**, outward, *etc.* [same word with nah, '**nigh**;' original meaning, 'near to,' i.e. 'next upon, following.']

nachahmen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*) *or tr.* imitate, copy, pattern after, mimic, follow as model:—**nachahmend**, *pres. part. as adj.*, imitative. [nach and ahmen.]

Nachbar, *m.* =rs *or* =rn, =rn. **neighbor.** [E. **neighbor**; nach for nah, '**nigh,**' and bar, related with Bauer, 'dweller.']

Nachbarin, *f.* =innen. (female) **neighbor.** [from Nachbar. 410.4.]

nachbarlich, *adj.* **neighborly.** [from Nachbar. 415.12*a*.]

nachdem, *conj.* after the time that, after; according to the way that, according as. [nach and dem, dative of der (das).]

nachdenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *intr.* h. **think** continuously, reflect, meditate, ponder. [nach and denken.]

nachdenklich, *adj.* meditative, reflecting, thoughtful. [from nachdenken. 415.12*c*.]

Nachdruck, *m.* =ds, =drücke. impressiveness, stress, emphasis, energy. [nach and Druck, 'pressure.']

nachdrücklich, *adj.* express, emphatic, forcible, energetic. [from Nachdruck. 415.12*a*.]

nacheifern, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). follow zealously, imitate with eagerness, be emulous of, emulate. [nach and eifern, 'be eager.']

nacheilen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). hurry after, follow in haste. [nach and eilen.]

Nachen, *m.* =ns, =n. boat, skiff, wherry.

nachfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. pass *or* drive after. [nach and fahren, '**fare.**']

nachfolgen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. (*with dat.*). **follow** after, succeed to. [nach and folgen.]

Nachfolger, *m.* =rs, =r. **follower**, successor. [from nachfolgen. 408.III.4.]

nachgeben, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*) **give** way to, yield to; yield, relax, slacken. [nach and geben.]

nachgiebig, *adj.* yielding, compliant, complaisant. [from nachgeben. 415.9*b*.]

nachgrübeln, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*)

dig after, search laboriously for, investigate minutely. [nach and grübeln.]

nachher, *adv.* afterwards, later, subsequently. [nach and her.]

nachjagen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. (*with dat.*) hunt after, chase, search out. [nach and jagen.]

nachkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. (*with dat.*) **come** after, follow; comply with. [nach and kommen.]

nachlaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* leave behind; allow, not interfere with, overlook *or* wink at.—*intr.* h. **let** up, relax, slacken. [nach and laſſen.]

Nachricht, *f.* =ten. news, intelligence, information, advice, notice, report. [nach and =richt, as 'directing or guiding report.']

nachſagen, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*) **say** after; tell behind one's back *or* to his disadvantage, report slanderously of. [nach and ſagen.]

nachſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*) look *or* gaze after. [nach and ſchauen.]

nachſchicken, *v. N. tr.* send after, despatch behind *or* in pursuit. [nach and ſchicken.]

nachſprengen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. gallop after *or* behind. [nach and ſprengen.]

nächſt, *adj.* (*superlative of* nah, 139.1). **next,** nearest, closest:—*as noun,* neighbor, fellow-being.

nachſtellen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*) lay snares for, waylay. [nach and ſtellen, 'put.']

Nachſtellung, *f.* =gen. waylaying, hostile design, plot. [from nachſtellen. 408. III.8.]

Nacht, *f.* =ächte. **night;** darkness:—**über Nacht, overnight,** during the night, before the morrow. [E. **night.**]

Nachtheil, *m.* =ls, =le. disadvantage, detriment, prejudice, harm. [nach and Theil, 'part;' opposite of Vortheil.]

nachtheilig, *adj.* disadvantageous, detrimental, prejudicial, harmful. [from Nachtheil. 415.9*a*.]

nachthun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* (*with accus. and dat.*) **do** after *or* in imitation of:—**etwas einem nachthun,** rival *or* come up with any one in anything. [nach and thun.]

Nachtigall, *f.* =len. **nightingale.** [Nacht and old German *gala,* 'singer.']

nächtlich, *adj.* **nightly,** nocturnal; dark, dismal. [from Nacht. 415.12*a*.]

Nachtmütze, *f.* =en. **night** cap. [Nacht and Mütze.]

nachts, *adv.* by **night,** in the night. [as if genitive of Nacht. 220.1.]

Nachzug, *m.* =gs, =üge. after march, hind part of an army, rear. [nach and Zug, 'march.']

Nacken, *m.* =ns, =n. back of the **neck,** nape, neck. [E. **neck.**]

nackt, *adj.* **naked,** bare, nude. [E. **naked.**]

Nadel, *f.* =ln. **needle,** pin, knitting-needle. [E. **needle.**]

Nagel, *m.* =ls, =ägel. **nail.** [E. **nail.**]

nagen, *v. N. intr.* h. **gnaw.** [E. **gnaw.**]

nah *or* **nahe,** *adj.* (*comp.* näher, *superl.* nächſt). **nigh, near,** close, **neighboring.** [E. **nigh,** also **near** (originally comparative, näher).]

Nähe, *f.* =en. **nearness,** proximity, vicinity, neighborhood. [from nah. 409.II.1.]

nahen, *v. N. intr.* h. **draw nigh,** come near, approach.—*refl.* approach, come up, accost. [from nah. 405.I.2.]

nähen, *v. N. tr.* sew, stitch.

nähern, *v. N. tr.* bring **nearer,** approach.—*refl.* bring one's self **near,** draw **nigh,** approach, approximate; resemble, be like. [from näher, comparative of nah. 405.I.2*a*.]

=nahme, *f.* =en. taking. [from nehmen (408.II.2); not used except in compounds.]

nähren, *v. N. tr.* cherish, nurse, nourish, support, supply with food, feed, foster. [causative of =neſen, 'be in health;' lit'ly, 'make well.' 404.I.1.]

Nahrung, *f.* =gen. nourishment, food, diet, support. [from nähren (408.III. 8), with irregularly altered vowel.]

Naht, *f.* =ähte. seam, suture, line of juncture. [from nähen. 408.II.1.]

Name *or* **Namen,** *m.* =ns, =n. **name,** title, appellation; repute, fame. [E. **name.**]

namenlos, *adj.* **nameless,** indescribable, unspeakable. [Namen and los. 415.15*a*.]

nämlich, *adj.* (*with definite article*). same, self-same.—*adv.* **namely,** to wit, that is to say. [from Name. 415. 12*a*.]

Napoleoniſch, *adj.* **Napoleonic,** of Napoleon. [415.10*b*.]

Narr, *m.* =ren, =ren. fool.

Naſe, *f.* =en. **nose.** [E. **nose.**]

Naſeweis, *m.* =ſes *or* =ſen, =ſe *or* =ſen. (*name of reproach*) impertinence, jackanapes. [properly adjective, from

Naſe and weiſe, '**wise**,' meaning 'keenscented,' then 'would-be knowing,' 'nose-wise rather than brain-wise.']

naß, *adj.* (*usually* à *in comparison*). wet, moist.

national', *adj.* **national.** [from Latin.]

nationaliſiren, *v. N. tr.* **nationalize.** [from French *nationaliser*. 404.II.4.]

Nationalität, *f.* -ten. **nationality.** [from Latin.]

Natrum, *n.* -mś. **natron**, native carbonate of soda. [from late Latin.]

Natrumſee, *m.* -eś, -en. soda *or* alkaline lake. [Natrum and See, '**sea.**']

Natter, *f.* -rn. **adder**, viper. [E. **adder** (A-S. *nædre* etc.).]

Natur', *f.* -ren. **nature**, character; being; **Nature.** [from Latin.]

Naturanſicht, *f.* -ten. view of **nature, natural** theory. [Natur and Anſicht.]

Naturbeſchaffenheit, *f.* -ten. **natural** constitution, conditions of physical character. [Natur and Beſchaffenheit.]

Naturcharakter, *m.* -rś, -re. **natural character**, kind of physical constitution *or* condition. [Natur and Charakter.]

Naturerſcheinung, *f.* -gen. **natural** phenomenon, appearance in nature. [Natur and Erſcheinung.]

Naturgemälde, *n.* -eś, -e. **natural** depiction, description of physical conditions. [Natur and Gemälde.]

Naturintereſſe, *n.* -eś, -en. **natural interest**, interest belonging to physical constitution *or* conditions. [Natur and Intereſſe.]

Naturkraft, *f.* -äfte. **natural** force, power of nature. [Natur and Kraft.]

natürlich, *adj.* **natural**, proceeding from *or* in accordance with nature, not artificial, unaffected, not out of the ordinary course.—*adv.* **naturally**, as a matter of course. [from Natur. 415.12*a*.]

Naturrevolution, *f.* -nen. **revolution** in **nature**, physical convulsion *or* catastrophe. [Natur and Revolution.]

Naturverhältniß, *n.* -ſſeś, -ſſe. **natural** relation, condition of nature. [Natur and Verhältniß.]

Neapolitaner, *m.* -rś, -r. **Neapolitan**, inhabitant of **Naples** (*or* **Neapolis**): *as adjective*, **Neapolitan**, belonging to **Naples.** [410.3*b*, *c*; 415.5.]

neapolitaniſch, *adj.* **Neapolitan**, belonging to **Naples.** [415.10*b*, *d*.]

Nebel, *m.* -ls, -l. mist, fog, haze, cloud.

nebelartig, *adj.* cloud-like, of the manner of a mist *or* fog. [Nebel and -artig, from Art, 'manner.' 415.15*f*.]

Nebelberg, *m.* -gś, -ge. hazy mountain, mountain of mist *or* vapor. [Nebel and Berg.]

Nebeleimer, *m.* -rś, -r. mist-pail, bucket of fog *or* vapor. [Nebel and Eimer.]

Nebelſtreif, *m.* -fś, -fe. streak *or* line of mist, patch of vapor. [Nebel and Streif, '**stripe.**']

Nebelwind, *m.* -bś, -be. fog-**wind**, wind drenched with vapor. [Nebel and Wind.]

neben, *adv.* beside:—**neben aus**, out to one side, off sideways, by.

prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). beside, by the side of, by, with; along with, in addition to, besides. [from in eben, 'in equality, parallel.']

nebenher, *adv.* along by the side, along in company; as a matter aside *or* by the way. [neben and her.]

Nebenzimmer, *n.* -rś, -r. side room, adjoining apartment. [neben and Zimmer.]

nebſt, *prep.* (*with dat.*). along with, together with. [for nebs, and this for nebens, inorganic formation from neben.]

necken, *v. N. tr.* tease, banter, vex.

Necker, *m.* -rś, -r. teaser, banterer. [from necken. 408.III.4.]

Neckerei, *f.* -eien. teasing, raillery. [from Necker. 410.2.]

Neger, *m.* -rś, -r. **negro**, black. [French *nègre*.]

Negerhorde, *f.* -en. **negro horde**, tribe of blacks. [Neger and Horde.]

nehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take, seize; receive, accept.—*refl.* conduct one's self, behave:—**nehmen wahr, Theil, weg**, *see* wahrnehmen, theilnehmen, wegnehmen. [old English **nim.**]

Nehmer, *m.* -rś, -r. taker. [from nehmen. 408.III.4.]

Neid, *m.* -beś, -be. envy, jealousy, grudge.

neidiſch, *adj.* envious, jealous, grudging. [from Neid. 415.10*a*.]

Neige, *f.* -en. emptyings, sediment, dregs, bottom, remnant. [from neigen (as what one must *till* the cask or vessel for). 408.II.2.]

neigen, *v. N. tr.* tilt, bend over, incline.—*refl.* bow, incline; tend, approach:—**geneigt**, *past part.*, inclined, not upright; INCLINED, disposed, favorable, well-affectioned.

Neigung, *f.* -gen. inclination, slope;

propensity, proneness; INCLINATION, affection, attachment. [from neigen. 408.III.8.]

nein, *indecl.* (360*a*). **no,** nay. [*ni* or *ne* (old negative) and ein, '**one**;' hence literally, '**none.**']

Nektar, *m.* -rs, -re. **nectar,** drink of the gods. [Greek word.]

nennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* **name,** call, denominate; mention by **name,** speak of. [for old nemnen, from Namen. 405.I.1.]

Nerv, *m.* -ves, -ve; *or* **Nerve,** *m. or f.* -en, -en. **nerve,** sinew. [from Latin.]

nervenreich, *adj.* **rich** in **nerves,** abounding in **nervous** force. [Nerv (422.2*d*) and reich. 415.15*c*.]

nervig, *adj.* **nervous,** sinewy. [from Nerv. 415.9*a*.]

-nesen, *only in* geneſen, become well, thrive, be cured.

Neſſel, *f.* -ln. **nettle.** [E. **nettle.**]

Neſt, *n.* -ſtes, -ſter. **nest.** [E. **nest.**]

nett, *adj.* **neat,** cleanly, spruce, nice, pretty. [from Latin *nitidus*, 'shining.']

Netz, *n.* -tzes, -tze. **net,** snare, toil. [E. **net.**]

netzen, *v. N. tr.* wet, moisten. [from naß, with irregular change of final. 405.I.2.]

neu, *adj.* **new,** fresh, unused; recent, late, modern; novel:—**von neuem, aufs neue, anew,** afresh, over again; **Neues, news.** [E. **new.**]

neuentdeckt, *adj.* **newly** discovered, **new-**found. [neu and entdeckt, past part. of entdecken.]

neuerdings, *adv.* **newly,** lately, of late. [neu and Ding, '**thing.**' 365.1.]

neuerſchaffen, *adj.* **newly** created, just formed. [neu and erſchaffen, past part. of erſchaffen.]

Neufundland, *n.* -ds. **Newfoundland.** [from English.]

neugierig, *adj.* curious, inquisitive. [neu and gierig, 'greedy.']

neuglühend, *adj.* **newly glowing,** with fresh ardor. [neu and glühend, pres. part. of glühen.]

neulich, *adv.* newly; recently, lately, of late, the other day. [from neu. 415.12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

neumodiſch, *adj.* **new-**fashioned, new-fangled, fashionable. [neu and modiſch.]

neun, *num.* **nine.** [E. **nine.**]

neunzehn, *num.* **nineteen.** [neun and zehn, '**ten.**']

neunzig, *num.* **ninety.** [from neun; zig derived from zehn.]

nicht, *indef. pron.* **naught;** *very rarely used, in phrases, as* zu nichte, to naught: *compare* nichts.

adv. **not.** [*ni, ne* (old negative particle), and Wicht, '**wight, aught.**']

nichts, *indef. pron. indeclinable* (188). **naught,** nothing; nothingness, nonentity, non-existence:—*adverbially,* in nothing, no wise, not at all. [originally genitive of nicht.]

nichtsdeſtoweniger, *adv.* nevertheless, notwithstanding. [nichts, deſto, 'by so much,' and weniger, 'less.']

nicken, *v. N. intr.* h. nod. [related with neigen.]

nie, *adv.* never, at no time. [*ni* or *ne,* old negative particle, and je, 'ever.']

niebewölkt, *adj.* never clouded, ever clear. [nie and bewölkt, past part. of bewölken.]

nieden, *adv.* below, **beneath.** [related with nieder. 367.3*a*.]

nieder, *adj.* **nether,** lower, situated **beneath;** low, base, mean.

adv. and sep'ble prefix. down, toward below *or* **beneath,** downward. [E. **neath, nether.**]

niederbeugen, *v. N. tr.* **bow** down, bend downward. [nieder and beugen.]

niederbrennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* h. **burn** down.—*tr.* destroy by fire. [nieder and brennen.]

niederfallen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** down, become prostrate. [nieder and fallen.]

niederfließen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. flow down. [nieder and fließen.]

niedergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** down, descend. [nieder and gehen.]

niederklingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* h. sound downward, be heard below. [nieder and klingen.]

niederknieen, *v. N. intr.* h. **kneel** down, fall on one's knees. [nieder and knieen.]

niederlaſſen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **let** down.—*refl.* sit down, establish one's self, settle. [nieder and laſſen.]

niederlaufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* ſ. run down. [nieder and laufen.]

niederlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** down; deposit; resign, abdicate. [nieder and legen.]

niederliegen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* h. **lie** down, lie low, be prostrate. [nieder and liegen.]

niedermachen, *v. N. tr.* cut down, lay

low, slay. [nieder and machen, '**make.**']

niederneigen, *v. N. tr.* bow down, bend downward. [nieder and neigen.]

niederrauſchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. go rushing and roaring down, descend with noise. [nieder and rauſchen.]

niederreißen, *v. O*(III. 1). *tr.* tear down, bring down with violence, demolish. [nieder and reißen.]

niederſchauen, *v. N. intr.* ħ. look down, gaze downward. [nieder and ſchauen.]

niederſehen, *v. O*(II. 1). *intr.* ħ. look down, gaze downward. [nieder and ſehen.]

niederſchlagen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* strike down, cast down, deject, dishearten. [nieder and ſchlagen.]

niederſinken, *v. O*(I. 1). *intr.* ſ. **sink** down, descend gradually. [nieder and ſinken.]

niederſitzen, *v. O*(I. 4). *intr.* ħ. **sit** down. [nieder and ſitzen.]

niederſteigen, *v. O*(III. 2). *intr.* ſ. descend, come down. [nieder and ſteigen, 'mount.']

niederſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tumble down, come down headlong, be precipitated. — *tr.* cast down, throw headlong, prostrate. [nieder and ſtürzen.]

niedertauchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. dive down, become submerged. [nieder and tauchen, '**duck.**']

niederwerfen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* throw *or* cast down, prostrate. [nieder and werfen.]

niedlich, *adj.* pleasing, pretty, nice, dainty, delicate.

niedrig, *adj.* low, lowly, humble, abased, mean, abject. [from nieder, '**nether.**' 415. 9*b*.]

niemals, *adv.* never, at no time. [nie and Mal, 'time.' 365. 1.]

Niemand, *pron. indef.* (186). nobody, no one, not any one. [nie and Mann, '**man,**' with irregularly added *d*.]

-nießen, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr. or intr. not used except in* **genießen,** enjoy.

nimmer, *adv.* never, at no time; never again, **no more.** [*ne, ni,* old negative particle, and immer, 'ever.']

nimmermehr, *adv.* **nevermore,** never again; never at all, by no means. [nimmer and mehr.]

nirgend *or* **nirgends,** *adv.* nowhere, in no place, not anywhere. [*ne, ni,* old negative particle, and irgend.]

niſten, *v. N. intr.* ħ. **nest, nestle,** settle down. [from Neſt. 405. I. 1.]

noch, *adv.* in addition *or* continuation, besides, further, still, as yet, yet:— **noch nicht,** not yet; **noch ein,** one more, another (198. 3*c*); **noch einmal ſo . . ., as . . .** again, twice as . . . . [perhaps from the root of genug.]

noch, *conj.* (*after a negative word, especially* weder) nor. [contains (unlike the preceding word) the old negative particle *ne* or *ni*.]

nochmals, *adv.* again, once more. [noch, *adv.*, and Mal. 365. 1.]

nomadiſch, *adj.* **nomadic,** wandering. [from Greek. 415. 10*b*.]

Nord, *m.* -des, -de; *or* **Norden,** -ns, -n. **north.** [E. **north.**]

nordaſiatiſch, *adj.* **northern Asiatic,** belonging to north Asia. [Nord and aſiatiſch.]

nordiſch, *adj.* **northern,** belonging to the north. [from Nord. 415. 10*a*.]

nördlich, *adj.* **northerly, northern.** [from Nord. 415. 12*a*.]

Nordlicht, *n.* -ts, -ter. **northern lights,** aurora borealis. [Nord and Licht.]

Nordlichtſchein, *m.* -ns, -ne. **sheen** *or* glow of the **northern lights.** [Nordlicht and Schein.]

Nordoſt, *m.* -ts, -te; *or* **Nordoſten,** -ns, -n. **north-east.** [Nord and Oſt.]

Nordwind, *m.* -ds, -de. **north wind.** [Nord and Wind.]

Normann, *m.* -ns *or* -nen, -nen. **Norman.** [Nord and Mann, originally 'Northman.']

Norwegen, *n.* -ns. **Norway.**

Noth, *f.* -öthe *or* -öthen. **need,** necessity, compulsion; want, exigency, trouble, difficulty, distress, misery: —**Noth thun,** be necessary. [E. **need.**]

nöthig, *adj.* **needful,** necessary, requisite:—**nöthig haben,** be in need of, have occasion for, need, want, require. [from Noth. 415. 9*a*.]

nöthigen, *v. N. tr.* necessitate, constrain, compel, force. [from nöthig. 405. I. 2.]

nothwendig, *adj.* necessary, requisite, indispensable. [Noth and wendig, from wenden, 'turn.']

Nothwendigkeit, *f.* -ten. necessity, requisiteness, indispensability. [from nothwendig. 409. II. 3.]

November, *m.* -rs, -r. **November.** [from Latin.]

Nu, *n. or m.* present moment; moment, instant. [same word as nun.]

numidiſch, *adj.* **Numidian.** [from Latin. 415. 10*b*.]

nun, *adv.* **now,** at present, at this

time; as things are, under present circumstances:—*used independently, as exclamation*, now, well;—*as conjunction* (*for* nun daß, 439.6*c*), **now** that, since. [E. **now**; in old German *nu*.]

nunmehr, *adv.* now, at *or* by this time. [nun and mehr, '**more.**']

nur, *adv.* only, solely, merely, simply; but just, just now, scarcely;—*after* wer, was, wie, wo, ever (179.4):—possibly, in any way, soever. [contracted from *niwære*, *ni wâri*, 'if it were not.']

Nürnberg, *n.* =gs. **Nuremberg.**

Nuß, *f.* =üsse. **nut.** [E. **nut.**]

Nußknacker, *m.* =rs, =r. **nut-cracker.** [Nuß and Knacker.]

Nutz, *m.* =zes; *or* **Nutzen**, =ns, =n. use, utility, advantage, service, profit, gain. [from =nießen. 408.I.]

nütz *or* **nütze**, *adj.* useful, serviceable, of advantage. [from =nießen.]

nutzbar, *adj.* useful, profitable, serviceable. [from Nutz. 415.1.]

Nutzen. *see* Nutz.

nützen *or* **nutzen**, *v. N. intr.* h. be of use *or* service, profit.—*tr.* put to use, derive advantage from, benefit by. [from Nutz. 405.I.1.]

nützlich, *adj.* useful, profitable, serviceable, advantageous. [from Nutz. 415.12*a*.]

nutzlos, *adj.* **useless**, of no use *or* service, unprofitable. [from Nutz. 415. 15*a*.]

o, *interj.* **oh! O!**

Oase *or* **Oasis**, *f.* =sen. **oasis.** [from Greek (Egyptian).]

ob, *adv.* (*rarely, in composition*). **over**, above.

prep. (*with gen. or dat.*, 374*a*: *antiquated*). over, above, upon; beyond; for, on account of.

conj. whether, if; *pregnantly*, I wonder whether, to see whether:—**ob . . . gleich** (*or, rarely, with* gleich *omitted*), **ob . . . auch, ob . . . wohl, ob . . . schon**, even though, although;—**als ob**, as if. [related with oben, ober, über, E. **over**, etc.]

Obacht, *f.* **oversight**, superintendence, heed, care. [ob, *adv.*, and Acht, 'care.']

Obelisk, *m.* =sks *or* =sken, =ske *or* =sken. **obelisk.** [from Greek.]

oben, *adv.* above, aloft, on high, at the top, on the surface; previously:—**nach oben**, upward. [from ob. 367.3.]

obenher, *in the phrase* von obenher, *that is*, von oben her, hither from above, downward, descending, coming down.

ober, *prep.* (*with dat.: not usual*). **over**, above, upon, beyond.

adj. situated above, upper, higher, superior; chief, principal, sovereign. [from ob, as a comparative.]

Oberfläche, *f.* =en. surface, superficies, outside. [ober and Fläche, 'plane.']

Oberherr, *m.* =rn, =ren. supreme lord, sovereign. [ober and Herr.]

Oberherrschaft, *f.* =ten. supremacy, sovereignty. [ober and Herrschaft, 'lordship.']

obgleich *or* **ob . . . gleich**, *conj.* although, though, albeit, notwithstanding that, even if. [ob and gleich.]

Obherrschaft, *f.* =ten. supremacy, sovereignty. [ob, *adv.*, and Herrschaft, 'lordship.']

Object, *n.* =kts, =kte. **object.** [from Latin.]

Obrigkeit, *f.* =ten. ruling body, magistracy, authorities. [from ober. 409. II.3.]

Obst, *n.* =stes. fruit, fruitage.

obwohl *or* **ob . . . wohl**, *conj.* although, though, albeit. [ob and wohl, '**well**, indeed.']

Ocean', *m.* =ns, =ne. **ocean.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Ochs *or* **Ochse**, *m.* =sen, =sen. **ox**, bullock, bull. [E. **ox.**]

öde, *adj.* desolate, waste, drear.

Oede, *f.* =en. desolation, waste, wilderness. [from öde. 409.II.1.]

Odem, *m.* =ms. breath. [same word as the more usual Athem.]

oder, *conj.* **or**, otherwise, else. [E. **or.**]

Odin, *m.* =ns. Odin, Wodan (chief divinity of the old Germanic pantheon). [from the Scandinavian: the proper German form of the name is *Wuotan*.]

Ofen, *m.* =ns, öfen. stove, furnace; **oven.** [E. **oven.**]

offen, *adj.* **open**, not shut *or* closed; public, not hidden; frank, sincere, outspoken. [E. **open**: perhaps related with auf, '**up.**']

offenbar, *adj.* plain, evident, obvious. [from offen. 415.1*c*.]

offenbaren, *v. N. tr.* make plain *or* evident, disclose, manifest, reveal. [from offenbar. 405.I.2.]

offenſiv', *adj.* **offensive.** [Latin.]
Offenſivwaffe, *f.* =en. **offensive weapon.** [offenſiv and Waffe.]
öffentlich, *adj.* public, **open.** [from offen, with irregularly inserted t. 415. 12*b*.]
Officier', *m.* =rs, =re. **officer.** [French word.]
Officin', *f.* =nen. shop, work-shop, atelier; *especially*, printing-office *or* apothecary's shop. [from Latin.]
öffnen, *v. N. tr.* **open,** unclose. [from offen. 405.I.2.]
Oeffnung, *f.* =gen. **opening,** aperture, hole, cavity. [from öffnen. 408.III.8.]
oft, *adv.* (ö *in comparison*). **oft, often,** frequently. [E. **oft, often.**]
öfter *or* **öfters**, *adv.* more **often**; **often,** frequently. [comparative of oft, but generally without compar. meaning: öfters is by form an adverbial genitive.]
oftmals, *adv.* **oft**times, **often.** [oft and Mal, 'time.' 365.1.]
Oheim *or* **Ohm**, *m.* =mes, =me. uncle.
Ohm, *f.* =men. **aam** *or* **ahm** (a certain measure). [from Latin (Greek).]
ohne, *prep.* (*with accus.*). without, apart from, destitute of; but for; except. —**ohne daß**, but **that,** save that.
ohnedies, *adv.* apart from **this,** besides this, moreover, likewise. [ohne and dies. 365.2.]
Ohnmacht, *f.* =ten. weakness, impotence; fainting-fit, swoon. [ohne and Macht, '**might.**']
ohnmächtig, *adj.* destitute of strength *or* force, impotent; fainting, in a swoon. [from Ohnmacht. 415.9*a*.]
Ohr, *n.* =res, =ren. **ear.** [E. **ear.**]
Ohrring, *m.* =gs, =ge. **earring.** [Ohr and Ring.]
Oel, *n.* =les, =le. **oil.** [from Latin *oleum*.]
Oelbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. **olive-tree,** olive. [Oel and Baum.]
Olymp', *m.* =ps. **Olympus** (mountain on which the gods were fabled to reside). [Greek.]
Opal', *m.* =ls, =le. **opal.** [from Latin.]
O'per, *f.* =rn. **opera,** musical dramatic entertainment. [from Italian.]
Opfer, *n.* =rs, =r. **offering,** sacrifice; victim. [from Latin *offerre*.]
Opfergeruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. smell of an **offering,** odor of sacrifice. [Opfer and Geruch.]
opfern, *v. N. tr.* make an **offering** of, sacrifice, immolate. [from Opfer. 405.I.1.]
Ophelie, *f.* =ens (105). **Ophelia.**
Orden, *m.* =ns, =n. **order.** [from Latin *ordo*, Ital. *ordine*.]
ordentlich, *adj.* **orderly,** regular, proper; *in half-humorous sense*, regular, downright, genuine. [from Orden (with irregularly inserted t). 415. 12*a*.]
Order, *f.* =rs *or* =rn. **order,** direction, command. [from French *ordre*.]
ordnen, *v. N. tr.* **order,** regulate, arrange, dispose duly. [from Orden. 405.I.1.]
Ordnung, *f.* =gen. **order,** regulation, disposition; **order,** class, kind. [from ordnen. 408.III.8.]
Organ', *n.* =ns, =ne. **organ.** [from Latin (Greek).]
Organiſation', *f.* =nen. **organization.** [from French (Latin).]
organiſch, *adj.* **organic.** [from Organ. 415.10*b*.]
Organismus, *m.* =s, =men. **organism,** organic structure. [from French (Latin–Greek).]
Orgel, *f.* =ln. **organ** (musical instrument). [same origin as Organ.]
orientiren, *v. N. refl.* find the **orient** *or* east-point (of the place one is in); *hence*, find one's bearings, ascertain one's own position and surroundings. [from French *orienter*. 404.II.4.]
original', *adj.* **original,** primary, ultimate. [Latin.]
Original', *n.* =ls, =le. **original,** model, antetype; peculiar *or* odd character. [Latin.]
Ort, *m.* =tes, =te *or* örter. place, spot, region.
Oſiris, *m.* **Osiris** (Egyptian divinity).
Oſt, *m.* =tes, =te; *or* **Oſten**, =ns, =n. **east,** orient. [E. **east.**]
Oſter, *f.* =n; *or* **Oſtern**, *m. f. n.* **Easter.** [E. **Easter**: related with Oſt, as name originally of a heathen goddess and festival of spring.]
Oſterfeſt, *n.* =tes, =te. **Easter festival, Easter.** [Oſter and Feſt.]
Oeſterreich *or* **Oeſtreich**, *n.* =chs. **Austria.** [Oſt or Oſter and Reich; lit'ly, 'eastern realm.']
Oſtertag, *m.* =ges, =ge. **Easter day.** [Oſter and Tag.]
Oſtindien, *n.* =ns. **East Indies, India.** [Oſt and Indien.]
öſtlich, *adj.* **easterly,** eastern, oriental. [from Oſt. 415.12*a*.]
Oſtwelt, *f.* =ten. **eastern** world, **East,** Orient. [Oſt and Welt.]
Oſtwind, *m.* =des, =de. **east wind.** [Oſt and Wind.]

Paar, *n.* =res, =re. **pair,** brace, couple:—**ein Paar** *or* **ein paar,** a couple, two or three, a few, sundry (*usually* [*not before the article* der] *construed as a numeral qualifying the following noun, and with the* ein *undeclined*). [from Latin *par.*]

paaren, *v. N. tr.* **pair,** couple, match, combine by couples, unite. [from Paar. 405.I.1.]

Pack, *m. or n.* =des, =de *or* =äcke. **pack, package,** bundle. [E. **pack.**]

packen, *v. N. tr.* **pack,** form into a parcel;—lay hold of, seize, fall upon and grasp. [from Pack. 405.I.1.]

Page, *m.* =en, =en. page (in waiting), boy attendant. [French; and to be pronounced as French, *pa-zhé.*]

Palaſt', *m.* =tes, =äſte. **palace,** royal *or* princely abode. [from Latin *palatium.*]

Paläſtina, *n.* **Palestine.**

Palme, *f.* =en. **palm-tree, palm.** [from Latin.]

Palmengebüſch, *n.* =ſches, =ſche. **palm-grove,** thicket *or* shrubbery of palms. [Palme (422.2*d*) and Gebüſch, '**bushes.**']

Palmenpfoſte, *f.* =en. **palm post** *or* stump. [Palme (422.2*d*) and Pfoſte.]

Palmwein, *m.* =ns, =ne. **palm wine.** [Palme and Wein.]

Pampa, *f.* =as. **pampa,** prairie, vast plain. [Peruvian word.]

Panier', *n.* =res, =re. **banner,** standard, flag. [from French *bannière.*]

Pannonien, *n.* =ns. **Pannonia** (ancient name of western Hungary).

Pantheon, *n.* =ns. **Pantheon,** temple to all the gods together; collective body of divinities worshipped. [Greek.]

Panther, *m.* =ers, =r. **panther.** [from Latin.]

Panzer, *m.* =rs, =r. coat of mail, defensive armor. [from Italian *panciera,* originally 'defense for the **paunch.**']

panzern, *v. N. tr.* clothe in mail, provide with armor:—**gepanzert,** clad in armor, mailed, iron-clad. [from Panzer. 405.I.1.]

Papier', *n.* =res, =re. **paper;** document. [from Latin (Greek) *papyrus,* Egyptian paper-reed.]

Papierboot, *n.* =tes, =te. **paper-boat.** [Papier and Boot.]

Papierlaterne, *f.* =en. **paper-lantern.** [Papier and Laterne.]

Pappel, *f.* =ln. **poplar.** [from Latin.]

Papſt, *m.* =tes, =äpſte. **pope.** [from Latin (Greek) *papas,* 'father.']

päpſtlich, *adj.* **papal, popish.** [from Papſt. 415.12*a.*]

Papſtthum, *n.* =ms, =ümer. **papacy, popedom.** [from Papſt. 410.8.]

Paradies', *n.* =ſes, =ſe. **paradise,** abode of bliss. [from Greek (Persian).]

Paradieſeshelle, *f.* =en. brightness as of **Paradise,** heavenly brightness. [Paradies (422.2*b*) and Helle.]

paradieſiſch, *adj.* **paradisian,** heavenly, blissful. [from Paradies. 415.10*a.*]

parallel', *adj.* **parallel.** [Greek.]

Parallel, *m.* =ls, =le; *or* **Parallele,** *f.* =en. **parallel** of latitude. [from parallel.]

Parallelkreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. **parallel** circle, **parallel** of latitude. [parallel and Kreis.]

Pardel, *m.* =ls, =l. **pard,** panther, leopard. [from Latin.]

Pardelhaut, *f.* =äute. **leopard's skin** *or* **hide.** [Pardel and Haut.]

Park, *m.* =kes, =ke. **park.** [from E. **park:** ultimately from root of bergen, 'hide, protect.']

Parze, *f.* =en. fate, goddess of destiny, (*pl.*) **Parcæ.** [from Latin *parcæ.*]

Paspalum, *n.* =ms. *Paspalum* (species of grass).

Paß, *m.* =ſſes, =äſſe. **pass, passage,** mountain road; **passport, pass.** [from Latin.]

paſſen, *v. N. intr.* h. **pass** muster, answer the purpose, fit, suit; lie in wait, wait.—*refl.* be suitable *or* proper:—**paſſend,** *pres. part. as adj.,* suitable, proper, fit, convenient. [from French *passer.*]

Patriarch, *m.* =chen, =chen. **patriarch** (high ecclesiastical dignitary, ranking above an archbishop). [from Latin (Greek).]

Patron', *m.* =ns, =ne. **patron,** protector, **patron-saint.** [from Latin.]

Patroni, *pl.* **patrons,** gentlemen. [Italian word, pl. of *patrone.*]

Pausbacke, *f.* =en. puff cheek, distended *or* blown-up cheek. [pauſen and Backe.]

Pauſe, *f.* =en. **pause,** stop. [from Latin.]

pauſen *or* **pauſchen** *or* **bauſchen,** *v. N. tr.* puff out, blow up.

Pein, *f.* **pain,** torment, distress, suffering. [from Latin *pœna,* 'punishment.']

peinigen, *v. N. tr.* cause **pain** to, afflict, torment, torture. [from Pein. 405. II. 3.]

Peitſche, *f.* =en. whip, lash, scourge. [from Polish.]

Pelz, *m.* =zes, =ze. **pelt,** furry skin, fur. [E. **pelt**: from Latin *pellis.*]

Penaten, *pl.* **Penates,** household gods. [Latin.]

penduliren, *v. N. intr.* h. hang swinging, move like a **pendulum.** [from French *penduler.* 404. II. 4.]

Pergament', *n.* =ts, =te. **parchment.** [from Latin.]

Period'e, *f.* =en. **period,** space of time, cycle, epoch. [from Greek.]

periodiſch, *adj.* **periodic, periodical.** [from Periode. 415. 10*b.*]

Peripherie', *f.* =en. **periphery,** circumference. [from Greek.]

peripheriſch, *adj.* **peripheric,** circumferential, circular. [from Peripherie. 415. 10*b.*]

Perle, *f.* =en. **pearl;** *hence,* bead, sparkling drop *or* bubble. [E. **pearl.**]

perlen, *v. N. intr.* h. **pearl,** form sparkling drops *or* bubbles. [from Perle. 405. I. 1.]

Perlenzahn, *m.* =ns, =zähne. **pearly tooth.** [Perle (422. 2*d*) and Zahn.]

Perrücke. *see* Perücke.

Perſer, *m.* =rs, =r. **Persian,** inhabitant of **Persia.** [from Perſien. 410. 3*b.*]

Perſien, *n.* =ns. **Persia.**

Perſon', *f.* =nen. **person, personage,** character. [from Latin.]

perſönlich, *adj.* **personal,** in **person.** [from Perſon. 415. 12*a.*]

Perſönlichkeit, *f.* =ten. **personality, personal** character. [from perſönlich. 409. II. 3.]

peruaniſch, *adj.* **Peruvian.** [from Peru, with double ending. 415. 10*d.*]

Perücke *or* **Perrücke,** *f.* =en. **peruke,** wig. [from French.]

Peſt, *f.* =ten. **pest,** plague. [from Latin.]

Peterskirche, *f.* =en. St. **Peter's church** (at Rome). [Peter (422. 2*b*) and Kirche.]

Pfad, *m.* =des, =de. **path,** track, way. [E. **path.**]

Pfaffe, *m.* =en, =en. priest, parson (*generally contemptuously*). [related with Papſt, from *papa.*]

Pfalz, *f.* =zen. **palace,** high official residence; **Palatinate.** [from Latin *palatium.*]

Pfalzgraf, *m.* =fen, =fen. count of the **palace,** count **palatine, palsgrave.** [Pfalz and Graf.]

Pfand, *n.* =des, =änder. pledge, token, earnest.

Pfarre, *f.* =en. **parsonage,** living, cure. [from Latin *parochia.*]

Pfarrer, *m.* =rs, =r. **parson,** minister, curate of a parish. [from Pfarre 410. 3*a.*]

Pfeife, *f.* =en. **pipe,** tube. [E. **pipe, fife.**]

Pfeil, *m.* =les, =le. arrow, dart, shaft, bolt. [from Latin *pilum.*]

Pfeiler, *n.* =rs, =r. **pillar,** column. [from Latin *pilare.*]

pfeilgeſchwind, *adj.* swift as an arrow. [Pfeil and geſchwind.]

Pferd, *n.* =des, =de. horse. [corrupted from late Latin *paraveredus,* from which comes also E. *palfrey.*]

Pferdchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little horse, pony. [from Pferd. 410. 1.]

Pferdeblut, *n.* =ts. horse's **blood.** [Pferd (422. 2*d*) and Blut.]

Pferdefleiſch, *n.* =ſches. horse's **flesh.** [Pferd (422. 2*d*) and Fleiſch.]

pfiff, *interj.* **puff!** [imitative word.]

Pfirſich, *f.* =che. **peach.** [from Latin *persicum,* 'Persian (apple);' the word in German has various forms, genders, and plurals.]

Pflanze, *f.* =en. **plant,** vegetable. [from Latin *planta.*]

pflanzen, *v. N. tr.* **plant,** set in the ground, set, fix, propagate, spread. [from Pflanze. 405. I. 1.]

pflanzenarm, *adj.* poor in **plants,** of scanty vegetation. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and arm.]

Pflanzendecke, *f.* =en. covering of vegetation. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and Decke.]

Pflanzenleben, *n.* =ns. **plant life,** vegetable existence. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and Leben.]

pflanzenleer, *adj.* **plant**less, destitute of vegetation. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and leer.]

Pflanzenwuchs, *m.* =ſes. vegetable growth. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and Wuchs.]

Pflanzenzug, *m.* =ges, =üge. train of **plants,** botanic family. [Pflanze (422. 2*d*) and Zug.]

Pflanzer, *m.* =rs, =r. **planter,** propagator, one who causes to grow *or* spread and flourish. [from pflanzen. 408. III. 4.]

Pflanzſtaat, *m.* =ts, =ten. colonial **state,** colony. [pflanzen and Staat.]

Pflaſter, *n.* =rs, =r. **plaster;** pavement. [from Latin (Greek).]

Pflaſterer, *m.* =rs, =r. paver *or* pavior, layer of pavement. [from pflaſtern. 408.III.4.]

Pflaſtererhöhung, *f.* =gen. elevation in a pavement, raised pavement. [Pflaſter and Erhöhung.]

pflaſtern, *v. N. tr.* **plaster**; pave, cover with pavement. [from Pflaſter. 405.I.1.]

Pflaſterſtein, *m.* =ns, =ne. **paving-stone.** [Pflaſter and Stein.]

Pflaſterweg, *m.* =gs, =ge. paved **way** *or* track; sidewalk. [Pflaſter and Weg.]

Pflege, *f.* =en. care, attendance, nursing, fostering. [from pflegen. 408. II.2.]

pflegen, *v.* *O*(I.3 *or* III.5) *or N. tr. or intr.* h. (*with gen.*) wait upon, attend, nurse, foster, cherish; indulge in, enjoy:—be accustomed, be wont, use.

Pflegetochter, *f.* =töchter. foster-**daughter.** [Pflege and Tochter.]

Pflicht, *f.* =ten. obligation, duty. [E. **plight**: from pflegen. 404.II.1.]

pflücken, *v. N. tr.* **pluck**, pick off, gather. [E. **pluck.**]

Pflug, *m.* =ges, =üge. **plough.** [E. **plough.**]

Pforte, *f.* =en. door, gate, **portal.** [from Latin *porta.*]

Pfoſte, *f.* =en. **post**, stake, upright beam, jamb. [from Latin *postis.*]

Pfropf, *m.* =fes, =fe. stopper, plug, cork. [E. **prop.**]

pfropfen, *v. N. tr.* plug up, stop, cork; cram, jam, crowd. [from Pfropf. 405. I.1.]

Pfund, *n.* =des, =de. **pound.** [from Latin *pondus.*]

Phänomen', *n.* =ns, =ne. **phenomenon.** [from Greek.]

Phantaſie', *f.* =en. **fantasy, fancy,** imagination. [from Greek.]

phantaſtiſch, *adj.* **fantastic,** fanciful. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

Philoſophie', *f.* =en. **philosophy.** [Greek.]

Phio'le, *f.* =en. **vial.** [from French *fiole.*]

Phlegma, *n.* **phlegm,** dullness, supineness, indifference. [Greek.]

Phöbus, *m.* **Phœbus,** Apollo (to the Greeks, the god of light or of the sun). [Greek.]

Phos'phor, *m.* =rs. **phosphorus.** [Greek.]

phosphorartig, *adj.* resembling **phosphorus, phosphor**escent. [Phosphor and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

Phyſik', *f.* **physics,** natural philosophy. [from Latin (Greek).]

phyſikaliſch, *adj.* **physical.** [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

Phyſiker, *m.* =rs, =r. **physicist,** natural philosopher. [from Phyſik. 410.3*a*.]

Phyſiognomie', *f.* =en. **physiognomy,** aspect of countenance, look. [from Greek.]

phyſiſch, *adj.* **physical,** natural. [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

Piedeſtal', *n.* =ls, =le. **pedestal.** [from French.]

piep, *interj.* **peep.** [imitative word.]

Pilger, *m.* =rs, =r. **pilgrim,** palmer; stranger. [from Ital. *pellegrino,* Latin *peregrinus,* 'foreigner.']

Pilgerfahrt, *f.* =ten. **pilgrimage.** [Pilger and Fahrt, 'journey.']

Pilot', *m.* =ten, =ten. **pilot.** [from French.]

Pilz, *m.* =ges, =ze. mushroom, fungus. [from Latin *boletus* (through *buliz, bülz*).]

Pinſel, *m.* =ls, =l. brush, **pencil-brush.** [from Latin *penicellus.*]

Piſang, *m.* =gs, =ge. plantain *or* **banana** (tree *or* fruit). [Malay word.]

Plage, *f.* =en. **plague,** molestation, calamity, misery, distress, trouble. [from Latin (Greek).]

plagen, *v. N. tr.* **plague,** afflict, torment, molest, trouble, vex. [from Plage. 405.I.1.]

Plan, *m.* =ns, =ne *or* =äne. **plane;**—**plan,** project, design, plot. [from Latin *planus.*]

Planet', *m.* =ten, =ten. **planet.** [from Greek.]

planetariſch, *adj.* **planetary,** planet-like. [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

Planke, *f.* =en. **plank,** heavy board. [from Latin.]

planvoll, *adj.* **full** of **plan,** exhibiting contrivance, systematic. [Plan and voll. 415.15*b*.]

platt, *adj.* **flat,** level, plane, even; low, mean, dull. [E. **flat.**]

Plattheit, *f.* **flatness,** dulness, insipidity, stupidity. [from platt. 409.II.2.]

plattköpfig, *adj.* **flat**-headed. [platt and köpfig, from Kopf. 424.5.]

Platz, *m.* =tzes, =ätze. **place,** room, space:—**Platz nehmen,** take a seat, sit down. [from French *place.*]

platzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. **crack** open, burst, crash. [imitative word.]

Platzregen, *m.* =ns. bursting *or* pouring *or* excessive rain. [platzen and Regen. 422.3.]

plaudern, *v. N. intr.* h. chatter, babble, gossip, chat.

Plotz, *m.* =tzes, =ötze. sudden stroke; instant. [obsolete; probably imitative word.]

plötzlich, *adj.* sudden. [from Plotz. 415. 12*a*.]

Plunder, *m.* =rs. trash, trumpery, lumber, baggage, **plunder.** [E. **plunder.**]

plündern, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* **plunder,** pillage, strip. [from Plunder. 405.I.1.]

Plünderung, *f.* =gen. **plundering,** pillage, sacking. [from plündern. 408.III.8.]

Pöbel, *m.* =ls. **populace,** rabble, mob, common *or* vulgar herd. [from Latin *populus.*]

pochen, *v. N. intr.* h. knock, beat, give successive blows.

Poesie', *f.* =en. **poesy,** poetry. [French.]

Poet', *m.* =ten, =ten. **poet.** [from Latin (Greek).]

poetiſch, *adj.* **poetic, poetical.** [from Poet. 415.10*b*.]

Pol, *m.* =les, =le. **pole** (of the earth or heavens). [from Latin (Greek).]

polar', *adj.* (*in composition*). **polar.** [Latin.]

Polarzone, *f.* =en. **polar** *or* arctic **zone.** [Polar and Zone.]

Politik', *f.* =ken. **politics; policy.** [from Latin (Greek).]

politiſch, *adj.* **political; politic.** [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

Polizei', *f.* =eien. **police.** [from Latin (Greek) *politia.*]

Polſter, *m. or n.* =rs, =r. cushion, **bolster,** pad. [E. **bolster.**]

Pomeranze, *f.* =en. orange. [from late Latin.]

Pomp, *m.* =pes, =pe. grand procession; **pomp,** splendor, show, state. [from Latin (Greek).]

Portefeuille, *n.* =e's, =es *or* =en. **portfolio.** [French.]

Poſaune, *f.* =en. trumpet, trombone. [from Latin *buccina.*]

Poſeidon, *m.* =ns. **Poseidon** (to the Greeks, god of the ocean), Neptune. [Greek.]

Poſſe, *f.* =en. jest, joke, sport, fun; trifle; farce.

Poſſenſpiel, *m.* =ls, =le. farce, ludicrous performance, mockery. [Poſſe and Spiel, 'play.']

Pracht, *f.* =ten. show, state, pomp, splendor, magnificence. [related with prangen.]

prächtig, *adj.* splendid, magnificent, gorgeous. [from Pracht. 415.9*a*.]

Prachtwagen, *m.* =ns, =n *or* =ägen. state-carriage, show-car. [Pracht and Wagen, '**wagon.**']

Präfect', *m.* =ten, =ten. **prefect.** [from Latin.]

pragmatiſch, *adj.* **pragmatic, pragmatical,** relating to the practical affairs of life. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]

prahlen, *v. N. intr.* h. make a vainglorious *or* boastful show, vaunt, flaunt, brag.

Prahler, *m.* =rs, =r. braggart, boaster. [from prahlen. 408.III.4.]

prahleriſch, *adj.* boastful, braggart, vaunting, swaggering. [from Prahler. 415.10*a*.]

Prall, *m.* =les, =le. stroke, concussion; rebound. [from prallen (or *vice versâ*).]

prallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. strike, come into violent collision; rebound.

prangen, *v. N. intr.* h. make a show, parade; be splendid, be adorned, look finely.

praſſeln, *v. N. intr.* h. crackle.

praſſen, *v. N. intr.* h. carouse, riot, gluttonize.

predigen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. **preach,** hold forth, sermonize. [from Latin *predicare.*]

Predigt, *f.* =ten. **preachment,** sermon. [from predigen. 408.II.1.]

Preis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. **price,** cost; **prize,** reward; **praise,** glory:—**Preis geben,** *see* preisgeben. [from Latin *pretium.*]

preiſen, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* **praise,** extol, glorify. [from Preis. 408.1*a*.]

preisgeben *or* **Preis geben,** *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr. sep'ble compound* (312.2). make a **prize** of, expose to sale *or* competition, expose, **give** up, abandon. [Preis and geben.]

Preſſe, *f.* =en. **press:** printing-**press.** [from preſſen. 408.III.1.]

preſſen, *v. N. tr.* **press,** squeeze, force together. [from Latin *pressare.*]

Prieſter, *m.* =rs, =r. **priest,** clergyman. [from Greek *presbüteros,* 'elder.']

Prieſtercolonie, *f.* =en. **colony** of **priests.** [Prieſter and Colonie.]

Prinz, *m.* =zen, =zen. **prince,** king's son. [from French *prince,* Latin *princeps.*]

Prinzeſſin, *f.* =innen. **princess,** daughter of a monarch. [from French *princesse,* with in (410.4) added.]

Privilegium, *n.* =mš, =gien (101.3). **privilege.** [Latin word.]
Probe, *f.* =en. **proof,** trial, essay, experiment, test; pattern, sample, example; evidence, **proof.** [from Latin *probare.*]
Probeſtück, *n.* =ćš, =će. trial piece, sample, specimen; test, trial. [Probe and Stück.]
probiren, *v. N. tr.* try, test, make **proof** of. [from Latin *probare.* 404.II.4.]
Problem', *n.* =mš, =me. **problem,** question for solution. [Greek.]
Proceß', *m.* =ſſeš, =ſſe. **process** at law, law-suit. [from Latin.]
Proceſſion, *f.* =nen. **procession.** [Latin.]
produciren, *v. N. tr.* **produce,** bring forward. [from Latin *producere.* 404.II.4.]
profitiren, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **profit,** derive advantage. [from French *profiter.* 404.II.4.]
Prolog, *m.* =gš, =ge. **prologue.** [Greek.]
Promena'de, *f.* =en. **promenade,** walk *or* ride for pleasure. [French word.]
Prophet', *m.* =ten, =ten. **prophet.** [from Greek.]
Provinz', *f.* =zen. **province.** [from Latin.]
prüfen, *v. N. tr.* try, make trial of, **prove,** examine, test. [from French *prouver* (Latin *probare*).]
Prüfung, *f.* =gen. trial, examination, test. [from prüfen. 408.III.8.]
pſychologiſch, *adj.* **psychological,** relating to the soul or spirit. [from Greek. 415.10*b*.]
Publicum, *n.* =mš. **public.** [Latin.]
Pudel, *m.* =lš, =l. **poodle**-dog, shock.
Pulcinell, *m.* =lš, =le. **punchinello,** buffoon, comic character in Italian puppet-shows. [from Italian *pulcinello.*]
Pulcinellbeinchen, *n.* =nš, =n. little leg of a **punchinello.** [Pulcinell and Beinchen.]
Pult, *n.* =teš, =te. desk, **pulpit.** [from Latin *pulpitum.*]
punctiren *or* **punktiren,** *v. N. tr.* mark with **points,** dot. [from French *ponctuer.* 404.II.4.]
Punkt, *m.* =tš, =te. **point,** dot; spot, place; article, head. [from Latin *punctum.*]
Puppe, *f.* =en. **puppet;** doll. [from French (Latin).]
pur, *adj.* **pure;** pure and simple, downright. [from Latin.]
Purpur, *m.* =rš. **purple;** dark red, deep scarlet. [from Latin.]
purpurfarbig, *adj.* **purple-**colored, dark red. [Purpur and farbig.]
purpurn, *adj.* **purple.** [from Purpur. 415.2.]
Purpurroſe, *f.* =en. **purple** or dark red **rose.** [Purpur and Roſe.]
Purzelbaum, *m.* =mš, =äume. somersault, summerset, tumble heels over head. [purzeln and Baum, 'tree;' precise application doubtful.]
purzeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. tumble.
puſten, *v. N. tr.* blow, puff, propel by the breath.
Putz, *m.* =zes. adornment, finery, showy dress, attire, array.
putzen, *v. N. tr.* adorn, deck, dress up, attire; furbish, put in order, cleanse. [from Putz. 405.I.1.]
Puzzolane, *f.* **puzzolan** (volcanic ash from Pozzuoli, used for mortar etc.) [Italian.]
Pyramide, *f.* =en. **pyramid.** [from Greek.]

Quacquero, *m.* =ro'š, =ri. **Quaker.** [Italian, from English.]
quadrat', *adj.* square, **quadrate.** [from Latin.]
Quadratmeile, *f.* =en. square **mile** (German, equal to over twenty English). [quadrat and Meile.]
quäken, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **quack,** squeak. [imitative word.]
Qual, *f.* =len. distress, pain, torment, torture. [related with E. **quell** and **kill.**]
quälen, *v. N. tr.* distress, pain, afflict, vex, tease, plague, trouble. [from Qual. 405.I.1.]
Qualm, *m.* =meš, =me. vapor, exhalation; qualm, nausea, faint, stupor. [E. **qualm.**]
qualvoll, *adj.* distressful, painful, afflicting, vexatious. [Qual and voll. 415.15*b*.]
Quartier', *n.* =rš, =re. **quarter, quarters,** lodging. [from French *quartier.*]
Quaſte, *f.* =en. tuft, tassel, ornamental knot.
Quell, *m.* =leš, =le; *or* **Quelle,** *f.* =en.

outgushing stream, spring; source, well, fountainhead; original source of knowledge. [from quellen. 408.I.]

quellen, *v. O*(III.5: *rarely N.*). *intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. flow forth, burst out (as a spring), gush, well.

quellenleer, *adj.* destitute of springs *or* fountains, not watered. [Quelle (422.2*d*) and leer.]

quellenreich, *adj.* abounding in springs or fountains, well-watered. [Quelle (422.2*d*) and reich, '**rich.**' 415.15*c*.]

quer, *adj.* (*little used except as adverb*). crosswise, diagonal, athwart, oblique.

quetſchen, *v. N. tr.* crush, squash, bruise.

quick *or* **queck,** *adj.* lively, brisk, **quick.** [E. **quick.**]

quirrevirrevit, *imitation of the twittering of swallows.*

Rabe, *m.* =en, =en. **raven.** [E. **raven.**]

Race, *f.* =en. **race.** [French.]

Rache, *f.* =en. revenge, vengeance. [from rächen. 408.III.1.]

Rachegeiſt, *m.* =ſtes, =ſter. avenging spirit. [Rache and Geiſt, '**ghost.**']

Rachen, *m.* =ns, =n. throat, jaws; *hence*, gaping abyss.

rächen, *v. N* (*rarely O.*, III.5). *tr.* revenge, avenge, exact retribution for. [E. **wreak.**]

Rad, *n.* =des, =räder. wheel.

Radius, *m.* =s, =dien. **radius,** semidiameter. [Latin word.]

raffen, *v. N. tr.* snatch, seize and move (by a quick, violent motion).

ragen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. jut out, project, stand forth, be prominent, tower up.

Ragout, *n.* =ſts, =ſts. **ragout,** dish made of fragments of meat, stew, rehash. [French.]

Rahmen, *m.* =ns, =n. frame, framing, setting, border, rim.

Rand, *m.* =des, =ränder. edge, rim, border, brink, margin:—**zu Rande,** to *or* **at** an end.

Ranſ, *m.* =ſes, =ſänke. crookedness, twist;—*hence*, intrigue, artifice, wile, trick. [related with **ringen,** '**wring,**' **renken,** '**wrench,**' etc.]

Ranke, *f.* =ken; *or* **Ranken,** *m.* =ns, =n. tendril, runner, creeper, twining shoot. [as Ranſ.]

ranken, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. *and refl.* twine, climb (*as a vine or the like*), creep. [from Ranke. 405.I.1.]

ränkevoll, *adj.* **full** of intrigue *or* artifice, trickish, slippery, disingenuous. [Ranſ (422.2*d*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Rappe, *m.* =en, =en. black horse. [related with Rabe, '**raven.**']

rar, *adj.* **rare,** uncommon, unusual; fine, exquisite. [from Latin.]

raſch, *adj.* impetuous, hasty, hurried, speedy, lively, quick, swift. [E. **rash.**]

raſcheln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. rustle, rattle. [imitative word.]

Raſen, *m.* =ns, =n. turf, sward, sod.

raſen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. rave, rage, be mad *or* delirious, be in a fury *or* passion:—**raſend,** *pres. part. as adj.*, furious, frantic, mad, delirious, raging.

Raſenſcholle, *f.* =en. turf-clod. [Raſen and Scholle.]

Räſonnement, *n.* =ts. **reasoning,** ratiocination, process of inference. [French word.]

raſſeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **rattle,** clatter, clank. [imitative word.]

Raſt, *f.* =ten. **rest,** repose, quiet. [E. **rest.**]

raſten, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. **rest,** repose. [from Raſt. 405.I.1.]

raſtlos, *adj.* **restless,** without rest, unquiet, unceasing. [Raſt and los. 415.15*a*.]

Rath, *m.* =thes, =räthe. provision, means, expedient;—*usually*, counsel, advice; deliberation, consideration; body of counsellors, council; counsellor, adviser:—**zu Rathe gehen,** enter into deliberation, take counsel. [from rathen. 408.I.]

rathen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr. or intr.* ḥ. advise, counsel;—guess, conjecture, divine.

Rathgeber, *m.* =rs, =r. **giver** of advice, counsellor, adviser. [Rath and Geber.]

Räthſel, *n.* =ls, =l. **riddle,** puzzle, enigma, perplexing problem. [from rathen. 408.III.7.]

Ratte, *f.* =en. **rat.** [E. **rat.**]

rattenartig, *adj.* **rat**-like, of the **rat** kind. [Ratte (422.2*d*) and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

Raub, *m.* =bes. **robbery,** spoliation; spoil, booty, prey. [E. **rob.**]

rauben, *v. N. tr.* (*with accus. of thing taken and dat. of person from whom*) take away by violence, gain by **robbery,** despoil of. [from Raub. 405.I.1.]

Räuber, *m.* =rs, =r. **robber.** [from rauben. 408.III.4.]

räuberiſch, *adj.* **robber**-like, rapacious, predatory, spoliating. [from Räuber. 415.10*a*.]

Raubluſt, *f.* love of plunder, rapacity, predatory disposition. [Raub and Luſt, 'desire.']

Raubſchloß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſer. **robber**-castle, predatory stronghold. [Raub and Schloß.]

Rauch, *m.* =ches. smoke, fume, **reek,** steam. [from riechen. 408.I.]

rauchen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* smoke, fume, steam, **reek.** [from Rauch. 405.I.1.]

rauh, *adj.* **rough,** harsh, rude, coarse. [E. **rough.**]

Raum, *m.* =mes, =äume. **room,** space, place. [E. **room.**]

räumen, *v. N. tr.* make **room** in *or* of, empty, clear; leave vacant, evacuate, quit; clear **away,** remove. [from Raum. 405.I.1.]

'raus. *for* heraus.

Rauſch, *m.* =ſches, =äuſche. mental excitement; *especially,* inebriation, intoxication. [perhaps related with rauſchen.]

rauſchen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ (*or* ſ). move with a noise like that of rushing water, rustle, roar, **rush.** [imitative word.]

Rauſchgold, *n.* =ds. **gold**-tinsel (in rattling sheets), clinquant. [rauſchen and Gold. 422.3.]

Rebe, *f.* =en. vine-branch, vine.

Rechenſchaft, *f.* =ten. **reckon**ing, account, explanation. [from rechnen.]

rechnen, *v. N. tr.* **reckon,** calculate, count; estimate, account, deem. [E. **reckon.**]

Rechnung, *f.* =gen. **reckoning,** account, calculation; score. [from rechnen. 408.III.8.]

recht, *adj.* straight, direct;—**right,** just, legitimate; correct, genuine, real, true; suitable, convenient, agreeable;—right (not left):—*in adverbial use, especially* really, actually, properly; very, quite. [E. **right.**]

Recht, *n.* =tes, =te. **right,** justice; just claim, privilege. [from recht. 409.I.2.]

Rechte, *f.* (*declined as adj., being properly such, with qualified noun,* Hand, *omitted*). **right** hand. [from recht. 129.]

rechten, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. make a question of **right** *or* justice, litigate, contest, argue. [from Recht. 405.I.1.]

rechtfertig, *adj.* just, righteous, justified. [Recht and fertig, 'ready.']

rechtfertigen, *v. N. tr.* justify, establish as **right** *or* just, vindicate, clear of blame. [from rechtfertig. 405.I.2.]

Rechtfertigung, *f.* =gen. justification, vindication. [from rechtfertigen. 408.III.8.]

rechtmäßig, *adj.* in accordance with **right** *or* law, rightful, legitimate, legal, lawful. [Recht and mäßig, from Maß. 415.15*f*.]

rechts, *adv.* on the **right** hand, to the right. [genitive of recht. 363.3*d*.]

recken, *v. N. tr.* stretch, extend.

Rede, *f.* =en. speech, talk, discourse; harangue, oration:—**die Rede iſt von etwas,** the talk is of something, something is under discussion *or* is the matter in hand; **Rede ſtehen, stand** talk, do the talking, talk up. [related with **read.**]

reden, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* speak, talk, discourse, converse. [E. **read**: from Rede. 405.I.1.]

redlich, *adj.* honest, fair, candid. [older meaning 'rational;' from Rede. 415.12*a*.]

Redner, *m.* =rs, =r. haranguer, orator, public speaker. [from reden (408.III.4), with irregularly inserted n.]

Rednerbühne, *f.* =en. stage for public speaking, rostrum, tribune, pulpit. [Redner and Bühne, 'stage.']

Reflexion, *f.* =nen. **reflection.** [Latin.]

rege, *adj.* astir, in motion, lively, active. [from regen.]

Regel, *f.* =ln. **rule, regula**tion, precept, principle:—**in der Regel,** as a rule, usually, ordinarily. [from Latin *regula.*]

regelmäßig, *adj.* in accordance with **rule, regular,** orderly, normal. [Regel and mäßig, from Maß. 415.15*f*.]

regeln, *v. N. tr.* **regulate,** bring under **rule,** order. [from Regel. 415.I.1.]

regen, *v. N. tr.* stir up, set in motion, move.—*refl.* be astir *or* in motion, bestir one's self, be lively *or* alive, rouse.

Regen, *m.* =ns, =n. **rain.** [E. **rain.**]

Regenbogen, *m.* =ns, =n. **rainbow.** [Regen and Bogen.]

Regenbogenglanz, *m.* =zes. **rainbow** splendor *or* beauty. [Regenbogen and Glanz.]

Regenguß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. **gush** of **rain,** rainfall, shower. [Regen and Guß.]

regenlos, *adj.* **rainless**, unwatered. [Regen and los. 415.15*a*.]
regenverkündend, *adj.* **rain-announcing**, indicative of **rain**. [Regen and verkündend, pres. part. of verkünden.]
Regenwurm, *m.* =ms, =würmer. **earth-worm**, angleworm. [Regen and Wurm; as appearing on the surface after rain.]
Regenzeit, *f.* =ten. **rainy** season, time of rain. [Regen and Zeit.]
regieren, *v. N. tr.* rule, govern, reign, have sway, direct, manage, guide. [from Latin *regere*. 404.II.4.]
Regierung, *f.* =gen. rule, sway, government, ruling authority, regency. [from regieren. 408.III.8.]
Region', *f.* =nen. **region**, country, tract, district. [Latin.]
regnen, *v. N. intr.* h. **rain**, shower. [from Regen. 405.I.1.]
regsam, *adj.* stirring, lively, active, brisk. [from regen. 415.13.]
Regsamkeit, *f.* =ten. liveliness, vivacity, briskness, activity, quickness. [from regsam. 409.II.3.]
reguliren, *v. N. tr.* **regulate**, order, direct. [from Latin *regulare*. 404.II.4.]
Regung, *f.* =gen. stir, motion, movement, agitation. [from regen. 408.III.8.]
reiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **rub**, grate, wear away. [E. **rub**.]
Reibung, *f.* =gen. **rubbing**, grating, friction. [from reiben. 408.III.8.]
reich, *adj.* abounding in resources, wealthy, opulent, **rich**. [E. **rich**: original meaning, 'mighty, powerful, ruling.']
Reich, *n.* =ches, =che. empire, realm, kingdom, domain. [allied with reich.]
reichen, *v. N. intr.* h. **reach**, extend, hold out, last, suffice.—*tr.* **reach**, hand, hold out, pass, present, offer. [E. **reach**.]
reichlich, *adj.* abundant, copious, **rich**. [from reich. 415.12*b*.]
Reichsstadt, *f.* =städte. imperial city (city constituting an independent part of the empire). [Reich (422.2*b*) and Stadt.]
Reichstag, *m.* =gs, =ge. imperial diet. [Reich (422.2*b*) and Tag.]
Reichthum, *m.* =ms, =tümer. **riches**, wealth, opulence, abundance. [from reich. 409.II.8.]
reif, *adj.* **ripe**, mature. [E. **ripe**.]
Reif, *m.* =fes, =fe. encircling band, hoop, ring.
Reifchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little hoop *or* ring. [from Reif. 410.1.]
Reife, *f.* =en. **ripeness**, maturity, full development, perfection. [from reif 409.II.1.]
Reihe, *f.* =en. **row**, series, rank, line file, range, turn. [E. **row**.]
Reihen, *m.* =ns, =n. orderly succession *or* procession; *hence*, *usually*, body of dancers, dance, roundel, dance and song, frolic. [related with Reihe.]
reihen, *v. N. tr.* form a **row** of, string together; add as member of a series (an, to), add, join. [from Reihe. 405.I.1.]
Reihenfolge, *f.* =en. orderly succession, order, succession. [Reihe (422.2*d*) and Folge.]
reihenweise, *adv.* **row-wise**, in order *or* succession, by turns. [Reihe (422.2*d*) and Weise. 365.1.]
Reim, *m.* =mes, =me. **rhyme**. [E. **rhyme**.]
reimen, *v. N. intr.* h. **rhyme**; *hence*, square together, agree.—*tr.* make **rhyme** together; *hence*, fit together, reconcile, harmonize, explain. [from Reim. 405.I.1.]
reimweise, *adv.* **rhyme-wise**, in rhyme, in verse. [Reim and Weise. 365.1.]
rein, *adj.* pure, clean, clear:—*as adverb*, *often* clean, entirely.
reinigen, *v. N. tr.* cleanse, clean, purify. [from rein. 405.II.3.]
Reinigung, *f.* =gen. purification, cleansing. [from reinigen. 408.III.8.]
reinlich, *adj.* clean, cleanly, neat. [from rein. 415.12*b*.]
Reinlichkeit, *f.* =ten. cleanliness, neatness. [from reinlich. 409.II.3.]
Reis, *n.* =ses, =ser *or* =se. twig, sprig, sprout, scion.
Reise, *f.* =en. journey, travel, excursion, trip. [from reisen. 408.II.2.]
Reiselust, *f.* desire to journey, eagerness to set out. [Reise and Lust.]
reisen, *v. N. intr.* h *or* s. journey, travel, set out, pass from place to place. [related with E. **rise**, but with meaning quite changed.]
Reisend (*declined as adj.*, 129). traveller, voyager. [pres. part. of reisen.]
reißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* draw *or* move with violence, tear, snatch away, drag, pull; draw, sketch:—*intr.* h *or* s. go violently, tear along, whirl, rush; tear away, break loose.
Reißfeder, *f.* =rn. drawing pen. [reißen and Feder, '**feather**.' 422.3.]

-reit, *only found in* **bereit, ready,** *and its derivatives.* [E. **ready.**]

reiten, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ *or* ḥ. **ride,** go on horseback. [E. **ride.**]

Reiter, *m.* -rs, -r. **rider,** horseman. [from reiten. 408.III.4.]

Reiterlied, *n.* -bs, -ber. horseman's song. [Reiter and Lied.]

Reitknecht, *m.* -ts, -te. groom. [reiten and Knecht, 'servant.' 422.3.]

Reitpferd, *n.* -bs, -be. horse for **riding,** saddle-horse. [reiten and Pferd. 422.3.]

Reiz, *m.* -zes, -ze. incentive, impulse; charm, attraction, allurement. [from reizen. 408.I.]

reizen, *v. N. tr.* incite, stimulate, excite, stir up, irritate; charm, attract:—**reizend,** *pres. part. as adj.,* charming, attractive. [allied with reißen.]

Reizmittel, *n.* -ls, -l. means of incitement, provocative, incentive. [reizen and Mittel. 422.3.]

Reizung, *f.* -gen. incitement, allurement, charm, attraction. [from reizen. 408.III.8.]

relativ', *adj.* **relative,** respective. [Latin.]

Religion', *f.* -nen. **religion.** [Latin.]

religiös', *adj.* **religious,** relating to religion. [from Latin *religiosus.*]

renken, *v. N. tr.* twist, **wrench.** [related with ringen.]

Rennbahn, *f.* -nen. race-course, arena; career. [rennen and Bahn, 'path.' 422.3.]

rennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* ſ *or* ḥ. **run,** race, course. [related with rinnen.]

Renner, *m.* -rs, -r. **running** horse, racer, courser. [from rennen. 408.III.4.]

Rennpferd, *n.* -bs, -be. **running** horse, race horse, racer. [rennen and Pferd. 422.3.]

repräsentiren, *v. N. tr.* **represent,** stand for, set forth. [from French *représenter.* 404.III.4.]

Reſerve, *f.* -en. **reserve.** [French.]

Reſpect', *m.* -ts. **respect,** regard; esteem. [French.]

Reſt, *m.* -ts, -te. **rest,** residue, remnant, remains. [French, from Latin *restare.*]

Reſultat', *n.* -ts, -te. **result.** [French.]

Retraite, *f.* -en. **retreat.** [French.]

retten, *v. N. tr.* rescue, save, deliver, preserve.—*refl.* save one's self; betake one's self for safety, fly for refuge.

Retter, *m.* -rs, -r. deliverer, preserver, savior. [from retten. 408.III.4.]

Rettung, *f.* -gen. deliverance, preservation, salvation. [from retten. 408.III.8.]

Reue, *f.* repentance, painful regret, **rue.** [from reuen. 408.II.2.]

reuen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ḥ. **rue,** repent, regret. [E. **rue.**]

Revolution', *f.* -nen. **revolution.** [Latin.]

revolutionär', *adj.* **revolutionary.** [French.]

Rhede, *f.* -en. roadstead, road (where ships ride). [related with -reit, '**ready.**']

Rhein, *m.* -nes. (river) **Rhine.**

rhythmiſch, *adj.* **rhythmic,** rhythmical. [from Latin (Greek). 415.10*b*.]

richten, *v. N. tr.* set **right,** regulate, arrange; direct, turn, set, guide; judge, sentence, condemn:—**ſich richten nach,** adapt one's self to, be governed by; **zu Grunde richten,** send to perdition, ruin, destroy. [related with recht.]

Richter, *m.* -rs, -r. judge. [from richten. 408.III.4.]

Richterſtuhl, *m.* -ls, -ſtühle. judge's seat, tribunal. [Richter and Stuhl, '**stool.**']

richtig, *adj.* **right,** correct, just, true, proper. [from recht. 415.9*c*.]

Richtung, *f.* -gen. direction. [from richten. 408.III.8.]

riechen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* smell. [originally, 'give forth emanation, **reek.**']

Riegel, *m.* -ls, -l. **rail,** bar; bolt, fastening. [E. **rail.**]

Riemen, *m.* -ns, -n. strap, thong.

Rieſe, *m.* -en, -en. giant.

rieſeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. trickle, ripple.

Rieſenbaum, *m.* -ms, -äume. giant tree. [Rieſe (422.2*b*) and Baum.]

Rieſenblume, *f.* -en. giant flower. [Rieſe (422.2*b*) and Blume, '**bloom.**']

rieſengroß, *adj.* gigantic, of giant size. [Rieſe (422.2*b*) and groß, '**great.**']

rieſenhaft, *adj.* gigantic, colossal. [from Rieſe. 415.7*a*.]

Rieſenheim, *m.* -ms, -me. **home** of the giants, giants' country. [Rieſe (422.2*d*) and Heim.]

rieſenmäßig, *adj.* gigantic, colossal. [Rieſe (422.2*b*) and mäßig, from Maß. 415.15*f*.]

Rieſenpferd, *m.* -bs, -be. **giant horse.** [Rieſe (422.2*b*) and Pferd.]

rieſenſtämmig, *adj.* of gigantic **stem** *or* trunk, giant-trunked. [Rieſe (422. 2b) and ſtämmig, from Stamm. 424.5.]
Riff, *n.* =feŝ, =fe. **reef,** cliff, ridge of rock in water. [E. **reef.**]
Rind, *n.* =beŝ, =ber. horned cattle, animal of the ox kind.
Rinde, *f.* =en. **rind,** crust. [E. **rind.**]
Rindsfell, *n.* =lŝ, =le. ox-hide. [Rind (422.2b) and Fell.]
=ring, *adj.* (*only in derivatives, as* ge=ring, verringern). small, light.
Ring, *m.* =geŝ, =ge. **ring,** circle, link. [E. **ring.**]
Ringel, *m.* =lŝ, =l *or* =ln. **ring,** circle; **ring**let, curl. [from Ring.]
ringeln, *v. N. tr.* form into **rings** or **ring**lets.—*refl.* curl. [from Ringel. 405.I.1.]
Ringelrennen, *n.* =nŝ, =n. **running** at a **ring** (as prize of skill with the lance); riding in the **ring** *or* lists. [Ringel and Rennen, infin. of rennen.]
ringen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ḥ. struggle, wrestle, strive, contend.—*tr.* **wring,** twist, wrest. [E. **wring.**]
ringen, *v. N. tr.* form into a **ring.** [from Ring. 405.I.1.]
Ringlein, *n.* =nŝ, =n. little **ring.** [from Ring. 410.1.]
rings, *adv.* around, about. [genitive of Ring. 364.1.]
ringsherum *or* **rings herum,** *adv.* round about. [rings and herum.]
ringsum *or* **rings um,** *adv. or prep.* round about. [rings and um.]
ringsumher *or* **rings umher,** *adv.* round about. [rings and umher.]
Rinne, *f.* =en. channel, gutter, groove *or* cleft serving as water-course. [from rinnen. 408.II.2.]
rinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. **run** (as a liquid), flow, course, drop. [E. **run.**]
Rinnſtein, *m.* =nŝ, =ne. gutter-**stone,** gutter by the road side. [rinnen and Stein. 422.3.]
Rinnſteinbrücke, *f.* =en. gutter-**bridge.** [Rinnſtein and Brücke.]
Rippe, *f.* =en. **rib.** [E. **rib.**]
Riſpe, *f.* =en. panicle.
Riß, *m.* =ſſeŝ, =ſſe. cleft, gap, rent; draft, sketch. [from reißen. 408.I.]
Ritt, *m.* =teŝ, =te. **ride.** [from reiten. 408.I.]
Ritter, *m.* =rŝ, =r. chevalier, knight, champion. [same as Reiter, '**rider.**']
ritterlich, *adj.* chivalrous, knightly, valiant, gallant. [from Ritter. 415. 12*a*.]
Ritterſchaft, *f.* =ten. knighthood, championship; body of knights, equestrian order. [from Ritter. 410.7.]
Rittersmann, *m.* =nŝ, =änner *or* =ßleute (100.3). knight, chevalier, champion. [Ritter (422.2b) and Mann, '**man.**']
Ritus, *m.* **rite,** ceremony. [Latin word.]
Riß, *m.* =ßeŝ, =ße. rent, cleft, scratch. [from reißen. 408.I.]
reißen, *v. N. tr.* scratch, tear, rend. [related with reißen.]
Roche, *m.* =en, =en. ray (fish), thornback. [E. **roach.**]
röcheln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. rattle (in the throat, as a suffering or dying person), emit the death-rattle. [imitative word.]
Rock, *m.* =keŝ, =öcke. coat; robe, gown.
roh, *adj.* rude, **raw,** crude, coarse, rough. [E. **raw.**]
Roheit *or* **Rohheit,** *f.* =ten. **rawness,** rudeness, coarseness, uncultured state. [from roh. 409.II.2.]
Rohr, *n.* =reŝ, =re *or* =öhre. reed, cane, **rush,** bamboo; reeds, cane-brake; tube, pipe. [akin with E. **rush.**]
Rolle, *f.* =en. **roll, roll**er, pulley. [from rollen. 408.II.2.]
rollen, *v. N. tr.* **roll.** [from French *rouler* (late Latin *rotulare*).]
Rom, *n.* =mŝ. Rome. [Latin.]
Roman', *m.* =nŝ, =ne. **romance.** [French.]
Roma'nier, *m.* =rŝ, =r. **Roumanian,** subject of the Eastern **Roman** empire.
Römer, *m.* =rŝ, =r. **Roman,** inhabitant of **Rome.** [from Rom. 410.3b.]
römiſch, *adj.* **Roman,** of *or* at **Rome.** [from Rom. 415.10b.]
Roſacee, *f.* =en. **rosaceous** plant, plant of the **rose**-family. [from Latin *rosaceus.*]
Roſe, *f.* =en. **rose.** [Latin *rosa.*]
roſenfarben, *adj.* **rose**-colored, **rosy.** [Roſe (422.2*d*) and farben, from Farbe. 424.5; 415.2.]
Roſenlaube, *f.* =en. **rose**-bower, arbor of rosebushes. [Roſe and Laube.]
roſig, *adj.* **rosy, roseate.** [from Roſe. 415.9*a*.]
Roß, *n.* =ſſeŝ, =ſſe. **horse,** steed. [E. **horse** (old German and Anglo-Saxon *hros*).]
Rößlein *or* **Röſſelein,** *n.* =nŝ, =n. little **horse,** nag, pony. [from Roß. 410.1.]
Roſt, *m.* =teŝ, =te. **rust.** [E. **rust.**]
roth, *adj.* (ö *in comparison*). **red,** ruddy, blushing. [E. **red.**]

Röthe, *f.* =en. **redness,** flush, glow. [from roth. 409.II.1.]
röthen, *v. N. tr.* make **red, redden.** [from roth. 405.I.2.]
röthlich, *adj.* **reddish,** ruddy. [from roth. 415.12*b*.]
Ruch, *in various derivatives* (*as* ruchbar, notorious, rüchig *or* rüchtig, Gerücht, *etc.*), fame, report. [probably by irregular derivation from rufen, 'call;' perhaps from riechen, 'smell.']
ruchlos, *adj.* infamous, profligate, flagitious, wicked. [Ruch and los. 415.15*a*.]
rüchtig *or* **rüchig,** *adj.* notorious. [from Ruch. 415.9*a*.]
Ruck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. sudden motion, jolt, jerk, push, start.
rück-, *adv.* (*in composition*). back, backward. [same as Rücken.]
Rücken, *m.* =ns, =n. back, rear; **ridge.** [E. **ridge.**]
rücken, *v. N. tr.* move, stir, push along, change the place of.—*intr.* h *or* s. move, stir, go along, change place, proceed. [from Ruck. 405.I.1.]
rückgesetzt, *adj.* **set back;** neglected, disregarded. [rück- and gesetzt, past part. of setzen.]
Rückkehr, *f.* =en. return. [rück- and =kehr, 'turn.']
Rücksicht, *f.* =ten. regard, respect, attention, consideration, deference. [rück- and Sicht, '**sight.**']
Rückstand, *m.* =bs, =ände. arrear. [rück- and Stand, '**standing.**']
rückständig, *adj.* in arrears, **outstanding,** overdue. [from Rückstand. 415.9*a*.]
Ruder, *n.* =rs, =r. oar; **rudder,** helm. [E. **rudder.**]
rudern, *v. N. intr.* h. row, ply the oar, paddle. [from Ruder. 405.I.1.]
Ruf, *m.* =fes, =fe. call, cry, utterance; calling, vocation; report, fame, reputation. [from rufen. 408.I.]
rufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* h. call out, cry. —*tr.* call, cry to; invite, summon.
Ruhe, *f.* =en. rest, repose, tranquillity, quiet, calm, peace.
Ruhebett, *n.* =tes, =ten. **bed** of rest, couch. [Ruhe and Bett.]
ruhelos, *adj.* **restless,** unquiet, in constant motion *or* disturbance. [Ruhe and los. 415.15*a*.]
ruhen, *v. N. intr.* h. rest, repose, be calm *or* tranquil, cease from motion, be at peace. [from Ruhe. 405.I.1.]
Ruhetag, *m.* =gs, =ge. **day** of rest, resting time. [Ruhe and Tag.]
ruhig, *adj.* quiet, at rest, in repose, calm, tranquil. [from Ruhe. 415.9*a*.]
Ruhm, *m.* =mes. fame, celebrity, glory, renown, high repute.
rühmen, *v. N. tr.* extol, glorify, celebrate, give renown to, do honor to, mention with praise *or* boasting.—*refl.* boast, glory, exult, pride one's self. [from Ruhm. 405.I.1.]
rühmlich, *adj.* glorious, laudable, honorable. [from Ruhm. 415.12*a*.]
Ruhr, *f.* =ren. stir, motion, disorder; dysentery.
rühren, *v. N. tr.* stir, move, bestir; move (the feelings of), touch with emotion, affect.—*intr.* h. stir, shake. [from Ruhr. 405.I.1.]
rührig, *adj.* stirring, active, brisk, lively, expeditious. [from Ruhr. 405.9*a*.]
'rum. *for* herum, about.
Rumpelkammer, *f.* =rn. lumber-room, rubbish-room. [rumpeln and Kammer. 422.3.]
rumpeln, *v. N. intr.* h *or* s. **rumble,** rummage. [imitative word.]
rund, *adj.* **round,** rotund, circular *or* cylindrical *or* spherical. [from French *rond* (Latin *rotundus*).]
runden, *v. N. tr.* make **round,** round off. [from rund. 405.I.2.]
Rundung, *f.* =gen. **rounding,** roundness. [from runden. 408.III.8.]
rupfen, *v. N. tr.* strip of feathers, pluck.
Russe, *m.* =sen, =sen. **Russian,** inhabitant of Russia.
russisch, *adj.* **Russian.** [from Russe. 415.10.]
Rußland, *n.* =bs. **Russia.** [Russe and Land, '**land.**']
rüsten, *v. N. tr.* prepare, get ready for use *or* action, fit out, equip, arm.
rüstig, *adj.* prepared for action, ready, active, vigorous, stout. [from rüsten. 415.9*b*.]
Rüstung, *f.* =gen. preparation, equipment; armament, armor. [from rüsten. 408.III.8.]
Ruthe, *f.* =en. **rod,** switch, wand. [E. **rod.**]
Ruthenpeitschen, *n.* =ns. whipping with rods, flagellation, scourging. [Ruthe (422.2*d*) and Peitschen, infinitive of peitschen.]
rütteln, *v. N. intr.* h. shake, produce vibration *or* motion back and forth. [from rütten. 404.II.1.]
rütten, *v. N. tr.* shake, shatter.

's. *for* **es**, it.

Saal, *m.* =les, ſäle (14.2). hall, **saloon**, room. [root of **saloon** (French *salon*).]

Saat, *f.* =ten. sowing; what is sown, **seed**, crop, standing corn. [from ſäen, '**sow.**']

Saatenland, *n.* =bs, =änder. sown **land**, land covered with crops, cultivated fields. [Saat (422.2*d*) and Land.]

Saatgefild, *n.* =bs, =be. land covered with crops, cultivated **fields**. [Saat and Gefilde.]

Sabbath, *m.* =ths, =the. **sabbath.** [from Hebrew.]

Sabbathſtille, *f.* =en. **sabbath stillness** *or* quiet. [Sabbath and Stille.]

Säbel, *m.* =ls, =l. **sabre**, cavalry sword. [E. **sabre.**]

Sache, *f.* =en. thing, matter, affair, concern, business; cause, case. [E. **sake.**]

Sachſen, *n.* =ns. **Saxony.**

ſachte *or* **ſacht,** *adj.* **soft**, gentle, quiet. [akin with ſanft, '**soft.**']

Sack, *m.* =ckes, =äcke. **sack**, bag, pouch, pocket. [from Latin (Greek) *saccus.*]

Säckchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **sack** *or* bag, pouch. [from Sack. 410.1.]

ſäen, *v. N. tr.* **sow**, scatter and plant (as seed). [E. **sow.**]

Saft, *m.* =fte, =äfte. **sap**, juice. [E. **sap.**]

ſaftig, *adj.* full of **sap**, juicy, succulent, abounding in moisture. [from Saft. 415.9*a*.]

ſaftſtrotzend, *adj.* abounding in **sap**, swelling *or* bursting with juice. [Saft and ſtrotzend, pres. part. of ſtrotzen.]

Sage, *f.* =en. talk, **saying**, **saw**; report, tale, legend, tradition. [from ſagen. 408. II. 2.]

ſagen, *v. N. tr.* **say**, tell, relate; speak, utter, express:—**ſagen wollen**, want to say, mean, signify. [E. **say.**]

Sago, *m.* =o's. **sago.** [Malay word.]

ſagoartig, *adj.* **sago**-like, of the **sago** kind. [Sago and artig, from Art, 'kind.' 415.15*f*.]

Saite, *f.* =en. string (*especially*, of a musical instrument); *hence* (*in sing. or pl.*), instrumental music, sound of harps and lutes *or the like.*

Saitenſpiel, *n.* =ls, =le. string-music; stringed instrument, harp *or* lute. [Saite (422.2*d*) and Spiel, 'play.']

Salamander, *m.* =rs, =r. **salamander.** [from Greek.]

Säle. *see* Saal.

Salomo, *m.* =o's. **Solomon.**

Salz, *n.* =zes, =ze. **salt.** [E. **salt.**]

Salzſteppe, *f.* =en. **salty** *or* alkaline **steppe.** [Salz and Steppe.]

=ſam *or* **=ſamm,** *root implying* combination, connection, **sameness**, *found in many derivatives.* [related with E. **same.**]

Sämann *or* **Säemann,** *m.* =nes, =änner **sow**er. [ſäen and Mann, '**man.**' 422.3.]

Same *or* **Samen,** *m.* =ens, =en. seed. [related with ſäen, '**sow.**']

ſammeln, *v. N. tr.* collect, gather, bring together, assemble, accumulate, pile up; pick up. [for old ſamenen, from =ſammen. 406.]

=ſammen, *in* beiſammen, zuſammen, *old adv. and prep.* with, along, together. [from =ſam.]

Sammet *or* **Sammt,** *m.* =tes, =te. velvet. [from Greek *hexamitos*, 'six-ply.']

ſammt, *prep.* (*with dat.*). along with, together with. [from =ſam.]

Sanct, *adj.* (*indeclinable, used as title*). **Saint.** [Latin *sanctus.*]

Sanct Barthelemi, *f.* (= *French* la St. Barthélemi; *German*, Bartholomäus-nacht). the night *or* festival of **St. Bartholomew.**

Sand, *m.* =bes. **sand.** [E. **sand.**]

Sandbank, *f.* =änke. **sand-bank.** [Sand and Bank.]

ſandig, *adj.* **sandy.** [from Sand. 415.9*a*.]

ſandlos, *adj.* destitute of **sand**, **sandless.** [Sand and los. 415.15*a*.]

Sandmeer, *n.* =rs, =re. ocean of **sand.** [Sand and Meer.]

ſanft, *adj.* **soft**, gentle, mild. [E. **soft.**]

Sanftmuth, *f.* gentleness, mildness, meekness. [ſanft and Muth, '**mood.**']

Sang, *m.* =ges, =änge. **song**, **singing.** [from ſingen. 408. I.]

Sänger, *m.* =rs, =r. **singer**, **songster**, minstrel, bard. [from Sang. 410.3*a*.]

Sängergreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. old **singer**, aged bard *or* minstrel. [Sänger and Greis.]

Sängerpaar, *n.* =res, =re. **pair** of **singers** *or* minstrels. [Sänger and Paar.]

Sängerthum, *n.* =ms. minstrels' occupation, community of minstrels, minstrelsy. [from Sänger. 410.8.]

Saracene, *m.* =en, =en. **Saracen**, Musulman. [from Arabic.]

Sarg, *m.* =ges, =ärge. coffin.

ſatt, *adj.* (*very rarely declined*, 117;

with ſein *or* werden, *governs accus.*, 229). **sated**, satiated, satisfied, full.

Sattel, *m.* ¨s, ¨ättel. **saddle.** [probably related with ſitzen, 'sit.']

ſättigen, *v. N. tr.* **sate**, satiate, satisfy, fill to repletion. [from ſatt. 405. II.3.]

Sättigung, *f.* ¨gen. satiation, complete satisfaction, repletion. [from ſättigen. 408.III.8.]

Saturnal', *n.* ¨ls, ¨lien (101.3). **Saturnalia**, festival (among the Romans) of unrestrained license and merriment. [Latin.]

Satz, *m.* ¨zes, ¨ätze. **settlings**; layer; start, jump; sentence. [from ſitzen. 408.I.]

ſauber, *adj.* clean, neat, nice.

ſäubern, *v. N. tr.* make neat *or* clean, cleanse. [from ſauber. 405.I.2.]

Säuberung, *f.* ¨gen. cleansing, purging. [from ſäubern. 408.III.8.]

ſauer, *adj.* **sour**, tart, harsh; hard, trying, disagreeable. [E. **sour.**]

ſäuerlich, *adj.* **sourish**, acidulous, tart, somewhat acid. [from ſauer. 415.12*b*.]

ſaufen, *v. O*(III.4). *intr.* h. drink (*of the lower animals*), drink coarsely *or* to excess, swill, guzzle. [E. **sup, sop.**]

ſaugen, *v. O*(III.4). *or N. intr.* h. **suck**, draw in, absorb. [E. **suck.**]

ſäugen, *v. N. tr.* give **suck** to, **suckle**, nurse. [from ſaugen. 404.I.1.]

Säugling, *m.* ¨gs, ¨ge. **suckling**, nursing child, infant, babe. [from ſäugen. 408.III.5.]

Säule, *f.* ¨en. pillar, column.

Säulenſaal, *m.* ¨ls, ¨ſäle. pillared hall. [Säule (422.2*d*) and Saal.]

Saum, *m.* ¨mes, ¨äume. **seam**, selvage, border, edge, skirt. [related with E. **sew.**]

Saum, *m.* ¨mes, ¨äume. burden, load.

ſäumen, *v. N. intr.* h. linger, loiter, delay, stay, tarry.

Saumſal, *n.* ¨ls. delay, tardiness, backwardness, slackness, negligence. [from ſäumen. 408.III.7.]

ſäuſeln, *v. N. intr.* h. rustle, murmur. [from ſauſen. 404.II.1.]

ſauſen, *v. N. intr.* h. buzz, whiz, bluster, roar. [imitative word.]

Sauſſuree, *f.* ¨en. *Saussurea* (kind of thistle-like plant).

Sbirre, *m.* ¨en, ¨en. (Italian) officer of justice, bailiff, constable. [Italian.]

Scene, *f.* ¨en. **scene.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Scepter, *n.* ¨rs, ¨r. **sceptre.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Schaar, *f.* ¨ren. section, division, troop, band, crowd. [from ſcheren, 'cut, **shear.**']

ſchaben, *v. N. tr.* **shave**, scrape. [E. **shave.**']

Schabracke, *f.* ¨en. caparison, housing, trapping. [from Turkish.]

Schach, *n.* ¨ches. **chess.** [from Persian *shah*, 'king.']

Schachbrett, *n.* ¨ts, ¨ter. **chessboard, checkerboard.** [Schach and Brett.]

ſchachbrettfleckig, *adj.* **checkered**, marked with square *or* oblong spots. [Schachbrett and fleckig.]

Schacht, *m.* ¨tes, ¨te. **shaft**, pit. [E. **shaft.**]

Schachtel, *f.* ¨ln. box, paper *or* pasteboard box, bandbox.

Schade *or* **Schaden**, *m.* ¨ns, ¨äden. harm, hurt, injury, damage, **scath.** [E. **scath.**]

Schädel, *m.* ¨ls, ¨l. skull, brainpan.

ſchaden, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). do harm to, hurt, injure, **scathe.** [from Schade. 405.I.1.]

Schaf *or* **Schaaf**, *n.* ¨fes, ¨fe. **sheep.** [E. **sheep.**]

ſchaffen, *v. O*(II.2). *or N. tr.* **shape**, form, create, make, produce; procure, obtain, provide, furnish; be busy about, be occupied, do, act. [E. **shape.**]

Schaffot', *n.* ¨ts, ¨te. **scaffold.** [from French.]

¨ſchäft *in* Geſchäft *etc.*, business, occupation. [from ſchaffen.]

¨ſchäftig *in* beſchäftigen *etc.*, busy. [from ¨ſchäft.]

Schakal, *m.* ¨ls, ¨le. **jackal.** [from Persian (Sanskrit).]

ſchal, *adj.* hollow; stale, flat, insipid, worthless. [probably related with Schale.]

Schale, *f.* ¨en. **shell; scale**; cup, bowl, dish. [E. **shell, scale.**]

ſchälen, *v. N. tr.* **shell**, hull, **scale**, pare, peel. [from Schale. 405.I.1.]

Schalk, *m.* ¨kes, ¨ke. rogue, knave.

ſchalkhaft, *adj.* roguish, wanton, waggish. [from Schalk. 415.7*a*.]

Schall, *m.* ¨les, ¨le. sound, tone, noise. [from ſchallen. 408.I.]

ſchallen, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. intr.* h. sound, resound, ring forth.

ſchalten, *v. N. intr.* h. rule, regulate, direct, dispose.

Scham, *f.* **shame**; disgrace; modesty, bashfulness. [E. **shame.**]

ſchamhaft, *adj.* **shamefaced,** modest, bashful. [from Scham. 415.7*a*.]

Schamhaftigkeit, *f.* =ten. modesty, bashfulness, **shame**facedness. [from ſchamhaft. 409.II.3.]

Schande, *f.* =en. disgrace, shame, ignominy, infamy.

ſchänden, *v. N. tr.* put to shame, disgrace, bring ignominy *or* infamy upon; violate. [from Schande. 405.I.1.]

ſcharf, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). **sharp,** keen, cutting, acute; severe. [probably related with ſcheren, '**shear.**']

Schärfe, *f.* =en. **sharp**ness, keenness; cutting edge. [from ſcharf. 409.II.1.]

ſchärfen, *v. N. tr.* **sharpen;** make more acute *or* keen *or* severe. [from ſcharf. 405.I.2.]

Scharfſchütze, *m.* =tzen, =tzen. **sharp-shooter,** marksman. [ſcharf and Schütze.]

Scharfſinn, *m.* =ns. acuteness of sense, acumen, penetration, sagacity, ingenuity. [ſcharf and Sinn.]

ſcharfſinnig, *adj.* acute, penetrating, sagacious, ingenious. [from Scharfſinn. 415.9*a*.]

Scharmützel, *n.* =ls, =l. **skirmish,** small battle. [from Italian *scaramuccia* etc.; ultimately from ſchirmen, 'defend.']

ſcharren, *v. N. intr.* h. scrape, scratch (with the foot), paw. [probably related with ſcheren, '**shear.**']

Scharrfuß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. scraping with the **foot,** bow and scrape, awkward courtesy. [ſcharren and Fuß. 422.3.]

Schatten, *m.* =ns, =n. **shade, shadow;** shade of a deceased person, phantom. [E. **shade** etc.]

Schattenland, *n.* =des, =änder. **land** of **shades,** abode of departed spirits. [Schatten and Land.]

ſchattig, *adj.* **shady, shadowy.** [from Schatten. 415.9*a*.]

Schatz, *m.* =tzes, =ätze. treasure; amassed wealth, abundant store.

ſchätzbar, *adj.* valuable, estimable, precious. [from ſchätzen. 415.1*b*.]

ſchätzen, *v. N. tr.* make a treasure of, set store by, value, esteem; estimate, determine the value *or* number of. [from Schatz. 405.I.1.]

Schau, *f.* **show,** view, exhibition. [from ſchauen (or *vice versâ*). 408.I.]

Schauder, *m.* =rs. **shudder**ing, horror, dread. [E. **shudder.**]

ſchauderhaft, *adj.* inspiring awe *or* dread, awful, horrible. [from Schauder. 415.7*a*.]

ſchaudern, *v. N. intr.* h. **shudder,** shiver with dread, feel awe. — *tr.* cause to **shudder,** inspire awe, horrify. [from Schauder. 405.I.1.]

ſchaudervoll, *adj.* awful, horrible, dreadful. [Schauder and voll. 415.15*b*.]

ſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look, gaze, see. — *tr.* look at, gaze upon, behold, see. [E. **show.**]

Schauer, *m.* =rs, =r. **shower** (of rain etc). [E. **shower.**]

Schauer, *m.* =rs. fit *or* paroxysm (of dread, awe, or the like); horror, awe, dread. [probably the same word with Schauer, '**shower.**']

ſchauerig *or* **ſchaurig,** *adj.* dreadful, awful, horrible. [from Schauer. 415.9*a*.]

ſchauerlich, *adj.* dreadful, awful, horrible. [from Schauer. 415.12*a*.]

ſchauervoll, *adj.* awful, dreadful. [Schauer and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Schaufel, *f.* =ln. **shovel.** [E. **shovel.**]

ſchaufeln, *v. N. intr.* h. **shovel.** [from Schaufel. 405.I.1.]

Schaukel, *f.* =ln. swing, rocking board.

ſchaukeln, *v. N. intr.* h. swing, rock, move back and forth *or* up and down, toss. [from Schaukel. 405.I.1.]

Schaukelſtuhl, *m.* =ls, =ühle. rocking-chair. [ſchaukeln and Stuhl, '**stool.**' 4:22.3.]

Schaum, *m.* =mes, =äume. **scum,** foam, froth, dross. [E. **scum.**]

ſchäumen, *v. N. intr.* h. foam, froth. [from Schaum. 405.I.1.]

Schauplatz, *m.* =tzes, =ätze. **place** of **show** *or* exhibition, scene, theatre, arena. [Schau and Platz.]

ſchaurig. *see* ſchauerig.

Schauſpiel, *n.* =ls, =le. spectacle, sight; play, drama. [Schau and Spiel, 'play.']

Schauſpielhaus, *n.* =ſes, =äuſer. **play-house,** theatre. [Schauſpiel and Haus.]

=ſcheinen, *only in* geſcheinen, happen.

Scheibe, *f.* =en. disk, orb, slice, pane, wafer, **shive.** [E. **shive.**]

Scheide, *f.* =en. **sheath,** scabbard, spathe. [E. **sheath**: from ſcheiden, 'separate.' 408.II.2.]

ſcheiden, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* separate, divide, cut off.—*intr.* ſ. part, separate; depart, go away, decease.

Schein, *m.* =nes, =ne. **shine,** shining, **sheen,** lustre, light, splendor; show, appearance, aspect, semblance. [from ſcheinen. 408.I.]

ſcheinbar, *adj.* apparent, seeming. [from Schein. 415.1*a*.]

ſcheinen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* h. **shine;** seem, appear. [E. **shine.**]

Scheinglanz, *m.* =zes, =ze. seeming splendor, apparent glory. [Schein and Glanz.]

=ſcheinlich, *adj.* (*only in composition*, as wahrſcheinlich). having show or appearance. [from Schein. 415.12*a*.]

Scheintod, *m.* =des, =de. apparent **death**, suspension of animation. [Schein and Tod.]

Scheit, *n.* =tes, =te *or* =ter. piece of wood, billet, fragment.

Scheitel, *f.* =ln. crown (of the head); vertex, apex.

ſcheitelrecht, *adj.* vertical, overhead. [Scheitel and recht, '**right.**']

ſcheitern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. go to pieces, be wrecked. [from Scheiter, pl. of Scheit. 405.I.1*a*.]

ſchel *or* **ſcheel** (*or* **ſchiel**), *adj.* oblique, awry, askance.

Schelle, *f.* =en. little bell. [related with ſchallen, 'sound.']

ſchellen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. ring, peal; dash noisily. [from Schelle. 405.I.1.]

ſchellenlaut, *adj.* **loud** *or* noisy like a bell, jingling. [Schelle (422.2*d*) and laut.]

Schelm, *m.* =mes, =me. rogue, knave, villain.

ſchelten, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr. or intr.* ḥ. reprove, chide, **scold**; revile as, call reproachfully.

Schemel, *m.* =ls, =l. stool, footstool. [from Latin *scamillus*.]

Schenkel, *m.* =ls, =l. thigh, **shank**. [E. **shank**.]

ſchenken, *v. N. tr.* pour out for drinking, fill the glass with; give, present, bestow.

Scherbe, *f.* =en. fragment, piece, **sherd**. [probably related with ſcheren, 'cut, **shear**.']

ſcheren, *v.* *O*(III.5). *tr.* **shear**, shave, cut off; fleece, cheat; vex, plague, molest, trouble; concern, have to do with. [E. **shear**.]

Scherz, *m.* =zes, =ze. joke, jest, raillery, pleasantry, fun. [from ſcherzen. 408.I.]

ſcherzen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. joke, jest, make sport *or* fun.

ſcherzhaft, *adj.* jocose, jesting, sportive, facetious. [from Scherz. 415.7.]

ſcheu, *adj.* **shy**, timid, fearful, frightened. [E. **shy**.]

Scheu *or* **Scheue**, *f.* **shy**ness, timidity, reserve, respect, reverence, awe. [from ſcheu. 409.II.1.]

ſcheuchen, *v. N. tr.* frighten, scare, terrify. [from ſcheuen. 404.II.3.]

ſcheuen, *v. N. tr.* be **shy** of, fear; avoid anxiously, shun.—*refl.* be **shy** *or* timid, fear, be bashful, hesitate, feel repugnance. [from ſcheu. 405.I.2.]

Scheune, *f.* =en. barn, shed, storehouse for produce.

Scheuſal, *n.* =ls, =le. monster, object of horror, fright. [from ſcheuen. 408. III.7.]

ſcheußlich, *adj.* frightful, horrid, hideous. [corrupted from ſcheuſelig, from Scheuſal. 415.9*f*.]

Schicht, *f.* =ten. layer, stratum, bed.

ſchicken, *v. N. tr.* cause to happen, bring about, dispose; *usually*, send, dispatch, forward.—*refl.* dispose *or* prepare one's self; be adapted, suit, fit, be proper:—**geſchickt**, *see this word*. [causative of =ſchehen. 404.I.]

ſchicklich, *adj.* suitable, proper, fitting. [from ſchicken. 415.12*c*.]

Schickſal, *n.* =ls, =le. fate, destiny, appointed lot. [from ſchicken. 408.III.7.]

Schickſalsfall, *m.* =ls, =älle. case of destiny, turn of fate. [Schickſal (422.2*b*) and Fall.]

Schickung, *f.* =gen. arrangement of Providence, dispensation, fatality. [from ſchicken. 408.III.8.]

ſchieben, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* **shove**, push. [E. **shove**.]

ſchielen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. squint, look askance, leer; *hence*, look with envy *or* ill-will. [from ſchief. 405.I.2.]

ſchier, *adj.* pure, simple, mere, downright, **sheer**: *usually as adv.*, **sheer**, clean, quite, outright; almost. [E. **sheer**.]

ſchießen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* **shoot**, discharge, fire off; hit *or* kill by shooting. [E. **shoot**.]

Schiff, *n.* =fes, =fe. **ship**, vessel; weaver's shuttle. [E. **ship**.]

Schiffbruch, *m.* =chs, =brüche. **shipwreck**. [Schiff and Bruch, '**breaking**.']

ſchiffbrüchig, *adj.* **ship**wrecked, castaway. [from Schiffbruch. 415.9*a*.]

ſchiffen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. go by **ship**, navigate, sail. [from Schiff. 405.I.1.]

Schiffer, *m.* =rs, =r. mariner, navigator, seaman, sailor; master, captain, **skipper**. [from ſchiffen. 408.III.4.]

Schild, *m. or n.* =des, =de *or* =der. **shield**; coat of arms, escutcheon; sign-board, sign. [E. **shield**.]

ſchildern, *v. N. tr.* paint; depict, delineate, describe. [from Schilder, pl. of Schild (405.I.1*a*); used originally of the painting of coats of arms etc.]

Schildwache, *f.* =en. sentinel, sentry. [Schild and Wache, '**watch**, guard:'

from the duty of a sentry in old times to guard a shield hung up at his post.]

Schilf, *n.* =fes, =fe. rush, bulrush, reed; *collectively*, reeds, rushes. [from Latin *scirpus*.]

Schimmer, *m.* =rs. glimmer, faint wavering light, **shimmer**. [E. **shimmer**.]

schimmern, *v. N. intr.* h. glimmer, **shimmer**, shine faintly, gleam, glisten, twinkle. [from Schimmer. 405. I.1.]

Schimpf, *m.* =fes, =fe. disgrace, dishonor, contumely, insult, affront.

schimpflich, *adj.* insulting, abusive, outrageous, shameful, degrading. [from Schimpf. 415.12*a*.]

Schinken, *m.* =ns, =n. ham, bacon. [related with Schenkel, '**shank**.']

schirren, *v. N. tr.* harness.

Schlacht, *f.* =ten. battle, combat, fight, engagement. [E. on**slaught** etc.: from schlagen, 'strike.' 408.II.1.]

schlachten, *v. N. tr.* **slaughter**, massacre, slay, kill. [from Schlacht. 405. I.1.]

Schlachtordnung, *f.* =gen. **order** of battle, battle array. [Schlacht and Ordnung.]

Schlachtruf, *m.* =fs, =fe. call to battle, battle cry. [Schlacht and Ruf.]

Schlaf, *m.* =fes. **sleep**, slumber, repose. [from schlafen. 408.I.]

schlafen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. **sleep**, slumber, repose. [E. **sleep**.]

schlaff, *adj.* relaxed, loose, flabby, slack; indolent.

Schlaffheit, *f.* =ten. relaxedness, flabbiness, slackness, indolence. [from schlaff. 409.II.2.]

Schlafkammer, *f.* =rn. **sleeping** room, bed**chamber**. [Schlaf and Kammer.]

Schlafkämmerlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little bed**chamber**. [from Schlafkammer. 410.I.]

Schlafrock, *m.* =cks, =öcke. dressing gown, night dress. [Schlaf and Rock, 'coat.']

Schlag, *m.* =ges, =äge. stroke, blow; shock, clap:—**im Schlag**, *or* (*abbreviated*) **schlag** (*with following numeral*), on the stroke of, precisely at. [from schlagen. 408.I.]

schlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr. or intr.* h. strike, beat, knock; give a blow, strike out; beat, pulsate; strike up, strike the ear, sing, warble (*said of birds*); throw, cast.—*refl.* betake one's self, turn, take sides; fight, cut *or* force one's way. [E. **slay**.]

Schlamm, *m.* =mes. **slime**, mire, mud. [probably related with Schleim, '**slime**.']

schlammgefüllt, *adj.* **filled** with **slime** *or* mud, muddy. [Schlamm and gefüllt, past part. of füllen.]

Schlammvulkan, *m.* =ns, =ne. mud-**volcano**, crater emitting **slime**. [Schlamm and Vulkan.]

Schlange, *f.* =en. snake, serpent; *hence*, serpentine course, winding, curve. [from schlingen. 408.II.2.]

schlängeln, *v. N. refl. or intr.* h. wind, meander, pursue a serpentine course. [from Schlange. 405.II.1.]

schlangenartig, *adj.* serpent-like, snaky. [Schlange (422.2*d*) and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

Schlangenhaar, *n.* =rs, =re. serpent **hair**, snaky hair. [Schlange (422. 2*d*) and Haar.]

Schlangenträger, *m.* =rs, =r. serpent-bearer, Serpentarius (constellation). [Schlange (422.2*d*) and Träger.]

schlank, *adj.* slender, slim, lank.

schlau, *adj.* **sly**, crafty, cunning. [E. **sly**.]

schlecht, *adj.* (*formerly*, **straight**, simple; *now only*) bad, base, mean, ill. [E. **slight**: possibly from schlagen.]

schleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* s. move softly *or* secretly, creep, crawl, sneak, **slink**. [related with E. **slink**.]

Schleicher, *m.* =rs, =r. one who creeps *or* **slinks**, sneak, miserable fellow. [from schleichen. 408.III.4.]

Schleier, *m.* =rs, =r. veil.

schleierartig, *adj.* veil-like, gauzy. [Schleier and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

schleiern, *v. N. tr.* veil. [from Schleier. 405.I.1.]

schleifen, *v. O*(III.1). *or N. intr.* s *or* h. **slip**, slide.—*O. tr.* grind, whet, sharpen. [E. **slip**.]

Schleim, *m.* =mes, =me. **slime**, mucus, filth. [E. **slime**.]

schleimig, *adj.* **slimy**, mucous, sticky. [from Schleim. 415.9*a*.]

schleißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **slit**, gash. [E. **slit**.]

Schlender, *m.* =rs, =r. lounging, sauntering. [unusual: related with E. **slender**.]

schlendern, *v. N. intr.* h *or* s. lounge, saunter. [from Schlender. 405.I.1.]

schleppen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. drag along, trail, move slowly *or* with difficulty (as under a burden). [related with schleifen, '**slip**.']

Schleuder, *f.* =rn. sling.

ſchleudern, *v. N. tr.* sling, fling, hurl. [from Schleuder. 405.I.1.]

ſchleunen, *v. N. refl.* haste, hurry. [obsolete.]

ſchleunig, *adj.* hasty, hurried, quick, speedy. [from ſchleunen. 415.9*b*.]

ſchlicht, *adj.* plain, even, sleek, smooth. [same word as ſchlecht.]

ſchlichten, *v. N. tr.* straighten out, make even, smooth over, compose, reconcile, adjust. [from ſchlicht. 405.I.2.]

ſchlichthaarig, *adj.* straight-**haired**, not woolly. [ſchlicht and haarig.]

ſchliefen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **slip**, creep. [E. **slip.**]

ſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* close, shut, lock up; close up, complete, fill out; bring to a close, finish, conclude; derive as conclusion, infer, gather. —*refl.* become closed *or* shut; be attached *or* added, follow.

ſchlimm, *adj.* bad, evil, ill, wicked. [E. **slim.**]

ſchlinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* swallow down; engulf. [obsolete and dialectic; compare ſchlingen.]

ſchlingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* swallow, engulf. [corrupted from ſchlinden.]

ſchlingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* twine, wind, twist; **sling.** [E. **sling.**]

Schlitz, *m.* =tzes, =tze. **slit**, slash, cleft. [from ſchleißen.]

ſchlitzen, *v. N. tr.* **slit**, gash, cleave. [from Schlitz. 405.I.1.]

Schloß, *n.* =ſſes, =öſſer. lock; stronghold, keep, citadel; castle, palace. [from ſchließen. 408.I.]

Schloße, *f.* =en. hailstone.

Schloßthüre, *f.* =en. castle **door.** [Schloß and Thüre.]

Schlucht, *f.* =ten. ravine, gorge, cleft, deep valley. [for older Schluft, from ſchliefen. 408.II.1.]

Schlummer, *m.* =rs, =r. **slumber**, sleep. [E. **slumber.**]

ſchlummern, *v. N. intr.* h. **slumber**, sleep, repose. [from Schlummer. 405.I.1.]

Schlummerſaft, *m.* =ſts, =äfte. **sap** *or* juice of **slumber**, opiate, narcotic, anodyne. [Schlummer and Saft.]

Schlund, *m.* =des, =ünde. throat, gullet; yawning chasm, abyss, gulf. [from ſchlinden. 408.I.]

Schlupf, *m.* =fes, =üpfe. **slipping**; place to **slip** through, narrow passage. [from ſchliefen.]

ſchlüpfen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **slip**, slide, glide. [from Schlupf. 405.I.1.]

ſchlürfen, *v. N. tr.* sip, lap, drink.

Schluß, *m.* =ſſes, =üſſe. end, close, conclusion. [from ſchließen. 408.I.]

Schlüſſel, *m.* =ls, =l. key. [from ſchließen. 408.III.2.]

Schmach, *f.* shame, disgrace, ignominy, dishonor.

ſchmachten, *v. N. intr.* h. languish, pine. [related with Schmach and ſchmähen.]

ſchmächtig, *adj.* pining, languishing; hungry; thin, slender, lank. [from ſchmachten. 415.9*b*.]

ſchmachvoll, *adj.* shameful, ignominious, disgraced. [Schmach and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Schmack, *m.* =ckes. taste, flavor, **smack.** [E. **smack.**]

ſchmähen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. **abuse**, revile, caluminate, inveigh, rail. [from Schmach. 405.I.1.]

ſchmal, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). narrow, scanty, slender, poor. [E. **small.**]

Schmalheit, *f.* =ten. narrowness, scantiness. [from ſchmal. 409.II.2.]

Schmalz, *n.* =zes. fat, grease, suet. [from ſchmelzen (408.I.), as what is **melted** or tried out.]

ſchmauchen, *v. N. intr.* h. **smoke.** [E. **smoke.**]

Schmaus, *m.* =ſes, =äuſe. feast, banquet.

ſchmauſen, *v. N. intr.* h. feast, banquet. [from Schmaus. 405.I.1.]

ſchmecken, *v. N. intr.* h. taste, savor, **smack**, relish. [from Schmack. 405.I.1.]

Schmeichelei, *f.* =eien. caress, coaxing, flattery. [from ſchmeicheln. 408.III.1.]

ſchmeicheln, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*). caress, fawn on; coax, wheedle; *most often*, flatter.

ſchmeidig, *adj.* malleable, ductile, flexible, pliant, supple, tractable. [related with ſchmieden.]

ſchmeidigen, *v. N. tr.* make malleable *or* pliant, render tractable *or* yielding. [from ſchmeidig. 405.I.2.]

ſchmeißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **smite**, beat, strike; fling, cast with violence. [E. **smite.**]

ſchmelzen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* h. **melt**, fuse, dissolve, liquefy.—*tr. N.* (*usually*), **melt**, **smelt.** [E. **smelt**, **melt.**]

Schmerz, *m.* =zes *or* =zens, =zen. **smart**, pain, ache; pungent grief *or* sorrow, distress. [E. **smart.**]

ſchmerzenvoll *or* **ſchmerzvoll,** *adj.* painful, distressing. [from Schmerz (422.2*d*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

ſchmerzlich, *adj.* causing pain *or* **smart,** painful, distressing. [from Schmerz. 415.12*a*.]

ſchmerzvoll. *see* ſchmerzenvoll.

Schmetterling, *m.* =gs, =ge. butterfly. [apparently from ſchmettern. 408.III. 5.]

ſchmettern, *v. N. tr.* hurl, dash, smash.

Schmied, *m.* =des, =de. **smith.** [E. **smith.**]

ſchmieden, *v. N. tr.* work (as metals), forge. [from Schmied. 405.I.1.]

ſchmiegen, *v. N. tr.* move fawningly *or* coaxingly, insinuate.—*refl.* creep, snuggle; submit, cringe.

ſchmuck, *adj.* nice, neat, trim, spruce, fine, handsome. [from ſchmiegen.]

Schmuck, *m.* =ckes. adornment, ornament, ornamental attire, finery. [same as ſchmuck.]

ſchmücken, *v. N. tr.* adorn, ornament, decorate. [from ſchmuck. 405.I.2.]

Schmutz, *m.* =tzes. dirt, filth, soil, **smut.** [E. **smut.**]

ſchmutzig, *adj.* dirty, filthy, **smutty.** [from Schmutz. 415.9*a*.]

Schnabel, *m.* =ls, =äbel. bill, beak.

ſchnappen, *v. N. intr.* h. **snap,** catch (with the teeth), snatch. [imitative word.]

ſchnarren, *v. N. intr.* h. rattle, snarl. [imitative word.]

ſchnauben, *v. N.* (*or O.* III.4). *intr.* h. **snuff,** snort, breathe heavily *or* loudly; *hence,* pant (with eagerness or excitement). [E. **snuff.**]

Schnauze, *f.* =en. **snout.** [E. **snout.**]

Schnee, *m.* =ees. **snow.** [E. **snow.**]

ſchneebedeckt, *adj.* **snow-**covered, **snowy.** [Schnee and bedeckt, past part. of bedecken, '**bedeck.**']

Schneeberg, *m.* =gs, =ge. **snowy** mountain, alpine peak. [Schnee and Berg.]

Schneegebirge, *n.* =ges, =ge. **snowy** range. [Schnee and Gebirge.]

Schneegrenze, *f.* =en. **snow** limit, boundary of perpetual snow. [Schnee and Grenze.]

ſchneeig, *adj.* **snowy.** [from Schnee. 415.9*a*.]

Schneide, *f.* =en. cutting edge. [from ſchneiden. 408.II.2.]

ſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr. or intr.* h. cut, carve, hew; intersect:—**Geſichter ſchneiden,** make faces, grimace.

ſchnell (*or* **ſchnelle**), *adj.* quick, speedy, swift, rapid, fleet; sudden, hasty.

Schnelle, *f.* =en. swiftness, speed, rapidity, fleetness, suddenness. [from ſchnell. 408.II.1.]

ſchnellfüßig, *adj.* **swift-footed,** fleet, rapid. [ſchnell and füßig, from Fuß. 424.5.]

Schnelligkeit, *f.* =ten. swiftness, rapidity, suddenness. [from ſchnell. 409. II.3.]

Schnitt, *m.* =tes, =te. cut, incision, gash; style, fashion. [from ſchneiden. 408.I.]

Schnitter, *m.* =ters, =ter. reaper, mower. [from Schnitt. 410.3.]

Schnitz, *m.* =zes, =ze. chip, snip, slice. [from ſchneiden. 408.I.]

Schnitzel, *n.* (*or m.*) =ls, =l. shaving, shred, paring, clipping, chip. [from ſchnitzen (408.III.2) or Schnitz.]

ſchnitzen, *v. N. tr.* cut, carve, whittle. [from Schnitz. 405.I.1.]

Schnitzwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. carved **work,** carving (ornamental). [ſchnitzen and Werk. 422.3.]

Schnörkel, *m.* =ls, =l. spiral, scroll, volute, flourish.

ſchnüffeln, *v. N. intr.* h. **snuffle,** snuff, sniff, smell. [related with ſchnauben, ſchnupfen, etc.]

ſchnupfen, *v. N. tr.* draw into the nose, **snuff,** take (as snuff). [related with ſchnauben, ſchnüffeln, etc.]

Schnupftaback, *m.* =cks. **snuffing tobacco,** snuff. [ſchnupfen and Taback. 422.3.]

Schnupftabacksdoſe, *f.* =en. **snuff-box.** [Schnupftaback (422.2*b*) and Doſe.]

Schnupftuch, *n.* =chs, =tücher. handkerchief. [ſchnupfen and Tuch, 'cloth.' 422.3.]

Schnur, *f.* =üre. string, cord, lacing, line.

ſchnurgerade, *adj.* straight as a line, direct, without deviation. [ſchnur and gerade.]

ſchnurren, *v. N. intr.* h. hum, whiz, buzz, whir, whirl. [imitative word.]

Scholle, *f.* =en. clod, piece of earth *or* turf.

ſchollenweiſe, *adv.* in clods, clod-**wise.** [Scholle (422.2*d*) and Weiſe.]

ſchon, *adv. asseverative or emphatic,* well, surely, indeed, doubtless; *most often,* already; even:—**ob ſchon, wenn ſchon,** although. [same word as ſchön; originally 'handsomely, well, thoroughly.']

ſchön, *adj.* handsome, fine, beautiful; excellent, noble. [related with ſcheinen.]

ſchonen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* (*with gen.*). treat with consideration *or* indulgence, be forbearing with, spare,

save. [from ſchön (405.I.2); originally 'treat handsomely.']

ſchöngefleckt, *adj.* beautifully spotted. [ſchön and gefleckt, past part. of flecken.]

ſchöngeordnet, *adj.* handsomely arranged, in beautiful **order.** [ſchön and geordnet, past part. of ordnen.]

Schönheit, *f.* =ten. beauty, elegance; beautiful person, beauty, belle. [from ſchön. 409.II.2.]

Schooß, *m.* =ßes, =öße. lap; womb; bosom.

Schopf, *m.* =fes, =öpfe. top of the head, hair *or* tuft of hair on the top of the head, tuft *or* twist of hair (in general).

ſchöpfen, *v. N. tr.* draw (water or the like); draw in, drink, inhale; derive, obtain; draw from, exhaust.

ſchöpfen, *v. N. tr.* (*antiquated*). create, produce, bring into being *or* to light. [related with ſchaffen.]

Schöpfer, *m.* =rs, =r. creator. [from ſchöpfen, 'create.' 408.III.4.]

Schöpfung, *f.* =gen. creation; created things, world, universe. [from ſchöpfen, 'create.' 408.III.8.]

Schote, *f.* =en. pod, cod, shell.

Schotengewächs, *n.* =ſes, =ſe. pod-bearing *or* leguminous plant. [Schote (422.2*d*) and Gewächs.]

ſchräg, *adj.* aslant, oblique, awry.

Schranke, *f.* =en. bar, barrier, list.

ſchränken, *v. N. tr.* limit, confine. [from Schranke. 405.I.1.]

Schraube, *f.* =en. **screw.** [from ſchrauben. 408.II.2.]

ſchrauben, *v. N. or* *O*(III.4). *tr.* **screw.** [E. **screw.**]

Schreck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. fright, terror. [from ſchrecken. 408.I.]

ſchrecken, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* be terrified *or* afraid, fear. — *tr. N.* terrify, frighten, alarm.

Schrecken, *m.* =ns, =n. terror, fright, horror; object of dread *or* awe. [from ſchrecken. 408.III.3.]

ſchrecklich, *adj.* frightful, terrible, horrible, dreadful, awful. [from Schreck. 415.12*a*.]

Schrei, *m.* =eies, =eie. cry, scream, yell, shriek. [from ſchreien. 408.I.]

ſchreiben, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* write. [from Latin *scribo*. 403.1*a*.]

Schreiben, *n.* =ns, =n. writing, document, communication. [infin. of ſchreiben. 340.3.]

Schreiber, *m.* =rs, =r. **scribe,** writer, secretary, clerk. [from ſchreiben. 408.III.4.]

ſchreien, *v.* *O*(III.2). *intr.* ȝ. cry, cry out, yell, scream, shriek.

Schrein, *m.* =nes, =ne. box, chest, **shrine,** coffin. [from Latin *scrinium*.]

ſchreiten, *v.* *O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ. step, stride, stalk, walk, proceed.

Schrift, *f.* =ten. writing, letters; something written, **inscription,** work, **scripture,** Scripture. [from ſchreiben. 408.II.1.]

ſchrillen, *v. N. intr.* ȝ. utter **a shrill** sound, scream. [E. **shrill.**]

Schritt, *m.* =tes, =te. step, pace, tread; gait, walk. [from ſchreiten. 408.I.]

ſchroff, *adj.* rugged, rough, steep, precipitous.

ſchüchtern, *adj.* shy, timid, timorous, bashful. [related with ſcheuchen, ſcheu.]

Schuh, *m.* =hes, =he. **shoe.** [E. **shoe.**]

Schuld, *f.* =den. debt, indebtedness, dues; deficiency, fault, crime, guilt:—**an etwas Schuld ſein,** be guilty of *or* to blame for something; **Schuld geben,** lay the blame of, impute, hold guilty of *or* accountable for. [from ſollen (old German *sculan*).]

ſchuldig, *adj.* owing, indebted; faulty, culpable, criminal, guilty. [from Schuld. 415.9*a*.]

Schuldigkeit, *f.* =ten. indebtedness, obligation, due, duty. [from ſchuldig. 409.II.3.]

Schule, *f.* =en. **school.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Schüler, *m.* =rs, =r. **scholar,** pupil, disciple. [from Schule. 410.3*a*.]

Schulter, *f.* =rn. **shoulder.** [E. **shoulder.**]

Schuppe, *f.* =en. scale (of fish and the like). [probably from ſchaben, '**shave.**']

ſchüren, *v. N. tr.* stir, poke, rake (the fire).

Schurz, *m.* =zes, =ze; *or* Schürze, *f.* =en. apron. [akin with E. **shirt, skirt.**]

ſchürzen, *v. N. tr.* gird up, tuck up. [related with Schurz.]

Schuß, *m.* =ſſes, =ſſe. **shot,** report (of a gun or the like). [from ſchießen. 408.I.]

Schüſſel, *f.* =ln. dish, platter, charger. [from Latin *scutella*.]

Schutt, *m.* =tes. rubbish, refuse, debris, ruins. [from ſchütten (408.I.), as what is shaken out, thrown down.]

ſchütteln, *v. N. tr.* shake, move back and forth, wag, jog. [related with ſchütten.]

ſchütten, *v. N. tr.* shake out, pour forth,

shed, discharge. [related with E. **shed**.]

ſchüttern, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* shake, agitate, vibrate, quake. [related with ſchütten; also with E. **shudder**.]

Schutz, *m.* =tzes. protection, guard, defense, shelter.

Schütz *or* **Schütze**, *m.* =tzen, =tzen. **shooter**, marksman, rifleman. [from ſchießen.]

ſchützen, *v. N. tr.* protect, guard, defend, shelter. [from Schutz. 405.I.1.]

Schutzengel, *m.* =ls, =l. guardian **angel**. [Schutz and Engel.]

Schützenhof, *m.* =fs, =öfe. shooting-yard, court where marksmen meet. [Schütz (422.2*d*) and Hof.]

Schutzherr, *m.* =rn, =ren (93). tutelary lord, protector, patron. [Schutz and Herr.]

Schutzpatron, *m.* =ns, =ne. tutelary *or* **patron** saint. [Schutz and Patron.]

Schwaben, *n.* =ns. **Swabia** (province of southern Germany).

ſchwach, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). weak, infirm, feeble, impotent.

Schwäche, *f.* =en. weakness, infirmity, feebleness; weak side, foible. [from ſchwach. 409.II.1.]

ſchwächen, *v. N. tr.* weaken, enfeeble, debilitate, enervate. [from ſchwach. 405.I.2.]

Schwachheit, *f.* =ten. weakness, infirmity, feebleness, foible, frailty. [from ſchwach. 409.II.2.]

Schwalbe, *f.* =en. **swallow** (bird). [E. **swallow**.]

Schwalch, *m.* =ches, =che. gullet, throat; *hence*, opening in a furnace through which the flame reaches the metal. [related with ſchwelgen, E. **swallow**.]

Schwall, *m.* =les, =le. **swell**, billow, flood, crowd. [from ſchwellen. 408.I.]

Schwan, *m.* =nes (*or* =nen), =äne (*or* =nen). **swan**. [E. **swan**.]

ſchwanenweiß, *adj.* **swan-white**. [Schwan (422.2*d*) and weiß.]

ſchwank, *adj.* staggering, tottering, unsteady, uncertain. [related with ſchwingen, '**swing**.']

ſchwanken, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. stagger, reel, totter, rock, swing; waver, hesitate. [from ſchwank. 405.I.2.]

ſchwären, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* h. be painful *or* distressing; *hence*, *usually*, suppurate, form a running sore. [related with E. **sore**.]

Schwarm, *m.* =mes, =ärme. **swarm**, cluster, throng, crowd. [E. **swarm**.]

ſchwärmen, *v. N. intr.* h. **swarm**; rove, wander; be in a revery *or* ecstasy, talk *or* act wildly. [from Schwarm. 405.I.1.]

ſchwarz, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). black, **swarthy**, **swart**, dark; gloomy, ill-omened, malicious. [E. **swart** etc.]

ſchweben, *v. N. intr.* h. **sweep** (through the air), hover, float, be poised *or* suspended, swing *or* hang free. [E. **sweep**.]

Schweif, *m.* =fes, =fe. tail; train; suite. [from ſchweifen. 408.I.]

ſchweifen, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. roam about, rove, stray, ramble, wander. [related with E. **sweep** (with broom).]

ſchweigen, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* h. keep silence, be still, hold one's peace, refrain from speaking *or* making a noise.

Schwein, *n.* =nes, =ne. **swine**, hog. [E. **swine**.]

Schweinehirt, *m.* =ten, =ten. **swineherd**. [Schwein (422.2*d*) and Hirt.]

Schweiß, *m.* =ßes. **sweat**, perspiration. [E. **sweat**.]

ſchwelgen, *v. N. intr.* h. guzzle, gormandize; revel, carouse, enjoy immoderately. [related with E. **swallow**.]

Schwelger, *m.* =rs, =r. reveller, carouser, debauchee. [from ſchwelgen. 408.III.4.]

Schwelgerei, *f.* =eien. revelling, carousal, immoderate sensual enjoyment, orgies. [from Schwelger. 410.2.]

Schwelle, *f.* =en. threshold, sill. [probably from ſchwellen.]

ſchwellen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. **swell**, become expanded *or* puffed out *or* otherwise increased, rise, heave.—*tr.* **swell**, expand, increase. [E. **swell**.]

ſchwemmen, *v. N. tr.* wash, soak, water. [causative of ſchwimmen, '**swim**.' 404.I.1.]

ſchwenden, *v. N. tr.* cause to vanish, destroy. [causative of ſchwinden (404.I.1); hardly used except in verſchwenden.]

ſchwenken, *v. N. tr.* **swing**, wave to and fro, brandish. [causative of ſchwingen. 404.I.2.]

ſchwer, *adj.* grievous, **sore**, painful, burdensome, oppressive; *usually*, heavy, weighty, ponderous. [E. **sore**: related with ſchwären.]

Schwere, *f.* burdensomeness, oppres-

sion, heaviness, gravity. [from ſchwer. 409.II.1.]

ſchwerfällig, *adj.* heavy, unwieldy, clumsy. [ſchwer and fällig.]

ſchwerlich, *adv.* hardly, scarcely. [from ſchwer. 415.12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

Schwerpunkt, *m.* =tes, =te. centre of gravity. [ſchwer and Punkt, '**point.**']

Schwert, *n.* =tes, =ter. **sword.** [perhaps from ſchwären.]

Schweſter, *f.* =rn. **sister.** [E. **sister.**]

Schweſterlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **sister.** [from Schweſter. 410.1.]

Schwieger, *m.* =rs, =r; *f.* =rn. father *or* mother in-law.

Schwiegerſohn, *m.* =ns, =söhne. son-in-law. [Schwieger and Sohn.]

ſchwierig, *adj.* difficult, hard. [from ſchwären.]

Schwierigkeit, *f.* =ten. difficulty, perplexity, obstacle, objection. [from ſchwierig. 409.II.3.]

ſchwimmen, *v.* *O*(I.2). *intr.* ♄ *or* ſ. **swim,** float, drift; be immersed, welter. [E. **swim.**]

Schwimmer, *m.* =rs, =r. **swimmer.** [from ſchwimmen. 408.III.4.]

Schwindel, *m.* =ls, =l. giddiness, dizziness, vertigo. [from ſchwinden. 408. III.2.]

ſchwindeln, *v. N. intr.* ♄ *or tr.* (*impers.*). be dizzy *or* giddy, affect *or* be affected with vertigo, make *or* have the head swim. [from Schwindel. 405.I.1.]

ſchwinden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. vanish, disappear; die away, perish.

ſchwindlicht, *adj.* giddy, dizzy. [from Schwindel. 415.8.]

Schwinge, *f.* =en. wing; van, fan. [from ſchwingen. 408.II.2.]

ſchwingen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr. or intr.* ♄. **swing,** oscillate, whirl, wave, brandish.—*refl.* **swing** or throw one's self, leap, vault. [E. **swing.**]

Schwingung, *f.* =gen. **swinging,** oscillation, vibration. [from ſchwingen. 408.III.8.]

ſchwirren, *v. N. intr.* ♄. whiz, whir. [imitative word.]

ſchwitzen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. **sweat,** perspire. [related with Schweiß.]

ſchwören, *v.* *O*(III.5). *tr. or intr.* ♄. **swear,** take oath to, pledge by oath, vow allegiance *or* fidelity. [E. **swear.**]

Schwung, *m.* =ges, =ünge. **swing,** rotation, vibration, oscillation, spring, soaring, strain, flight. [from ſchwingen. 408.I.]

Schwungkreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. circle of vibration *or* rotation. [Schwung and Kreis.]

Schwur, *m.* =res, =üre. oath, vow. [from ſchwören. 408.I.]

Scrupel, *m.* =ls, =l. **scruple.** [from Latin.]

ſechs, *num.* **six.** [E. **six.**]

ſechsmal, *adv.* **six** times. [ſechs and Mal. 206.]

ſechſt, *num. adj.* (203). **sixth.** [from ſechs. 203.1.]

Sechstheil, *m.* =ls, =le. **sixth part.** [ſechſt and Theil. 207.2.]

Secundant', *m.* =ten, =ten. **second,** support. [Latin.]

See, *m.* =ees, =een. lake.—*f.* =een. **sea.** [E. **sea.**]

Seefahrt, *f.* =ten. **sea-voyage,** journey by water. [See and Fahrt.]

Seefluth, *f.* =then. lake-water. [See and Fluth, '**flood.**']

Seele, *f.* =en. **soul.** [E. **soul.**]

Seelenflehen, *n.* =ns, =n. supplication of **soul,** mental longing. [Seele (422.2*d*) and Flehen, infinitive of flehen.]

Seelenkraft, *f.* =äfte. power of **soul,** spiritual might. [Seele (422.2*d*) and Kraft.]

Seelenſtolz, *m.* =zes. pride of **soul,** mental elevation. [Seele (422.2*d*) and Stolz.]

ſeelenvoll, *adj.* **soulful,** instinct with deep feeling. [Seele (422.2*d*) and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Seemann, *m.* =ns, =änner *or* =leute (100.2). **seaman,** sailor, mariner. [See and Mann.]

Seeſpiegel, *m.* =ls, =l. mirror-like surface of the **sea,** sea level. [See and Spiegel, 'mirror.']

Seetang, *m.* =gs. **sea** weed, grass-wrack. [See and Tang.]

Seewind, *m.* =ds, =de. **seawind.** [See and Wind.]

Segel, *n.* =ls, =l. **sail.** [E. **sail** (A-S. *segl*).]

ſegeln, *v. N. intr.* ♄ *or* ſ. **sail,** go by vessel, navigate; float, move like a vessel. [from Segel. 405.I.1.]

Segen, *m.* =ns, =n. benediction, blessing, spell; bliss, happiness. [from Latin *signum,* '**sign**' (i.e. of the cross, made in benediction).]

ſegenbringend, *adj.* **bringing** blessings, beneficent. [Segen and bringend, pres. part. of bringen.]

ſegenduftend, *adj.* giving forth blessings, exhaling bliss. [Segen and duftend, pres. part. of duften.]

ſegenreich, *adj.* **rich** in blessings, beneficent. [Segen and reich. 415.15*c*.]

Segler, *m.* =rs, =r. **sailor, sailing** vessel, **sailer,** ship. [from ſegeln. 408.III.4.]

ſegnen, *v. N. tr.* make the **sign** of the cross over, utter a benediction *or* blessing over, bless; bring good fortune *or* happiness to, confer blessings on. [from Segen. 405.I.1.]

ſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr. or intr.* ĥ. **see,** look, behold, view, perceive; look, appear. [E. **see.**]

Sehne, *f.* =en. **sinew,** tendon, nerve. [E. **sinew.**]

ſehnen, *v. N. refl.* long, yearn, be fain, hanker, feel vehement desire.

ſehnlich, *adj.* longing, yearning, fain, ardently desirous. [from ſehnen. 415.12*c*.]

Sehnſucht, *f.* longing, desire, yearning, eager aspiration. [ſehnen and Sucht.]

ſehr, *adj.* very, greatly, very much, much. [perhaps related with ſchwer and ſchwären.]

ſeicht, *adj.* shallow, low, flat.

Seide, *f.* =en. silk. [from Latin *seta*.]

ſeiden, *adj.* silken, of silk. [from Seide. 415.2.]

Seil, *n.* =leS, =le. rope, cord, line, string.

ſein, *v. O*(239.2). *intr.* ſ. be; exist; *in third person,* there is *etc.*

Sein, *n.* =nS. being, existence, entity. [infinitive of ſein. 340.3.]

ſein, *poss. adj.* his, its, of him *or* it. [related with ſich.]

ſein *or* **ſeiner,** *gen. of* er *or* es (152.1). of him *or* it.

ſeinerſeits, *adv.* on his **side,** for his part, as concerns him. [ſein and Seite. 365.1*b*.]

ſeinig, *poss. adj.* his, its, of *or* belonging to him *or* it. [from ſein. 415.9*c*; 159.5.]

ſeit, *prep.* (*with dat.*). since, from (a given time till now).

conj. (*unusual*). since, since the time that. [related with E. **since** (older **sith, sithence,** etc.).]

ſeitdem, *adv.* since then, from that time till now, since.

conj. since, since the time that. [ſeit and dem, dative of der. 365.2.]

Seite, *f.* =en. **side,** flank; party, **side;** lineage; side of a leaf, page:—**von Seiten,** on the **side** of, as concerns: —*much used* (*sometimes in irregular genitive form* ſeits) *in forming adverbial or prepositional compounds,* 365.1*b*. [E. **side.**]

Seitenerhöhung, *f.* =gen. lateral elevation, part raised at the **side.** [Seite (422.2*d*) and Erhöhung.]

ſeitwärts, *adv.* **side**ways, from *or* to**ward** the **side, aside.** [from Seite. 364.2.]

ſelb, *adj.* (*usually after* der, *and written as one word with it,* 169). **self**same, same, identical. *compare* ſelber, ſelbſt. [E. **self.**]

ſelber, *adj.* (*indeclinable, after a pronoun or noun in apposition,* 155.5; 169). **self,** myself, yourself, himself, *etc. etc.* [from ſelb.]

ſelbig, *adj.* (*after* der, *in composition with it,* 169.3). **self**-same. [from ſelb. 415.9*c*.]

ſelbſt, *adj.* (*indeclinable, following in apposition a pronoun or noun,* 155.5; 169). **self,** myself, yourself, him**self,** *etc. etc.: sometimes used as noun, as in* **von ſelbſt,** of it**self,** of himself, *etc. etc.*, freely, without compulsion *or* effort; **ſein ſelbſt,** his own **self,** his individuality.

adv. (*preceding the noun, pronoun, etc., which it emphasizes*). even. [corrupted from ſelbs, genitive of ſelb, used adverbially: its construction is originally adverbial.]

ſelbſtändig *or* **ſelbſtſtändig,** *adj.* **self**-subsisting, independent. [ſelbſt and ſtändig, '**stand**ing.']

Selbſtbetrug, *m.* =gS. **self**-deception, delusion, illusion. [ſelbſt and Betrug.]

ſelbſten, *adj.* **self,** myself, *etc.* [antiquated and irregular form of ſelbſt, used in the same manner.]

ſelbſterlegt, *adj.* slain by one's **self** (*i.e.*, by the subject of the sentence), of one's own killing. [ſelbſt and erlegt, past part. of erlegen.]

ſelbſterzeugt, *adj.* generated *or* produced by one's **self** (*i.e.* by the subject of the sentence), of one's own production. [ſelbſt and erzeugt, past part. of erzeugen.]

ſelbſterzielt, *adj.* aimed at by one's **self** (*i.e.*, by the subject of the sentence), sought *or* obtained by one's own efforts. [ſelbſt and erzielt, past part. of erzielen.]

ſelbſträchend, *adj.* **self**-avenging. [ſelbſt and rächend, pres. part. of rächen.]

Selbſtſorge, *f.* =en. **self**-care, provision and responsibility for one's self, independence. [ſelbſt and Sorge.]

Selbſtſucht, *f.* **self**-seeking, **self**ishness, egotism. [ſelbſt and Sucht.]

Selbſttäuſchung, *f.* =gen. **self**-decep-

tion, self-delusion. [ſelbſt and Täuſchung.]

Selbſtzufriedenheit, *f.* =ten. **self-satisfaction**, contentment, complacency. [ſelbſt and Zufriedenheit.]

ſeldſchukiſch, *adj.* **Seljukian**, Seljuk. [Turkish.]

ſelig, *adj.* happy, blessed, blissful. [same word as E. **silly**, **seely**, which originally signified 'happy.']

Seligkeit, *f.* =ten. happiness, bliss, beatitude. [from ſelig. 409.II.3.]

ſelten, *adj.* rare, unusual, **seldom** met with, scarce. [E. **seldom.**]

ſeltſam, *adj.* unusual, strange, odd, curious, singular. [from ſelten. 415.13.]

Sena'tor, *m.* =rs, =to'ren. **senator.** [Latin.]

ſenden, *v. N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* **send**, despatch, forward:—**Geſandt**, *past part. as noun*, messenger, ENVOY, ambassador. [E. **send.**]

ſengen, *v. N. tr.* **singe**, scorch, burn. [E. **singe.**]

ſenken, *v. N. tr.* cause to **sink**, let down, lower, make droop. [causative of ſinken. 404.I.1.]

ſenkrecht, *adj.* perpendicular, vertical. [ſenken and recht, '**right**;' literally, 'in accordance with the direction of a fallen or suspended object.']

Senſe, *f.* =en. scythe.

September, *m.* =rs, =r. **September.** [Latin.]

Sequeſtration', *f.* =nen. **sequestration**, seizure, violent levy. [Latin.]

Servien, *n.* =ns. **Servia** (province of northwestern Turkey in Europe, south of the Danube and Save).

Seſſel, *m.* =ls, =l. **settle**, little seat, stool. [related with ſitzen, '**sit.**']

ſeßhaft, *adj.* **settled**, stable, stationary, abiding, resident. [from old German ſeß, '**seat.**' 415.7*a*.]

ſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set**, cause to **sit**, place, put, fix.—*intr.* ♄ *or* ſ. pass, leap, run:—**auf das Spiel ſetzen**, stake, venture, risk. [E. **set**: causative of ſitzen, '**sit.**' 404.I.1.]

ſeufzen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. sigh, groan, lament.

Seufzer, *m.* =rs, =r. sigh, groan. [from ſeufzen. 408.III.4.]

ſibiriſch, *adj.* **Siberian.**

ſich, *reflexive pron.* (*third person, dat. or accus., sing. or pl., mas. or fem. or neut.*, 155.3). himself, herself, itself, themselves: *in reciprocal sense* (155.4), one another.

Sichel, *f.* =ln. **sickle.** [E. **sickle.**]

ſicher, *adj.* sure, certain, secure, safe; trusty, true. [old English **sicker**: from Latin *securus.*]

Sicherheit, *f.* =ten. sureness, certainty, security, trustworthiness. [from ſicher 409.II.2.]

Sicht, *f.* **sight.** [from ſehen, '**see.**' 408.II.1.]

ſichtbar, *adj.* visible, evident, obvious, in **sight.** [from Sicht. 410.1.]

Sicilien, *n.* =ns. **Sicily.**

ſie, *pers. pron.* (151). **she**, her, it; they, them;—**Sie** (153.4), you.

ſieben, *num.* **seven.** [E. **seven.**]

ſiebent, *num. adj.* (203). **seventh.** [from ſieben. 203.1; 415.14.]

ſiebenundſechzigſt, *num. adj.* **sixty-seventh.** [203.1*b*.]

ſiech, *adj.* **sick**, ill. [E. **sick.**]

ſiedeln, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ♄. settle, establish *or* be established. [related with ſitzen, '**sit.**']

ſieden, *v. O*(III.3). *or N. tr. or intr.* ♄. **seethe**, boil. [E. **seethe.**]

Sieg, *m.* =ges, =ge. victory, triumph, conquest.

Siegel, *n.* =ls, =l. **seal**, signet. [from Latin *sigillum.*]

ſiegeln, *v. N. tr.* **seal** up, close *or* attest by a **seal.** [from Siegel. 405.I.1.]

=ſiegen, *in* **verſiegen**, dry up. [related with ſiech.]

ſiegen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. gain the victory, get the better, triumph. [from Sieg. 405.I.1.]

Sieger, *m.* =rs, =r. victor, conqueror. [from ſiegen. 408.III.4.]

Siegsbanier, *n.* =rs, =re. **banner** of victory, victorious standard. [Sieg (422.2*b*) and Banier.]

Signal, *n.* =ls, =le. **signal**, beacon. [from Latin.]

Silber, *n.* =rs. **silver.** [E. **silver.**]

Silberfiſchlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **silverfish.** [Silber and Fiſchlein.]

ſilberhell, *adj.* clear as **silver**, silver-bright. [Silber and hell.]

ſingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ♄. *or tr.* **sing.** [E. **sing.**]

ſinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **sink**, fall, droop. [E. **sink.**]

Sinn, *m.* =nes, =ne *or* =nen. sense, organ of perception; mind; apprehension, memory; intent, wish, meaning; disposition, character. [from ſinnen. 408.I.]

ſinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *intr.* ♄. think, meditate, reflect:—**ſinnen auf**, think upon, devise, plot.—*tr.* meditate on, have in mind, devise.

Sinnesorgan, *n.* =nš, =ne. **organ** of sense. [Sinn (422.2*b*) and Organ.]

Sinnestäuſchung, *f.* =gen. deception of the sense, illusion. [Sinn (422.2*b*) and Täuſchung.]

ſinnlich, *adj.* of sense, belonging to the sense, relating to the bodily organs of perception, sensuous, sensual, sentient, physical. [from Sinn. 415.12*a*.]

Sinnlichkeit, *f.* =ten. sensuousness, sensuality, sensitive faculty. [from ſinnlich. 409.II.3.]

ſinnlos, *adj.* **senseless,** meaningless, irrational. [Sinn and los. 415.15*a*.]

Sir. sir. [English.]

Sitte, *f.* =en. custom, manner, usual way, practice; good manners, morals.

ſittlich, *adj.* relating to manners *or* morals, moral, ethical. [from Sitte. 415.12*a*.]

Sitz, *m.* =ţes, =ţe. **seat,** chair; site. [from ſitzen. 408.I.]

ſitzen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* ḥ. **sit;** stay, be situated, remain; fit, suit. [E. **sit.**]

Sitzreihe, *f.* =en. **row** of **seats.** [Sitz and Reihe.]

Sklave, *m.* =en, =en. **slave.** [E. **slave,** same word as *Slavonian,* of which race were most German slaves.]

Sklavenſchritt, *m.* =tš, =te. **slave's** tread, step of slave. [Sklave (422.2*b*) and Schritt.]

Sklaverei, *f.* =eien. **slavery.** [from Sklave. 410.2*a*.]

ſklaviſch, *adj.* **slavish,** servile. [from Sklave. 415.10*a*.]

ſo, *adv.* **so,** thus, in this *or* such manner:—**ſo . . . alš** (*or* wie) . . ., **as . . . as . . .**;—**ſo ein,** such a, such a one: —*often correlative to a preceding* wenn, weil, da, *etc.* (438.3*g*), *and not necessarily translated:—before an adjective or adverb, often implies a following* alš (*not expressed*), *and itself not to be translated* (438.3*d*,*e*), *as* ſo groß er war, great as he was.]

conj. (*rare, and not elegant*). in case, if. [E. **so.**]

ſobald (*or* ſo bald), *adv.* **so** soon.—*conj.* as soon as (438.3*d*). [ſo and bald.]

ſodaß (*or* ſo daß), *conj.* **so that.** [ſo and daß.]

ſofern, *adv.* **so far.**—*conj.* **as far** as (438.3*d*). [ſo and fern.]

ſogar, *adv.* even, actually, absolutely. [ſo and gar.]

ſogenannt, *adj.* **so-called.** [ſo and genannt, past part. of nennen.]

ſogleich, *adv.* immediately, directly, at once, forthwith. [ſo and gleich.]

Sohn, *m.* =nš, =söhne. **son.** [E. **son.**]

ſöhnen *or* **ſühnen,** *v. N. tr.* propitiate, atone for, expiate, appease.

ſolch, *pron. adj.* (170). **such.** [E. **such.**]

Sold, *m.* =des. pay, wages, reward. [from late Latin *solidus,* a piece of money used as pay.]

Soldat', *m.* =ten, =ten. **soldier.** [Italian *soldato,* 'hired (soldier),' from *solidus,* Sold, 'pay.']

Söldner, *m.* =rš, =r. hireling, mercenary. [from Sold (410.3*a*), with n irregularly inserted.]

ſollen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 251). *tr.* (*modal auxiliary,* 257). **shall, should;** owe, ought; be under obligation; be to, be intended or destined to; be said to, be asserted or claimed to. [E. **shall, should.**]

Sommer, *m.* =rš, =r. **summer.** [E. **summer.**]

ſommerlang, *adv.* all **summer long,** through the **summer.** [Sommer and lang.]

Sommertag, *m.* =gš, =ge. **summer day.** [Sommer and Tag.]

Sommertauſend, *n.* =dš, =de. a **thousand summers.** [Sommer and tauſend.]

Sonde, *f.* =en. **sounding**-instrument, probe. [French.]

ſonder, *adj.* (*antiquated*). separate, special, peculiar. [E. **sunder.**]

ſonderbar, *adj.* peculiar, strange, singular, odd. [from ſonder. 415.1*c*.]

ſonderlich, *adj.* (*oftenest as adverb*). special, peculiar, particular. [from ſonder. 415.12*b*.]

ſondern, *v. N. tr.* **sunder,** separate, sever, disjoin, distinguish. [from ſonder. 405.I.2.]

ſondern, *conj.* but (*more adversative than* aber, *and usually after a negative,* 384*a*). [from ſonder, with n recently and irregularly added.]

Sonderung, *f.* =gen. **sundering,** separation, isolation, diversity. [from ſondern. 408.III.8.]

Sonne, *f.* =en. **sun;** sunshine. [E. **sun.**]

ſonnen, *v. N. tr.* **sun,** bask. [from Sonne. 405.I.1.]

Sonnenball, *m.* =lš, =älle. **sun ball** *or* sphere, solar body. [Sonne (422 2*d*) and Ball.]

Sonnenglanz, *m.* =zes. **sun** light, brightness of the **sun.** [Sonne (422. 2*d*) and Glanz.]

ſonnenklar, *adj.* **clear** *or* bright as the **sun.** [Sonne (422.2*d*) and klar.]
Sonnenlicht, *n.* =tes. **sunlight.** [Sonne (422.2*d*) and Licht.]
Sonnenſchein, *m.* =nes. **sunshine.** [Sonne (422.2*d*) and Schein.]
Sonnenſtrahl, *m.* =les, =len. **sun**beam, ray of sunlight. [Sonne (422.2*d*) and Strahl.]
Sonnenwagen, *m.* =ns, =n *or* =ägen. **sun's** chariot. [Sonne (422.2*d*) and Wagen, '**wagon.**']
Sonntag, *m.* =ges, =ge. **Sunday**, first **day** of the week. [Sonne and Tag.]
ſonntägig, *adj.* belonging to *or* happening on (*etc.*) **Sunday.** [from Sonntag. 415.9*a.*]
ſonſt, *adv.* else, otherwise, besides; in other cases, at other times, formerly, heretofore:—**ſonſt kein**, none besides, no other. [perhaps contracted from *so ne ist*, 'so is not.']
Sopha, *n. or m.* =a's, =as. **sofa.** [from Arabic.]
Sophienkirche, *f.* St. **Sophia's church.** [Sophie and Kirche.]
Sorge, *f.* =en. care, anxiety, solicitude, apprehension, uneasiness, **sorrow,** distress of mind. [E. **sorrow** (A-S. *sorg*).]
ſorgen, *v. N. intr.* h. care, take care, exercise forethought, make provision, provide; feel anxiety *or* solicitude, **sorrow.** [from Sorge. 405.I.1.]
Sorgfalt, *f.* carefulness, heedfulness. [Sorge and =falt (here anomalously compounded; elsewhere only in multiplicatives).]
ſorgfältig, *adj.* careful, heedful. [from Sorgfalt. 415.9*a.*]
ſorgſam, *adj.* careful, heedful, solicitous. [from Sorge. 415.13*a.*]
ſowie (*or* **ſo wie**), *conj.* **so** as, as also, as well as. [ſo and wie.]
ſowohl, *adv.* as **well** as—**ſowohl . . . . als** (*or* **als auch**) . . . , as well . . . as (also), both . . . and. [ſo and wohl.]
ſpähen, *v. N. intr.* h. **spy,** be on the watch, pry. [related with E. **spy.**]
Späher, *m.* =rs, =r. **spy,** watcher, informer. [from ſpähen. 408.III.4.]
Späherei, *f.* =eien. **spy**ing, secret watch and information. [from Späher. 410.2.]
Spähertritt, *m.* =tes, =te. step of a **spy.** [Späher and Tritt, '**tread.**']
Spalt, *n.* =tes, =te; *or* **Spalte**, *f.* =en. **split,** slit, cleft, reft, crack, gap, chink, fissure, crevice. [from ſpalten. 408.I; II.2.]
ſpalten, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ſ. **split,** cleave, divide. [related with E. **split.**]
Span, *m.* =nes, =äne. splinter, chip, shaving.
Spange, *f.* =en. brooch, bracelet, metal ornament, buckle, clasp. [old Eng lish *spang.*]
Spanien, *n.* =ns. **Spain.**
ſpaniſch, *adj.* **Spanish.** [from Spanien. 415.10*a.*]
ſpannen, *v. N. tr.* stretch, extend, strain, tighten, make tense; *hence,* put *or* keep on the stretch (*as with* attention, anxiety, *or the like*); make intent *or* eager: **fasten, attach,** harness. [E. **span.**]
Spannung, *f.* =gen. tension, tightness, strain; suspense, eagerness, expectance. [from ſpannen. 408.III.8.]
=ſpanſt, *in* **Widerſpanſt**, contest. [probably from ſpannen (408.II.1); lit'ly 'strain, exertion.']
ſparen, *v. N. tr.* **spare,** save, economize, husband. [E. **spare.**]
ſpärlich, *adj.* **sparing,** economical; penurious, scanty. [from ſparen. 415. 12*c.*]
Sparren, *m.* =ns, =n. **spar,** rafter. [E. **spar.**]
ſparſam, *adj.* **spar**ing, saving, thrifty, frugal, scanty. [from ſparen. 415.13*b.*]
Spaß, *m.* =ßes, =äße. jest, joke, sport, fun. [from Italian.]
ſpät, *adj.* late; backward, behindhand, slow.
ſpäterhin, *adv.* at a later time, farther along (in time). [ſpäter, comparative of ſpät, and hin.]
ſpazieren, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. **walk** (for exercise or pleasure), go abroad, take a turn (*usually in infinitive, after a verb signifying the kind of motion or going.* 343.I.6). [from Latin *spatiari*, Italian *spaziare*, '**expatiate.**']
Spazierfahrt, *f.* =ten. pleasure-drive, excursion in a carriage. [ſpazieren and Fahrt. 422.3.]
Spaziergang, *m.* =ges, =änge. pleasure-walk, excursion on foot. [ſpazieren and Gang. 422.3.]
Spaziergänger, *m.* =rs, =r. one walking for exercise *or* pleasure, pedestrian. [from Spaziergang. 410.3*a.*]
Specification, *f.* =nen. **specification.** [Latin.]
ſpecifiſch, *adj.* **specific.** [from Latin. 415.10*b.*]
Speck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. bacon, lard, fat.
Speer, *m.* =res, =re. **spear.** [E. **spear.**]

Speiche, *f.* =en. **spoke** (of a wheel). [E. **spoke.**]

Speicher, *m.* =rs, =r. granary, warehouse, magazine. [from late Latin *spicarium.*]

ſpeien, *v. O*(III.2). *or N. intr.* h. **spit, spew.** [related with E. **spit, spew.**]

Speiſe, *f.* =en. food, nourishment, viands, victuals;—mixed metal. [from Italian *spesa.*]

Speiſekammer, *f.* =rn. larder, pantry, provision room. [Speiſe and Kammer, '**chamber.**']

ſpeiſen, *v. N. intr.* h. eat, take food *or* nourishment, dine.—*tr.* give food to, feed. [from Speiſe. 405.I.1.]

Sperling, *m.* =gs, =ge. **sparrow.** [from old word *spar, sparwa.* 410.6.]

Sperre, *f.* =en. setting fast, fixing, blocking up, closing, embargo. [from ſperren. 408.II.2.]

ſperren, *v. N. tr.* spread wide open, fasten apart; deprive of motion, set fast, fix; block up, bar, obstruct, stop, close.

Spezerei, *f.* =eien. **spice.** [from late Latin *espiciæ.*]

Sphäre, *f.* =en. **sphere;** compass, circuit, province, department. [from Latin (Greek).]

Sphärenlauf, *m.* =fs, =äufe. course *or* revolution of the **spheres,** spheric course. [Sphäre (422.2*d*) and Lauf.]

Sphinx, *f.* =xe. **sphinx** (decorative figure of a winged lion with human [female] head and breast). [Greek.]

Spiegel, *m.* =ls, =l. mirror, looking-glass; shining mirror-like surface. [from Latin *speculum.*]

Spiegelfluth, *f.* =then. shining *or* mirror-like water. [Spiegel and Fluth, '**flood.**']

ſpiegelklar, *adj.* **clear** *or* bright as a mirror, mirror-like. [Spiegel and klar.]

ſpiegeln, *v. N. tr.* reflect, show by reflection, mirror.—*intr.* h. be reflected, shine, glisten. [from Spiegel. 405.I.1.]

=ſpiel, discourse, talk; *only in* Beiſpiel. [E. **spel** in *gospel* (*good-spel*).]

Spiel, *n.* =ls. =le. play, game, sport; playing (of musical instruments *etc.*); gaming, gambling:—**auf das Spiel ſetzen,** stake at play, hazard, risk.

ſpielen, *v. N. intr.* h. play, sport, amuse one's self; coruscate, sparkle.—*tr.* play (music, an instrument, *etc.*), touch; sparkle with, emit (as play of light). [from Spiel. 405.I.1.]

Spielmann, *m.* =ns, =änner *or* =leute (100.2 *rem.*). player, musician. [Spiel and Mann.]

Spielraum, *m.* =ms. **room** for play, elbow-**room,** scope, freedom of motion. [Spiel and Raum.]

Spielwerk, *n.* =rks, =rke. plaything, **toy,** article of amusement. [Spiel and Werk, '**work.**']

Spielzeug, *n.* =gs. playthings (*collectively*), toys. [Spiel and Zeug, 'stuff.']

Spieß, *m.* =ßes, =ße. spear, lance; **spit.** [E. **spit.**]

ſpießen, *v. N.* **tr. spit,** run through with a spear *or* lance, impale. [from Spieß. 405.I.1.]

Spindel, *f.* =ln. **spindle,** distaff. [E. **spindle:** from ſpinnen.]

Spinne, *f.* =en. spider. [from ſpinnen. 408.II.2.]

ſpinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **spin.** [E. **spin.**]

Spinnewebe, *f.* =en. spider's **web,** cob**web.** [Spinne and Webe.]

Spinnrad, *n.* =ds, =äder. **spinning** wheel. [ſpinnen and Rad. 422.3.]

ſpitz, *adj.* pointed, acute, sharp. [related with Spieß.]

Spitze, *f.* =en. point, peak, top, apex, summit. [from ſpitz. 409.II.1.]

ſpitzen, *v. N. tr.* point, sharpen; prick up. [from ſpitz. 405.I.1.]

ſpitzig, *adj.* pointed, peaked, sharp, acute, piercing. [from Spitze. 415.9*a.*]

ſpleißen, *v. O*(III.1). *or N. tr. or intr.* ſ. **split,** cleave. [E. **split.**]

Splitter, *m.* =rs, =r. **splinter,** fragment (of wood), chip. [from ſpleißen.]

ſplittern, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. break into **splinters,** shatter, shiver. [from Splitter. 405.I.1.]

Sporn, *m.* =nes, =ren (99.3) *or* =ne *or* =nen. **spur.** [E. **spur:** allied to Speer, '**spear.**']

ſpornen, *v. N. tr.* **spur,** stimulate, urge on. [from Sporn. 405.I.1.]

Spott, *m.* =tes, =te. mockery, derision, scoff, banter, scorn; object of mockery *or* derision. [perhaps related with ſpeien, '**spit.**']

ſpotten, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with gen.*). mock, scoff at, jeer, cast derision on, ridicule. [from Spott. 405.I.1.]

ſpöttiſch, *adj.* mocking, jeering, bantering, scornful. [from Spott. 415.10*a.*]

Sprache, *f.* =en. **speech,** language, utterance, dialect, tongue. [from ſprechen. 408.II.2.]

ſprachlos, *adj.* **speechless,** silent, [Sprache and los. 415.15*a*.]

Sprachvergleichung, *f.* =gen. comparison of languages, comparative philology. [Sprache and Vergleichung.]

ſprechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* h. *or tr.* **speak,** talk, say, utter; pronounce, declare, give sentence of; speak to, address, talk with. [E. **speak** (A-S. *specan* or *sprecan*).]

ſprengen, *v.* *N. tr.* (cause to **spring** *or* jump: *hence*) cause to fly in pieces, burst, break open, blow up; cause to gallop, urge on (as a horse) at a gallop:—*hence*, *intr.*, gallop, ride at full speed. [causative of ſpringen, '**spring.**' 404.I.1.]

ſprießen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **sprout,** shoot forth, spring up. [related with E. **sprout.**]

Springbrunnen, *m.* =ns, =n. leaping fountain, jet of water. [ſpringen and Brunnen. 422.3.]

ſpringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ *or* h. **spring,** leap, jump; gush forth, spout; break open, come apart, burst, fall in pieces. [E. **spring.**]

Springer, *m.* =rs, =r. **springer,** leaper, jumper. [from ſpringen. 408.III.4.]

ſpritzen, *v.* *N. tr.* **spirt,** squirt, spout forth. [related with E. **spirt.**]

ſpröde, *adj.* brittle, friable, inflexible, hard; *hence*, shy, cold, reserved, demure.

Sproß, *m.* =ſſes, =ſſe. **sprout,** shoot, scion; descendant. [from ſprießen. 408.I.]

Sproſſe, *f.* =en. **sprout,** shoot, scion; round (of a ladder), rung. [from ſprießen. 408.II.2.]

ſproſſen, *v.* *N. intr.* ſ. **sprout,** shoot, germinate. [from Sproß. 405.I.1.]

Spruch, *m.* =ches, =üche. saying, adage, proverb, phrase; sentence, decree, award. [from ſprechen. 408.I.]

Sprüchlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little adage, proverb. [from Spruch. 410.1.]

Sprudel, *m.* =ls, =l. fount, spring, gush *or* flow of water.

ſprudeln, *v.* *N. intr.* h. *or tr.* bubble, gush, spirt. [from Sprudel. 405.I.1.]

ſprühen, *v.* *N. tr.* send forth in drops *or* sparks, sprinkle, scatter.—*intr.* h. come forth in drops *or* sparks, sparkle, beam.

Sprung, *m.* =ges, =ünge. **spring,** leap, jump; crack, flaw. [from ſpringen. 408.I.]

ſpülen, *v.* *N. tr.* dash with water, rinse, wash.

Spur, *f.* =ren. track, trace, footstep, vestige, **spoor.** [E. **spoor** (from Dutch).]

ſpüren, *v.* *N. tr.* track out, trace, follow the trail of; follow up, examine, investigate; discover traces of, find out, discover, have an inkling of. [from Spur. 405.I.1.]

Staat, *m.* =tes, =ten. **state,** land, country; **state,** pomp, show. [from Latin *status*.]

Staatsaction, *f.* =nen. **action** of **state** (pompous old-fashioned name for a historical drama or play). [Staat (422.2*b*) and Action.]

Staatsglied, *n.* =bs, =der. member of the **state** *or* body politic, constituent part of the government. [Staat (422.2*b*) and Glied.]

Staatsgrundſatz, *m.* =zes, =ätze. maxim *or* axiom of **state,** political principle. [Staat (422.2*b*) and Grundſatz.]

Staatskunſt, *f.* =ünſte. art of government, political management, policy. [Staat (422.2*b*) and Kunſt.]

Staatsleben, *n.* =ns. political **life.** [Staat (422.2*b*) and Leben.]

Stab, *m.* =bes, =äbe. **staff,** stick, rod, cane, wand. [E. **staff.**]

Stäbchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **staff** *or* rod, wand. [from Stab. 410.1.]

Stachel, *m.* =ls, =l. sting, prickle, thorn, spine. [from ſtechen. 408.III.2.]

Stachelkugel, *f.* =ln. ball armed with prongs *or* points, pricking ball. [Stachel and Kugel.]

ſtachlicht, *adj.* prickly, thorny, spinous. [from Stachel. 415.8.]

ſtachlig, *adj.* prickly, thorny, armed with spines. [from Stachel. 415.9*a*.]

Stacket', *n.* =ts, =te. paling, picket-fence, **stockade.** [related with E. **stake**: also with Stock.]

Stadt, *f.* =äbte. city, town. [same word as Statt, '**stead.**']

Städtchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little city, small town, village. [from Stadt. 410.1.]

Stadtmauer, *f.* =rn. city wall. [Stadt and Mauer.]

Stadtthor, *n.* =rs, =re. city gate. [Stadt and Thor, '**door.**']

Stahl, *m.* =les, =ähle. **steel.** [E. **steel.**]

Stall, *m.* =les, =älle. **stall,** stable. [related with ſtellen, 'place.']

Stallknecht, *m.* =ts, =te. stable-boy, groom, hostler. [Stall and Knecht.]

Stamm, *m.* =mes, =ämme. **stem,** trunk, stalk, body; stock, race, lineage, tribe. [E. **stem.**]

ſtammen, *v.* *N. intr.* ſ. originate, de-

scend, proceed, spring. [from Stamm. 405. I. 1.]

Stammvater, *m.* =rs, =äter. ancestor, original stock. [Stamm and Vater, '**father.**']

ſtampfen, *v. N. intr.* h. **stamp,** strike with the feet, pound. [E. **stamp.**]

Stand, *m.* =des, =ände. **stand, standing**; situation, position, station in life; rank, class (of community), order; *in plural*, estates, representative bodies;—condition, proper order:—**zu Stande bringen,** bring about, accomplish; **in Stand ſetzen,** put in good condition, restore; **außer Stande,** not in condition, unable, powerless. [from ſtehen. 408. I.]

Standarte, *f.* =en. **standard,** banner, ensign. [E. **standard.**]

ſtandhaft, *adj.* steadfast, steady, constant, firm. [from Stand. 415. 7*a*.]

ſtändig, *adj.* **standing,** fixed, stationary. [from Stand. 415. 9*a*.]

ſtändiſch, *adj.* belonging to *or* representing the orders *or* ranks of society, related to the estates of an empire. [from Stand. 415. 10*a*.]

Standort, *m.* =s, =e. **standing**-place, station. [Stand and Ort.]

Stange, *f.* =en. pole, stake, rod. [related with ſtechen.]

Stängel *or* **Stengel,** *m.* =s, =. stalk, stem. [related with Stange.]

Stängelchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little stalk *or* stick, perch. [from Stängel. 410. I.]

Stapel, *m.* =s, =. support, foundation; magazine, storing-place, emporium, mart, **staple.** [E. **staple.**]

ſtark, *adj.* (ä *in composition*). strong, stout, vigorous, robust, lusty, sturdy. [E. **stark,** with altered meaning.]

Stärke, *f.* =en. strength, force, power, vigor. [from ſtark. 409. II. 1.]

ſtärken, *v. N. tr.* strengthen, fortify; corroborate, confirm, support. [from ſtark. 405. I. 2.]

ſtarr, *adj.* stiff, rigid, fixed, motionless, numb, stark.

ſtarrig, *adj.* stiff. [from ſtarr. 415. 9*c*.]

ſtät (*or* **ſtet**), *adj.* fixed, stable, firm, **steady,** constant, enduring. [related with ſtehen.]

ſtätig *or* **ſtetig,** *adj.* stable, firm, **steady,** constant, continual. [from ſtät. 415. 9*c*.]

Stätigkeit *or* **Stetigkeit,** *f.* =ten. **steadiness,** stability, firmness, constancy. [from ſtätig. 409. II. 3.]

Statt, *f.* place, **stead.** [from ſtehen.]

ſtatt, *prep.* (*with gen.*). **instead** of, in place of, for. [abbreviated from an der Statt, 'in the **stead.**']

Stätte, *f.* =en. place, **stead,** room, space, site, spot, situation, abode. [from Statt.]

ſtattfinden (*or* **Statt finden**), *v. O*(I. 1). *intr.* h. take place, occur, happen, transpire. [Statt and finden. 312. 2.]

Staub, *m.* =bes. dust, powder. [from ſtieben. 408. I.]

ſtäuben, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. fly like dust *or* spray, dash in fine particles. [from Staub. 405. I. 1.]

ſtaubig, *adj.* dusty. [from Staub. 415. 9*a*.]

Staubwolke, *f.* =en. cloud of dust. [Staub and Wolke.]

ſtaunen, *v. N. intr.* h. stand amazed, be astounded *or* astonished, stare, wonder. [related with E. **stun.**]

Staunen, *n.* =ns. astonishment, amazement, wonder. [infinitive of ſtaunen. 340. 3.]

ſtechen, *v. O*(I. 3). *intr.* h (*or* ſ). prick, pierce, stab, sting. [E. **stick.**]

ſtecken, *v. O*(I. 3). *or N. intr.* h. **stick,** remain fast, be fixed; lie hidden.—*tr.* **stick,** set, fix, place; put away, hide, conceal. [related with ſtechen. 404. I. 2.]

Steg, *m.* =ges, =ge. narrow path, footway; foot-bridge; suspender, brace. [from ſteigen. 408. I.]

ſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* h (*or* ſ). **stand,** be upright; be situated, remain, be; **stand** still, stop. [E. **stand.**]

ſtehlen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* **steal,** purloin, thieve, rob. [E. **steal.**]

Steiermark, *n.* =s. **Styria** (province in southeastern Austria, bordering on Austria proper and Hungary). [properly '**march** or borderland of the **Styrians.**']

ſteif, *adj.* **stiff,** rigid, firm; constrained, awkward, formal, pedantic. [E. **stiff.**]

Steig, *m.* =ges, =ge. path, footway. [from ſteigen. 408. I.]

ſteigen, *v. O*(III. 2). *intr.* ſ. rise, ascend, mount, climb, get up *or* in; *sometimes* (*with explanatory adjuncts*), descend, get down, alight.

ſteigern, *v. N. tr.* cause to ascend *or* go up, heighten; raise, increase, enhance. [from ſteigen. 404. II. 2.]

Steigerung, *f.* =gen. heightening, enhancement, increase. [from ſteigern. 408. III. 8.]

ſteil, *adj.* steep, precipitous, perpen-

dicular. [from ſteigen; old form *steigal.*]

Stein, *m.* =neS, =ne. **stone,** rock; **stone** *or* kernel of fruit. [E. **stone.**]

ſteinern, *adj.* **stony,** of **stone.** [from Stein. 415.2.]

ſteinig, *adj.* **stony.** [from Stein. 415. 9*a.*]

Steinkluft, *f.* =üfte. **stony cleft** *or* gap, rocky abyss. [Stein and Kluft.]

Stelle, *f.* =en. place, spot, site, situation; station, office, duty:—**auf der Stelle,** on the spot, at once, directly; **zur Stelle ſchaffen,** bring to the spot, furnish, procure, get. [from ſtellen. 408.II.2.]

ſtellen, *v. N. tr.* place, put, set, fix, station; arrange, regulate; bring to the (required) spot, furnish, supply. —*refl.* present one's self, appear; give one's self the posture *or* aspect, feign one's self, make believe, act as if.

Stellung, *f.* gen. placing, setting, arranging, furnishing; position, station, office. [from ſtellen. 408.III.8.]

Stelze, *f.* =en. **stilt;** wooden leg. [E. **stilt.**]

Stempel, *m.* =lS, =l. **stamp,** die; pounder, pestle. [from ſtampfen. 408. III.2.]

Steppe, *f.* =en. **steppe,** vast treeless plain, prairie, level waste. [from Russian.]

Steppenfluß, *m.* =ſſeS, =üſſe. river in a **steppe.** prairie stream. [Steppe (422. 2*d*) and Fluß.]

Steppenſtraße, *f.* =en. road through a **steppe,** prairie road. [Steppe (422. 2*d*) and Straße, '**street.**']

ſterben, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. die, decease, expire, lose one's life, perish. [E. **starve** (which in old English means 'die' simply).]

ſterbenskrank, *adj.* sick unto death, deadly ill, like to die. [ſterben, infinitive of ſterben (422.2*b*), and krank.]

ſterblich, *adj.* liable to die, mortal; deadly. [from ſterben. 415.12*c.*]

Stern, *m.* =neS, =ne (*or* =nen). **star.** [E. **star.**]

Sternbild, *n.* =bS, =ber. constellation, asterism, **star**-group. [Stern and Bild, 'figure.']

Sternenſaat, *f.* =ten. **star-seed.** [Stern (422.2*d*) and Saat.]

Sternenwelt, *f.* =ten. **starry world,** firmament. [Stern (422.2*d*) and Welt.]

Stetigkeit. *see* Stätigkeit.

ſtets, *adv.* **steadily,** constantly, continually, ever, always. [genitive of ſtet or ſtät. 363.3*d.*]

Steuer, *n.* =rS, =r. rudder, helm. [E. **steer.**]

ſteuern, *v. N. intr.* h. **steer,** direct (a vessel), pilot. [from Steuer. 405.I.1.]

Stich, *m.* =cheS, =che. prick, puncture, thrust, stab, **stitch**:—**im Stich laſſen,** leave in the lurch, forsake, abandon (in the midst of difficulties). [from ſtechen. 408.I.]

ſticken, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ſ. smother, stifle. [related with ſtechen and ſtecken.]

ſticken, *v. N. tr.* **stitch,** embroider. [from Stich. 405.I.1.]

ſtieben, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* h. *or tr.* scatter, drive about, disperse.

Stiefel, *m.* =lS, =l *or* =ln. boot. [from Italian.]

Stiel, *m.* =leS, =le. handle, helve; **stalk,** pedicle. [from Latin (Greek) *stylus.*]

Stier, *m.* =reS, =re. bull. [E. **steer.**]

ſtiften, *v. N. tr.* found, establish, set up, institute.

ſtill *or* **ſtille,** *adj.* **still,** silent, quiet, calm, tranquil; Pacific:—**ſtill** *or* **ſtille halten, hold** *or* keep **still,** stop; **ſtill ſchweigen,** *see* ſtillſchweigen. [E. **still.**]

Stille, *f.* =en. **still**ness, silence, quiet, calm, tranquillity. [from ſtill. 409. II.1.]

ſtillen, *v. N. tr.* **still,** quiet, pacify, satisfy. [from ſtill. 405.I.2.]

ſtillſchweigen, *or* **ſtill** *or* **ſtille ſchweigen,** *v.* *O*(III.2). *intr.* h. be silent, keep **still.** [ſtill and ſchweigen. 312.2.]

Stillung, *f.* =gen. **stilling,** appeasing, pacification, satisfaction. [from ſtillen. 408.III.8.]

Stimme, *f.* =en. voice; sound; vote, suffrage.

ſtimmen, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* give voice, tune forth, sound:—accord, be *or* put in tune, harmonize, agree; vote. [from Stimme. 405.I.1.]

Stimmengewirr, *n.* =rS, =re. confusion of voices, confused murmur. [Stimme (422.2*d*) and Gewirr.]

Stimmung, *f.* =gen. tuning, accord; disposition, frame of mind, mood, temper. [from ſtimmen. 408.III.8.]

Stirn *or* **Stirne,** *f.* =nen. forehead, front, brow.

Stock, *m.* =ckeS, =cke (*or* =cke). stick, staff, cane, baton; trunk, **stock;** story, floor. [E. **stock;** related with ſtecken.]

ſtocken, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. become fixed, cease moving, stop, stagnate.

[from Stock, 'stock, trunk,' as that which is fixed. 405.I.1.]

Stockjude, *m.* =en, =en. downright **Jew,** out-and-out *or* unmitigated **Jew** (*term of reproach*). [Stock and Jude: lit'ly, 'Jew of the real **stock** or race.']

Stockung, *f.* =gen. cessation of motion, stagnation, stop. [from ſtocken. 408. III.8.]

Stockwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. floor, loft, story. [Stock and Werk, '**work.**']

Stoff, *m.* =fes, =fe. **stuff,** matter, substance, material; subject, matter in hand *or* under treatment. [from Italian *stoffo.*]

ſtöhnen, *v. N. intr.* h. groan.

ſtolz, *adj.* proud, haughty, arrogant, set up, **stilted.** [related with Stelze, '**stilt;**' also with E. **stout.**]

Stolz, *m.* =zes. pride, haughtiness, arrogance. [from ſtolz.]

ſtopfen, *v. N. tr.* **stuff,** jam, crowd, fill, **stop.** [related with **stuff** and **stop.**]

Storch, *m.* =ches, =störche. **stork.** [E. **stork.**]

ſtören, *v. N. tr.* **stir** up, disturb, trouble. [E. **stir.**]

Stoß, *m.* =ßes, =ße. push, thrust, collision, impact, shock; blow, kick. [from ſtoßen. 408.I.]

ſtoßen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* h. *or tr.* push, thrust, strike, knock, drive, kick:—**ſtoßen an,** hit against, be contiguous to, abut upon, adjoin.

ſtrack, *adj.* extended, **stretched,** tense, straight; direct, immediate. [related with E. **stretch.**]

Strafe, *f.* =en. punishment, chastisement, penalty. [from ſtrafen. 408. II.2.]

ſtrafen, *v. N. tr.* punish, chastise; rebuke, chide, reproach:—**einen Lügen ſtrafen,** accuse one of lying, give one the lie.

ſtraff, *adj.* stretched, tense, tight, stiff.

Straffheit, *f.* =ten. tension, tightness, stiffness. [from ſtraff. 409.II.2.]

Strafwerkzeug, *n.* =gs, =ge. instrument of punishment. [ſtrafen and Werkzeug. 422.3.]

Strahl, *m.* =les, =len. beam, ray; jet, spout.

ſtrahlen, *v. N. intr.* h. beam, radiate, shine, be brilliant. [from Strahl. 405.I.1.]

Strand, *m.* =des. **strand,** sea-shore. [E. **strand.**]

ſtranden, *v. N. intr.* ſ. go ashore, run aground, suffer shipwreck. [from Strand. 405.I.1.]

Strang, *m.* =ges, =änge. rope, cord, **string.** [related with E. **string.**]

Straße, *f.* =en. **street,** road, highway. [from Latin.]

Straßenbube, *m.* =en, =en. **street-**boy, urchin, *gamin.* [Straße (422.2*d*) and Bube.]

ſträuben, *v. N. tr.* set on end, bristle up; *hence,* show repugnance, resist.

Strauch, *m.* =ches, =sträuche *or* =säucher. shrub, bush, small tree.

ſtraucheln, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. stumble, make a false step.

Strauß, *m.* =ßes *or* =ßen, =ße *or* =ßen. **ostrich.** [from Latin (Greek) *struthio.*]

ſtreben, *v. N. intr.* h. **strive,** struggle, make effort, endeavor; **strive** to go, aspire, tend. [E. **strive.**]

Strecke, *f.* =en. **stretch,** extent, distance, tract, region. [from ſtrecken 408.II.2.]

ſtrecken, *v. N. tr.* **stretch,** extend, draw out. [from ſtrack. 405.I.2.]

Streich, *m.* =ches, =che. **stroke,** stripe, lash, blow; trick, prank. [E. **stroke, streak:** from ſtreichen. 408.I.]

ſtreicheln, *v. N. tr.* **stroke,** caress, coax, cajole. [from ſtreichen. 404. II.1.]

ſtreichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* h *or* ſ. pass along, go touching *or* grazing, glance, move on.—*tr.* rub, smear, spread; **stroke; strike.** [E. **strike.**]

Streif, *m.* =fes, =fe; *or* **Streifen,** *m.* =ns, =n. **stripe, strip,** streak; excursion, raid. [from ſtreifen. 408.I.]

ſtreifen, *v. N. tr.* **stripe,** mark with stripes: **strip,** bare.—*intr.* ſ *or* h. make excursions, rove, wander. [E. **stripe, strip.**]

Streit, *m.* =tes, =te. contest, struggle, conflict, quarrel, combat, war, strife. [from ſtreiten. 408.I.]

ſtreiten, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* h. contend, struggle, strive, fight, combat, quarrel, dispute, debate.

Streiter, *m.* =ts, =r. combatant, fighter, warrior, champion. [from ſtreiten. 408.III.4.]

ſtreitig, *adj.* contending; contended about, in dispute *or* litigation, controverted. [from Streit. 415.9*a.*]

Streitigkeit, *f.* =ten. difference, dispute, controversy, wrangle, variance. [from ſtreitig. 409.II.3.]

ſtreng *or* **ſtrenge,** *adj.* severe, strict, rigid, harsh, austere. [E. **strong.**]

Strenge, *f.* =en. **severity, harshness, strictness.** [from ſtreng. 409.II.1.]
ſtreuen, *v. N. tr.* **strew**, scatter. [E. **strew.**]
Strich, *m.* =ches, =che. **stroke**, line, dash; direction, country, region, tract. [from ſtreichen. 408.I.]
Strick, *m.* =ckes, =cke. cord, rope, string; snare, gin, trap. [related with ſtreichen.]
ſtricken, *v. N. tr.* knit, net:—**Geſtrickes**, knitting-work, knitting. [from Strick. 405.I.1.]
Stricknadel, *f.* =ln. **knitting-needle.** [ſtricken and Nadel. 422.3.]
Stroh, *n.* =hes. **straw.** [related with ſtreuen, '**strew.**']
ſtrohfarbig, *adj.* **straw**-colored. [Stroh and farbig.]
Strohhalm, *m.* =ms, =me. stalk *or* blade of **straw.** [Stroh and Halm.]
Strom, *m.* =mes, =öme. **stream**, current, river. [E. **stream.**]
ſtrömen, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. **stream**, flow, gush. [from Strom. 405.I.1.]
Strömung, *f.* =gen. **streaming**, flow, current. [from ſtrömen. 408.III.8.]
ſtrotzen, *v. N. intr.* h. be puffed up, swell, **strut**; abound greatly, swarm, overflow. [E. **strut.**]
Structur', *f.* =ren. **structure**, constitution, construction. [Latin.]
Strudel, *m.* =ls, =l. eddy, whirlpool, gulf.
ſtrudeln, *v. N. intr.* h. whirl, eddy. [from Strudel. 405.I.1.]
Strumpf, *m.* =fes, =ümpfe. stocking, hose.
Stube, *f.* =en. room, apartment, sitting-room, dwelling-room. [E. **stove.**]
Stück, *n.* =ckes, =cke (*or* =cken). piece, part, fragment, bit; piece, play, drama. [probably related with ſtechen, ſtecken.]
Stuckatur', *f.* =ren. **stucco**-work. [from Italian.]
ſtudiren, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. **study.** [from Latin *studere*. 404.II.4.]
Studium, *n.* =ms, =bien (101.3). **study.** [Latin.]
Stufe, *f.* =en. **step**, grade, degree, order, rank. [related with E. **step.**]
ſtufenweiſe, *adv.* **step** by step, by degrees, gradually. [Stufe (422.2*d*) and Weiſe, '**wise.**' 365.1*b*.]
Stuhl, *m.* =les, =ühle. chair, seat, **stool**; tribunal. [E. **stool**: related with ſtellen.]
ſtumm, *adj.* dumb, mute, speechless, silent.
ſtumpf, *adj.* blunt, obtuse, dull, not pointed. [related with E. **stump.**]
ſtumpfen, *v. N. tr.* make blunt *or* dull, deprive of point *or* edge. [from ſtumpf. 405.I.2.]
Stunde, *f.* =en. hour; league. [from ſtehen: originally a point or position of time.]
ſtundenlang, *adv.* hours **long**, for hours. [= Stunden lang. 230.1*a*.]
ſtündlich, *adj.* hourly. [from Stunde. 415.12*a*.]
Sturm, *m.* =mes, =ürme. **storm**, tempest, gale, hurricane; **storming**, assault, charge, onslaught; fire-alarm. [perhaps related with ſtören, '**stir.**']
ſturmbedroht, *adj.* **storm**-menaced, threatened with trouble. [Sturm and bedroht, past part. of bedrohen.]
ſtürmen, *v. N. intr.* h *or* ſ. **storm**, rush along with violence, rage, roar. —*tr.* assault, **storm**, take by storm. [from Sturm. 405.I.1.]
Sturz, *m.* =zes, =ürze. headlong *or* violent fall, sudden plunge, tumble, overthrow, ruin, downfall.
ſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. fall headlong, plunge down, tumble, be precipitated, rush, gush.—*tr.* precipitate, hurl, throw headlong *or* with violence. [from Sturz. 405.I.1.]
Stütze, *f.* =en. prop, support, stay, pillar. [perhaps related with ſtoßen.]
ſtützen, *v. N. tr.* prop up, support, **rest.** [from Stütze. 405.I.1.]
ſtutzen, *v. N. intr.* h. be taken **aback**, stop in sudden embarrassment, be startled;—strut, show off. [related with ſtoßen.]
Stutzer, *m.* =rs, =r. exquisite, fop, coxcomb, dandy. [from ſtutzen. 408.III.4.]
Styl, *m.* =les, =le. **style**, fashion, mode. [from Latin (Greek).]
Stylit', *m.* =ten *or* =ten, =te *or* =ten. **stylite** (monk or hermit living on the top of a pillar). [Greek.]
Styx, *m.* **Styx** (river of Hades or the infernal world). [Greek.]
Subject', *m.* =tes, =te. **subject**; the conscious **subject**, apprehending mind. [Latin.]
Subſtitution, *f.* =nen. **substitution**; entail. [French word.]
ſuchen, *v. N. tr.* **seek**, search for, try to find *or* obtain, look after, be in quest of. [E. **seek.**]
Sucht, *f.* =ten. malady, disease; inordinate desire, passion, mania. [from ſiech, '**sick**;' but in many uses attaching itself to ſuchen.]

Süd, *m.* =des; *or* **Süden,** *m.* =ns. **south.** [E. **south.**]
Südamerika, *n.* =a's. **South America.** [Süd and Amerika.]
südamerikanisch, *adj.* **South-American.** [from Südamerika. 415.10*b*.]
Suddonauland, *n.* =ds, =änder. **land** on the **south** bank of the **Danube.** [Süd, Donau, and Land.]
südlich, *adj.* **southern, southerly,** southward. [from Süd. 415.12*a*.]
Südost, *m.* =ts; *or* **Südosten,** *m.* =ns. **south-east.** [Süd and Ost.]
Südsee, *f.* **South Sea.** [Süd and See.]
südwärts, *adv.* **southwards,** toward the **south.** [from Süd. 364.2.]
Südwest, *m.* =ts. **south-west.** [Süd and West.]
südwestlich, *adj.* **southwestern, southwesterly.** [from Südwest. 415.12*a*.]
Sultan, *m.* =ns, =ne. **Sultan.** [Arabic.]
Summe, *f.* =en. **sum,** amount, sum total:—**die Summe ziehen,** find the **sum** total, add up, sum up. [from Latin.]
summen, *v. N. intr.* h. hum, buzz, murmur. [imitative word.]
Sumpf, *m.* =fes, =ümpfe. **swamp,** bog, marsh, fen. [E. **swamp.**]
sumpfig, *adj.* **swampy,** boggy, marshy. [from Sumpf. 415.9*a*.]
sumpfreich, *adj.* **rich** *or* abounding in **swamps,** marshy. [Sumpf and reich. 415.15*c*.]
Sumpfwasser, *n.* =rs, =r. **swamp-water,** stagnant water of a bog *or* marsh. [Sumpf and Wasser.]
=**sund** *in* gesund, healthy. [E. **sound.**]
Sünde, *f.* =en. **sin,** offense, transgression. [E. **sin.**]
sündig, *adj.* **sinful, sinning,** peccable. [from Sünde. 415.9*a*.]
sündigen, *v. N. intr.* h. **sin,** offend, transgress. [from sündig. 405.I.2.]
Suppe, *f.* =en. **soup,** broth, porridge. [E. **soup**: related with saufen.]
Sürtout, *m.* =ts, =ts (101.5). **surtout,** OVERALL, overcoat. [French.]
süß, *adj.* **sweet;** delightful, pleasing, agreeable. [E. **sweet.**]
Sycomo're, *f.* =en. **sycamore** (kind of fig-tree). [from Latin (Greek).]
Sykophant', *m.* =ten, =ten. **sycophant,** mean flatterer, parasite. [from Greek.]
Sylphi'de, *f.* =en. **sylphid,** sylph, air-nymph. [from Greek.]
symbolisch, *adj.* **symbolic.** [from Greek.]
Synantheree, *f.* =en. **synantherous** plant, plant of the family of *compositæ* (with anthers united into a tube). [from Greek.]
Syrien, *n.* =ns. **Syria.**
syrisch, *adj.* **Syrian.** [from Syrien. 415.10*b*.]
System', *n.* =ms, =me. **system.** [from Greek.]

Taback *or* **Tabak,** *m.* =ks. **tobacco;** snuff. [Indian word.]
Tabarro, *m.* =o's, =os. **tabarro,** tabard *or* taberd, mantle, domino. [Italian word.]
Tadel, *m.* =ls, =l. fault, defect, blemish; blame, reproach.
tadeln, *v. N. tr.* blame, find fault with, censure, reprehend, reproach. [from Tadel. 405.I.1.]
Tafel, *f.* =ln. **table, tablet,** plate, pane; dining-**table,** dinner; slate (for writing etc.). [from Latin *tabula*.]
Tafelberg, *m.* =gs. **Table** Mountain (above Capetown). [Tafel and Berg.]
Tafelwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. frame**work** of boards. [Tafel and Werk.]
Tag, *m.* =ges, =ge. **day;** daylight, light; open air, openness, publicity; —**day** of session, session, sitting body, diet, estates:—**an Tag legen,** bring to light, set forth, exhibit; **zu Tage kommen,** come to light, make appearance. [E. **day.**]
tagen, *v. N. intr.* h. become **day, dawn.** [E. **dawn** (A-S. *dagian*).]
Tagereise, *f.* =en. **day's** journey. [Tag (422.2*d*) and Reise.]
Tageslicht, *n.* =ts. **light** of **day, daylight.** [Tag (422.2*b*) and Licht.]
Tagesordnung, *f.* =gen. **order** of the **day**:—**an der Tagesordnung sein,** be in **order,** appear as if expected and arranged for, prevail. [Tag (422.2*b*) and Ordnung.]
Tagewerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. **day's work,** daily labor. [Tag (422.2*d*) and Werk.]
taghell, *adj.* bright as **day.** [Tag and hell.]
täglich, *adj.* **daily,** diurnal. [from Tag. 415.12*a*.]
tahitisch, *adj.* of **Tahiti,** Tahitian.
Takt, *m.* =tes, =te. touch; measured stroke, time-beat, measure, time (musical), rhythm. [from Latin.]

Talent', *n.* =tš, =te. **talent**, natural gift, endowment, capacity. [Greek.]
Talg, *m.* =ges. **tallow**, fat, suet. [E. **tallow**.]
Talglicht, *n.* =tš, =te *or* =ter. **tallow**-candle. [Talg and Licht, '**light**.']
Tand, *m.* =des. trifles, worthless stuff, frippery; idle talk, nonsense.
Tang, *m.* =ges, =ge. sea-weed, fucus. [from Scandinavian.]
Tanne, *f.* =en. fir-tree, fir.
Tannenbaum, *m.* =ms, =äume. fir-tree. [Tanne (422.2*d*) and Baum.]
Tannengeruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. fir odor. [Tanne (422.2*d*) and Geruch.]
Tannenzapfen, *m.* =ns, =n. fir-cone, fruit of the fir-tree. [Tanne (422.2*d*) and Zapfen.]
Tanz, *m.* =zes, =änze. **dance**. [E. **dance**.]
tanzen, *v. N. intr.* h. **dance**. [from Tanz. 405.I.1.]
Tänzer, *m.* =rs, =r. **dancer**. [from tanzen. 408.III.4.]
Tänzerin, *f.* =innen. (female) **dancer**, danseuse. [from Tänzer. 410.4.]
Tapete, *f.* =en. **tapestry**, hangings, carpet. [from late Latin *tapeta*.]
tapezíren, *v. N. tr.* cover with **tapestry**, hang, cover, line. [from Italian *tapezzare*. 404.II.4.]
tapfer, *adj.* excellent, worthy; *especially*, bold, valiant, brave, stout, doughty. [E. **dapper**, of which the original meaning has become degraded.]
Tapferkeit, *f.* =ten. bravery, valor, courage, stoutness. [from tapfer. 409.II.3.]
Tapír', *m.* =rs, =re. **tapir**. [Brazilian word.]
Tasche, *f.* =en. pocket, pouch.
tasten, *v. N. intr.* h. feel, grope, fumble, seek *or* explore by the touch. [E. **taste**: from old French etc. *taster*.]
Tastsinn, *m.* =ns, =ne. sense of feeling *or* touch. [tasten and Sinn. 422.3.]
tatarisch, *adj.* **Tartar**. [from Tatar, 'Tartar.' 415.10*a*.]
taub, *adj.* **deaf**, destitute of hearing; unfeeling, senseless, barren, empty. [E. **deaf**.]
Taube, *f.* =en. **dove**, pigeon. [E. **dove**.]
taubenmild, *adj.* of **dove**-like **mildness** *or* gentleness. [Taube (422.2*d*) and mild.]
tauchen, *v. N. intr.* h. dive, **duck**, plunge, become immersed.—*tr.* immerse, plunge, dip, sink. [E. **duck**.]
Taucher, *m.* =rs, =r. diver, plunger. [from tauchen. 408.III.4.]
taufen, *v. N. tr.* **dip**, immerse, plunge; baptize, christen. [E. **dip**.]
taugen, *v. N. intr.* h. be of worth *or* value, serve the purpose, answer. [related with E. **doughty**.]
tauglich, *adj.* serviceable, fit, useful. [from taugen. 415.12*c*.]
Taumel, *m.* =ls, =l. reeling, staggering, giddiness; *hence*, intoxication, wild excitement, giddy elation, revelry, ecstasy, frenzy. [related with E. **tumble**.]
taumeln, *v. N. intr.* h. reel, stagger; be intoxicated, be wildly excited, revel. [from Taumel. 405.I.1.]
Tausch, *m.* =sches. exchange, barter.
tauschen, *v. N. tr.* exchange, **barter**. [from Tausch (or *vice versâ*). 405.I.1.]
täuschen, *v. N. tr.* deceive, delude, cheat, disappoint.
Täuschung, *f.* =gen. deception, delusion, illusion, cheating, disappointment. [from täuschen. 408.III.8.]
tausend, *num.* =ds, =de. **thousand**. [E. **thousand**.]
tausendfach, *adj.* **thousandfold**. [tausend and Fach. 204; 415.15*d*.]
tausendfältig, *adj.* **thousandfold**. [tausend and fältig, from Falt. 415.15*e*.]
tausendjährig, *adj.* of a **thousand years** *or* of thousands of years, extremely aged, primeval. [tausend and jährig, from Jahr. 424.5.]
tausendmal, *adv.* a **thousand** times. [tausend and Mal. 206.]
Teich, *m.* =ches, =che. pond, pool. [E. **dike**.]
Tempel, *m.* =ls, =l. **temple**. [from Latin.]
Templer, *m.* =rs, =r. **Templar**, knight of the **Temple**. [from Tempel. 410.3*a*.]
Teppich, *m.* =chs, =che. carpet, piece of tapestry, woven cover *or* hangings. [related with Tapete, '**tapestry**.']
Teufel, *m.* =ls, =l. **devil**. [from Latin (Greek) *diabolus*.]
Teufelsbestie, *f.* =en. **devil's beast**, infernal creature, hellish brute. [Teufel (422.2*b*) and Bestie.]
teuflisch, *adj.* **devilish**. [from Teufel. 415.10*a*.]
Thal, *n.* =les, =äler. **dale**, valley. [E. **dale**.]
Thaler, *m.* =rs, =r. **dollar**. [E. **dollar**.]
Thalgrund, *m.* =ds, =ünde. valley bottom *or* depth. [Thal and Grund, '**ground**.']

That, *f.* =ten. **deed,** act, action; fact: —**in der That,** in fact, indeed. [from thun, '**do.**' 408.II.1.]

thatenreich, *adj.* **rich** in **deeds,** eventful, active, fruitful. [That (422.2*d*) and reich. 415.15*c*.]

Thatensturm, *m.* =mś, =ürme. **storm** of **deeds,** rush of events, stirring course of acts and results. [That (422.2*d*) and Sturm.]

Thäter, *m.* =rś, =r. doer, author, perpetrator. [from That. 410.3*a*.]

thätig, *adj.* active, stirring, busy, efficient. [from That. 415.9*a*.]

Thätigkeit, *f.* =ten. activity, efficiency. [from thätig. 409.II.3.]

Thatsache, *f.* =en. matter of fact, fact, actual occurrence. [That and Sache, 'thing.']

Thau, *m.* =aues, =aue. **dew.** [E. **dew.**]

Thea'ter, *n.* =rs, =r. stage, scene of action; **theatre,** play-house. [from Greek.]

Theaterstück, *n.* =cke, =cke. stage-piece, play, drama. [Theater and Stück.]

Theiding, *f.* =gen. trial, judgment, agreement. [from Tagebing, from Tag, '**day,**' and Ding, 'cause, dispute.']

Theil, *m.* (*or n.*) =les, =le. part, division, section; portion, share:—**Theil nehmen,** take part, PARTICIPATE, be interested, sympathize; **zum Theil,** in part, partly; **einem zu Theil werden,** fall to one's share, be bestowed on *or* vouchsafed to one. [E. **deal.**]

theilen, *v. N. tr.* make into parts, divide, separate, part; **deal,** share; share in, participate, partake of. [from Theil. 405.I.1.]

Theilnahme, *f.* =en. PARTICIPATION, interest, sympathy. [Theil and Nahme.]

theilnehmend, *adj.* PARTICIPATING, sympathizing, interested. [Theil and nehmend, pres. part. of nehmen.]

Theilnehmer, *m.* =rs, =r. sharer, PARTAKER, PARTICIPANT, interested person. [Theil and Nehmer.]

theils, *adv.* partly, in part. [genitive of Theil. 364.1.]

Theilung, *f.* =gen. division, parting, **dealing.** [from theilen. 408.III.8.]

theilweise, *adj.* in part, partial, incomplete. [Theil and Weise, '**wise.**' 365.1*b*.]

Theologie', *f.* =i'en. **theology.** [from Greek.]

Theorie', *f.* =ri'en. **theory.** [from Greek.]

Theſſalonich, *n.* =chs. **Thessalonica** (city of Macedonia).

theuer, *adj.* **dear,** beloved, valued, precious; costly, **dear.** [E. **dear.**]

Thier, *n.* =rs, =re. animal, creature, beast, brute, quadruped. [E. **deer,** which formerly signified 'animal' in general.]

Thiergattung, *f.* =gen. race *or* kind of creatures, animal species. [Thier and Gattung.]

Thiergerippe, *n.* =es, =e. skeleton of an animal. [Thier and Gerippe.]

Thiergeſtalt, *f.* =ten. animal form *or* shape. [Thier and Geſtalt.]

thieriſch, *adj.* animal, bestial, brutal. [from Thier. 415.10*a*.]

Thierleben, *n.* =ns, =n. **animal life.** [Thier and Leben.]

Thor, *n.* =res, =re. **door,** gate, gateway, portal. [E. **door.**]

Thor, *m.* =ren, =ren. fool, dolt, simpleton.

Thor, *m.* =rs. **Thor** (god of the storm and thunderbolt in Norse mythology).

Thorheit, *f.* =ten. folly, stupidity, foolish act. [from Thor. 410.5.]

thöricht, *adj.* foolish, stupid, silly [from Thor. 415.8.]

Thräne, *f.* =en. tear. [related with E. **train** in *train-oil.*]

Thränenquelle, *f.* =en. fountain of tears. [Thräne (422.2*d*) and Quelle.]

Thron, *m.* =nes, =ne *or* =nen. **throne.** [from Latin (Greek).]

Thule, *f.* **Thule** (fabled island at the very western edge of the world).

thun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **do,** perform, effect, execute; make.—*intr.* ℌ. act, behave, carry on, conduct:—**aus einander** *or* **von einander thun, do** apart, open, extend, spread out; **thun als ob,** act as if, make believe, pretend; **um etwas zu thun ſein,** make something a matter of consequence, make an **ado** *or* **to-do** about something. [E. **do.**]

Thür *or* **Thüre,** *f.* =en. **door.** [related with Thor.]

Thürchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **door.** [from Thür. 410.1.]

Thüringen, *n.* =ns. **Thuringia** (ancient province of Central Germany).

Thurm, *m.* =ms, =ürme. **tower;** spire, steeple. [irregularly from Latin *turris.*]

thurmartig, *adj.* **tower**-like, towering. [Thurm and artig, from Art. 415. 15*f*.]

thürmen, *v. N. intr.* ℌ. **tower up, rise**

high.—*tr.* pile up, build high. [from Thurm. 405.I.1.]

tief, *adj.* **deep,** profound. [E. **deep**: related with taufen, '**dip.**']

Tiefe, *f.* =en. **depth,** profundity; **deep** place, depth, abyss. [from tief. 409. II.1.]

tiefgebeugt, *adj.* **deeply bowed,** profoundly humbled *or* depressed. [tief and gebeugt, past part. of beugen.]

tiefunter, *adj.* profoundly low, **deep** down. [tief and unter, '**under.**']

Tiger, *m.* =rs, =r. **tiger.** [from Latin (Greek).]

tigerartig, *adj.* **tiger**-like. [Tiger and artig, from Art. 415.15*f.*]

Tigerin, *f.* =innen. female **tiger,** tigress. [from Tiger. 410.4.]

tilgen, *v. N. tr.* annul, put an end to, extinguish, wipe out.

Tiſch, *m.* =ſches, =ſche. table; board, meal, dinner. [E. **dish**: from Latin (Greek) *discus.*]

Tiſchchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little table. [from Tiſch. 410.1.]

Titan', *m.* =ns *or* =nen, =nen. **Titan,** giant (race hostile or rival to the Gods, in Greek mythology). [Greek.]

Titel, *m.* =ls, =l. **title**; claim. [from Latin.]

toben, *v. N. intr.* ♄. rage, storm, bluster, rave.

Tochter, *f.* =öchter. **daughter.** [E. **daughter.**]

Töchterlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little **daughter.** [from Tochter. 410.1.]

Tod, *m.* =bes, =be. **death,** decease. [E. **death.**]

todt, *adj.* **dead,** deceased, lifeless. [E. **dead.**]

tödten, *v. N. tr.* put to **death,** kill, slay. [from todt. 405.I.1.]

Todtenbahre *or* **Todtenbahr,** *f.* =ren. **bier** of the **dead,** bier. [todt (422.2*d*) and Bahre.]

Todtenbein, *n.* =ns, =ne. **bone** of a **dead** person; *collectively,* dead men's bones. [todt (422.2*d*) and Bein.]

tödtlich, *adj.* **deadly,** mortal, fatal. [from todt. 415.12*b.*]

Toilette, *f.* =en. **toilet.** [French.]

Toilettenkunſt, *f.* =ünſte. art of the **toilet** *or* of dress. [Toilette (422.2*d*) and Kunſt.]

toll, *adj.* mad, crazy, frantic; excited, raging, ungovernable, infuriated; odd, whimsical. [E. **dull** (A-S. *dol,* 'foolish, crazy').]

Tollheit, *f.* =en. madness, craziness, frenzy, rage, oddity; crazy trick, mad performance, whimsy. [from toll. 409.II.2.]

Ton, *m.* =nes, =öne. **tone,** sound; accent, stress of voice; **tune,** melody [from Latin (Greek).]

tönen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. sound, resound, be sonorous *or* loud.—*tr.* cause to resound, sound forth, give **tone** to: —**tönend,** *pres. part.*, resounding, sonorous, loud. [from Ton. 405.I.1.]

Topf, *m.* =fes, =öpfe. pot, vessel.

Töpfchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little pot *or* vessel. [from Topf. 410.1.]

Topfgeſchirr, *n.* =rs, =re. pottery, earthenware. [Topf and Geſchirr.]

toſen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. make a loud noise, roar.

traben, *v. N. intr.* ♄. trot.

Tracht, *f.* =ten. what one wears, **dress,** costume, garb, mode of dress, **fashion**; what is carried, **load**; *hence,* litter, what one is pregnant with *or* full of. [from tragen. 408.II.1.]

trachten, *v. N. intr.* ♄. have one's mind full *or* absorbed (with anything), aspire, long, strive. [from Tracht (405.I.1); or from Latin *tractare.*]

traditionell', *adj.* **traditional.** [from French.]

träge, *adj.* inert, inactive, indolent, lazy.

tragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry, bear, bring; sustain, endure, support; wear; produce. [E. **draw, drag.**]

Träger, *m.* =rs, =r. bearer, carrier, supporter, wearer. [from tragen. 408. III.4.]

Trägerin, *f.* =innen. (female) bearer, supporter, wearer. [from Träger. 410.4.]

tragiſch, *adj.* **tragic, tragical.** [from Greek. 415.10*b.*]

Trank, *m.* =kes, =änke. **drink,** beverage, potion. [from trinken. 408.I.]

tränken, *v. N. tr.* give to **drink,** water; suckle, nurse; fill with water, soak, saturate, **drench.** [E. **drench**: causative of trinken. 404.I.1.]

Traube, *f.* =en. bunch of grapes, grape.

trauen, *v. N. intr.* ♄. (*with dat.*). trust to, have confidence in; confide.—*refl.* trust one's self, venture, dare. [related with E. **true,** treu.]

Trauer, *f.* mourning, sorrow, grief, affliction.

Trauerkleid, *n.* =ds, =der. mourning dress, garb of affliction. [Trauer and Kleid, '**clothes.**']

trauern, *v. N. intr.* ♄. mourn, grieve, lament. [from Trauer. 405.I.1.]

Trauerſchlag, *m.* =ges, =äge. mourning stroke, peal of sorrow, toll. [Trauer and Schlag.]

Trauerſpiel, *n.* =les, =le. tragedy. [Trauer and Spiel, 'play.']

traulich, *adj.* intimate, cordial, familiar. [from trauen. 415.12*c.*]

Traum, *m.* =mes, =äume. **dream,** vision; revery. [E. **dream.**]

träumen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* **dream.** [from Traum. 405.I.1.]

Träumer, *m.* =rs, =r. **dreamer;** visionary. [from träumen. 408.III.4.]

Träumerei, *f.* =eien. **dream,** vision, revery, idle fancy. [from Träumer. 410.2.]

träumeriſch, *adj.* **dreamy,** dreamlike, as in a vision, visionary, chimerical. [from Träumer. 415.10*a.*]

Traumgeſicht, *n.* =ts, =te. **dream-vision, sight** seen in a **dream.** [Traum and Geſicht.]

traun, *interj.* **truly,** in faith, forsooth. [corrupted from in treuen (from treu), 'in **truth.**']

traurig, *adj.* mournful, sad, melancholy, sorrowful. [from Trauer. 415.9*a.*]

Traurigkeit, *f.* =ten. sadness, melancholy, heaviness of spirit, grief. [from traurig. 409.II.3.]

treffen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* hit, strike; fall upon, befall, affect, concern; fall in with, meet, find; hit upon, make (as preparation, regulation).—*intr.* ḥ. come upon one, occur, happen; hit the spot, succeed.

Treffen, *n.* =ns, =n. engagement, encounter, combat, fight, battle. [infinitive of treffen. 340.3.]

trefflich, *adj.* excellent, admirable, choice. [from treffen, 'succeed.' 415.12*c.*]

treiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive,** impel, urge on, move forward; carry on, exercise, perform, do.—*intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. **drive** along, drift, move on; shoot forth, push on, grow. [E. **drive.**]

trennen, *v. N. tr.* divide, separate, sever, part.

Treppe, *f.* =en. staircase, flight of steps *or* stairs.

treten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. **tread,** step, go, proceed, move, come, enter.—*tr.* **tread** upon, trample, kick. [E. **tread.**]

treu, *adj.* **true,** faithful, trusty, loyal, reliable. [E. **true.**]

Treubruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. **breach** of faith, violation of a pledge *or* promise. [Treue and Bruch.]

Treue, *f.* **truth,** fidelity, trustiness, loyalty, reliableness. [from treu. 409.II.1.]

treuherzig, *adj.* **true-hearted,** cordial, loyal. [treu and herzig, from Herz. 424.5.]

treulich, *adv.* **truly,** faithfully, sincerely, honestly. [from treu. 363.3*a.*]

Tribu'ne, *f.* =en. **tribune,** speaker's desk, rostrum. [from Latin.]

Trichter, *m.* =rs, =r. funnel, tunnel. [from late Latin *tractarius.*]

trichterförmig, *adj.* funnel-shaped, infundibuliform. [Trichter and förmig, from Form. 415.15*f.*]

Trieb, *m.* =bes, =be. **drift,** movement; moving cause, impulse, impulsion, motive, bent, inclination, instinct. [from treiben. 408.I.]

Triebfeder, *f.* =rn. **driving** spring, moving force, motive, incitement. [Trieb and Feder.]

triefen, *v. O*(III.3). *or N. intr.* ḥ. **drip,** drop, trickle, run. [E. **drip.**]

Trier, *n.* =rs. **Treves.** [from *Treviri,* ancient name of the tribe to which the city belonged.]

trinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ḥ. *or tr.* **drink,** imbibe, swallow down (liquid). [E. **drink.**]

Trinker, *m.* =rs, =r. **drinker.** [from trinken. 408.III.4.]

Trinkgeld, *n.* =des, =der. **drinking** money, gratuity (as if to be spent for drink). [trinken and Geld. 422.3.]

Trinkwaſſer, *n.* =rs, =r. **drinking water.** [trinken and Waſſer. 422.3.]

Tritt, *m.* =tes, =te. **tread,** step, pace, gait; kick. [from treten. 408.I.]

Triumph', *m.* =phes, =phe. **triumph.** [from Greek.]

trocken, *adj.* **dry,** destitute of moisture, arid; barren; dull, prosing, tedious. [related with E. **dry** (A-S. *dryg*).]

trocknen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. make *or* become **dry,** dry up, desiccate. [from trocken. 405.I.2.]

Troddel, *f.* =n. tassel, bob.

Trödel, *m.* =ls, =l. frippery, trumpery, old clothes and the like, rubbish; second-hand store, place where odds and ends are sold, frippery.

Trommel, *f.* =ln. **drum.** [probably of imitative origin.]

Trompe'te, *f.* =en. **trumpet.** [from French etc.]

Tropen, *pl.* **tropics** (parallels of declination or latitude marking the sun's greatest removal from the equa-

tor; *also*, the region between these circles). [from Latin (Greek).]

Tropenfrucht, *f.* =ûchte. **tropical fruit.** [Tropen and Frucht.]

Tropengegend, *f.* =den. **tropical** region. [Tropen and Gegend.]

Tropenwelt, *f.* =ten. **tropical world.** [Tropen and Welt.]

Tröpfchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little **drop**, minute particle. [from Tropfen. 410. 1.]

Tropfen, *m.* =ns, =n. **drop.** [from triefen. 408.III.3.]

tropfen, *v. N. intr.* h. **drop**, drip, trickle, run. [from Tropfen. 405.I.1.]

tropisch, *adj.* **tropic, tropical.** [from Tropen. 415.10*b*.]

Troß, *m.* =sses, =sse. baggage, baggage-train; suite, retinue, moving mass, crowd, gang, troop. [from late Latin *trossa*.]

Trost, *m.* =stes, =ste. **trust**; *usually*, consolation, comfort. [related with trauen.]

trösten, *v. N. tr.* comfort, console, encourage, cheer up. [from Trost. 405. I.1.]

tröstlich, *adj.* consolable; consolatory, comforting. [from trösten. 415.12*c*.]

trostlos, *adj.* **comfortless,** inconsolable, disconsolate. [Trost and los. 415.15*a*.]

Trotz *or* **Trutz**, *m.* =zes. defiance, disdain, spite, sturdiness, spunk.

trotz, *prep.* (*with gen.*, 373). in defiance of, in spite of, notwithstanding. [a case of Trotz, equivalent to zum Trotze.]

trotzen, *v. N. intr.* h. be defiant, stand obstinately, insist; (*with dat.*) bid defiance to, dare, defy, brave, stand out against. [from Trotz. 405.I.1.]

trotzig, *adj.* defiant, stubborn, insolent, haughty. [from Trotz. 415.9*a*.]

trübe, *adj.* not clear, turbid, muddy, dim, dull; gloomy, sad.

trüben, *v. N. tr.* sadden, afflict, disturb. [from trübe. 405.I.2.]

Trübsal, *f. or n.* =ls, =le *or* =len. affliction, sorrow, tribulation. [from trüben. 408.III.7.]

trübselig, *adj.* afflicted, sorrowful, sad, lamentable, miserable. [from Trübsal. 415.9*f*.]

Trübsinn, *m.* =ns. sadness, dejection, melancholy. [trübe and Sinn.]

Trug, *m.* =ges. deceit, fraud, imposture, delusion. [from trügen. 408.I.]

Trugbild, *n.* =ds, =der. deceptive, image, phantom, illusion. [Trug and Bild.]

trügen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* deceive, delude, cheat, impose on.

Trumm, *n.* =ms, =ümmer (*hardly used except in plural*). fragment, debris, wreck, ruin. [E. **thrum.**]

trümmervoll, *adj.* **full** of wrecks or ruins. [Trumm (422.2*d*) and voll. 415. 15*b*.]

Trunk, *m.* =kes. **drink,** draught, potion. [from trinken. 408.I.]

trunken, *adj.* **drunken, drunk,** intoxicated. [past part. of trinken, with ge= omitted.]

Trutz. *same as* Trotz.

Tschako, *m.* =o's, =os. **shako,** infantry cap. [from Hungarian.]

Tübet, *n.* =ts. Tibet (*or* Thibet; country north of the Himalayas).

Tuch, *n.* =ches, =ücher (*or* =uche). cloth. [E. **duck,** 'coarse cloth, canvas.']

tüchtig, *adj.* suitable, capable, proper, excellent, admirable. [E. **doughty**: through an obsolete Tucht (408.II.1), from taugen. 415.9*a*.]

Tücke, *f.* =en. trick, artifice; trickishness, knavery, treachery, malice.

Tugend, *f.* =den. virtue, desirable *or* excellent quality, excellence. [from taugen. 408.III.9.]

tukiuisch, *adj.* belonging *or* relating to the **Tu-kiu.** [415.10*a*.]

Tulpe, *f.* =en. **tulip.** [from Persian.]

Tummel, *m.* =ls. rapid motion, bustle, riot. [related with Taumel.]

tummeln, *v. N. intr.* h. move **rapidly** *or* furiously, bustle, be noisy, **riot.** [from Tummel. 405.I.1.]

Türke, *m.* =en, =en. **Turk.**

Türkei, *f.* **Turkey.**

türkisch, *adj.* **Turkish.** [from Türke. 415.10*a*.]

turnieren, *v. N. intr.* h. engage in **a tourney** *or* **tournament,** tilt, joust. [from French *tourner*, '**turn.**']

Typhon, *m.* =ns. **Typhon** (malevolent deity in Egyptian mythology).

Tyrann, *m.* =nen, =nen. **tyrant.** [from Greek.]

Tyrannei, *f.* =eien. **tyranny.** [from Tyrann. 410.2.]

Tyrannensold, *m.* =ds. pay *or* service of **tyrants.** [Tyrann (422.2*d*) and Sold.]

Tyrus, *n.* **Tyre** (city of Phenicia).

u. *for* und, in **u. a. m.**, und andere mehr, **u. s. w.**, und so weiter, and so forth.

übel, *adj.* **evil,** ill, bad, wrong, wicked. [E. **evil.**]

Uebel, *n.* =ls, =l. **evil,** ill, hurt, harm, mischief, misfortune. [from übel. 409.I.2.]

Uebelthäter, *m.* =rs, =r. **evil**-doer, MALEFACTOR, criminal, offender. [übel and Thäter.]

üben, *v. N. tr.* practise, exercise, put in use *or* effect, execute; train, discipline.

üben, *adv.* above, beyond. [correlative of über (367.3*a*); hardly found except in darüben.]

über, *adv. and sep'ble or insep'ble prefix.* **over,** above; in excess *or* extreme: *added after an accusative of time, like* lang *or* durch, *simply to express duration* (230.1*a*); *e. g.* diese Zeit über, during this time.

prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). *with dat.* **over,** above, higher than, superior to; in the process of, by reason of; — *with accus.* **over** *or* above (*with implication of transfer or motion to such position*); across, from one side to the other of; beyond, on the farther side of; *hence*, after, after the lapse of; by way of, *via;* respecting, about, concerning: —*before a numeral, quasi-adverbially, without affecting the case that follows*, over, above, more than. [related with ober, from ob.]

überall', *adv.* everywhere. [über and all, '**all.**']

ü'berbleiben, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* s. remain **over,** be left. [über and bleiben.]

Ueberbleibsel, *n.* =ls, =l. remainder, relic, rest. [from überbleiben. 408.III.7.]

überblick'en, *v. N. tr.* **over**-look, survey, glance **over,** take a comprehensive view of. [über and blicken.]

überbring'en, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring over,** hand over, deliver. [über and bringen.]

überdies, *adv.* **over** and above **this,** in addition, further, besides, moreover. [über and dies. 365.2.]

überdräng'en, *v. N. tr.* **over**crowd, **throng** excessively. [über and drängen.]

überdring'en, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* crowd upon, overwhelm, inundate. [über and dringen.]

Ueberdruß, *m.* =sses, =üsse. weariness, satiety, surfeit, disgust. [über and =druß.]

überdrüssig, *adj.* weary, tired, sated, surfeited, disgusted. [from Ueberdruß. 415.9*a*.]

übereil'en, *v. N. tr.* come suddenly upon, take by surprise, **over**take. — *refl.* be **over**hasty, hurry too much. [über and eilen, 'hasten.']

übereilt, *adj.* **over** hasty, precipitate, rash. [past part. of übereilen. 351.3.]

überein, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* in accordance *or* agreement. [über and ein, '**in.**']

übereinstimmen, *v. N. intr.* h. accord, harmonize, agree. [überein and stimmen.]

ü'berfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* s. pass **over,** cross. [über and fahren, '**fare.**']

Ueberfahrt, *f.* =ten. passage, crossing [from überfahren. 408.II.1.]

überfall'en, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **fall** upon, come upon, attack suddenly, surprise. [über and fallen.]

ü'berfließen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* s. **overflow;** abound. [über and fließen.]

Ueberfluß, *m.* =sses. **overflow,** abundance, plenty. [from überfließen. 408.1.]

Uebergabe, *f.* =en. **giving over,** delivering up, surrender. [from übergeben. 408.II.2.]

übergeb'en, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give over,** deliver up, surrender, commit, intrust. [über and geben.]

üb'ergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. pass **over,** cross, change. [über and gehen.]

überglas'en, *v. N. tr.* **glaze over,** cover with glass, vitrify. [über and glasen.]

übergroß, *adj.* **over**-large, excessive, exaggerated. [über and groß.]

überhand, *adv. only in the combination* **überhand nehmen,** gain the upper **hand,** become uncontrollable, prevail, rage. [über and Hand.]

überhaupt, *adv.* in general, speaking generally, including all cases, altogether. [über and Haupt; lit'ly 'over head,' i.e. 'entirely.']

überhe'ben, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* raise excessively, exalt; *with gen.* lift over, relieve of, excuse from. — *refl.* (*with gen.*) exalt one's self upon, be puffed up by, presume upon, make an arrogant use of. [über and heben, '**heave.**']

Ueberhebung, *f.* =gen. **over**straining, undue exaltation *or* elevation. [from überheben. 408.III.8.]

überlas'sen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* leave **over,** turn over, relinquish, resign. [über and lassen.]

überlästig, *adj.* **over**burdensome, un-

duly troublesome, importunate. [über and läſtig.]

überle'ben, *v. N. tr.* **outlive,** SURVIVE. [über and leben.]

überle'gen, *v. N. tr.* **lay over;** turn **over** in mind, reflect on, consider. [über and legen.]

Ueberlegung, *f.* =gen. reflection, consideration, deliberation. [from überlegen. 408. III. 8.]

überlie'fern, *v. N. tr.* hand **over,** deliver up, pass over, transmit; hand down by tradition. [über and liefern.]

Ueberlieferung, *f.* =gen. handing **over,** transfer, transmission, tradition. [from überliefern. 408. III. 8.]

Uebermacht, *f.* superior power *or* **might,** superiority, ascendency. [über and Macht.]

Uebermaß, *n.* =ßes, =ße. **over-measure,** excess. [über and Maß.]

übermäßig, *adj.* beyond measure, excessive, exorbitant, immoderate. [from Uebermaß. 415. 9*a*.]

Uebermenſch, *m.* =ſchen, =ſchen. more than **man,** superhuman being. [über and Menſch.]

Uebermuth, *m.* =thes. arrogance, haughtiness, insolence, presumption, wantonness. [über and Muth, '**mood.**']

überneh'men, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* take upon one's self, undertake, assume.—*refl.* **overdo,** overtax, surfeit. [über and nehmen. 'take.']

ü berneigen, *v. N. tr.* bow *or* bend **over,** become inclined. [über and neigen.]

überraſch'en, *v. N. tr.* come hastily *or* suddenly upon, surprise, startle, take unawares *or* unexpectedly, overtake. [from raſch, 'quick.' 405. III. 2.]

überred'en, *v. N. tr.* talk **over** (to one's side), persuade, win the approval *or* assent of. [über and reden.]

Ueberredung, *f.* =gen. persuasion. [from überreden. 408. III. 8.]

überrei'chen, *v. N. tr.* hand **over,** deliver, present. [über and reichen, '**reach.**']

Ueberreſt, *m.* =tes, =te. what remains **over,** remainder, **rest.** [über and Reſt.]

überſchick'en, *v. N. tr.* send **over,** TRANSMIT, remit. [über and ſchicken.]

überſchiff'en, *v. N. tr.* go **over** by **ship,** sail across, pass by water. [über and ſchiffen.]

überſchrei'ten, *v. O*(III. 1). *tr.* **overstep,** TRANSGRESS, violate. [über and ſchreiten.]

überſchwem'men, *v. N. tr.* **overflood,** overflow, deluge, inundate. [über and ſchwemmen.]

überſeh'en, *v. O*(II. 1). *tr.* **oversee,** look **over,** review, take a comprehensive view of;—**over**look, pass without notice. [über and ſehen.]

ü'berſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set over** *or* across, transport from one side to the other. —*intr.* ſ. cross over, pass to the other side, make a transit. [über and ſetzen.]

Ueberſicht, *f.* =ten. **oversight,** survey, review, summary. [from überſehen.]

ü'berſpannen, *v. N. tr.* stretch **over,** extend across; **overstrain,** stretch too much. [über and ſpannen.]

Ueberſpannung, *f.* =gen. **overstraining,** undue extension. [from überſpannen. 408. III. 8.]

überſteh'en, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **last over, stand** through, outlast, endure, bear. [über and ſtehen.]

überſtei'gen, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* **mount** above *or* **over,** exceed, surpass. [über and ſteigen.]

überſtei'gern, *v. N. tr.* raise *or* estimate excessively, outbid unduly. [über and ſteigern.]

Ueberſteigerung, *f.* =gen. excessive elevation *or* estimation, undue outbidding. [from überſteigern. 408. III. 8.]

überſtrah'len, *v. N. tr.* outshine, exceed in brilliancy. [über and ſtrahlen.]

übertra'gen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* carry **over** *or* across, TRANSFER, TRANSLATE. [über and tragen.]

übertreff'en, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* excel, exceed, surpass, be superior to. [über and treffen, 'hit.']

übertrei'ben, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* **drive** *or* carry too far, **overdo,** exaggerate. [über and treiben.]

ü'bertreten, *v. O*(II. 1). *intr.* ſ. **overstep** one's limits, overflow. [über and treten, '**tread.**']

überwie'gen, *v. O*(III. 5). *tr.* **outweigh, overbalance,** preponderate. [über and wiegen.]

überwin'den, *v. O*(I. 1). *tr.* **overcome,** vanquish, conquer, overpower, subdue. [corrupted from überwinnen, from über and =winnen, '**win.**']

überwindlich, *adj.* conquerable, capable of being **overcome** *or* vanquished. [from überwinden. 415. 12*c*.]

Ueberzahl, *f.* =len. superior number, numerical superiority; surplus. [über and Zahl.]

überzäh'len, *v. N. tr.* **tell over,** count over. [über and zählen.]

überzeu'gen, *v. N. tr.* convince, win **over** by evidence *or* persuasion, persuade. [über and zeugen, 'testify.']

Ueberzeugung, *f.* =gen. conviction, persuasion. [from überzeugen. 408.III.8.]

überzie'hen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **over**, cover, coat; march over, overrun, invade. [über and ziehen.]

übrig, *adj.* left **over**, remaining as rest *or* remnant, left:—**übrig bleiben**, be left, remain, rest; **im übrigen**, as for the rest, moreover. [from über. 415.9*d*.]

übrigens, *adv.* for the rest, as concerns the remainder, moreover, besides. [irregular case-form of übrig. 363.3*c*.]

Uebung, *f.* =gen. exercise, practice, drill. [from üben. 408.III.8.]

Ufer, *n.* =rs, =r. shore, coast, bank, strand.

Uhr, *f.* =ren. **hour**; watch, time-piece, clock:—*invariable after numerals, in the sense of* o'clock, *designating the* **hour** *of the day* (211.3). [from Latin *hora*.]

Uhrgehänge, *n.* =s, =. **hanging** ornament to a watch, watch trinket *or* pendant, charm. [Uhr and Gehänge.]

um, *adv. and sep'ble or insep'ble prefix.* around, about, enclosing *or* surrounding;—around *or* about *or* over, *as implying change of direction or front or of side uppermost, and hence*, change, alternation, succession, repetition;—around *or* about, *as implying completed orbit, and hence*, completion, entire lapse.

prep. (*with accus*). around, about; near to, not far from; respecting, concerning, touching; *after verbs of asking and the like*, for;—*denoting amount of difference, generally with a comparative adjective*, by: *e. g.* größer um ſo viel, larger by so much;—in exchange for, for (*designating price*); in exchange with, alternately with, after: *e. g.* Stütze um Stütze, support after support, one support after another;—*before* zu *and an infinitive* (346.1), in order, so as:—**um etwas kommen**, lose something (*i.e.* come around it, instead of directly to it); **um etwas bringen**, cause to lose something.

umar'men, *v. N. tr.* throw the **arms** about, EMBRACE, clasp. [from Arm. 405.III.2.]

um'bilden, *v. N. tr.* form *or* shape over, change, convert, transform, metamorphose. [um and bilden, '**build**.']

um'bringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* cause to lose one's life, destroy, kill, slay, ruin. [um and bringen, '**bring**;' compare um etwas bringen, under um.]

um'drehen, *v. N. tr.* turn about, whirl around, twirl. [um and drehen.]

Umfang, *m.* =gs. circumference, circuit, extent. [from umfangen. 408.I.]

umfan'gen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* embrace, encircle, include, comprehend. [um and fangen, 'seize.']

umfänglich, *adj.* comprehensive, extensive, immense. [from Umfang. 415.12*a*.]

umfaſ'ſen, *v. N. tr.* take hold of, grasp; embrace, comprehend, comprise:—**umfaſſend**, *pres. part. as adj.*, comprehensive. [um and faſſen, 'seize.']

umflor'en, *v. N. tr.* envelop with crape *or* gauze, veil (as with grief *or* sadness). [from Flor. 405.III.2.]

umgeb'en, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* surround, encompass, enclose, environ, gird in. [um and geben, '**give**;' compare Latin *circumdare*.]

um'gehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** about, circulate; have intercourse, associate; be occupied, be busied (with a plan, plot, or the like):—**umgehen mit**, be plotting *or* devising. [um and gehen.]

um'geſtalten, *v. N. tr.* change the form of, transform, metamorphose. [um and geſtalten.]

Umgeſtaltung, *f.* =gen. change of shape, transformation. [from umgeſtalten. 408.III.8.]

um'gürten, *v. N. tr.* **gird** about, fasten around one, buckle on. [um and gürten.]

umher, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* around, roundabout. [um and her.]

um . . . her, *prep.* (*with interposed accus.*). round about, around. [379.1*a*.]

umherdrehen, *v. N. tr.* turn about, whirl, cause to revolve. [umher and drehen.]

umhergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** about, walk around, rove. [umher and gehen.]

umherſchwärmen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. rove about, wander around. [umher and ſchwärmen.]

umherſchweifen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. rove about, wander around. [umher and ſchweifen.]

umherſchwimmen, *v. O*(I.2). *intr.* ſ. **swim** about. [umher and ſchwimmen.]

umherſitzen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* h. **sit** about *or* around. [umher and ſitzen.]

umherſtoßen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* push or kick about. [umher and ſtoßen.]
umherziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw *or* drag about.—*intr.* ſ. move *or* march about. [umher and ziehen.]
umhül'len, *v. N. tr.* wrap up, envelop. [um and hüllen.]
Umhüllung, *f.* =gen. envelop, wrap. [from umhüllen. 408.III.8.]
um'kehren, *v. N. intr.* h. *or tr.* turn about, return, invert, change direction:—**umgekehrt,** *past part.*, inverted, reversed; in the opposite case, on the contrary supposition. [um and kehren.]
umklam'mern, *v. N. tr.* clasp about, embrace closely, cling to. [um and klammern.]
um'kommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. lose one's life, perish, be destroyed, go to ruin. [um and kommen, '**come**;' compare um etwas kommen, under um.]
umkrän'zen, *v. N. tr.* encircle with a crown, crown, wreathe. [um and kränzen.]
umrei'ten, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **ride** around. [um and reiten.]
um'rennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* **run** down, knock down and run over, overthrow by running. [um and rennen.]
umring'en, *v. N. tr.* form a **ring** about, encircle, enclose, surround. [um and ringen; or from Ring. 405.III.2.]
Umriß, *m.* =riſſes, =riſſe. outline, contour; sketch, slight *or* hasty depiction. [um and Riß.]
umru'hen, *v. N. tr.* rest about, lie quietly around. [um and ruhen.]
um'ſchauen, *v. N. refl.* look about one's self, gaze around. [um and ſchauen.]
um'ſchlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* knock over; turn over, turn the leaves of. [um and ſchlagen, 'strike.']
umſchlei'ern, *v. N. tr.* cover with a veil *or* as with a veil, envelop, veil. [um and ſchleiern.]
umſchließ'en, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* shut in, enclose, envelop. [um and ſchließen.]
umſchlin'gen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* twine around, clasp about, embrace. [um and ſchlingen.]
umſchwär'men, *v. N. tr.* rove about, **swarm** around. [um and ſchwärmen.]
umſchwei'fen, *v. N. tr.* roam about, wander around. [um and ſchweifen.]
um'ſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *refl.* look about one's self, look behind, cast a glance about *or* back, throw one's eyes around. [um and ſehen, '**see.**']
umſonſt, *adv.* for nothing, **without** pay, gratuitously; without **aim** *or* reward *or* result, to no purpose, aimlessly, uselessly, in vain. [um and ſonſt, 'else;' derivation of **meaning** not clear.]
umſpan'nen, *v. N. tr.* **span** about, arch around, encompass. [um and ſpannen.]
umſpin'nen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **spin** about, surround as with a net *or* web. [um and ſpinnen.]
Umſtand, *m.* =bes, =ände. CIRCUMSTANCE;—*in pl.* circumstances, condition, situation; particulars, details; ceremony. [from umſtehen. 408.I.]
umſte'cken, *v. N. tr.* **stick** about, surround (as with something **stuck** on.) [um and ſtecken.]
umſte'hen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **stand** about, surround, encompass. [um and ſtehen.]
umſtel'len, *v. N. tr.* set about *or* around, cover *or* encompass with things placed here and there:—change the place of, transpose. [um and ſtellen.]
um'ſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tumble over, fall down, be overthrown.—*tr.* overthrow, hurl down. [um and ſtürzen.]
umtan'zen, *v. N. tr.* **dance** around *or* about. [um and tanzen.]
um'treiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive** around, whirl about.—*intr.* ſ. move rapidly around, **drive** about, circulate.
umwal'len, *v. N. tr.* flow about, **wave** around. [um and wallen.]
um'wälzen, *v. N. refl.* roll about, roll over, revolve. [um and wälzen.]
Umwälzung, *f.* =gen. turning, whirling; overturning, revolution. [from umwälzen. 408.III.8.]
umwe'hen, *v. N. tr.* blow around, breathe about. [um and wehen.]
um'wenden, *v. N*(*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* turn about *or* over, reverse.—*intr.* h. turn about *or* over, turn. [um and wenden.]
um'werfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw over, overturn, upset. [um and werfen.]
umwin'den, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **wind** about, twine, wreathe. [um and winden.]
umwit'tern, *v. N. tr.* breathe upon, surround as with an atmosphere. [um and wittern.]
umzin'geln, *v. N. tr.* encircle, surround, hem in. [um and zingeln.]
un=, *negative prefix, same as* **un-** *in English,* **in-** *in Latin,* **an-** *in Greek.*

unabhängig, *adj.* INDEPENDENT. [un= and abhängig.]

Unabhängigkeit, *f.* =ten. INDEPENDENCE. [from unabhängig. 409. II. 3.]

unabſehbar, *adj.* incapable of being **seen off** from *or* to the end of, reaching beyond the sphere of sight, illimitable. [un= and abſehbar.]

Unart, *f.* =ten. ill-behavior, unmannerliness, impertinence, rudeness, naughtiness, rude habit, naughty trick. [un= and Art, 'manner.']

unarticulirt, *adj.* **unarticulated,** inarticulate. [un= and articulirt, past part. of articuliren.]

unaufhaltſam, *adj.* not to be **held up** *or* stopped, unrestrainable, uncontrollable. [un= and aufhaltſam.]

unaufhörlich, *adj.* unceasing, incessant, continual, perpetual, constant. un= and aufhörlich.]

unausbleiblich, *adj.* not liable to failure, sure to occur, certain. [un= and ausbleiblich.]

unausführbar, *adj.* incapable of being carried **out,** impracticable, impossible. [un= and ausführbar.]

unausgeglichen, *adj.* unreconciled, unsettled, unadjusted. [un= and ausgeglichen, past part. of ausgleichen.]

unausweichbar, *adj.* incapable of being gotten **out** of the way of, unavoidable, inevitable. [un= and ausweichbar.]

unbändig, *adj.* ungovernable, intractable, unmanageable, violent. [un= and bändig.]

unbeachtet, *adj.* unheeded, unnoticed, disregarded. [un= and beachtet, past part. of beachten.]

unbedingt, *adj.* unconditional, unqualified, absolute. [un= and bedingt, past part. of bedingen.]

unbefangen, *adj.* unconstrained, unembarrassed, frank, candid, ingenuous. [un= and befangen.]

unbefriedigend, *adj.* unsatisfying, not contenting, unsatisfactory. [un= and befriedigend, pres. part. of befriedigen.]

unbegreiflich, *adj.* INCOMPREHENSIBLE, inconceivable. [un= and begreiflich.]

unbekannt, *adj.* unknown, not had acquaintance with. [un= and bekannt.]

Unbekanntſchaft, *f.* =ten. want of knowledge, unacquaintedness, ignorance. [un= and Bekanntſchaft.]

unbekümmert, *adj.* unconcerned, careless. [un= and bekümmert, past part. of bekümmern.]

unbemerkt, *adj.* unremarked, unnoticed. [un= and bemerkt, past part. of bemerken.]

unbequem *or* **unbequemlich,** *adj.* inconvenient, incommodious. [un= and bequem.]

Unbequemlichkeit, *f.* =ten. inconvenience, incommodiousness. [from unbequemlich. 409. II. 3.]

unberufen, *adj.* unsummoned, not called for; officious, impertinent, meddling. [un= and berufen, past part. of berufen.]

unbeſorgt, *adj.* unconcerned, careless, easy, unsuspecting. [un= and beſorgt, past part. of beſorgen.]

unbeſtochen, *adj.* not bribed, uncorrupted, disinterested. [un= and beſtochen, past part. of beſtechen.]

unbeſucht, *adj.* unvisited, unfrequented. [un= and beſucht, past part. of beſuchen.]

unbeugſam, *adj.* inflexible, unpliant, rigid. [un= and beugſam.]

unbeweglich, *adj.* immovable, motionless, fixed. [un= and beweglich.]

unbewegt, *adj.* unmoved, motionless. [un= and bewegt, past part. of bewegen.]

unbewohnbar, *adj.* uninhabitable. [un= and bewohnbar.]

unbezwingbar, *adj.* unconquerable, invincible. [un= and bezwingbar.]

unbezwungen, *adj.* unconquered, unsubdued. [un= and bezwungen, past part. of bezwingen.]

und, *conj.* **and.** [E. **and.**]

Undank, *m.* =kes, =ke. **thank**lessness, ingratitude. [un= and Dank.]

undankbar, *adj.* ungrateful, **un-thank**ful. [un= and dankbar.]

Undankbarkeit, *f.* =ten. ingratitude, **un-thank**fulness. [from undankbar. 409. II. 3.]

undeutlich, *adj.* indistinct, not plain *or* clear. [un= and deutlich.]

Undine, *f.* =ens. **Undine.** [properly name of a water-spirit.]

Undinchen, *n.* =ns. little **Undine.** [from Undine. 410. 1.]

undurchdringlich, *adj.* impenetrable, not to be pressed **through** *or* pierced. [un= and durchdringlich.]

unedel, *adj.* ignoble, base, mean. [un= and edel.]

uneingedenk, *adj.* unmindful, forgetful, heedless. [un= and eingedenk.]

unendlich, *adj.* **unending, endless,** INFINITE, unlimited. [un= and endlich.]

Unendlichkeit, *f.* =ten. endlessness, INFINITY; eternity. [from unendlich. 409. II. 3.]

unentbehrlich, *adj.* not to be done without, indispensable, necessary. [un= and entbehrlich.]

unentſchloſſen, *adj.* undecided, irresolute. [un= and entſchloſſen, past part. of entſchließen.]

Unentſchloſſenheit, *f.* =ten. want of decision, irresolution. [from unentſchloſſen. 409. II. 2.]

unerklärt, *adj.* unexplained, obscure, mysterious. [un= and erklärt, past part. of erklären.]

unermeßlich, *adj.* immeasurable, illimitable, immense. [un= and ermeßlich.]

unerquicklich, *adj.* unrefreshing, unedifying, comfortless. [un= and erquicklich.]

unerträglich, *adj.* intolerable, unendurable, insufferable. [un= and erträglich.]

unerweislich, *adj.* incapable of demonstration, not to be shown *or* pointed out. [un= and erweislich.]

unerwieſen, *adj.* unproved, not demonstrated. [un= and erwieſen, past part. of erweiſen.]

Unfall, *m.* =ls, =älle. mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster. [un= and Fall, 'case.']

unfehlbar, *adj.* incapable of **fail**ure, infallible. [un= and fehlbar.]

Unfehlbarkeit, *f.* =ten. infallibility. [from unfehlbar. 409. II. 3.]

unfruchtbar, *adj.* **unfruit**ful, infertile, barren, sterile. [un= and fruchtbar.]

Unfug, *m.* =gs, =ge. misconduct, misbehavior, mischief, disorder. [un= and Fug.]

ungeachtet, *prep.* (*with gen.*). in disregard of, in spite of, notwithstanding. [un= and geachtet, past part. of achten; lit'ly, 'it being disregarded.']

ungebeugt, *adj.* **unbowed,** unhumbled, indomitable. [un= and gebeugt, past part. of beugen.]

Ungebühr, *f.* =ren. impropriety, indecorum, misbehavior, misdemeanor. [un= and Gebühr.]

ungebührlich, *adj.* improper, unsuitable, indecorous, indecent, unmannerly. [un= and gebührlich.]

ungeduldig, *adj.* impatient. [un= and geduldig.]

ungefähr, *adj.* casual, accidental; probable; — *generally as adverb,* somewhere nearly, nearly, about, not far from:—**von ungefähr,** by accident *or* chance, casually. [un=, or ohne, and Gefähr, same as Gefahr, 'risk, danger,' and meaning 'evil design.']

ungefährdet, *adj.* out of danger, safe, secure. [un= and gefährdet, past part. of gefährden.]

ungefüge *or* **ungefügig,** *adj.* unmanageable, intractable, unyielding. [un= and gefüge.]

ungeheuer, *adj.* uncanny, not of the right sort; unusually large, monstrous, enormous, immense, vast, huge. [un= and geheuer.]

ungehindert, *adj.* **unhindered,** unprevented. [un= and gehindert, past part. of hindern.]

ungeladen, *adj.* uninvited, unbidden, not asked. [un= and geladen, past part. of laden.]

ungelenk, *adj.* not supple, unwieldy, awkward, stiff. [un= and gelenk.]

ungenähnt, *adj.* **unnamed,** destitute of a **name.** [un= and genähnt.]

ungemeſſen, *adj.* unmeasured, unlimited, unbounded. [un= and gemeſſen, past part. of meſſen.]

ungerechnet, *adj.* **unreckoned,** uncounted, left out of account, not included. [un= and gerechnet, past part. of rechnen.]

ungerecht, *adj.* unjust, unfair, **unright**eous. [un= and gerecht.]

Unger *or* **Ungar,** *m.* =rn *or* =rs, =rn. **Hungar**ian.

Ungern *or* **Ungarn,** *n.* =ns. **Hungary.**

ungern, *adv.* unwillingly, with reluctance, without pleasure. [un= and gern.]

ungeſäumt, *adj.* undelayed, immediate, prompt, speedy. [un= and geſäumt, past part. of ſäumen.]

ungeſchehen, *adj.* unhappened, not done, undone. [un= and geſchehen, past part. of geſchehen.]

ungeſchickt, *adj.* unapt, unskilful, unhandy, awkward. [un= and geſchickt.]

ungeſchlacht, *adj.* uncouth, unwieldy, gross. [un= and geſchlacht.]

ungeſchlichtet, *adj.* unsettled, unadjusted, unreconciled. [un= and geſchlichtet, past part. of ſchlichten.]

ungeſellig, *adj.* unsocial, unsociable; not gregarious. [un= and geſellig.]

Ungeſtalt, *f.* =ten. shapelessness, deformity, ugliness. [un= and Geſtalt, 'form.']

ungeſtört, *adj.* undisturbed, unmolested, at peace. [un= and geſtört, past part. of ſtören.]

ungeſtraft, *adj.* unpunished, without

penalty, with impunity. [un= and geſtraft, past part. of ſtrafen.]

ungeſtüm, *adj.* vehement, impetuous, violent, boisterous, passionate, impatient. [un= and geſtüm.]

Ungeſtüm, *m. or n.* =mś. vehemence, violence. [from ungeſtüm. 409.I.2.]

ungewiß, *adj.* uncertain, insecure, doubtful, precarious. [un= and gewiß.]

Ungewitter, *n.* =rś, =r. violent storm, tempest, hurricane. [un= and Gewitter, 'storm.']

ungewöhnlich, *adj.* not customary, unusual, **unwonted.** [un= and gewöhnlich.]

ungewohnt, *adj.* not **wonted,** unaccustomed, not habitual. [un= and gewohnt, past part. of gewohnen.]

ungezwungen, *adj.* unforced, unconstrained, easy, natural. [un= and gezwungen, past part. of zwingen.]

Ungezwungenheit, *f.* =ten. absence of constraint, ease, naturalness. [from ungezwungen. 409.II.2.]

unglaublich, *adj.* not to be **believed,** incredible. [un= and glaublich.]

ungleich, *adj.* **unlike,** unequal, uneven. [un= and gleich.]

ungleichartig, *adj.* of **unlike** kind, dissimilar, diverse, heterogeneous. [un= and gleichartig; or ungleich and artig, from Art. 415.1*f.*]

Ungleichgewicht, *n.* =ts, =te. disturbance of equilibrium, loss of balance. [un= and Gleichgewicht.]

Ungleichheit, *f.* =ten. **unlikeness,** dissimilarity, diversity, unevenness, inequality. [from ungleich. 409.II.2.]

ungleichzeitig, *adj.* not contemporaneous *or* simultaneous, at different times. [un= and gleichzeitig.]

Unglück, *n.* =ks, =cke. ill-**luck,** misfortune, mishap, unhappiness, calamity, disaster. [un= and Glück.]

unglücklich, *adj.* **unlucky,** unfortunate, unhappy. [un= and glücklich.]

unglücklicherweiſe, *adv.* **unluckily,** unhappily, unfortunately. [unglücklich and Weiſe, '**wise.**' 365.1*b*.]

unglückſelig, *adj.* **unlucky,** unfortunate, unhappy, miserable. [un= and glückſelig.]

Unglücksfall, *m.* =ls, =älle. **unlucky** accident, mishap, misfortune. [Unglück (423.2*b*) and Fall, 'case.']

ungünſtig, *adj.* unfavorable, unpropitious. [un= and günſtig.]

Unheil, *n.* =ls, =le. harm, hurt, mischief, disaster. [un= and Heil, '**health.**']

unheimlich, *adj.* uncomfortable, uneasy, disquieting, uncanny. [un= and heimlich.]

unhöflich, *adj.* uncourteous, impolite, uncivil. [un= and höflich.]

Unhöflichkeit, *f.* =ten. impoliteness, incivility, discourtesy. [from unhöflich. 409.II.3.]

Uniform, *f.* =men. **uniform,** regimentals. [from Latin.]

univerſal', *adj.* **universal.** [from Latin.]

Univerſalreich, *n.* =chs, =che. **universal** realm *or* empire. [univerſal and Reich.]

Unkraut, *n.* =ts, =äuter. weed; *collectively*, weeds. [un= and Kraut, 'plant.']

Unkunde, *f.* =en. lack of knowledge, ignorance, want of information. [un= and Kunde.]

unmaskirt, *adj.* **unmasked.** [un= and maskirt, past part. of maskiren.]

unmäßig, *adj.* immoderate, excessive. [un= and mäßig.]

unmittelbar, *adj.* IMMEDIATE, direct. [un= and mittelbar.]

unmöglich, *adj.* impossible, impracticable, out of one's power. [un= and möglich.]

Unmuth, *m.* =ths. dejection, gloom; ill-humor, displeasure. [un= and Muth, '**mood.**']

unmuthig, *adj.* out of spirits *or* humor, dejected, ill-humored, displeased. [from Unmuth. 415.9*a*.]

unnachgiebig, *adj.* unyielding, not **giving** way, stubborn. [un= and nachgiebig.]

unnatürlich, *adj.* **unnatural.** [un= and natürlich.]

unnütz, *adj.* useless, good for nothing, to no purpose, vain. [un= and nütz.]

Unordnung, *f.* =gen. di**sorder,** confusion, want of regularity. [un= and Ordnung.]

unpaſſend, *adj.* unsuitable, improper, unfit. [un= and paſſend, pres. part. of paſſen.]

Unrath, *m.* =ths. trouble, vexation, confusion; rubbish, dirt, filth. [un= and Rath.]

Unruhe, *f.* =en. disquiet, restlessness; trouble, commotion, disturbance. [un= and Ruhe.]

unruhig, *adj.* unquiet, restless, uneasy, troublesome, turbulent. [un= and ruhig.]

uns, *pers. pron.* (*in dat. or acc. pl.*, 151). **us,** to **us.**

unſchätzbar, *adj.* inestimable, invaluable. [un= and ſchätzbar.]

Unſchuld, *f.* innocence, freedom from guilt, guiltlessness. [un= and Schuld.]
unſchuldig, *adj.* guiltless, innocent. [un= and ſchuldig.]
unſer, *poss. adj.* (157-9). **our**, belonging *or* relating to **us**.
unſer, *pers. pron.* (*first pers., gen. pl.*, 151-2). of **us, our.**
unſerig. *same as* unſrig.
unſicher, *adj.* unsafe, insecure, unsure, uncertain, precarious. [un= and ſicher.]
unſichtbar, *adj.* invisible, not to be seen. [un= and ſichtbar.]
unſrig, *poss. adj.* (*always preceded by def. article*, 159.5). belonging *or* relating to **us, our.** [from unſer. 415.9c.]
unſtät, *adj.* **unsteady**, unstable, restless, changing, roving. [un= and ſtät.]
unſterblich, *adj.* immortal, deathless, undying. [un= and ſterblich.]
Unſterblichkeit, *f.* =ten. immortality, deathlessness. [from unſterblich. 409. II.3.]
untauglich, *adj.* unserviceable, unfit, unsuitable, useless, good for nothing. [un= and tauglich.]
unten, *adv.* below, beneath, further down, down. [correlative of unter. 367.3a.]
unter, *adv. and sep'ble or insep'ble prefix.* below, beneath, **under**; among, amid.
prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). **under**, beneath, below; inferior to, less than; among, amid, in the midst of, between; during. [E. **under.**]
unter, *adj.* lower, inferior, **under**, nether. [from unter. 139.2.]
unterbre'chen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* INTERRUPT, **break** off *or* up. [unter and brechen.]
unterdeſſen, *adv.* during this time, in the meantime, meanwhile. [unter and deſſen, gen. of der. 365.2.]
unterdrü'cken, *v. N. tr.* oppress, repress, SUPPRESS, crush, keep down, stifle. [unter and drücken.]
Unterdrückung, *f.* =gen. oppression, repression, SUPPRESSION. [from unterdrücken. 408.III.8.]
Unterdrücker, *m.* =rs, =r. oppressor. [from unterdrücken. 408.III.4.]
Untergang, *m.* =gs, =änge. **going** down, descent, sinking; setting; fall, ruin, destruction. [from untergehen. 408.I.]
un'tergehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** down, descend, set; sink, fall, perish, become ruined *or* extinct. [unter and gehen.]
untergra'ben, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* dig beneath, undermine; *hence*, cast down, overthrow, destroy. [unter and graben.]
unterhal'ten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* maintain, keep up, SUSTAIN; ENTERTAIN, amuse.—*refl.* ENTERTAIN *or* amuse one's self, converse, confer. [unter and halten, '**hold.**']
Unterhaltung, *f.* =gen. maintenance; amusement, social ENTERTAINMENT, conversation. [from unterhalten. 408. III.8.]
unterirdiſch, *adj.* SUBTERRANEAN, **under-ground**; belonging to the lower regions, infernal. [unter and irdiſch, '**earthly.**']
Unterlage, *f.* =en. **underlying** part, substratum, base, foundation, support. [from unterliegen. 408.II.2.]
unterlie'gen, *v. O*(I.4). *intr.* h. yield, SUCCUMB, be worsted *or* reduced to subjection. [unter and liegen, '**lie.**']
unterneh'men, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **undertake**, engage in, attempt, be ENTERPRISING. [unter and nehmen, 'take.']
Unternehmer, *m.* =rs, =r. person who **undertakes**, manager. [from unternehmen. 408.III.4.]
Unternehmung, *f.* =gen. **undertaking**, ENTERPRISE, attempt. [from unternehmen. 408.III.8.]
Unterricht, *m.* =ts. instruction, tuition, information. [from unterrichten. 408.I.]
unterrich'ten, *v. N. tr.* instruct, teach, inform. [unter and richten, 'direct.']
unterſchei'den, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* distinguish, hold apart, discriminate, discern, make out. [unter and ſcheiden.]
Unterſcheidung, *f.* =gen. distinction, discrimination, discernment. [from unterſcheiden. 408.III.8.]
Unterſcheidungszeichen, *n.* =ns, =n. distinctive mark, special characteristic. [Unterſcheidung (422.2c) and Zeichen, '**token.**']
Unterſchied, *m.* =bs, =be. distinction, difference. [from unterſcheiden. 408.I.]
unterſt, *adj.* **undermost**, lowest, deepest. [superl. of unter. 139.2.]
unterſtü'tzen, *v. N. tr.* prop, uphold, support, aid, assist. [unter and ſtützen.]
Unterſtützung, *f.* =gen. prop, support, foundation; subvention, subsidy, assistance, aid. [from unterſtützen. 408.III.8.]
Unterſtützungsfläche, *f.* =en. supporting surface, plane of support. [Unterſtützung (422.2c) and Fläche.]
Unterſtützungspunkt, *m.* =ts, =te. sustaining **point**, point of support. [Unterſtützung (422.2c) and Punkt.]

unterſu'chen, *v. N. tr.* investigate, inquire into, examine closely *or* thoroughly. [unter and ſuchen, '**seek.**']

Unterſuchung, *f.* =gen. investigation, examination, scrutiny, inquiry, research. [from unterſuchen. 408. III. 8.]

unterthan, *adj.* (*with dat.*). subject, submissive, dependent. [properly past part. of unterthun, with ge= omitted.]

Unterthan, *m.* =nen *or* =nē, =nen. subject, dependent. [same as unterthan. 409. I. 2.]

un'terthun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* put **under,** subject, render submissive. [unter and thun, '**do**;' hardly used as a verb.]

unterwegs *or* **unterweges,** *adv.* **under way,** on the **way,** *en route.* [unter and Weg. 365. 2.]

unterwei'ſen, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* instruct, inform, teach. [unter and weiſen.]

unterwer'fen, *v. O*(I. 3). *tr.* SUBJECT, make submissive, reduce to dependence, subdue. [unter and werfen, 'cast, throw.']

Unterwerfung, *f.* =gen. SUBJECTION, submission. [from unterwerfen. 408. III. 8.]

unterwürfig, *adj.* submissive, humbly SUBJECT. [from unterwerfen, as if through Unterwurf (not in use: compare Wurf).]

untief, *adj.* shallow, not **deep.** [un= and tief.]

Untiefe, *f.* =en. shallow place, shallow, bank (under water). [from untief. 409. II. 1.]

unüberwindlich, *adj.* not to be **overcome,** insuperable, invincible, unconquerable. [un= and überwindlich.]

ununterbrochen, *adj.* UNINTERRUPTED, undisturbed. [un= and unterbrochen, past part. of unterbrechen.]

unverdient, *adj.* undeserved, unmerited; undeserving, destitute of merit. [un= and verdient, past part. of verdienen.]

unverdroſſen, *adj.* unwearied, unremitting, assiduous, indefatigable. [un= and verdroſſen.]

unvergänglich, *adj.* not transitory, imperishable, indestructible. [un= and vergänglich.]

unvergleichlich, *adj.* incomparable, matchless, unequalled. [un= and vergleichlich.]

unverletzlich, *adj.* not to be harmed, inviolable. [un= and verletzlich.]

unvermuthet, *adj.* unsuspected, unlooked for, unexpected. [un= and vermuthet, past part. of vermuthen.]

unverſehen, *adj.* **unforeseen,** unlooked for, unexpected. [un= and verſehen, past part. of verſehen.]

unverſehens, *adv.* in an **unforeseen** *or* unexpected manner, unawares. [gen. of unverſehen. 363. 3*d*.]

unverſöhnlich, *adj.* not to be appeased, implacable, irreconcilable. [un= and verſöhnlich.]

unverzagt, *adj.* not despairing *or* dismayed, undaunted, intrepid. [un= and verzagt.]

unverzüglich, *adj.* without procrastination *or* delay, immediate. [un= and verzüglich.]

unvollendet, *adj.* unfinished, incomplete. [un= and vollendet, past part. of vollenden.]

unvollkommen, *adj.* imperfect, incomplete. [un= and vollkommen.]

unvorſichtig, *adj.* destitute of **foresight,** IMPROVIDENT, incautious, imprudent. [un= and vorſichtig.]

unwandelbar, *adj.* unchanging, unalterable, immutable, constant. [un= and wandelbar.]

unweit, *adv.* not far *or* distant.
prep. (*with gen.*). not far from, near by. [un= and weit, '**wide.**']

Unwille *or* **Unwillen,** *m.* =ens. displeasure, repugnance, vexation, indignation, anger. [un= and Wille, '**will.**']

unwillig, *adj.* with displeasure *or* repugnance, vexed, indignant. [from Unwille. 415. 9*a*.]

unwillkürlich, *adj.* involuntary. [un= and willkürlich.]

unwirthlich, *adj.* inhospitable, forbidding, repellent, dreary. [un= and wirthlich.]

Unwirthlichkeit, *f.* =ten. inhospitableness, forbidding character, dreariness. [from unwirthlich. 409. II. 3.]

unwürdig, *adj.* **unworthy,** worthless, undeserving; beneath the merit *or* dignity of, derogatory to (*with gen.*). [un= and würdig.]

unzählig, *adj.* innumerable, numberless. [un= and zählig.]

Unzucht, *f.* =ten. ill-breeding, immorality, misbehavior; *especially,* lewdness, debauchery, unchastity. [un= and Zucht.]

unzugänglich, *adj.* INACCESSIBLE, unapproachable. [un= and zugänglich.]

Unzugänglichkeit, *f.* =ten. INACCESSIBILITY, unapproachableness. [from unzugänglich. 409. II. 3.]

üppig, *adj.* **luxuriant, exuberant**; luxurious, voluptuous, wanton.
Ueppigkeit, *f.* -ten. luxuriance; luxuriousness, luxury, voluptuousness. [from üppig. 409.II.3.]
ur-, *prefix forming nouns and adjectives, generally adding an intensive force or an implication of originality or primitiveness.* [same as er-, and ultimately akin with aus, '**out.**' 411.II.4; 416.5.]
uralt, *adj.* exceedingly **old**, primitive, primeval. [ur- and alt.]
Urgeſchichte, *f.* -en. ancient story, primitive tale. [ur- and Geſchichte.]
Urheber, *m.* -rs, -r. originator, first beginner, author. [ur- and Heber, '**heaver**, raiser.']
urkräftig, *adj.* of primitive *or* original force; very mighty, overwhelming, overbearing. [ur- and kräftig.]
Urſache, *f.* -en. cause, efficient ground *or* reason. [ur- and Sache, 'thing.']
Urſprung, *m.* -gs, -ünge. origin, source, fount; principle, element. [ur- and Sprung, '**spring.**']
urſprünglich, *adj.* original, underived, primitive. [from Urſprung. 415.12*a*.]
Urtheil, *n.* -ls, -le. judgment, sentence, condemnation; opinion, decision. [ur- and Theil, 'part;' or from ertheilen, 'assign,' with ur- for er-. 411.II.4.]
urtheilen, *v. N. tr. or intr.* h. judge, pass sentence *or* opinion, decide. [from Urtheil. 405.I.1.]
Urvater, *m.* -rs, -äter. remote ancestor, early *or* primitive progenitor. [ur- and Vater, '**father.**']
Urvolk, *n.* -ls, -völker. original people, primitive population. [ur- and Volk, '**folk.**']
Urwald, *m.* -ds, -älder. primeval *or* virgin forest. [ur- and Wald.]
Uſurpa'tor, *m.* -rs, -to'ren. **usurper.** [Latin.]

Vampyr, *m.* -rs, -re. **vampire**, blood-sucking bat.
vampyrartig, *adj.* of the kind *or* manner of **vampires**, vampire-like. [Vampyr and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]
Vaſe, *f.* -en. **vase.** [from French (Latin).]
Vater, *m.* -rs, -äter. **father**; fore-**father**, ancestor. [E. **father.**]
vatergleich, *adj.* **fatherlike, fatherly**, PATERNAL. [Vater and gleich.]
Vaterhaus, *n.* -ſes, -äuſer. **father's house**, ancestral *or* paternal home. [Vater and Haus.]
Vaterland, *n.* -bs, -änder. **fatherland**, native country. [Vater and Land.]
väterlich, *adj.* **fatherly**, PATERNAL. [from Vater. 415.12*a*.]
Vaterſtadt, *f.* -ädte. paternal *or* native city. [Vater and Stadt.]
vegetabiliſch, *adj.* **vegetable.** [from Latin.]
Vegetation, *f.* -nen. **vegetation.** [Latin.]
Vegetationscharakter, *m.* -rs, -re. **character** of **vegetation.** [Vegetation (422.2*d*) and Charakter.]
vegetativ', *adj.* **vegetable**, vegetating, growing. [French.]
Vene'dig, *n.* -gs. **Venice.**
venetianiſch, *adj.* **Venetian**, of **Venice.** [from French etc. 415.10*b*.]
ver-, *insep'ble prefix, originally identical with* vor, für, **fore, for** (307. 6*a*); *forms compound verbs, with added idea of* removal, loss, untoward action, reversal, complete *or* intense action (307.6); *also denominative verbs* (405.III.1*d*), *generally with idea of reduction to or passing into a condition.*
verachten, *v. N. tr.* disesteem, condemn, contemn, despise, disdain. [ver- and achten.]
Verächter, *m.* -rs, -r. despiser, contemner. [from verachten. 408.III.4.]
Verachtung, *f.* -gen. contempt, disdain, scorn. [from verachten. 408.III.8.]
veränderlich, *adj.* changeable, changeful, mutable, variable, fluctuating. [from verändern. 415.12*c*.]
verändern, *v. N. tr.* change, ALTER, vary, shift. [from ander, '**other.**' 405.III.1*d*.]
Veränderung, *f.* -gen. ALTERation, change, mutation, variation, shift. [from verändern. 408.III.8.]
veranlaſſen, *v. N. tr.* give cause *or* occasion for, occasion, lead to, bring about, cause; prompt, impel.—*intr.* h. give occasion, lead. [from Anlaß. 405.III.1*d*.]
Veranlaſſung, *f.* -gen. occasion, cause, motive. [from veranlaſſen. 408.III.8.]
verbannen, *v. N. tr.* banish, exile, drive out, expel. [ver- and bannen.]
Verbannung, *f.* -gen. banishment, exile. [from verbannen. 408.III.8.]

verbergen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* hide, conceal, cover up:—**verborgen**, *past part. as adj.*, hidden, concealed, secret, retired, private. [ver= and bergen.]

verbeſſern, *v. N. tr.* make **better**, improve, AMELIORATE, amend. [from beſſer. 405.III.1*d*.]

Verbeſſerer, *m.* =rs, =r. **betterer**, improver, AMELIORATOR, reformer. [from verbeſſern. 408.III.4.]

verbieten, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* **forbid**, prohibit. [ver= and bieten.]

verbinden, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **bind** up, tie up; dress (as a wound); **bind** together, connect, unite, join; lay under obligation, oblige. [ver= and binden.]

Verbindung, *f.* =gen. connection, combination, union, confederation. [from verbinden. 408.III.8.]

verblaſſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. turn pale, lose color; die. [from blaß, 'pale.' 405.III.1*d*.]

verblenden, *v. N. tr.* **blind**; dazzle, infatuate. [ver= and blenden.]

verblühen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **bloom** out, cease blossoming, fade, wither. [ver= and blühen.]

verborgen. *see* verbergen.

Verbot, *n.* =ts, =te. prohibition, **forbid**dance, interdiction. [from verbieten. 408.I.]

verbräunen, *v. N. tr.* make **brown**, embrown. [from braun. 405.III.1*d*.]

verbrechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* **break**; offend against, transgress. [ver= and brechen.]

Verbrechen, *n.* =ns, =n. transgression, offense, crime, guilt. [infinitive of verbrechen. 340.3.]

Verbrecher, *m.* =rs, =r. transgressor, offender, criminal, culprit, malefactor. [from verbrechen. 408.III.4.]

verbreiten, *v. N. tr.* spread **abroad**, extend widely; diffuse, divulge, propagate, circulate. [from breit, '**broad**.' 405.III.1*d*.]

Verbreitung, *f.* =gen. spreading, extension, diffusion, propagation. [from verbreiten. 408.III.8.]

verbrennen, *v.* *N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr. or intr.* ſ. **burn** up, destroy by fire, consume. [ver= and brennen.]

verbünden, *v. N. tr.* league, ally, confederate, associate. [from Bund, '**bond**, alliance.' 405.III.1*d*.]

Verdacht, *m.* =ts. suspicion, distrust, mistrust, jealousy. [from verdenken. 408.II.1.]

verdächtig, *adj.* liable to suspicion, suspicious, suspected. [from Verdacht. 415.9*a*.]

verdammen, *v. N. tr.* **condemn**, **damn**, sentence. [irregular formation from Latin *damnare*.]

verdampfen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. pass away in vapor, evaporate, exhale. [ver= and dampfen.]

verdanken, *v. N. tr.* owe gratefully, acknowledge obligation for, **thank** for; owe, be indebted for. [ver= and danken.]

verdecken, *v. N. tr.* cover up, conceal, hide away. [ver= and decken.]

verdenken, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* ascribe to a bad motive, take ill, blame for. [ver= and denken, '**think**.']

verderben, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. spoil, become ruined, perish, go to destruction.—*N. tr.* spoil, destroy, ruin. [ver= and =derben.]

Verderben, *n.* =ns, =n. ruin, destruction. [infinitive of verderben. 340.3.]

verderblich, *adj.* destructible; destructive, deadly, ruinous, pernicious. [from verderben. 415.12*c*.]

Verderbniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. corruption, spoiled *or* ruined condition. [from verderben. 408.III.6.]

verdienen, *v. N. tr.* serve for, earn, gain; deserve, merit:—**verdient**, *past part. as adj.*, *see below*. [ver= and dienen.]

Verdienſt, *n.* =ſts, =ſte. gain, advantage, profit; desert, merit. [from verdienen. 408.II.1.]

verdient, *adj.* earned, deserved, merited; deserving, meritorious. [past part. of verdienen. 351.3*a*.]

verdoppeln, *v. N. tr.* **double**, duplicate. [from doppel. 405.III.1*d*.]

verdorren, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **dry** away, wither up, become parched. [ver= and dorren.]

verdrängen, *v. N. tr.* crowd out, displace, dispossess. [ver= and drängen, '**throng**.']

verdrießen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* fret, vex, excite displeasure *or* weariness in:—**verdroſſen**, *past part. as adj.*, averse, loth, unwilling, wearied, disgusted. [ver= and =drießen.]

verdrießlich, *adj.* out of humor, vexed, angry, fretted, peevish; vexatious, irksome, troublesome, disagreeable. [from verdrießen. 415.12*c*.]

verdroſſen. *see* verdrießen.

Verdruß, *m.* =ſſes. vexation, ill-humor, chagrin, indignation, anger. [from verdrießen. 408.I.]

verdüften *or* **verduften**, *v. N. intr.* ſ. pass away in vapor, exhale, evaporate. [ver= and duften.]

verdunkeln, *v. N. tr.* darken, obscure, cast in the shade. [from dunkel. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verdunſten, *v. N. intr.* ſ. evaporate, exhale. [ver= and dunſten.]

Verdunſtung, *f.* =gen. evaporation. [from verdunſten. 408. III. 8.]

veredeln, *v. N. tr.* ennoble, bring to a higher condition, improve, perfect. [from edel, 'noble.' 405. III. 1*d*.]

Veredlung, *f.* =gen. ennobling, advance toward perfection, improvement. [from veredeln. 408. III. 8.]

verehren, *v. N. tr.* revere, reverence, venerate, regard with deep respect. [ver= and ehren, 'honor.']

Verein, *m.* =ns, =ne. union, unity, combination, society. [from vereinen. 408. I.]

vereinen, *v. N. tr.* make **one**, UNITE, combine, associate, join together. [from ein. 405. III. 1*d*.]

vereinigen, *v. N. tr.* *same as* vereinen. [from einig. 405. III. 1*d*.]

vereinzeln, *v. N. tr.* isolate, divide into single individuals *or* separate parts, set alone, separate. [from einzel. 405. III. 1*d*.]

vereiteln, *v. N. tr.* make vain *or* fruitless, frustrate, baffle, render futile. [from eitel, '**idle**.' 405. III. 1*d*.]

verengen, *v. N. tr.* make close *or* narrow, straiten, contract, hem in. [from enge. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verfahren, *v.* *O* (II. 2). *intr.* ſ *or* h. proceed, conduct one's self, carry on, manage, set about anything, deal. [ver= and fahren, 'go, **fare**.']

verfallen, *v.* *O* (II. 3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** in, decline, **sink**, decay, be ruinous; **fall** into the hands *or* under the control of some one, be forfeited. [ver= and fallen.]

verfaulen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. become **foul** *or* rotten, rot, putrefy. [from faul. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verfehlen, *v. N. tr.* **fail** of, miss, lose, be frustrated respecting, neglect. [ver= and fehlen.]

verfeinern, *v. N. tr.* make **finer**, **refine**. [from feiner, comparative of fein. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verfeinerung, *f.* =gen. **refinement**, delicate elaboration. [from verfeinern. 408. III. 8.]

verfließen, *v.* *O* (III. 3). *intr.* ſ. flow past, run by, elapse; expire:—**ver=floſſen**, *past part. as adj.*, past, gone, elapsed (of time). [ver= and fließen.]

verfluchen, *v. N. tr.* curse, execrate, imprecate upon: — **verflucht**, *past part. as adj.*, cursed, accursed, execrable, damned. [ver= and fluchen.]

verfolgen, *v. N. tr.* **follow** up, pursue, persecute, prosecute. [ver= and folgen, '**follow**.']

verfügen, *v. N. intr.* h. dispose, arrange, order, ordain, exercise authority. [ver= and fügen.]

Verfügung, *f.* =gen. disposition, arrangement, ordinance, regulation. [from verfügen. 408. III. 8.]

verführen, *v. N. tr.* lead **astray**, mislead, corrupt, SEDUCE. [ver= and führen, 'lead.']

vergangen, *adj.* past, **gone** by, elapsed (of time). [past part. of vergehen.]

Vergangenheit, *f.* =ten. past, time gone by *or* elapsed. [from vergangen. 409. II. 2.]

vergänglich, *adj.* transitory, transient, fleeting, perishable. [from vergehen (old form *vergangan*, 267). 415. 12*c*.]

Vergänglichkeit, *f.* =ten. transitoriness, perishableness, fleeting nature. [from vergänglich. 409. II. 3.]

vergeben, *v.* *O* (II. 1). *tr.* **give** away, bestow; **forgive** (an offense, crime, etc.), pardon. [ver= and geben.]

vergebens, *adv.* in vain, to no purpose, fruitlessly, without result. [genitive of vergeben, past part. of vergeben, 'give away,' i. e. 'get no return for, not find repaid.' 363. 3*d*.]

vergeblich, *adj.* vain, fruitless, to no purpose. [from vergeben (415. 12*c*); compare vergebens.]

Vergebung, *f.* =gen. **forgiveness**, pardon. [from vergeben. 408. III. 8.]

vergegenwärtigen, *v. N. tr.* render present to the sense *or* imagination, figure to one's self, form a conception of. [from gegenwärtig. 405. III. 1*d*.]

vergehen, *v.* *O* (267). *intr.* ſ. pass away, elapse, disappear, die out; fail, perish.—*refl.* **go astray**, commit a fault. [ver= and gehen.]

Vergehen, *n.* =ns, =n. fault, misdemeanor, offense, crime. [infinitive of vergehen. 340. 3.]

vergelten, *v.* *O* (I. 3). *tr.* pay back, requite, recompense, make up (to one). [ver= and gelten.]

vergeſſen, *v.* *O* (II. 1). *tr.* *or* *intr.* h. (*with gen.*). **forget**, lose from mind *or* memory, be unmindful of. [ver= and =geſſen.]

vergießen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* shed, spill. [ver= and gießen.]
vergiften, *v. N. tr.* poison; envenom. [from Gift, 'poison.' 405.III.1*d.*]
vergleichen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* **liken,** compare. [from gleich, '**like.**' 405. III.1*d.*]
vergleichlich, *adj.* comparable. [from vergleichen. 415.12*c.*]
Vergleichung, *f.* =gen. comparison. [from vergleichen. 408.III.8.]
verglimmen, *v. O*(I.2). *intr.* ſ. glow out, cease **glimmering** *or* shining, be extinguished. [ver= and glimmen.]
vergnügen, *v. N. tr.* SATISFY, gratify, please, delight. [from genug, '**enough.**' 405.III.1*d.*]
Vergnügen, *n.* =nš, =n. SATISFACTION, gratification, pleasure, enjoyment, delight. [infinitive of vergnügen. 340. 3.]
vergnüglich, *adj.* gratifying, pleasant, enjoyable, delightful. [from vergnügen. 415.12*c.*]
vergolden, *v. N. tr.* **gild,** make **golden.** [from Gold. 405.III.1*d.*]
Vergoldung, *f.* =gen. **gilding.** [from vergolden. 408.III.8.]
vergönnen, *v. N. tr.* grant cheerfully, not grudge, yield, allow, indulge (some one) in. [ver= and gönnen.]
vergraben, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* dig under, bury, inter. [ver= and graben, 'dig.']
vergrämen, *v. N. tr.* spend in grief *or* mourning.—*refl.* wear out with grief, pine away. [from Gram. 405.III.1*d.*]
vergrößern, *v. N. tr.* make **greater** *or* larger, enlarge, aggrandize, increase *or* multiply, magnify. [from größer, comparative of groß. 405.I.2*a*; III. 1*d.*]
Vergrößerung, *f.* =gen. enlargement, increase, amplification, magnifying. [from vergrößern. 408.III.8.]
vergrünen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. lose **greenness** *or* verdure, wither, fade. [ver= and grünen.]
verhaften, *v. N. tr.* imprison, take in custody, arrest. [from Haft, 'custody.' 408.III.1*d.*]
verhallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. die away (of sound), become inaudible, pass away. [ver= and hallen.]
verhalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold** back, suppress, conceal.—*refl.* **hold** one's self disposed, be circumstanced *or* situated, stand related (to anything), have a bearing, be in ratio *or* proportion; behave, act. [ver= and halten.]
Verhalten, *n.* =nš, =n. retention; condition; behavior, demeanor, deportment. [infinitive of verhalten. 340.3.]
Verhältniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. relation, situation, condition, ratio, proportion. [from verhalten. 408.III.6.]
verhältnißmäßig, *adj.* proportional, relative, comparative; in due proportion, corresponding. [Verhältniß and mäßig, from Maß. 415.15*f.*]
verhandeln, *v. N. tr.* treat concerning, discuss, negotiate. [ver= and handeln.]
Verhandlung, *f.* =gen. negotiation, discussion, treaty; treatise, transaction. [from verhandeln. 408.III.8.]
verhängen, *v. N. tr.* **hang** before, **hang** out; ordain, fix, determine, destine. [ver= and hängen.]
Verhängniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. decree; fate, destiny. [from verhängen. 408.III.6.]
verhaßt, *adj.* **hated, hateful,** abhorred, odious, detestable. [as if past part. of verhaſſen (not in use), from ver= and haſſen. 351.3.]
verhauchen, *v. N. tr.* breathe out *or* away, exhale, expire. [ver= and hauchen.]
verheeren, *v. N. tr.* lay waste, devastate, ravage, despoil. [from Heer, 'army.' 405.III.1*d.*]
verhehlen, *v. N. tr.* conceal, hide. [ver= and hehlen.]
verheimlichen, *v. N. tr.* keep secret, conceal, hide. [from heimlich. 405. III.1*d.*]
verheirathen, *v. N. tr.* give away in marriage, marry off, marry.—*refl.* get married, marry, enter into matrimony. [ver= and heirathen.]
verheißen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* promise, announce as certain, assure of. [ver= and heißen.]
verherrlichen, *v. N. tr.* glorify, extol, exalt, make glorious, celebrate. [from herrlich, 'splendid.']
verhindern, *v. N. tr.* **hinder,** obstruct, prevent. [ver= and hindern.]
verhöhnen, *v. N. tr.* mock, deride, set at naught, insult. [from Hohn. 405. III.1*d.*]
verhüllen, *v. N. tr.* wrap, envelop, veil, muffle. [ver= and hüllen.]
Verhüllung, *f.* =gen. covering, envelop, veil. [from verhüllen. 408.III.8.]
verirren, *v. N. refl.* lose one's way, go astray. [ver= and irren.]
Verirrung, *f.* =gen. aberration, going astray, error. [from verirren. 408. III.8.]
verjüngen, *v. N. tr.* make **young,** RE-

JUVENATE, renovate, renew. [from jung. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verjüngung, *f.* =gen. REJUVENATION, restoration of **youth** *or* vigor, renovation. [from verjüngen. 408. III. 8.]

Verkauf, *m.* =fs, =äufe. sale. [from verkaufen. 408. I.]

verkaufen, *v. N. tr.* sell, dispose of for pay, vend. [ver= and kaufen.]

Verkehr, *m.* =rs. intercourse, traffic, commerce. [from verkehren. 408. I.]

verkehren, *v. N. intr.* h. hold intercourse, deal, associate. [ver= and kehren, 'turn.']

Verkehrsmittel, *n.* =ls, =l. means of intercourse *or* exchange, currency. [Verkehr (422. 2*b*) and Mittel.]

verkennen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* mistake, misunderstand, fail to appreciate. [ver= and kennen, 'know.']

verketten, *v. N. tr.* link together, form a chain of. [from Kette. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verkettung, *f.* =gen. linking together, CONCATENATION, connected series. [from verketten. 408. III. 8.]

verklagen, *v. N. tr.* accuse, bring an action against, complain of (before court). [ver= and klagen, 'complain.']

verklären, *v. N. tr.* make **clear** *or* bright, glorify, transfigure, render illustrious. [from klar. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verknüpfen, *v. N. tr.* tie together, connect, unite, combine. [ver= and knüpfen.]

verkohlen, *v. N. tr.* turn to **coal,** carbonize, burn up. [from Kohle. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verkühlen, *v. N. tr.* **cool,** make cold. [ver= and kühlen.]

verkümmern, *v. N. intr.* s. become pitiable *or* miserable, fall into degradation, pine away, be stunted. [from Kummer, 'misery.' 405. III. 1*d*.]

verkünden, *v. N. tr.* make known, publish, proclaim, announce, herald. [from kund. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verkünder, *m.* =rs, =r. one who proclaims *or* announces. [from verkünden. 408. III. 4.]

Verkünderin, *f.* =innen. (female) proclaimer *or* announcer, forerunner, herald. [from Verkünder. 410. 4.]

verkündigen, *v. N. tr.* proclaim, announce, herald. [from kundig. 405. III. 1*d*.]

verlachen, *v. N. tr.* deride, **laugh** at, make a **laughing** stock of. [ver= and lachen.]

verlangen, *v. N. intr.* h. **long,** hanker, desire.—*tr.* ask for, desire, require, demand:—*sometimes used impersonally, e.g.* **mich verlangt** (293), I long for *or* desire. [ver= and langen.]

Verlangen, *n.* =ns, =n. **longing,** desire, wish, requirement. [infinitive of verlangen. 340. 3.]

verlängern, *v. N. tr.* make **longer, leng**then out, protract, prolong, extend. [from länger, comparative of lang. 405. I. 2*a*; III. 1*d*.]

Verlängerung, *f.* =gen. **leng**thening out, prolongation, extension. [from verlängern. 408. III. 8.]

verlassen, *v. O* (II. 3). *tr.* leave, quit, forsake, desert, abandon.—*refl.* confide one's self, trust, rely, depend:—**verlassen,** *past part. as adj.*, abandoned, forsaken, left alone, isolated. [ver= and lassen, '**let.**']

verlaufen, *v. O* (II. 4). *intr.* s. run by, go past, elapse.—*refl.* run out, flow by, become exhausted. [ver= and laufen, 'run.']

verlegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** in another place, transfer; misplace, put out of the way. [ver= and legen.]

verlegen, *adj.* at a loss, embarrassed, perplexed, confused. [past part. of verlegen; lit'ly 'put out of place.']

Verlegenheit, *f.* =ten. embarrassment, perplexity, confusion. [from verlegen. 409. II. 2.]

verleihen, *v. O* (III. 2). *tr.* lend out, let; confer, bestow, grant. [ver= and leihen, 'lend.']

Verleiher, *m.* =rs, =r. lender, hirer-out, letter; bestower. [from verleihen. 408. III. 4.]

verlernen, *v. N. tr.* **unlearn,** forget, lose by want of practice. [ver= and lernen.]

verletzen, *v. N. tr.* injure, harm, hurt, violate, wound; hurt the feelings of. [ver= and (old German) =letzen, 'hinder.']

verletzlich, *adj.* liable to injury *or* harm, violable, vulnerable. [from verletzen. 415. 12*c*.]

verlieben, *v. N. refl.* fall in **love,** become enamored. [ver= and lieben.]

verliebt, *adj.* in love, ENAMORED, smitten, amorous. [past part. of verlieben.]

verlieren, *v. O* (III. 5). *tr.* **lose.**—*refl.* **lose** one's self, go astray:—**verloren gehen,** become **lost,** be lost. [ver= and =lieren.]

verloben, *v. N. tr.* betroth, affiance, engage. [ver= and loben, 'promise.']

verlocken, *v. N. tr.* entice away, lead

astray, mislead, persuade to wrong. [ver- and locken.]

verlorengegangen, *adj.* that has become **lost,** lost, **gone,** departed. [verloren, past part. of verlieren, and gegangen, past part. of gehen: comp. verloren gehen, under verlieren.]

verlöschen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* become extinguished, die out, fade away. [ver- and löschen.]

Verlust, *m.* -stš, -ste. loss, detriment, damage. [from verlieren. 408.II.1.]

vermachen, *v. N. tr.* **make** over, give away, bequeath, devise. [ver- and machen.]

vermählen, *v. N. tr.* marry off, give in marriage.—*refl.* marry, espouse. [from -mahl. 405.III.1*d*.]

vermannigfaltigen, *v. N. tr.* make **manifold** *or* various, vary, variegate, diversify. [from mannigfaltig. 405.III.1*d*.]

vermauern, *v. N. tr.* wall up, close with a wall, build up. [from Mauer. 405.III.1*d*.]

vermehren, *v. N. tr.* make **more,** increase, augment, multiply. [from mehr. 405.III.1*d*.]

Vermehrung, *f.* -gen. increase, augmentation, multiplication. [from vermehren. 408.III.8.]

vermeiden, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* avoid, shun, eschew, flee from. [ver- and meiden.]

vermessen, *v. O*(II.1). *refl.* arrogate to one's self, presume, dare, make bold; assume, presume to hold. [ver- and messen, 'measure;' lit'ly 'measure *or* esteem one's self amiss.']

Vermessenheit, *f.* -ten. arrogance, presumption, assumption, temerity, boldness. [from vermessen, past part. of vermessen. 409.II.2.]

vermindern, *v. N. tr.* lessen, diminish, reduce, alleviate. [from minder, 'less.' 405.III.1*d*.]

vermischen, *v. N. tr.* mix, mingle, blend. [ver- and mischen.]

vermitteln, *v. N. intr.* ẖ. act as mediator *or* intermediary, MEDIATE, interpose, negotiate, play the go-between. [from mittel, '**middle,** mean.']

vermöge, *prep.* (*with gen.*). by dint of, in virtue of, by reason of, through. [case of an obsolete noun, from vermögen.]

vermögen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 251). *tr.* have power, be able to, be capable of, can. [ver- and mögen, '**may.**']

Vermögen, *n.* -nš, -n. ability, power, capacity, faculty; resource, wealth, property. [infinitive of vermögen. 340.3.]

vermummen, *v. N. tr.* mask, muffle, **mum,** disguise. [ver- and mummen.]

vermuthen, *v. N. tr.* suspect, suppose; presume, conjecture, guess. [ver- and muthen.]

vermuthlich, *adj.* presumable, probable, likely. [from vermuthen. 415.12*c*.]

vernehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* become sensible of, perceive, apprehend; *especially,* hear. [ver- and nehmen, 'take.']

vernichten, *v. N. tr.* cause **not** to be, ANNIHILATE, destroy, blot out. [from nicht. 406.]

Vernunft, *f.* reason, rational nature, human sense *or* judgment. [from vernehmen. 408.II.1.]

vernünftig, *adj.* reasonable, rational, sensible, discreet, judicious, sober. [from Vernunft. 415.9*a*.]

veröden, *v. N. tr.* make waste *or* desert, devastate, desolate. [from öde, 'waste.' 405.III.1*d*.]

verpesten, *v. N. tr.* make **pestiferous,** infect, poison, envenom. [from Pest. 405.III.1*d*.]

verprassen, *v. N. tr.* spend in carousing, dissipate in excesses, squander. [ver- and prassen.]

Verrath, *m.* -thš. treason, treachery, perfidy. [from verrathen. 408.I.]

verrathen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* be treacherous to, betray; reveal, disclose. [ver- and rathen, 'counsel.']

Verräther, *m.* -trš, -tr. treacherous person, traitor, betrayer, revealer. [from verrathen. 408.III.4.]

verrätherisch, *adj.* traitor-like, treasonable, treacherous, perfidious. [from Verräther. 415.10*a*.]

verrenken, *v. N. tr.* **wrench** out of shape, dislocate, sprain, luxate. [ver- and renken.]

Verrenkung, *f.* -gen. twisting *or* **wrenching** out of shape, contortion, dislocation. [from verrenken. 408.III.8.]

verringern, *v. N. tr.* make smaller *or* lighter, lessen, diminish, reduce. [from -ringer, comparative of -ring. 405.I.2*a*; III.1*d*.]

verröcheln, *v. N. intr.* ẖ. give the death-rattle, breathe one's life out, expire. [ver- and röcheln.]

verrucht, *adj.* infamous, nefarious, accursed, cursed. [as if past part. of verruchen (not in use), from Ruch. 351.2.]

verrufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* cry down, de-

cry, defame, give an ill-repute to. [ver= and rufen.]

Vers, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. **verse**, strophe, line (of poetry); poetry. [from Latin *versus*.]

verſagen, *v. N. tr.* refuse, deny. [ver= and ſagen, '**say**.']

verſammeln, *v. N. tr.* assemble, collect, gather, convene. [ver= and ſammeln.]

Verſammlung, *f.* assembly, gathering, congregation, meeting. [from verſammeln. 408. III. 8.]

verſchaffen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* procure, obtain, furnish, supply. [ver= and ſchaffen, '**shape**.']

verſchämen, *v. N. refl.* (*hardly used*). be **ashamed** *or* bashful:—**verſchämt**, *past part. as adj.*, bashful, modest, **shamefaced**. [ver= and ſchämen.]

verſcheiden, *v. O*(III. 2). *intr.* ſ. depart, decease:—**verſchieden**, *see below*. [ver= and ſcheiden.]

verſcheuchen, *v. N. tr.* scare away, frighten off, drive forth. [ver= and ſcheuchen.]

verſchieben, *v. O*(III. 5). *tr.* push or **shove** out of place *or* away; put off, defer, delay. [ver= and ſchieben.]

verſchieden, *adj.* different, various, diverse:—**verſchiedene**, *pl.* various, sundry, several, divers. [past part. of verſcheiden. 351. 3.]

verſchiedenartig, *adj.* of various kind *or* sort, diversified. [verſchieden and artig, from Art. 415. 15*f*.]

Verſchiedenheit, *f.* =ten. difference, diversity, variety. [from verſchieden. 409. II. 2.]

verſchießen, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr.* **shoot** away, spend in **shooting**.—*refl.* exhaust one's ammunition. [ver= and ſchießen.]

verſchlagen, *v. O*(II. 2). *tr.* drive away, force out of one's course. [ver= and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

verſchlagen, *adj.* cunning, sly, shrewd, crafty, artful. [past part. of verſchlagen; development of meaning obscure.]

Verſchlagenheit, *f.* =ten. craft, cunning, shrewdness, sharpness. [from verſchlagen. 409. II. 2.]

verſchleiern, *v. N. tr.* veil, muffle up, envelop, conceal. [from Schleier, 'veil.' 405. III. 1*d*.]

verſchließen, *v. O*(III. 3). *tr.* shut up, close, lock up. [ver= and ſchließen.]

verſchlimmern, *v. N. tr.* make worse.—*intr.* ſ. grow worse, deteriorate, degenerate. [from ſchlimmer, comparative of ſchlimm, 'bad.' 405. III. 1*d*; I. 2*a*.]

verſchlingen, *v. O*(I. 1). *tr.* twist together; swallow up, gulp down, devour. [ver= and ſchlingen.]

verſchmachten, *v. N. intr.* ſ. pine away, languish, droop, faint. [ver= and ſchmachten.]

verſchmähen, *v. N. tr.* disdain, despise, scorn, contemn. [ver= and ſchmähen.]

verſchneiden, *v. O*(III. 1). *tr.* cut away, clip, geld, emasculate, castrate. [ver= and ſchneiden.]

Verſchnitten, *adj. used as noun.* eunuch. [past part. of verſchneiden.]

verſchönern, *v. N. tr.* make more beautiful, EMBELLISH, beautify. [from ſchöner, comparative of ſchön. 405. I. 2*a*; III. 1*d*.]

Verſchönerung, *f.* =gen. EMBELLISHment, decoration. [from verſchönern. 408. III. 8.]

verſchulden, *v. N. tr.* involve in crime *or* debt; be guilty of, incur blame for; bring on one's self as consequence of guilt. [from Schuld, 'guilt, debt.' 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verſchuldung, *f.* =gen. incurring of guilt *or* penalty; culpability, fault, offense, guilt. [from verſchulden. 408. III. 8.]

verſchütten, *v. N. tr.* pour forth, shake out, empty, spill, shed. [ver= and ſchütten.]

verſchweben, *v. N. intr.* ſ. float away, soar out of sight, vanish. [ver= and ſchweben.]

verſchweigen, *v. O*(III. 2). *tr.* be silent about, keep secret, say nothing of. [ver= and ſchweigen.]

verſchwenden, *v. N. tr.* squander, dissipate, lavish, waste, expend. [ver= and ſchwenden.]

verſchwinden, *v. O*(I. 1). *intr.* ſ. disappear, vanish, fade from sight, become invisible. [ver= and ſchwinden.]

verſchwören, *v. O*(III. 5). *tr.* **forswear**, abjure.—*refl.* conspire, plot. [ver= and ſchwören.]

Verſchwörung, *f.* =gen. conspiracy, plot. [from verſchwören. 408. III. 8.]

verſehen, *v. O*(II. 1). *tr.* overlook, miss; provide, furnish, supply.—*refl.* **foresee**; expect, look for. [ver= and ſehen, '**see**.']

verſenden, *v. N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* **send** away, **send** forth, emit, **cast**. [ver= and ſenden.]

verſenken, *v. N. tr.* **sink,** plunge, immerse, bury. [ver= and ſenken.]
verſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set** elsewhere, transpose, transfer, remove; put *or* **set** (in a certain state *or* condition), reduce, throw.—*intr.* ẖ. reply, answer. [ver= and ſetzen.]
verſiegen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. become exhausted *or* drained, dry up. [ver= and =ſiegen.]
verſilbern, *v. N. tr.* **silver** over, plate *or* cover with **silver.** [from Silber. 405.III.1*d.*]
verſinken, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **sink** away, be swallowed up, perish; fall back, become immersed. [ver= and ſinken.]
verſöhnen, *v. N. tr.* reconcile, propitiate, appease. [ver= and ſöhnen.]
verſöhnlich, *adj.* reconcilable, placable. [from verſöhnen. 415.12*c.*]
Verſöhnung, *f.* =gen. reconciliation, propitiation, expiation, atonement. [from verſöhnen. 408.III.8.]
verſorgen, *v. N. tr.* care for, provide, supply. [ver= and ſorgen.]
verſparen, *v. N. tr.* **spare,** save up, reserve. [ver= and ſparen.]
verſperren, *v. N. tr.* block up, bar, barricade, obstruct. [ver= and ſperren.]
verſpotten, *v. N. tr.* make a mock of, jeer at, scoff, deride. [ver= and ſpotten.]
verſprechen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* promise, engage. [ver= and ſprechen, '**speak.**']
Verſprechung, *f.* =gen. promise, engagement. [from verſprechen. 408.III.8.]
verſprühen, *v. N. tr.* scatter (as sparks *or* drops), sprinkle about. [ver= and ſprühen.]
Verſtand, *m.* =dẽs. understanding, intellect, intelligence, sense, judgment. [from verſtehen. 408.I.]
verſtändig, *adj.* understanding, intelligent, sensible, reasonable, judicious. [from Verſtand. 415.9*a.*]
verſtärken, *v. N. tr.* strengthen, FORTIFY, reënforce, recruit. [from ſtark. 405.III.1*d.*]
Verſtärkung, *f.* =gen. strengthening, FORTIFICATION, reënforcement. [from verſtärken. 408.III.8.]
verſtatten, *v. N. tr.* give place *or* room for, concede, grant, allow. [from Statt, '**stead.**' 405.III.1*d.*]
verſtauben, *v. N. tr.* cover with dust, make dusty. [from Staub, 'dust.' 405.III.1*d.*]
Verſteck, *m.* =cke̊s, =cke. hiding-place, lurking place, ambush. [from verſtecken. 408.I.]
verſtecken, *v. N. tr.* **stick** away, hide, conceal. [ver= and ſtecken.]
verſtehen, *v. O*(267). *tr.* **understand,** comprehend.—*refl.* (*impers.*) understand itself, be a matter of course: —**verſteht ſich,** of course. [ver= and ſtehen.]
verſtehlen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* **steal** away. [ver= and ſtehlen.]
verſteinen, *v. N. tr.* make **stone** *or* **stony,** turn to stone, cover with stones. [from Stein. 405.III.1*d.*]
verſtohlen, *adj.* **stolen,** furtive, clandestine, secret, surreptitious, by **stealth.** [past part. of verſtehlen. 351.3.]
verſtören, *v. N. tr.* disturb, trouble, perturb. [ver= and ſtören.]
verſtoßen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* thrust away, push off, repel, reject, repudiate. [ver= and ſtoßen.]
verſtreuen, *v. N. tr.* **strew** about, scatter, disperse. [ver= and ſtreuen.]
verſtricken, *v. N. tr.* involve in a net *or* snare, ensnare, entangle. [ver= and ſtricken.]
verſtummen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. become silent, grow dumb, cease to speak *or* sound. [from ſtumm. 405.III.1*d.*]
Verſuch, *m.* =ches, =che. attempt, trial, essay, experiment, proof. [from verſuchen. 408.I.]
verſuchen, *v. N. tr.* attempt, try, endeavor, essay; tempt, try, entice. [ver= and ſuchen, '**seek.**']
vertheidigen, *v. N. tr.* defend, stand up for, vindicate, justify. [for vertheibingen, from Theibing. 405.III.1*d.*]
Vertheidiger, *m.* =rs, =r. defender, vindicator. [from vertheidigen. 408.III.4.]
Vertheidigung, *f.* =gen. defense, vindication, justification. [from vertheidigen. 408.III.8.]
Vertheidigungsſtand, *m.* =dẽs. condition of defense, state to stand an attack *or* siege. [Vertheidigung (422.2*c*) and Stand.]
vertheilen, *v. N. tr.* **deal** out, distribute, allot, divide. [ver= and theilen.]
Vertheilung, *f.* =gen. **dealing** out, distribution, allotment, division. [from vertheilen. 408.III.8.]
vertilgen, *v. N. tr.* extirpate, wipe out, destroy, annihilate. [ver= and tilgen.]
Vertrag, *m.* =gẽs, =träge. agreement, compact, treaty. [from vertragen. 408.I.]
vertragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry away; bear, endure, get along with.—*refl.* get along, agree, be compatible;

become reconciled, form a compact *or* agreement. [ver= and tragen.]

verträglich, *adj.* agreeing, harmonious, friendly, compatible. [from vertragen. 415.12*c*.]

Verträglichkeit, *f.* =ten. accommodating spirit, disposition to harmony, peaceableness, compatibility. [from verträglich. 409.II.3.]

vertrauen, *v. N. tr.* entrust, confide; affiance, betroth.—*intr.* (*with dat.*). trust to, confide in:—**vertraut,** *past part as adj., see below.* [ver= and trauen.]

Vertrauen, *n.* =us, =n. trust, confidence. [infinitive of vertrauen. 340.3.]

vertraulich, *adj.* confidential, familiar, intimate. [from vertrauen. 415.12*c*.]

verträumen, *v. N. tr.* **dream** away, spend in dreaming; finish **dream**ing. [ver= and träumen.]

vertraut, *adj.* trusted, trusty, confidential, familiar, intimate. [past part. of vertrauen. 351.3.]

vertrocknen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. dry up, become parched, wither away. [ver= and trocknen.]

vervollkommnen, *v. N. tr.* bring to completion *or* perfection, perfect, develop fully. [from vollkommen, *adj.* 405.III.1*d*.]

verwahren, *v. N. tr.* keep safe, preserve, guard. [ver= and wahren.]

verwaiſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. become an orphan, be orphaned, be left friendless *or* deserted:—**verwaiſt,** *past part. as adj.*, orphaned, bereaved, desolate. [from Waiſe, 'orphan.' 405.III.1*d*.]

verwalten, *v. N. tr.* exercise the duties of, administer, manage. [ver= and walten.]

Verwaltung, *f.* =gen. administration, management. [from verwalten. 408.III.8.]

Verwaltungseinrichtung, *f.* =gen. administrative measure *or* arrangement, detail of management. [Verwaltung (422.2*c*) and Einrichtung.]

verwandeln, *v. N. tr.* change, transform, convert. [ver= and wandeln.]

verwandt, *adj.* related, akin, allied by blood, allied, connected:—*as noun,* **Verwandt,** relative, relation, kinsman *or* kinswoman. [past part. of verwenden, 'apply.' 351.3.]

Verwandtſchaft, *f.* =ten. relationship, kin, affinity. [from verwandt. 409.II.6.]

verwegen *or* **verwägen,** *v. O*(III.5). *refl.* (*with gen. or accus.*). be bold enough for, dare, venture, presume to do. [ver= and =wegen.]

verwegen, *adj.* daring, audacious, foolhardy, venturesome, rash, bold. [past part. (of older form, now unused) of (ſich) verwegen.]

verwehen, *v. N. tr.* blow away, blow off, clear up. [ver= and wehen.]

verweilen, *v. N. tr.* tarry, linger, delay, dwell, abide, stay. [ver= and weilen.]

verwenden, *v. N* (*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* turn away, avert; apply, bestow, expend, put to use *or* in operation. [ver= and wenden, '**wend.**']

verweſen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. perish, decay, moulder, rot. [ver= and =weſen.]

Verweſung, *f.* =gen. destruction, decay, putrefaction. [from verweſen. 408.III.8.]

verwickeln, *v. N. tr.* involve, complicate, entangle:—**verwickelt,** *past part. as adj.*, involved, complicated, intricate. [ver= and wickeln.]

verwildern, *v. N. tr.* make **wilder.**—*intr.* ſ. grow savage, run **wild,** go to waste. [from wilder, comparative of wild. 405.I.2*a*; III.1*d*.]

Verwilderung, *f.* =gen. growing **wild,** lapse into **wild**ness *or* barbarity, loss of gentleness *or* culture. [from verwildern. 408.III.8.]

verwirklichen, *v. N. tr.* make real *or* actual, realize. [from wirklich, 'actual.' 405.III.1*d*.]

Verwirklichung, *f.* =gen. making actual, realization; lively conception. [from verwirklichen. 408.III.8.]

verwirren, *v. N. tr.* entangle, complicate, confound, perplex, embarrass, disturb. [ver= and wirren.]

Verwirrung, *f.* =gen. complication, confusion, perplexity, embarrassment, entanglement. [from verwirren. 408.III.8.]

verwunden, *v. N. tr.* **wound,** hurt. [from Wunde. 405.III.1*d*.]

verwundern, *v. N. tr.* strike with **wonder** *or* astonishment.—*refl.* be astonished *or* surprised, wonder, feel amazement. [from Wunder. 405.III.1*d*.]

Verwunderung, *f.* =gen. astonishment, amazement, **wonder.** [from verwundern. 408.III.8.]

verwünſchen, *v. N. tr.* **wish** ill to, imprecate evil upon, curse:—**verwünſcht,** *past part. as adj.*, accursed; haunted, enchanted, charmed. [ver= and wünſchen.]

verwüſten, *v. N. tr.* lay **waste,** deso-

late, devastate, ruin, destroy. [from wüſte. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verwüſtung, *f.* =gen. **wasting,** desolation, devastation. [from verwüſten. 408. III. 8.]

verzagen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. despair, give up hope, lose courage, grow faint-hearted. [ver= and zagen.]

verzagt, *adj.* despairing, dismayed, faint-hearted. [past part. of verzagen. 351. 3.]

verzehren, *v. N. tr.* consume, devour, use up, spend. [ver= and zehren.]

verzeihen, *v.* O(III. 2). *tr.* pardon, forgive, remit blame *or* penalty of. [ver= and zeihen.]

verziehen, *v.* O(III. 3). *tr.* put off, delay; draw out of place, distort, draw awry, wrest:—**eine Miene verziehen,** make a wry face, grimace. [ver= and ziehen.]

verzieren, *v. N. tr.* adorn, decorate, embellish. [ver= and zieren.]

verzuckern, *v. N. tr.* **sugar** over, cover with sugar. [from Zucker. 405. III. 1*d*.]

Verzug, *m.* =gs, =züge. delay, retardation, deferral. [from verziehen. 408. I.]

verzüglich, *adj.* delaying, dilatory. [from Verzug. 415. 12*a*.]

verzweifeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. despair, despond utterly, give up hope. [ver= and zweifeln.]

Verzweiflung, *f.* =gen. despair, desperation, utter despondency, hopelessness. [from verzweifeln. 408. III. 8.]

Vesper, *f.* =rn. evening, evening service, **vespers.** [from Latin.]

Vetter, *m.* =rs, =rn. cousin; *formerly,* uncle. [probably related with Vater, '**father.**']

Vetturin', *m.* =ns, =ne. coachman, driver of a hired carriage. [Italian.]

Vicuña, *n.* =a's, =as. **vicuña** (South-American wool-producing animal, allied to the llama). [Spanish.]

Vieh, *n.* =hes, =he. cattle, *collectively;* animal, brute, beast. [E. **fee.**]

Viehzucht, *f.* breeding of cattle, cattle raising and keeping, dömestication and breeding. [Vieh and Zucht.]

viel, *adj.* (192). much, many. [related with voll, '**full.**']

vielfach, *adj.* manifold, multifarious, various, multiplied. [viel and Fach. 415. 15*d*.]

vielleicht, *adv. or conj.* perhaps, may be, by chance, haply. [viel and leicht, 'easy.']

vielmals, *adv.* many times, repeatedly, frequently, often. [viel and Mal. 365. 1.]

vielmehr, *adv.* much **more,** rather, sooner. [viel and mehr.]

vielrippig, *adj.* many-**ribbed.** [viel and Rippe. 424. 5.]

vielrispig, *adj.* many-panicled, abounding in panicles. [viel and Rispe. 424. 5.]

vier, *num.* **four.** [E. **four.**]

viereckig, *adj.* **four-**cornered, QUADRANGULAR; square. [vier and Ecke. 424. 5.]

viert, *num. adj.* **fourth.** [from vier. 203.]

viertehalb, *adj.* (*invariable,* 207. 1). three and a **half,** a **half** less than **four.** [viert and halb.]

Viertel, *n.* =ls, =l. **fourth** part, quarter. [viert and Theil, 'part.' 207. 2.]

vierundzwanzig *or* **vier und zwanzig,** *num.* **four and twenty, twenty-four.** [197. 3.]

vierzehn, *num.* **fourteen.** [vier and zehn.]

Viſite, *f.* =en. **visit.** [French.]

Viverre, *f.* =en. civet-cat, animal of the family of *Viverridæ.*

Vogel, *m.* =ls, =vögel. bird, **fowl.** [E. **fowl** (A-S. *fugl*).]

Vögelein, *n.* =ns, =n. little bird. [for Vögellein, from Vogel. 410. 1.]

Volk, *n.* =kes, =völker. people, community, nation; *singular used collectively,* **folks,** people, crew, party, troops. [E. **folk.**]

volkbelebt, *adj.* **enlivened** with people, thickly inhabited, swarming. [Volk and belebt, past part. of beleben.]

Völkerhorde, *f.* =en. **horde** of people, wandering community *or* tribe. [Volk (422. 2*d*) and Horde.]

Völkerrecht, *n.* =ts, =te. **right** of nations, international law. [Volk (422. 2*d*) and Recht.]

Völkerſchaft, *f.* =ten. population, people, tribe. [from Völker, plur. of Volk. 410. 7*b*.]

Völkerſtamm, *m.* =ms, =stämme. **stem** *or* stock of peoples, nationality, people. [Volk (422. 2*d*) and Stamm.]

Völkerzug, *m.* =gs, =züge. expedition of a people *or* race, national migration. [Volk (422. 2*d*) and Zug.]

Volksſtamm, *m.* =ms, =stämme. **stem** *or* stock of peoples, nationality, people. [Volk (422. 2*d*) and Stamm.]

voll, *adj.* **full,** filled; complete, whole, entire (*usually followed by a noun in the genitive, or in the dative with*

von; *but sometimes by a dative, or even accusative, if the noun be not preceded by a limiting word*):—**voller**, *see below.*

sep'ble or insep'ble prefix (313). **full.** [E. **full.**]

vollbrin'gen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* accomplish, achieve, consummate, complete, execute, perform **fully.** [voll and bringen, '**bring.**']

vollen'den, *v. N. tr.* bring to a complete close, complete, finish, perfect, consummate. [voll and enden, '**end.**']

vollends, *adv.* **fully**, entirely, wholly, quite; of all things, above all, absolutely. [for vollens, earlier vollen, case of voll.]

voller, *adj.* (*sometimes used instead of* voll *in appositive relation before a governed noun*) full. [conjectured to be contracted from voll der, and so followed by an adjective in the second declension, but used also where voll der could not stand.]

vollfüh'ren, *v. N. tr.* accomplish, complete, carry out, execute. [voll and führen, 'lead.']

vollgemeſſen, *adj.* in **full** measure, abundant, to surfeiting. [voll and gemeſſen, past part. of meſſen, 'measure.']

vollgepfropft, *adj.* crammed **full.** [voll and gepfropft, past part. of pfropfen.]

völlig, *adj.* complete, entire, absolute, perfect. [from voll. 415.9c.]

vollkom'men, *adj.* perfect, complete, absolute, consummate. [as if past part. of a verb vollkommen; voll and kommen, '**come.**']

Vollmacht, *f.* -ten. **full** power, PLENIPOTENTIARY authority. [voll and Macht, '**might.**']

Vollmond, *m.* -bs. **full moon.** [voll and Mond.]

vollſtändig, *adj.* complete, entire, total, **full.** [voll and ſtändig.]

vollzie'hen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* execute, accomplish, perform, **fulfil.** [voll and ziehen, '**draw.**']

Vollziehung, *f.* -gen. execution, accomplishment, **fulfilment.** [from vollziehen. 408.III.8.]

vom = von dem (65).

von, *prep.* (*with dat.*). from, of; by, with; concerning, in respect to, about; on, upon:—*in surnames, corresponding to French* DE, of.

vor, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **before.**

prep. (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). **before**, in front of *or* antecedent to; in sight *or* presence of; *hence*, **for**, on account of, because of, with (*e. g.* vor Kälte, for cold, vor Zorn, with anger); from, against (*with verbs of protecting, warning, and the like*);—in preference to, more than, above;—*in specifications of time, equivalent to* **ago** (*e. g.* vor einem Jahre, before a year [counting back from the present time], *i. e.* a year ago; vor Zeiten, times ago, a long time since). [E. **fore**, **for**: same word as für and ver-.]

voran, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **on before**, in front, at the head. [vor and an.]

voranfliegen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **fly** in front, stream **before.** [voran and fliegen.]

voraus, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* in advance, on ahead, before the rest. [vor and aus, '**out.**']

vorauseilen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. hasten on in advance, hurry on before others. [voraus and eilen.]

vorausfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. drive *or* pass in advance, go on before. [voraus and fahren.]

vorausſchicken, *v. N. tr.* send on in advance, despatch before others. [voraus and ſchicken.]

vorausſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **see** in advance, **foresee.** [voraus and ſehen].

vorauszichen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. move on in advance, march on before others. [voraus and ziehen, 'proceed.']

vorbehalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* keep in reserve, **hold back**, with **hold.** [vor and behalten.]

vorbei, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* along **by**, past, passing before one; past and gone, over, done. [vor and bei.]

vorbeifahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. drive *or* pass **by**, go past. [vorbei and fahren.]

vorbeifliegen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. **fly by**, hurry past. [vorbei and fliegen.]

vorbeigehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** past, pass **by**:—**im Vorbeigehen**, in passing, by the way, casually. [vorbei and gehen.]

vorbeikommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **come** past, pass **by.** [vorbei and kommen.]

vorbeirauſchen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. go noisily past, **rush by.** [vorbei and rauſchen.]

vorbeirollen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **roll by** *or* past, **roll** away. [vorbei and rollen.]

vorbeiwallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. roll *or* flow past. [vorbei and wallen.]

vorbereiten, *v. N. tr.* prepare **before**hand, get **ready** in advance. [vor and bereiten.]

Vorbereitung, *f.* =gen. preparation, getting **ready** **before**hand. [from vorbereiten. 408. III. 8.]

vorbeſtimmen, *v. N. tr.* fix in advance, predetermine. [vor and beſtimmen.]

vorbeugen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). obviate, prevent, hinder (by measures taken in advance or anticipation). [vor and beugen, '**bow**, bend.']

Vorbote, *m.* =en, =en. messenger in advance, **fore**runner, harbinger, sign indicating what is to come, premonitory sign. [vor and Bote.]

vorbringen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** **forward**, offer, propose. [vor and bringen.]

vorder, *adj.* **fore,** ANTERIOR, front, foremost. [from vor or fort, as a kind of comparative (139.2): same word as forder and fürder, E. **further.**]

Vorderfuß, *m.* =ßes, =üße. **fore foot.** [vorder and Fuß.]

Vorder-Indien, *n.* =ns. **India** proper (*as opposed to* Hinter-Indien, Farther India). [vorder and Indien.]

vorderſt, *adj.* **foremost,** farthest in front, in the very front. [superlative of vorder. 139.2.]

Vordertheil, *n.* =ls, =le. **fore** part. [vorder and Theil.]

Vorderzug, *m.* =gs, =üge. **fore** part of a train *or* march, advance, van. [vorder and Zug.]

vordringen, *v. O* (I. 1). *intr.* ſ. press **forward**, urge one's way on, advance with effort. [vor= and dringen.]

Vorfahr, *m.* =ren, =ren. predecessor, progenitor, **fore**father, ancestor. [from vorfahren. 408. I.]

vorfahren, *v. O* (II. 2). *intr.* ſ. go *or* drive **before** *or* in front, precede. [vor and fahren, 'go, **fare.**']

Vorfall, *m.* =ls, =älle. occurrence, incident, event. [from vorfallen. 408. I.]

vorfallen, *v. O* (II. 3). *intr.* ſ. happen, occur. [vor and fallen, '**fall.**']

vorfinden, *v. O* (I. 1). *tr.* **find,** fall in with, happen upon. [vor and finden.]

vorflammen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **flame** in front, precede with **flame,** go burning in advance (*with dat.*). [vor and flammen.]

Vorgang, *m.* =gs, =änge. PROCEDURE, occurrence, incident, event. [from vorgehen. 408. I.]

Vorgebirg *or* **Vorgebirge,** *n.* =ges, =ge. projecting mountain range, lofty PROMONTORY. [vor and Gebirge.]

Vorgefühl, *n.* =ls, =le. **fore-feeling,** PRESENTIMENT, foreboding. [vor and Gefühl.]

vorgehen, *v. O* (267). *intr.* ſ. **go** **before**; **go** **forward**, PROCEED, go on, take place, occur. [vor and gehen.]

vorhanden, *adj.* at **hand,** within reach, present, to be found, in existence, extant. [vor and Hand; an anomalous derivative corresponding to the phrase vor der Hand.]

vorher, *adv.* **before**hand, **before,** previously. [vor and her, 'hither.']

vorherig, *adj.* previous, **before**hand. [from vorher. 415. 9*d*.]

vorhin, *adv.* formerly, a while **before,** previously. [vor and hin, 'hence.']

vorig, *adj.* **former,** preceding, last, next **before.** [from vor. 415. 9*d*.]

vorkommen, *v. O* (267). *intr.* ſ. **come** **forward**, make appearance, show one's self, appear; occur, happen, befal; present itself to the mind, appear, seem. [vor and kommen.]

vorleſen, *v. O* (II. 1). *tr.* read **before** *or* **for** any one, read aloud; lecture. [vor and leſen.]

Vorliebe, *f.* preference, PREDILECTION, prepossession. [vor and Liebe, '**love.**']

Vormauer, *f.* =rn. advanced wall, bulwark, guard. [vor and Mauer.]

Vormund, *m.* =ds, =ünder. guardian, tutor. [vor and =mund.]

vorn, *adv.* in front. [from vor. 367. 3.]

vornehm, *adj.* of superior rank *or* quality, distinguished, eminent, chief, aristocratic, grand. [from vornehmen. 414.]

vornehmen, *v. O* (I. 3). *tr.* take **before**; set **before** one's self, take in hand; propose, intend, design, purpose; undertake, perform, execute. [vor and nehmen.]

Vorrath, *m.* =ths, =räthe. stock, store, supply, provision. [vor and Rath.]

Vorrathshaus, *n.* =ſes, =häuſer. **store-house,** magazine, depository, depot. [Vorrath (422. 2*b*) and Haus.]

Vorrecht, *n.* =ts, =te. prior **right,** prerogative, privilege. [vor and Recht.]

vorrücken, *v. N. intr.* ſ. push **forward**, press on, advance, go on. [vor and rücken.]

Vorſatz, *m.* =ßes, =ätze. intention, PROPOSAL, purpose, design:—**mit Vorſatz,** intentionally, on purpose. [from vorſetzen. 408. I.]

Vorſchein, *m.* =ns. coming to light,

appearance:—**zum Vorſchein kommen,** come to light, make appearance. [from vorſcheinen. 408.I.]

vorſcheinen, *v.* *O*(III.2). *intr.* ḥ. **shine forth,** come to light, show one's self, appear. [vor and ſcheinen.]

Vorſchlag, *m.* =gs, =äge. offer, proposal, proposition. [from vorſchlagen. 408.I.]

vorſchlagen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *tr.* put **forth** *or* **forward,** propose, propound, offer. [vor and ſchlagen, 'strike.']

Vorſchmack, *m.* =ds. **foretaste.** [vor and Schmack.]

vorſchreiben, *v.* *O*(III.2). *tr.* PRESCRIBE, direct, order. [vor and ſchreiben, 'write.']

vorſehen, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr.* **foresee,** PROVIDE.—*refl.* look out, be on one's guard. [vor and ſehen.]

Vorſehung, *f.* =gen. PROVIDENCE, **forecasting** care, Providence. [from vorſehen. 408.III.8.]

vorſetzen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **set before** *or* in front; put before (one's self) as an object, PROPOSE, intend. [vor and ſetzen.]

Vorſicht, *f.* **foresight,** forecast, precaution, circumspection. [from vorſehen. 408.II.1.]

vorſichtig, *adj.* **foreseeing,** PROVIDENT, cautious, circumspect, considerate. [from Vorſicht. 415.9*a*.]

vorſingen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *tr.* **sing before** *or* **for** (any one, *dat.*), sing aloud for others to hear. [vor and ſingen.]

vorſpannen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* stretch **forward** *or* in front; harness in front. [vor and ſpannen.]

vorſpiegeln, *v.* *N.* *tr.* make a reflection *or* image of before any one, dazzle one's eyes with, make a deluding show of, exhibit illusively. [vor and ſpiegeln, 'reflect.']

vorſprengen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ḥ. spur **forward,** gallop toward the front. [vor and ſprengen.]

vorſpringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. **spring** *or* leap **before,** outleap, get the start *or* advantage of. [vor and ſpringen.]

Vorſprung, *m.* =gs, =ünge. projection; start, advantage. [from vorſpringen. 408.I.]

vorſtehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ḥ *or* ſ. **stand forward** *or* in front; be at the head, preside, direct, govern. [vor and ſtehen.]

vorſtellen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* put *or* place **before** *or* in front; present, introduce; personate, represent, act; put forward (as a plea *or* remonstrance), plead, remonstrate, protest.—*refl.* put **before** one's mind, conceive, imagine, fancy. [vor and ſtellen.]

Vorſtellung, *f.* =gen. presentation, representation; plea, remonstrance; conception, idea, notion. [from vorſtellen. 408.III.8.]

Vorſtellungsaſſociation, *f.* =nen. **association** of ideas, combination of conceptions. [Vorſtellung (422.2*c*) and Aſſociation.]

Vorſtellungsweiſe, *f.* =en. mode of conception, way of looking at things. [Vorſtellung(422.2*c*)and Weiſe,'**wise.**']

vorſtrecken, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **stretch forward,** extend. [vor and ſtrecken.]

vorſtrömen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. **stream forth,** flow out, pour forth. [vor and ſtrömen.]

vortaſten, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ḥ. feel **forward,** grope *or* fumble one's way along. [vor and taſten.]

Vortheil, *m.* =ls, =le. advantage, profit, gain. [vor and Theil, 'share;' lit'ly, 'what one has for his share **before** or above another.']

vortheilhaft, *adj.* advantageous, profitable, lucrative. [from Vortheil. 415.7*a*.]

Vortrab, *m.* =bs. van, vanguard, leading detachment *or* division (of an army). [from vortraben. 408.I.]

vortraben, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. trot **before;** lead the way. [vor and traben.]

Vortrag, *m.* =gs, =äge. bringing forward *or* presentation (of anything), delivery, style of elocution. [from vortragen. 408.I.]

vortragen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *tr.* bring **forward,** put forth, deliver, get off, present. [vor and tragen, 'carry.']

vortrefflich, *adj.* admirable, excellent, capital. [vor and trefflich.]

vorüber, *adv.* *and sep'ble prefix.* across **before** *or* in front, along by, past; gone by, **over,** finished, done with. [vor and über.]

vorübereilen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* ſ. hasten by, hurry past. [vorüber and eilen.]

vorüberfahren, *v.* *O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. go past, pass by. [vorüber and fahren, 'go, **fare.**']

vorüberfließen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. flow by, run past. [vorüber and fließen.]

vorübergehen, *v.* *O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go** past, pass by:—**vorübergehend,** *pres. part. as adj.*, TRANSIENT, transitory, on the wing, for a moment; *as noun,* passer-by. [vorüber and gehen.]

vorüberſchleichen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *intr.* ſ.

creep past, slink by. [vorüber and ſchleichen.]
vorüberſpringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. go **springing** *or* jumping past, leap along by. [vorüber and ſpringen.]
vorüberziehen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. (*rarely tr.*) move past, pass by. [vorüber and ziehen.]
Vorurtheil, *n.* ‑ls, ‑le. prior judgment, PREJUDICE, prepossession. [vor and Urtheil.]
Vorwand, *m.* ‑bs, ‑ände. PRETEXT, pretence, cloak. [vor and Wand, 'wall;' lit'ly, something raised in front to cover what is done behind.]
vorwärts, *adv.* **forward,** forwards, toward the front, on, in advance. [from vor. 364.2.]
Vorwelt, *f.* ‑ten. **former world,** ancient times, past ages, antiquity. [vor and Welt.]
vorwerfen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *tr.* throw *or* cast **before** *or* in front (of any one, *dat.*); throw in any one's teeth, make a matter of reproach *or* upbraiding, reprove (any one) for. [vor and werfen, 'throw.']
Vorwurf, *m.* ‑fs, ‑ürfe. reproach, reproof, upbraiding. [from vorwerfen. 408.I.]
Vorzeit, *f.* ‑ten. **former** days, olden time, primitive age. [vor and Zeit, 'time.']
vorziehen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* **draw forward**; prefer, like better (than something else), give the preference to, choose. [vor and ziehen.]
Vorzug, *m.* ‑gs, ‑üge. preference; ground of preference, superiority, advantage, excellence, desirable quality. [from vorziehen. 408.I.]
vorzüglich, *adj.* preferable, superior, excellent, eminent, especial, particular. [from Vorzug. 415.12*a*.]

wach, *adj.* **awake,** aroused, on the alert. [from wachen. 414.]
Wache, *f.* ‑en. **watch,** guard; *hence,* **watchman,** persons *or* person on guard. [from wachen. 408.II.2.]
wachen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. **wake,** be **awake; watch,** stand on guard. [E. **wake** etc.]
Wachs, *n.* ‑ſes. **wax.** [E. **wax.**]
wachſen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. **wax,** increase, grow, augment:—**gewachſen,** *past part as adj.* (*with dat.*), grown up to, equal to, a match for, capable of dealing with. [E. **wax.**]
Wachskerze, *f.* ‑en. **wax-taper, wax-light.** [Wachs and Kerze.]
Wachsthum, *m.* *or* *n.* ‑ms. growth, increase. [from wachſen. 408.III.9.]
Wacht, *f.* ‑ten. **watch,** guard. [from wachen. 408.II.1.]
Wächter, *m.* ‑rs, ‑r. **watchman,** guard, sentinel. [from Wacht. 410.3.]
wackeln, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. wag, rock, totter, waver. [related with ‑wegen.]
wacker, *adj.* stout, sturdy, gallant, valiant.
Wadi, *n.* **wady,** ravine, watercourse. [Arabic.]
Waffe, *f.* ‑en. **weapon,** implement of attack *or* defense, arms. [E. **weapon.**]
Waffen, *n.* ‑ns, ‑n. **weapon.** [older form of Waffe, now hardly used except in derivatives and compounds.]
Waffengeklirr, *n.* ‑rs, ‑re. clang of **weapons,** clashing of arms. [Waffe (422.2*d*) and Geklirr.]
waffenlos, *adj.* **weaponless,** unarmed. [Waffe (422.2*d*) and los. 415.15*a*.]
waffnen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* provide with **weapons,** arm. [from Waffen. 405.I.1.]
Wage, *f.* ‑en. balance, **weighing** instrument; **weight.** [related with wägen etc.]
Wägelchen, *n.* ‑ns, ‑n. little **wagon** *or* carriage. [from Wagen (with irregular change). 410.1.]
wagen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* dare, risk, venture, hazard, expose:—**gewagt,** *past part. as adj.*, daring, venturesome, presumptuous. [E. **wage.**]
Wagen, *m.* ‑ns, ‑n *or* ‑ägen. **wagon,** vehicle, carriage, coach, **wain**:—**der Wagen,** the **Wain** *or* Dipper (constellation near the north pole). [E. **wagon.**]
wägen, *v.* *O*(III.5). *or* *N.* *tr.* **weigh,** balance; PONDER, consider, examine. [same word with ‑wegen and wiegen.]
Wagenbreite, *f.* ‑en. **wagon** *or* carriage **breadth.** [Wagen and Breite.]
Wagenreihe, *f.* ‑en. series *or* line of **wagons** *or* carriages. [Wagen and Reihe, '**row.**']
wagerecht, *adj.* horizontal, level. [Wage and recht: like the beam of a balance.]
Wahl, *f.* ‑len. choice, election, selec-

tion. [from wählen (408.I.), or *vice versâ*.]

wählen, *v. N. tr.* choose, elect, select. [related with wollen, '**will.**']

Wahn, *m.* =nes. belief; *especially*, mistaken belief, erroneous opinion, delusion, false notion, fancy.

wähnen, *v. N. tr.* believe erroneously, be mistaken in supposing, think without reason, be under the delusion of. [from Wahn. 405.I.1.]

Wahnſinn, *m.* =ns. madness, frenzy, insanity, craze. [Wahn and Sinn, 'mind.']

wahnſinnig, *adj.* mad, frantic, insane, crazy, distracted. [from Wahnſinn. 415.9*a*.]

wahr, *adj.* true, veritable, real, genuine:—**wahrnehmen,** *see below*; **nicht wahr?** [is it] not true? isn't it so?

wahren, *v. N. tr.* notice, observe; watch over, take care of, keep safe, preserve, guard. [from an old word *wara*, *ware*, 'notice, care,' related with E. **ware, aware** etc.]

währen, *v. N. intr.* h. last, endure, continue, abide.

während, *prep.* (*with gen.*). DURING, in the course of, pending.

conj. (377). during the time that, while, whilst. [pres. part. of währen.]

Wahrheit, *f.* =ten. truth, verity. [from wahr. 409.II.2.]

wahrlich, *adv.* truly, in truth, forsooth, verily, surely. [from wahr. 415.12*b*; 363.3*a*.]

wahr'nehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* notice, observe, perceive. [from old *wara* (see under wahren), 'notice, care,' and nehmen, 'take' (312.2); formerly (and sometimes still) construed with a genitive instead of an accusative object.]

Wahrnehmung, *f.* =gen. perception, observation, animadversion. [from wahrnehmen. 408.III.8.]

wahrſagen, *v. N. tr.* prophesy, foretell, sooth**say**, prognosticate, divine. [wahr and ſagen. 312.1.]

Wahrſagung, *f.* =gen. sooth**saying,** prophecy, divination. [from wahrſagen. 408.III.8.]

wahrſcheinlich, *adj.* having the aspect of truth, VERISIMILAR, probable, likely. [wahr and =ſcheinlich.]

Waiſe, *f.* =en; *or m.* =en, =en. orphan.

walachiſch, *adj.* **Wallachian.** [415.10*b*.]

Wald, *m.* =des, =älder. wood, forest.

waldartig, *adj.* forest-like, in forest fashion. [Wald and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

Wäldergrün, *n.* =ns. forest **greenness** *or* verdure. [Wald (422.2*d*) and Grün.]

waldig, *adj.* woody, wooded, forest-covered. [from Wald. 415.9*a*.]

Waldſtrom, *m.* =ms, =öme. forest **stream.** [Wald and Strom.]

Waldvögelein, *n.* =ns, =n. forest birdling, little wood songster. [Wald and Vögelein.]

Wall, *m.* =les, =älle. **wall.** [probably from Latin *vallum*.]

wallen, *v. N. intr.* h. move in waves, undulate; be in violent motion (*of liquids*), heave, toss, flow.

wallen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. go, move on, walk; *especially*, go on a pilgrimage.

Waller, *m.* =rs, =r. pilgrim, traveller. [from wallen. 408.III.4.]

Wallnuß, *f.* =üſſe. **walnut.** [contracted from wälſche Nuß, 'foreign **nut.**']

wälſch, *adj.* foreign, outlandish, *especially* Italian. [E. **Welsh,** applied to the people of Wales originally as 'foreigners' simply.]

walten, *v. N. intr.* h. rule, manage, direct, govern.

Walze, *f.* =en. roller, cylinder. [from walzen. 408.II.2.]

walzen, *v. N. intr.* h. roll, revolve. [original of E. **waltz.**]

wälzen, *v. N. tr.* cause to roll *or* revolve, move about.—*refl.* go about, revolve, circulate. [same word with walzen.]

Wand, *f.* =ände. wall, side (of a room, building, *or the like*).

Wandel, *m.* =ls. walk, course of life, behavior, conduct. [related with winden, '**wind,**' wenden, '**wend,**' etc.]

wandelbar, *adj.* changeable, changeful, mutable, inconstant, variable. [from wandeln. 415.1*b*.]

wandeln, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. go, walk, move, proceed, progress.—*tr.* turn, convert, change, alter. [from Wandel. 405.I.1.]

Wanderer, *m.* =rs, =r. **wanderer,** traveller, one who journeys. [from wandern. 408.III.4.]

wandern, *v. N. intr.* ſ *or* h. **wander,** rove; pass, migrate, journey, travel, go forth, depart. [originally same with wandeln; related with wenden, '**wend.**']

Wandersmann, *m.* =ns, =änner *or* =ſleute

(100.2 *rem.*). **wanderer**, traveller. [wandern and Mann (422.3), with irregularly inserted s.]

Wanderſtab, *m.* =bs, =äbe. walking-**staff**, **wanderer**'s *or* traveller's stick. [wandern and Stab. 422.3.]

Wanderung, *f.* =gen. **wandering**, walking, expedition, excursion, travelling, migration. [from wandern. 408.III.8.]

Wange, *f.* =en. cheek.

Wankelmuth, *m.* =ths. wavering mind, inconstancy, fickleness. [wankeln and Muth, '**mood**.' 422.3.]

wankelmüthig, *adj.* fickle, inconstant, variable, wavering. [from Wankelmuth. 415.9*a*.]

wankeln, *v. N. intr.* h. be unsteady *or* wavering, totter, reel. [related with wackeln, wanken, etc.]

wanken, *v. N. intr.* h *or* f. stagger, totter, reel, waver, flinch. [related with wackeln, ſchwanken, etc.]

wann, *adv.* (*interrogative*). **when?** at what time?—**dann und wann**, now and then; **von wann** (*for* von wannen), from **whence**, whence.

conj. (*compound relative or relative*). **when**; at what time. [from the interrogative root of wer, was. 367.2*b*.]

wannen, *adv.* (*generally preceded by* von). **whence**. [akin with wann.]

Wappen, *n.* =ns, =n. arms, coat of arms, escutcheon. [same word with Waffen, '**weapon**.']

Wappenſchild, *n.* =bs, =der. coat of arms, escutcheon. [Wappen and Schild, '**shield**.']

wappnen, *v. N. tr.* furnish **weapons** to, arm. [from Wappen. 405.I.1.]

war, wäre, *etc. from* ſein (239.2). **was, were**, etc.

warm, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). **warm**, not cold. [E. **warm**.]

Wärme, *f.* =en. **warmth, warmness**, heat, caloric. [from warm. 409.II.1.]

wärmen, *v. N. tr.* make **warm**, heat. [from warm. 405.I.2.]

wärmeſtrahlend, *adj.* radiating heat *or* **warmth**. [Wärme and ſtrahlend, pres. part. of ſtrahlen.]

warnen, *v. N. tr.* **warn**, caution, put on one's guard. [related with wahren, etc.]

Warnung, *f.* =gen. **warning**, caution. [from warnen. 408.III.8.]

warten, *v. N. intr.* h. wait, await, be in expectancy *or* on the look out; (*with gen.*) wait for, await; wait on, attend, serve.—*tr.* wait on, attend, serve.

=wärts, *forming compound adverbs of direction.* [E. **-wards**. 364.2.]

warum, *adv. or conj.* for *or* on account of what *or* which, why, wherefore: *equal to* um *with governed accusative* was, welches, das, *etc., either in the interrogative sense or the relative* (*simple or compound*). [for worum; wo or wor and um. 365.3*a*.]

was, *pron., interrogative or relative* (173, 179). **what**; that which; **whatever**;—*for* warum, *interrogatively* (176.3), why, for **what**;—*for* etwas (176.2), something, some-**what**;—**was für**, (*sometimes separated by intervening words*) **what** sort of, **what** kind of; **was auch, was immer, was nur** (*sometimes separated by intervening words*), **whatever**. [E. **what**.]

waſchen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* **wash**. [E. **wash**.]

Waſſer, *n.* =rs, =r. **water**. [E. **water**.]

Waſſerbedeckung, *f.* =gen. **watery** covering *or* envelop. [Waſſer and Bedeckung.]

Waſſerbewohner, *m.* =rs, =r. **water-**dweller, inhabitant of the **water**. [Waſſer and Bewohner.]

Waſſerdampf, *m.* =fs, =ämpfe. **watery** vapor, moisture. [Waſſer and Dampf, '**damp**.']

Waſſerfall, *m.* =ls, =älle. **waterfall**, cataract, cascade. [Waſſer and Fall.]

Waſſerhöhle, *f.* =en. **watery** cavern, abyss of **waters**. [Waſſer and Höhle.]

Waſſerhoſe, *f.* =en. **waterspout**. [Waſſer and Hoſe.]

waſſerleer, *adj.* empty of **water**, un-**watered**, dry. [Waſſer and leer.]

waſſerlos, *adj.* **waterless**, destitute of water, arid. [Waſſer and los. 415. 15*a*.]

Waſſermenge, *f.* =en. quantity of **water**. [Waſſer and Menge.]

Waſſerpflanze, *f.* =en. **water-plant**. [Waſſer and Pflanze.]

Waſſerratte, *f.* =en. **water-rat**. [Waſſer and Ratte.]

waſſerreich, *adj.* **rich** *or* abounding in **water**, well-watered. [Waſſer and reich. 415.15*c*.]

Waſſerſchlange, *f.* =en. **water-snake**, hydra. [Waſſer and Schlange.]

Waſſerſchlund, *m.* =bs, =ünde. **watery** abyss, gulf of **waters**. [Waſſer and Schlund.]

Waſſerſpiegel, *m.* =ls, =l. mirror-like

surface of **water**, glassy expanse of water. [Waſſer and Spiegel.]

Waſſerſtrom, *m.* =mś, =ȯme. **stream** of **water**, current. [Waſſer and Strom.]

Waſſertopf, *m.* =ſś, =ȯpfe. **water-pot**, pail, vessel for **water**. [Waſſer and Topf.]

Waſſerwoge, *f.* =en. wave of **water**, billow. [Waſſer and Woge.]

Waſſerwüſte, *f.* =en. **watery waste**, desert of waters. [Waſſer and Wüſte.]

waten, *v. N. intr.* ſ. **wade**, walk in water. [E. **wade**.]

Webe, *f.* =en. **web**, **weft**. [from weben. 408.II.2.]

weben, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. tr.* **weave**. [E. **weave**.]

weben, *v. N. intr.* ȟ. **wave**, float, sweep, undulate. [related with ſchweben.]

Webſtuhl, *m.* =ls, =ſtȟle. loom, machine for **weaving**. [weben and Stuhl, 'seat.']

Wechſel, *m.* =ls, =l. change, vicissitude, alternation, mutation, exchange.

wechſeln, *v. N. intr.* ȟ. change, alter, alternate. [from Wechſel. 405.I.1.]

wechſelſeitig, *adj.* with changing of **sides** *or* parts, mutual, reciprocal, alternate. [Wechſel and ſeitig, from Seite. 424.5.]

wechſelsweiſe, *adv.* in the way of exchange, mutually, reciprocally, alternately. [Wechſel (422.2*b*) and Weiſe, '**wise**.' 365.1*b*.]

wechſelvoll, *adj.* **full** of change *or* alternation, mutable. [Wechſel and voll. 415.15*b*.]

wecken, *v. N. tr.* **wake** up, **awake**, arouse. [causative of wachen. 404.I.2.]

weder, *conj.* neither (*with following* noch, nor). [E. **whether**; comparative of wer, 'who:' now used only in negative sense, for former *nihvedar*, *enweder*.]

Weg, *m.* =geś, =ge. **way**, path, road, route; mode, means. [E. **way**: related with =wegen.]

weg, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **away**, off; gone, departed. [from Weg.]

wegbegeben, *v. O*(II.1). *refl.* take one's self off, get out of the **way**, go off, retire. [weg and begeben.]

wegblaſen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* ȟ. blow **away** *or* along, move without obstruction. [weg and blaſen.]

wegbleiben, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* ſ. stay **away**, be absent. [weg and bleiben.]

wegen, *prep.* (*with gen.*). on account of, because of, for:—**von wegen**, by means of, on account of, because of. [dat. pl. of Weg; wegen as preposition is by abbreviation for von wegen.]

=wegen, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. tr. or intr.* move, stir. [not used in this form except in compounds, as bewegen; same word with wägen and wiegen.]

wegfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* ſ. go *or* drive **away**. [weg and fahren, 'go, **fare**.']

wegführen, *v. N. tr.* lead *or* conduct **away**, convey forth. [weg and führen.]

weggehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* ſ. **go away**, depart, go off. [weg and gehen.]

wegkrümmen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. squirm **away**, get off by bending *or* writhing. [weg and krümmen.]

weglos, *adj.* **roadless**, pathless. [Weg and los. 415.15*a*.]

wegmähen, *v. N. tr.* **mow** off, cut down, clear **away**. [weg and mähen.]

wegnehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take **away**, remove, carry off. [weg and nehmen.]

wegſchaffen, *v. O*(II.2). *or N. tr.* get out of the **way**, remove, dispatch, make **away** with. [weg and ſchaffen.]

wegſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set away**, put aside.—*intr.* ſ. leap over, take a flying leap. [weg and ſetzen.]

wegwerfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw *or* cast **away**, reject, cast off. [weg and werfen.]

wegziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw **away**, pull off.—*intr.* ſ. move **away**, march off. [weg and ziehen.]

weh (*or* **wehe**), *interj.* **woe**! alas! oh! [E. **woe**.]

weh, *adj.* sad, painful, sore, distressed. [same word as weh, *interj.*]

Weh, *n.* =hes, =he *or* =hen. **woe**, pain, pang, distress, misery. [same word as weh, *interj.*]

wehen, *v. N. intr.* ȟ. blow (as air in motion), waft.

Wehmuth, *f.* sadness, melancholy, grief, **wofulness**. [weh and Muth, '**mood**.']

wehmüthig, *adj.* **woful**, sad, melancholy, doleful. [from Wehmuth. 415.9*a*.]

Wehr, *f.* =en. defense, protection. [from wehren. 408.I.]

Wehr, *n.* =res, =re. **wear** *or* **weir**, dam. [from wehren. 408.I.]

wehren, *v. N. tr.* protect, defend.—*refl.* defend one's self, make defense *or* resistance.—*intr.* (*with dat.*).

check, restrain, control, arrest. [related with wahren.]

wehrlos, *adj.* defenseless, unprotected, unarmed. [Wehr and los. 415.15*a*.]

Wehrlosigkeit, *f.* -ten. absence of arms *or* means of defense, defenselessness. [from wehrlos. 409.II.3.]

Weib, *n.* -bes, -ber. woman, **wife.** [E. **wife.**]

Weiberhaube, *f.* -en. woman's cap. [Weib (422.2*d*) and Haube.]

weibisch, *adj.* womanish, effeminate. [from Weib. 415.10*c*.]

weiblich, *adj.* womanly, feminine, female. [from Weib. 415.12*a*.]

weich, *adj.* soft, tender, **weak.** [from weichen. 414.]

Weiche, *f.* -en. softness, tenderness, **weakness.** [from weich. 409.II.1.]

weichen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* s. give way, lose ground, yield, retire, flinch, acknowledge inferiority, submit. [related with E. **weak.**]

Weichheit, *f.* -ten. softness, tenderness, **weakness.** [from weich. 409.II.2.]

Weide, *f.* -en. willow, **withy.** [E. **withy, withe.**]

Weide, *f.* -en. pasture, pasturage, feeding-ground.

weiden, *v. N. intr.* h. pasture, feed, graze.—*tr.* pasture, tend; *hence,* feast, gratify, delight:—**die Augen weiden,** feed *or* delight one's eyes. [from Weide. 405.I.1.]

weigern, *v. N. tr.* refuse, deny.

Weigerung, *f.* -en. refusal, denial. [from weigern. 408.III.8.]

weih, *adj.* (*used now only in composition and derivatives*). sacred, holy.

Weihe, *f.* -en. consecration, sanction, ratification. [from weih. 409.II.1.]

weihen, *v. N. tr.* consecrate, dedicate, devote. [from weih. 405.I.2.]

Weihnachten (*undeclined*). Christmas, yule. [weih and Nacht, '**night**;' originally dat. plural (for the phrase *ze wihen Nachten,* 'at holy nights'), but now used as plural or singular, of all genders.]

Weihnachtsabend, *m.* -bs, -be. Christmas **evening** *or* **eve.** [Weihnacht, for Weihnachten (422.2*c*), and Abend.]

Weihnachtszeit, *f.* -ten. Christmas time, yule-**tide.** [Weihnacht, for Weihnachten (422.2*c*), and Zeit.]

weil, *conj.* **while,** as long as; *usually,* because, since, as. [abbreviated case of Weile.]

Weile, *f.* -en. **while,** space of time. [E. **while.**]

weilen, *v. N. intr.* h. linger, delay, stay, tarry, abide. [from Weile. 405.I.1.]

Wein, *m.* -nes, -ne. **wine.** [E. **wine.**]

weinen, *v. N. intr.* h. weep, cry, shed tears. [E. **whine.**]

weise, *adj.* **wise,** knowing, sage, prudent, enlightened. [E. **wise.**]

Weise, *f.* -en. manner, way, **wise,** fashion; tune, melody. [E. **wise.**]

weisen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* point out, indicate, direct, assign, show, exhibit:—**weisen von,** direct *or* send away from, dismiss from. [from Weise (408.1*a*); formerly of New conj.]

weiß, *adj.* **white;** clean; blank. [E. **white.**]

weissagen, *v. N. tr.* prophesy, foretell, predict. [old *wizagon,* from *wizago,* 'prophet,' which is a derivative of wissen; but so corrupted as to seem to come from weise and sagen.]

Weissagung, *f.* -gen. prophecy, prediction. [from weissagen. 408.III.8.]

weißblühend, *adj.* **white-blooming,** having white flowers. [weiß and blühend, pres. part. of blühen.]

weißen, *v. N. tr.* **whiten, white-wash.** [from weiß. 405.I.2.]

weit, *adj.* **wide,** broad, large, extended, ample; far off, distant, remote:—**bei weitem,** by far; **von weitem** (*rarely* **von weiten**), from afar, from a distance; **weiter,** *see below.*

Weite, *f.* -en. **width,** extent, amplitude, largeness; distance, remoteness. [from weit. 409.II.1.]

weiten, *v. N. tr.* **widen,** expand, enlarge. [from weit. 405.I.1.]

weiter, *adv.* further, farther, on ahead, forward; besides, in addition:—**weiter!** go on, proceed! [comparative of weit.]

weiterhin, *adv.* farther on, farther away. [weiter and hin, 'hence.']

weiterreißen, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* tear **wider,** widen violently. [weiter, comparative of weit, and reißen. 312.2.]

weithin, *adv.* far along, to a great distance, in **wide** extent. [weit and hin, 'hence.']

weitläufig *or* **weitläuftig,** *adj.* running on at great length, lengthy, prolix, diffuse, tedious. [weit and läufig.]

weitschauend, *adj.* far-looking, commanding a **wide** view. [weit and schauend, pres. part. of schauen.]

weitverbreitet, *adj.* **wide-**extended, spread far about. [weit and verbreitet, past part. of verbreiten.]

welch, *interrog. or relative adj. or pron.* (174, 178). **which,** what, that (*relative*);—*indef. pron.* (176. 2). some, any. [E. **which.**]

welk, *adj.* withered, faded, shrivelled; drooping, languid.

welken, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. wither, fade. [from welk. 405.I.2.]

Welle, *f.* =en. wave, billow, undulation, surge.

wellenſchlagend, *adj.* rising in waves, billowy, dashing. [Welle (422.2*d*) and ſchlagend, pres. part. of ſchlagen, 'strike.']

wellenwerfend, *adj.* making waves, wavy, waving. [Welle (422.2*d*) and werfend, pres. part. of werfen, 'throw.']

Welt, *f.* =en. **world.** [E. **world**: in old German, *weralt* or *werelt*.]

Weltauffaſſung, *f.* =gen. apprehension of the **world** *or* universe, idea of things in general and their relations. [Welt and Auffaſſung.]

Weltbeherrſchung, *f.* =gen. dominion *or* sway of the **world,** universal rule. [Welt and Beherrſchung.]

Weltherrſchaft, *f.* =ten. government of the **world,** universal rule. [Welt and Herrſchaft.]

weltherrſchaftlich, *adj.* relating to universal dominion. [from Weltherrſchaft. 415.12*a*.]

Weltreich, *n.* =ches, =che. **world**-dominion, universal empire. [Welt and Reich.]

Weltheil, *m.* =ls, =le. part of the **world,** continent, region, country. [Welt and Theil.]

Wendekreis, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. tropic. [from wenden and Kreis, 'circle.' 422.3.]

wenden, *v. N*(*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* turn, direct, apply. [E. **wend**: causative of winden, '**wind.**' 404. I.1.]

=wendig, *in* inwendig, nothwendig, *etc.* turning. [from wenden. 415.9*b*.]

Wendung, *f.* =gen. turning, turn. [from wenden. 408.III.8.]

wenig, *adj.* (*often undeclined*, 192). little, not much; few, not many:—**ein wenig** (*generally indeclinable phrase*), a little, a bit; **weniger,** less, fewer; **am wenigſten,** least of all, less than in any other way.

wenigſtens, *adv.* at least, at the least, at any rate. [from wenigſt, superl. of wenig. 363.3*c*.]

wenn, *conj.* **when** (*contingently*), **whenever,** if at any time; *usually,* if, in case, provided:—**wenn . . . gleich, wenn . . . auch, wenn . . . ſchon,** though, although. [E. **when**: from the interrog. root of wer, was. 367.2*b*.]

wer, *pron. interrog. or relative* (173, 179). **who**; he **who**; **whoever**;—*with* auch, nur, *or* immer *following,* whoever, whosoever. [compare was.]

werben, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* ḥ. make effort, exert one's self (to obtain something), make application, sue, woo, court:—**werben um,** sue for, woo, seek to win.

Werbeluſt, *f.* =üſte. joy at the coming into being of something *or* in that which is coming into being: enjoyment of creation. [werben and Luſt.]

werden, *v. O*(I.3. *irreg.*, 239.3). *intr.* ſ. become, come to be, grow, turn, prove; come into existence, begin to be:—*as auxiliary, with infinitive* (240.2), will, shall, would, should; *with past part.* (275-7), be, become:—**werden zu** (*with dat.*, 213*a*), turn to, become; **einem werden** (222.II. 1*d*), fall to one's share, be given *or* granted to one; **einem werden,** *impersonally, with predicative adjunct* (292.4), begin to be *or* feel, grow. [old English **worth.**]

werfen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* throw, cast, fling. [E. **warp** (A-S. *weorpan*, 'throw.').]

Werk, *n.* =kes, =ke. **work,** performance, action, deed; **work,** product, literary production. [E. **work.**]

Werkſtatt, *f.* **working**-place, workshop, laboratory. [Werk and Statt, '**stead.**']

Werkſtätte, *f.* =en. *same as* Werkſtatt. [Werk and Stätte, '**stead.**']

Werkzeug, *n.* =gs, =ge. instrument, tool, implement. [Werk and Zeug, 'stuff.']

werth, *adj.* valued, dear, loved; **worth, worthy,** having value. [E. **worth.**]

Werth, *m.* =thes, =the. **worth,** value, price. [from werth (or *vice versâ*).]

werthvoll, *adj.* **full** of **worth** *or* value, valuable, precious. [Werth and voll. 415.15*b*.]

=weſen, *in* verweſen, *in parts of the verb* ſein, *as* war, geweſen, *etc.* be, exist. [E. **was, were.**]

Weſen, *n.* =ns, =n. being, character, nature, disposition, essence; being, creature, living thing. [infinitive of weſen. 340.3].

weshalb *or* **weßhalb,** *adv. or conj.* (*interrog. or relative*). on what *or* which account, wherefore, why.

[wes or weß, genitive of wer, and halb. 365.1.]

Weſt, *m.* =tes, =te; *or* **Weſten,** *m.* =ns, =n. **west,** occident; **west** wind, zephyr, breeze. [E. **west.**]

Weſtcanada, *n.* =a's. **West Canada.** [Weſt and Canada.]

Weſte, *f.* =en. **vest,** waistcoat. [from Latin.]

weſtindiſch, *adj.* **West-Indian.** [415. 10*b*.]

Weſtküſte, *f.* =en. **west coast, western** shore. [Weſt and Küſte.]

weſtlich, *adj.* **westerly, western,** to *or* toward the west. [from Weſt. 415. 12*a*.]

Wette, *f.* =en. **bet,** wager, stake; emulation, emulous contest, contention: —**um die Wette,** in emulation *or* rivalry, emulously. [E. **bet.**]

Wetteifer, *m.* =rs. emulous spirit, emulation, rivalry. [Wette and Eifer.]

wetten, *v. N. tr.* **bet,** stake, wager, risk. [from Wette. 405.I.1.]

Wetter, *n.* =rs, =r. **weather;** storm, tempest. [E. **weather.**]

Wettgeſang, *m.* =gs, =ränge. emulous **song.** [Wette and Geſang.]

wettrennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *intr.* h. **run** a race, run for a prize *or* **bet.** [Wette and rennen.]

Wicht, *m.* =tes, =te *or* =ter. **wight,** fellow, creature. [E. **wight.**]

=wicht *in* Gewicht, wichtig, *etc.* **weight,** heaviness. [from wägen. 408.II.1.]

wichtig, *adj.* **weighty;** important, of consequence, considerable. [from =wicht. 415.9*a*.]

Wichtigkeit, *f.* =ten. **weightiness,** importance, consequence, moment. [from wichtig. 409.II.3.]

Wickel, *m.* =ls, =l. wrap, roll, fold, envelop.

wickeln, *v. N. tr.* wrap up, roll, swathe, envelop, enclose. [from Wickel. 405. I.1.]

wider, *adv. and insep'ble prefix.* against, gain-, **with-.**

prep. (*with accus*). against, contrary to, in opposition to. [E. **with**: same word as wieder. 309.]

widern, *v. N. intr.* h. be repugnant, awaken loathing. [from wider. 406.]

widerſchallen, *v. N. intr.* h. resound, ring back. [wider and ſchallen.]

widerſetzen, *v. N. refl.* **set** one's self against, OPPOSE, resist, **with**stand. [wider and ſetzen.]

Widerſpanſt, *f.* refractory resistance. [wider and Spanſt: no longer in use.]

widerſpänſtig *or* **widerſpenſtig,** *adj.* refractory, perverse, contumacious. [from Widerſpanſt. 415.9*a*.]

widerſprechen, *v. O*(I.3). *intr.* h. **speak** against, CONTRADICT, gainsay. [wider and ſprechen.]

Widerſpruch, *m.* =chs, =üche. CONTRADICTION, gainsaying, opposition. [from widerſprechen. 408.I.]

Widerſtand, *m.* =ds. **withstanding,** RESISTANCE, opposition. [from widerſtehen. 408.I.]

widerſtehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* h. **withstand,** RESIST, oppose. [wider and ſtehen.]

widerſtreben, *v. N. intr.* h. **strive** *or* struggle against, be RELUCTANT, resist, oppose. [wider and ſtreben.]

wie, *adv.* (*interrog.*). how? in what way? in what degree *or* measure? how!

conj. (*relative*). how, *etc.*; — *of manner or degree,* as, like as, like; as for instance, such as; as if;—*of time,* as, when, when once:—*with* auch, nur, *or* immer *following,* however, howsoever. [from the interrog. root of wer. 367.2*b*.]

wieder, *adv. and sep'ble* (*rarely insep'ble*) *prefix.* again, anew, once more; in return, back. [same word as wider.]

wie'derbringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** again *or* back, restore, return. [wieder and bringen.]

wie'dererobern, *v. N. tr.* reconquer, win again. [wieder and erobern.]

Wiedereroberung, *f.* =gen. reconquest, winning again, recovery. [from wiedererobern. 408.III.8.]

wie'derfinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **find** again, recover. [wieder and finden.]

wie'dergeben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give** back *or* again, restore, return, render. [wieder and geben.]

wiedergeboren, *adj.* **born** again *or* anew, REGENERATED. [wieder and geboren, past part. of gebären.]

Wiedergeburt, *f.* =ten. new **birth,** REGENERATION. [wieder and Geburt.]

wie'dergewinnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **win** back, regain. [wieder and gewinnen.]

Wiederhall, *m.* =ls. reverberation, RESONANCE, echo. [wieder and Hall.]

wie'derhallen, *v. N. intr.* h. sound back, RESOUND, re-echo. [wieder and hallen.]

wiederho'len, *v. N. tr.* go over again, repeat. [wieder and holen, 'fotch.']

Wiederholung, *f.* =gen. repetition. [from wiederholen. 408.III.8.]

wie'derkehren, *v. N. intr.* ſ. turn back, RETURN, come again; recur. [wieder and kehren.]

wie'derklingen, *v. O*(I.1). *intr.* ḥ. ring again, resound, echo. [wieder and klingen.]

wie'derſehen, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **see** again, meet anew. [wieder and ſehen.]

wiederum, *adv.* over again, again, once more, anew; in turn. [wieder and um.]

wie'dervergelten, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* requite, recompense, retaliate. [wieder and vergelten.]

Wiedervergeltung, *f.* -gen. requital, retaliation. [from wiedervergelten. 408. III.8.]

Wiedervergeltungsrecht, *n.* -ts, -te. **right** of retaliation. [Wiedervergeltung (422.2*c*) and Recht.]

wiegen, *v. O*(III.5). *or N. intr.* ḥ. **weigh.**—*N. tr.* rock, swing, move back and forth, cause to hang *or* dangle. [same word as wägen, -wegen.]

wiehern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. whinney, neigh.

Wien, *n.* -ns. **Vienna.**

Wieſe, *f.* -en. meadow, mead.

wieſenartig, *adj.* meadow-like, after the manner of a meadow. [Wieſe (422.2*d*) and artig, from Art. 415.15*f*.]

Wieſenthal, *n.* -ls, -täler. meadow vale, lowland valley. [Wieſe (422.2*d*) and Thal, '**dale.**']

wild, *adj.* **wild,** savage, barbarous, uncultured, uncultivated; intractable, fierce. [E. **wild.**]

Wild, *n.* -des. **wild** animals hunted as game, game, *especially* venison. [from wild. 409.I.2.]

wildfluthend, *adj.* gushing madly, with **wild floods,** flowing furiously. [wild and fluthend, pres. part. of fluthen.]

Wildniß, *f.* -ſſe. **wilderness,** waste, desert. [from wild. 409.II.5.]

Wildpret, *n.* -ts. venison, game; deer. [for Wildbrat, from Wild and Brat.]

Wilhelm, *m.* -ms. **William.**

Wille *or* **Willen,** *m.* -ns, -n. **will,** intent, design, purpose: **um . . . willen** (*with gen. interposed*, 373*b*), *prepositional phrase*, for the sake of, on account of. [E. **will**: from wollen. 408.I.]

willig, *adj.* **willing,** ready, voluntary. [from Wille. 415.9*a*.]

willigen, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. be **willing,** express readiness *or* consent, assent, agree (in, to). [from willig. 405.I.2.]

willkommen, *adj.* **welcome,** acceptable, gratifying. [will for wohl, and kommen for gekommen, past part. of kommen.]

Willkür *or* **Willkühr,** *f.* free **will,** unrestricted **choice,** sovereign pleasure, arbitrariness, caprice. [Will and Kür, '**choice.**']

willkürlich *or* **willkührlich,** *adj.* arbitrary, depending on **will** rather than reason, capricious. [from Willkür. 415.12*a*.]

wimmeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. swarm, be crowded and lively.

wimmern, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. whine, **whimper,** lament. [E. **whimper.**]

Wind, *m.* -des, -de. **wind,** breeze. [related with wehen, 'blow' (probably as pres. part., = wehend).]

winden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **wind,** twist, wring, turn, writhe. [E. **wind.**]

Windeseile, *f.* -en. haste *or* rapidity of the **wind.** [Wind (422.2*b*) and Eile.]

Windeshauch, *m.* -chs, -che. breath *or* blast of **wind.** [Wind (422.2*b*) and Hauch.]

Windhauch, *m.* -chs, -che. breath or puff of **wind.** [Wind and Hauch.]

Windung, *f.* -gen. **winding,** turn, meandering. [from winden. 408.III.8.]

Wink, *m.* -kes, -ke. sign of intelligence *or* direction, nod, hint, **wink.** [from winken (or *vice versâ*). 408.I.]

Winkel, *m.* -ls, -l. (inner) corner, angle, nook.

winken, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. nod, beckon, give a sign; **wink,** blink, twinkle. [related with wanken.]

-winnen, *v. O*(I.2). *tr.* **win**; *only in* gewinnen. [E. **win.**]

Winter, *m.* -rs, -r. **winter.** [E. **winter.**]

winterlang, *adv.* all **winter long,** through the **winter.** [Winter and lang; comp. 230.1*a*.]

Winternacht, *f.* -ächte. **winter night.** [Winter and Nacht.]

Wintertraum, *m.* -ms, -äume. **winter dream.** [Winter and Traum.]

winzig, *adj.* diminutive, petty, dwarfish, stunted. [probably related with wenig.]

Wipfel, *m.* -ls, -l. top, summit, apex, crown. [probably related with wehen, '**wave.**']

wir, *nom. pl. of* ich (151). **we.**

Wirbel, *m.* -ls, -l. whirl, vortex, eddy, whirlpool.

wirbeln, *v. N. intr.* ḥ. whirl; whirr, trill, warble. [from Wirbel. 405.I.1.]

wirken, *v. N. tr.* **work,** operate, effect, produce, bring about; **work,**

embroider.—*intr.* h. **work**, labor, act. [from Werk. 405.I.1.]

Wirkenskraft, *f.* -äfte. **working** power, effective force, creative might. [Wirken, infinitive of wirken (422.2*b*), and Kraft.]

wirklich, *adj.* actual, effective, real, true, genuine, positive. [from wirken. 415.12*c*.]

Wirklichkeit, *f.* -ten. reality, actuality, truth. [from wirklich. 409.II.3.]

wirksam, *adj.* efficient, efficacious, active. [from wirken. 415.13*b*.]

Wirksamkeit, *f.* -ten. efficiency, activity, agency. [from wirksam. 409.II.3.]

Wirkung, *f.* -gen. **working**, operation, action, effect. [from wirken. 408.III.8.]

wirren, *v. N. tr.* entangle, embroil, perplex.

Wirth, *m.* -thes, -the. householder, manager; *usually*, host, entertainer, landlord, innkeeper.

Wirthin, *f.* -innen. housewife; *usually*, (female) entertainer, hostess, landlady. [from Wirth. 410.4.]

wirthlich, *adj.* thrifty, economical; hospitable. [from Wirth. 415.12*a*.]

Wirthschaft, *f.* -ten. housekeeping, domestic economy, husbandry, innkeeping. [from Wirth. 410.7.]

wirthschaften, *v. N. intr.* h. carry on housekeeping, manage domestic affairs; *hence*, clear up, put things to rights, clean house. [from Wirthschaft. 405.I.1.]

Wirthshaus, *n.* -ses, -äuser. public **house**, inn, tavern, hotel. [Wirth (422.2*b*) and Haus.]

Wirthsleute, *pl.* hosts, entertainers. [Wirth (422.2*b*) and Leute, 'people.']

wischen, *v. N. tr.* wipe.

wissen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 260). *tr.* know, be aware of, have knowledge of; *with following infinitive*, know how. [E. **wit, wot, wist.**]

Wissen, *n.* -ns. knowing, knowledge. [infinitive of wissen. 340.3.]

Wissenschaft, *f.* -ten. knowledge, intelligence; science. [from Wissen. 410.7.]

wissenschaftlich, *adj.* scientific. [from Wissenschaft. 415.12*a*.]

Wissensqualm, *m.* -ms, -sme. vapor *or* fog of knowledge, stupefying knowledge, nauseating erudition *or* learning. [Wissen (422.2*b*) and Qualm.]

wittern, *v. N. intr.* be (such and such) **weather**, be abroad; breathe, blow. [from Wetter. 405.I.1.]

Witterung, *f.* -gen. **weather**, state of the atmosphere. [from wittern. 408.III.8.]

Witz, *m.* -zes, -ze. **wit**, acuteness, penetrating sense; **witty** saying, witticism, joke. [from wissen. 408.I.]

witzig, *adj.* **witty**, ingenious, knowing. [from Witz. 415.9*a*.]

wo, *adv.* (*interrog.*). **where?** in what place?

conj. (*relative*). **where**; in which, at which, on which, *etc.*; *sometimes of time*, at which (time), when; *rarely of condition*, in which *or* what case, if: **wo möglich**, if possible.—*in composition with a preposition*, **wo** (*before a vowel*, **wor**) *represents a case of the interrogative or relative pronouns* was, welcher, der, *governed by that preposition: thus*, wobei, wodurch, *etc.* (173.2; 180; 365.3*b*): *see the different compounds.* [abbreviated from wor; from the interrogative root of wer. 367.2*b*.]

wobei, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereby**, near *or* at *or* in connection with which *or* what (= bei was, bei welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* bei). [wo and bei. 365.3*b*.]

Woche, *f.* -en. **week**, sennight. [E. **week** (old German *wecha*).]

wodurch, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **through** *or* by means of which *or* what, whereby (= durch was, durch welches *etc.*, *in the various senses of* durch). [wo and durch. 365.3*b*.]

wofern, *conj.* **so far as**, provided, if. [wo and fern.]

wofür, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **wherefor, for** *or* in return for *or* in place of what *or* which (= für was, für welches *etc.*, *in the various senses of* für). [wo and für. 365.3*b*.]

Woge, *f.* -en. wave, billow. [from -wegen etc. 408.II.2.]

wogegen, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **against** what, over against *or* as opposed to *or* in return for what *or* which (= gegen was, gegen welches *etc.*, *in the various senses of* gegen). [wo and gegen. 365.3*b*.]

wogen, *v. N. intr.* h. move like waves, fluctuate, undulate, swing, rock. [from Woge. 405.I.1.]

woher, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). whence, from where *or* what place; *often* **wo ... her**, *the two parts divided by intervening words.* [wo and her. 365.3*a*.]

wohin, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). whither, what way, to *or* toward what place: *often* **wo . . . hin,** *the two parts separated by intervening words.* [wo and hin. 365.3*a*.]

wohl, *adv.* **well,** in good manner *or* degree; *often* (*with abbreviated and less distinct enunciation, and sometimes written* wol) *used to make a statement less definite or peremptory, and to be variously rendered, by* indeed, to be sure, forsooth, perhaps, probably, I presume, I wonder, *and the like.* [E. **well**: related with wollen, '**will**,' wählen, 'choose.']

Wohl, *n.* -les. **weal, welfare,** advantage. [same as wohl.]

wohlan, *interj.* (*particle of encouragement or invitation*). **well,** very **well,** come then. [wohl and an, '**on**.']

wohlauf, *interj.* (*of encouragement or incitement*). come on, go to, cheer **up.** [wohl and auf.]

wohlbedacht, *adj.* **well** considered *or* advised, **well thought** over, considerate. [wohl and bedacht, past part. of bedenken.]

wohlbekannt, *adj.* **well-known.** [wohl and bekannt.]

wohlbereitet, *adj.* **well** prepared. [wohl and bereitet, past part. of bereiten.]

wohlerhalten, *adj.* well preserved, in good condition, safe. [wohl and erhalten, past part. of erhalten.]

wohlerneuert, *adj.* **well** renewed *or* renovated. [wohl and erneuert, past part. of erneuern.]

Wohlfahrt, *f.* **welfare, weal,** prosperity. [wohl and Fahrt.]

wohlfeil, *adj.* cheap, at low rate, for small price. [wohl and feil.]

Wohlgefallen, *n.* -us, -n. state of being **well** pleased, satisfaction, gratification, complacency, contentment. [wohl and Gefallen, 'pleasure.']

wohlgefügt, *adj.* **well** fitted together, well constructed *or* arranged. [wohl and gefügt, past part. of fügen.]

wohlgelungen, *adj.* successful, **well-hit.** [wohl and gelungen, past part. of gelingen, 'succeed.']

wohlgerathen, *adj.* that has turned out **well, well-bred,** properly nurtured. [wohl and gerathen, past part. of gerathen, 'turn out.']

Wohlgeruch, *m.* -chs, -üche. sweet savor, fragrance, perfume, redolence. [wohl and Geruch.]

Wohlgeschmack, *m.* -ks. pleasant taste, agreeable flavor, relish. [wohl and Geschmack.]

Wohlthat, *f.* -ten. good **deed,** BENEFACTION, BENEFIT, kindness, service. [wohl and That.]

Wohlthäter, *m.* -rs, -r. **welldoer,** BENEFACTOR, one who renders a service *or* kindness. [wohl and Thäter.]

wohlthätig, *adj.* BENEFICENT, rendering a kindness *or* service, charitable, helpful, salutary. [from Wohlthat. 415.9*a*.]

wohlthun, *v. O*(267). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*). **do well** by, do good to, BENEFIT, show kindness, render service. [wohl and thun.]

wohlvertheilt, *adj.* **well** distributed *or* divided. [wohl and vertheilt, past part. of vertheilen.]

wohnbar, *adj.* inhabitable, suited to living in. [from wohnen. 415.1*b*.]

wohnen, *v. N. intr.* h. dwell, live, abide, reside, lodge; become **wont** *or* accustomed. [E. **wont.**]

-**wöhnen,** *v. N. tr.* make **wonted,** accustom. [causative of wohnen (404. I.1); used only in compounds, as gewöhnen: related with E. **wean.**]

wölben, *v. N. tr.* arch, vault.

Wolf, *m.* -fs, -lfe. **wolf.** [E. **wolf.**]

Wolke, *f.* -en. cloud. [related with E. **welkin.**]

wölken, *v. N. tr.* cloud over, cover with clouds. [from Wolke. 405.I.1.]

Wolkenschicht, *f.* -ten. stratum *or* layer of clouds. [Wolke (422.2*d*) and Schicht.]

Wolkenwelle, *f.* -en. cloud-wave, wave of vapor *or* spray. [Wolke (422.2*d*) and Welle.]

Wolle, *f.* **wool.** [E. **wool.**]

wollen, *adj.* **woolen.** [from Wolle. 415.2.]

wollen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 251). *tr.* (*modal auxiliary*, 258). **will,** be **willing,** incline, be inclined; intend, have a mind, desire; show intention, be on the point (of something), be about; **will** have it, claim, assert: *often with dependent verb omitted, and to be rendered* will have, will go, wish for, want, *or the like* (259). [E. **will, would.**]

womit, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **wherewith,** with which *or* what (= mit was, mit welchem *etc., in the various senses of* mit). [wo and mit. 365.3*b*.]

wonach, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereafter,** after *or* toward

or according to which *or* what (= nach was, nach welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* nach). [wo and nach. 365.3*b*.]

Wonne, *f.* =en. joy, pleasure, delight, bliss, rapture.

wonnevoll, *adj.* **delightful**, blissful, rapturous. [Wonne and voll. 415.15*b*.]

wor = **wo** (*used instead of* wo *in composition with prepositions beginning with a vowel*).

woran, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereon**, on *or* by *or* in respect to which *or* what (= an was, an welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* an). [wor and an. 365.3*b*.]

worauf, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereupon**, on *or* upon *or* to *or* at which *or* what (= auf was, auf welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* auf. [wor and auf. 365.3*b*.]

worin, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **wherein**, in *or* into what *or* which (= in was, in welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* in. [wor and in. 365.3*b*.]

Wort, *n.* =tes, =te *or* =örter (99.2). **word**, term; expression, speech, language. [E. **word**.]

Wortſpiel, *n.* =ls, =le. play of **words**, quibble, pun. [Wort and Spiel.]

Wortwechſel, *m.* =ls, =l. altercation, dispute. [Wort and Wechſel, 'exchange.']

wovon, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereof**, of *or* concerning what *or* which (=von was, von welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* von). [wo and von. 365.3*b*.]

wozu, *adv.* (*interrog.*) *or conj.* (*relative*). **whereto**, to what purpose, why, to *or* for *or* at *or* in addition to what *or* which (= zu was, zu welchem *etc.*, *in the various senses of* zu). [wo and zu. 365.3*b*.]

Wuchs, *m.* =ſes, =üchſe. growth, increase; shape, form and size, figure. [from wachſen, '**wax**.' 408.I.]

Wucht, *f.* =ten. **weight**, burden, bulk, momentum. [from wiegen. 408.II.1.]

wühlen, *v. N. intr.* ḫ. stir up (from beneath), root, undermine.

wund, *adj.* **wounded**, galled, sore, hurt. [akin with E. **wound**.]

Wundarzt, *m.* =tes, =ärzte. surgeon. [Wunde and Arzt, 'physician.']

Wunde, *f.* =en. **wound**, hurt, injury. [E. **wound**: from wund. 409.II.1.]

Wunder, *n.* =rs, =r. **wonder**, miracle, prodigy, marvel. [E. **wonder**.]

wunderbar, *adj.* **wonderful**, **wondrous**, marvellous. [from Wunder. 415.1*a*.]

Wundergeſtalt, *f.* =ten. **wondrous** shape, portentous form. [Wunder and Geſtalt.]

Wunderkraft, *f.* =äfte. **wondrous** power, miraculous *or* marvellous might. [Wunder and Kraft.]

wunderlich, *adj.* strange, odd, peculiar, singular. [from Wunder. 415.12*a*.]

wundermild, *adj.* **wondrous** kind, marvellously **mild** *or* friendly. [Wunder and mild.]

wundern, *v. N. refl.* **wonder**, be astonished, be struck with admiration. [from Wunder. 405.I.1.]

wunderſam, *adj.* **wonderful**, **wondrous**, marvellous. [from Wunder. 415.13.]

wunderſchön, *adj.* **wondrous** beautiful, extremely handsome. [Wunder and ſchön.]

wundervoll, *adj.* **wonderful**, marvellous, admirable. [Wunder and voll. 415.15*b*.]

Wunſch, *m.* =ſches, =ünſche. **wish**, desire. [E. **wish**.]

wünſchen, *v. N. tr.* **wish**, desire, crave, long. [from Wunſch. 405.I.1.]

Würde, *f.* =en. **worth**; dignity, honor. [related with werth.]

würdig, *adj.* **worthy**, deserving, meritorious, estimable. [from Würde. 415.9*a*.]

würdigen, *v. N. tr.* deem **worthy**, esteem, prize, honor; deem **worthy** of one's self, deign, vouchsafe. [from würdig. 405.I.1.]

Würdigkeit, *f.* =ten. **worthiness**, merit, value, dignity. [from würdig. 409.II.3.]

Wurf, *m.* =fes, =ürfe. throw, cast, fling. [from werfen. 408.I.]

=würfig, *in composition*, throwing. [from werfen, through Wurf. 415.9*a*.]

würgen, *v. N. tr.* throttle, choke, strangle; slay by violence, murder, destroy.

Würger, *m.* =rs, =r. strangler, murderer, destroyer. [from würgen. 408.III.4.]

Würgerbande, *f.* =en. **band** of murderers *or* ruffians. [Würger and Bande.]

Wurm, *m.* =mes, =ürmer *or* =ürme. **worm**, vermin. [E. **worm**.]

Würze, *f.* spice, condiment. [related with Wurzel.]

Wurzel, *f.* =ln. root. [E. **wort**.]

wüſt, *adj.* waste, desert, desolate, wild; dissolute.

Wüſte, *f.* =en. **waste**, wilderness, desert. [from wüſt. 409.II.1.]

Wüſtenkönig, *m.* =ge, =ge. desert-**king**, monarch of the waste. [Wüſte (422. 2*d*) and König.]

Wuth, *f.* fury, rage, madness, wild passion. [old English **wood**, 'mad.']

wüthen, *v. N. intr.* h. rage, be in a fury, be wild with passion *or* anger. [from Wuth. 405.I.1.]

z. *for* zu *or* zum, *in* z. B. zum Beiſpiel, for example; z. E. zum Exempel, for example.

Zacke, *f.* =en; *or* **Zacken**, *m.* =ns, =n. tooth, dentel, jaggedness, jutting point.

zacken, *v. N. tr.* furnish with teeth *or* points, make jagged, serrate, indent. [from Zacke. 405.I.1.]

zackig, *adj.* jagged, pointed, serrated, toothed. [from Zacke. 415.9*a*.]

zag, *adj.* fearful, timid, shy, alarmed.

zagen, *v. N. intr.* h. be timid *or* fearful, fear, be afraid, tremble, quake with alarm. [from zag. 405.I.2.]

Sahara, *f.* **Sahara** (desert).

zähe, *adj.* **tough**, tenacious, not brittle. [E. **tough**.]

Zahl, *f.* =len. number, **tale**; figure, cipher. [E. **tale**.]

zahlen, *v. N. tr.* **tell** out, count out in payment, pay; pay for; remunerate, pay off. [from Zahl. 405.I.1.]

zählen, *v. N. tr.* **tell** over, count, enumerate, number, reckon; esteem, deem. [from Zahl. 405.I.1.]

zählig, *adj.* numerous; numerable. [from Zahl (415.9*a*); hardly used save in compounds.]

zahllos, *adj.* numberless, innumerable. [Zahl and los. 415.15*a*.]

zahlreich, *adj.* numerous. [Zahl and reich, '**rich**.' 415.15*c*.]

Zahlung, *f.* =gen. payment. [from zahlen. 408.III.8.]

Zahm, *adj.* **tame**, domesticated, not wild *or* ferocious, gentle. [E. **tame**.]

zähmen, *v. N. tr.* make **tame**, **tame**, domesticate; subdue, restrain. [from zahm. 405.I.2.]

Zahn, *m.* =nes, =zähne. **tooth**. [E. **tooth** is same word, both coming from older *tand*.]

Zank, *m.* =kes. quarrel, contention, strife, wrangle.

zanken, *v. N. intr.* h. quarrel, contend, wrangle, fall out, strive. — *refl.* wrangle, brawl. [from Zank. 405.I.1.]

Zanksucht, *f.* quarrelsomeness, passion for wrangling. [zanken and Sucht. 422.3.]

zanksüchtig, *adj.* quarrelsome, wrangling, contentious. [from Zanksucht. 415.9*a*.]

Zapfen, *m.* =ns, =n. **tap**, plug, stopple, spigot, faucet; cone (of a fir or the like). [E. **tap**.]

zappeln, *v. N. intr.* h. move convulsively, kick, struggle.

zart, *adj.* (ä *in comparison*). tender, soft, delicate; slender, frail.

Zauber, *m.* =rs. magic, sorcery, witchcraft; charm, incantation, spell.

Zauberband, *n.* =bs, =be. magic **band**, enchanted fetter. [Zauber and Band.]

Zauberer, *m.* =rs, =r. sorcerer, magician, wizard. [from zaubern. 408.III.4.]

Zauberin, *f.* =innen. sorceress, witch, enchantress. [shortened from Zauberin, from Zauberer. 410.4.]

Zauberlehrling, *m.* =gs, =ge. pupil in sorcery, apprentice magician. [Zauber and Lehrling.]

zaubern, *v. N. intr.* h. practice magic *or* sorcery. [from Zauber. 405.I.1.]

zaudern, *v. N. intr.* h. delay, linger, loiter, tarry, be slow and hesitating *or* dilatory.

Zaum, *m.* =mes, =äume. check, bridle, rein, curb.

zäumen, *v. N. tr.* bridle, curb, check, govern. [from Zaum. 405.I.1.]

Zaun, *m.* =nes, =äune. fence, hedge, enclosure. [E. **town**.]

Zehe, *f.* =en. **toe**. [E. **toe**.]

zehn *or* **zehen**, *num.* **ten**. [E. **ten**.]

zehnt, *num. adj.* **tenth**. [from zehn. 203.1.]

zehren, *v. N. tr.* consume, use up, destroy.

Zeichen, *n.* =ns, =n. **token**, sign, mark, indication, symptom; signal. [akin with zeigen.]

zeichnen, *v. N. tr.* design, delineate, depict, draw; sign, subscribe. [from Zeichen. 405.I.1.]

zeigen, *v. N. tr.* show, point out, indicate; exhibit, display.

zeihen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* accuse, impeach. [related with zeigen.]

Zeile, *f.* =en. line, row.

Zeit, *f.* =ten. time, season, period:— **vor Zeiten**, times ago, a long time since. [E. **tide**.]

Zeitalter, *n.* =rs, =r. **age,** period of time, cycle. [Zeit and Alter, 'age.']

Zeitenſchooß, *m.* =ßes, =ße. bosom *or* womb of time. [Zeit (422.2*d*) and Schooß.]

Zeitenſtrudel, *m.* =ls, =l. whirlpool of time. [Zeit (422.2*d*) and Strudel.]

zeither, *adv.* hitherto, up to this time. [= die Zeit her, 'through the time hither.']

zeitig, *adj.* timely, in season, ready; early, in good time. [from Zeit. 415.9*a*.]

Zeitpunkt, *m.* =ts, =te. **point** of time, period, epoch. [Zeit and Punkt.]

Zeitſtrecke, *f.* =en. **stretch** *or* extent of time, period. [Zeit and Strecke.]

Zeitung, *f.* =gen. news, information; newspaper, journal, gazette. [irregular derivative from Zeit.]

Zelt, *n.* =tes, =te. tent; canopy.

Zelt, *m.* =tes, =te. cake, wafer, troche.

Zeltlein, *n.* =ns, =n. little cake *or* wafer, (sugar) plum. [from Zelt. 410.1.]

Zenith, *m.* =ths. **zenith.** [from Arabic.]

Zentner, *m.* =rs, =r. hundred-weight, quintal. [from Latin *centum*, a 'hundred.']

zer-, *insep'ble prefix. forms compound verbs* (307.7), *and a few denominative verbs* (405.III.1*e*), *with added idea of* apart, asunder, in pieces. [related with the Latin-English prefix *dis-*. 307.7.]

zerbrechen, *v.* *O*(I.3). *intr.* ſ. *or tr.* **break** asunder *or* in pieces, shatter. [zer- and brechen.]

zerfallen, *v.* *O*(II.3). *intr.* ſ. **fall** in pieces, become ruined, crumble. [zer- and fallen.]

zerfließen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *intr.* ſ. flow apart, dissolve, melt.

zergliedern, *v.* *O. tr.* take apart into its members *or* constituents, dissect, analyze. [from Glieder, plural of Glied, 'limb.' 405.III.1*e*; I.1*a*.]

Zergliederung, *f.* =gen. dissection, analysis. [from zergliedern. 408.III.8.]

zernichten, *v.* *N.* *tr.* annihilate, destroy, undo, blot out. [from nicht, '**not.**' 405.III.1*e*.]

zerreißen, *v.* *O*(III.1). *tr.* tear in pieces *or* apart, rend asunder.—*intr.* ſ. be torn asunder, come suddenly apart, burst open. [zer- and reißen.]

zerren, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. pull, haul, tug.

zerrinnen, *v.* *O*(I.2). *intr.* ſ. **run** apart (as liquid), dissolve, melt away, liquefy. [zer- and rinnen.]

zerrütten, *v.* *N.* *tr.* shake to pieces, unsettle, disorder, disturb. [zer- and rütten.]

Zerrüttung, *f.* =gen. disorder, disturbance, distraction. [from zerrütten. 408.III.8.]

zerſchellen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* dash in pieces, shatter. [zer- and ſchellen.]

zerſchlagen, *v.* *O*(II.2). *tr.* beat in pieces, use up and disperse. [zer- and ſchlagen.]

zerſchmelzen, *v.* *O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. melt away, dissolve. [zer- and ſchmelzen.]

zerſchmettern, *v.* *N.* *tr.* dash in pieces, crush, shatter. [zer- and ſchmettern.]

zerſprengen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* burst apart, cause to fly in pieces. [zer- and ſprengen.]

zerſpringen, *v.* *O*(I.1). *intr.* ſ. fly in pieces, burst apart, crack open. [zer- and ſpringen, '**spring.**']

zerſtieben, *v.* *O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. fly in pieces, scatter (like dust). [zer- and ſtieben.]

zerſtören, *v.* *N.* *tr.* destroy, demolish, ruin, raze. [zer- and ſtören, 'disturb.']

zerſtreuen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* **strew** asunder, scatter apart, disperse, dispel:—**zerſtreut,** *past part. as adj.*, scattered; wandering, absent-minded. [zer- and ſtreuen.]

zertreten, *v.* *O*(II.1). *tr.* **tread** to pieces, crush *or* destroy by stamping, trample down. [zer- and treten.]

zertrümmern, *v.* *N.* *tr.* lay in ruins, break to fragments, crush, shatter. [from Trümmer, 'ruins.' 405.III.1*e*.]

Zeug, *n.* (*or m.*) =ges, =ge. stuff, matter, material; trash, trumpery, lumber. [from ziehen, 'draw.']

Zeuge, *m.* =en, =en. witness. [probably related with zeigen, 'show.']

zeugen, *v.* *N.* *intr.* h. bear witness, testify. [from Zeuge. 405.I.1.]

zeugen, *v.* *N.* *tr.* generate, beget, produce. [from Zeug. 405.I.1.]

Zeugniß, *n.* =ſſes, =ſſe. testimony, witness, evidence. [from zeugen. 408. III.6.]

ziehen, *v.* *O*(III.3). *tr.* draw, pull, **tug**; bring; derive, obtain; bring up, rear, nurture.—*intr.* ſ. proceed, go, move, pass, march, go in procession, go on an expedition:—**in Zweifel ziehen,** bring into doubt, cast doubt on, call in question; **zu etwas ziehen,** attach to *or* connect with something. [E. **tug.**]

Ziel, *n.* =les, =le. end, extremity, limit; *usually*, goal, aim, scope, object.

ziellos, *adj.* without definite aim *or* object, aim**less,** purposeless. [Ziel and los. 415.15*a*.]

ziemen, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). be-seem, become, suit, be fitting for. [E. **seem.**]

ziemlich, *adj.* suitable, proper, **seemly**; moderate, tolerable, passable, pretty. [from ziemen. 415.12c.]

zier, *adj.* adorned, beautified, handsome, elegant. [antiquated and rare.]

Zierde, *f.* =en. ornament, decoration, embellishment. [from zieren. 408. II. 1.]

zieren, *v. N. tr.* adorn, decorate, ornament, embellish. [from zier. 405. I. 1.]

zierlich, *adj.* pretty, neat, nice, attractive, elegant. [from zieren. 415.12c.]

Zimmer, *n.* =rs, =r. **timber**; structure, edifice; *usually*, room, chamber, apartment. [E. **timber**: old German *zimbar*.]

zingeln, *v. N. tr.* encircle, gird about.

Zinke, *f.* =en. tine, prong, jutting point, pinnacle, spire.

Zinn, *n.* =nes. **tin,** pewter. [E. **tin.**]

Zinne, *f.* =en. battlement, pinnacle, spire. [related with Zinke.]

zinnern, *adj.* of **tin** *or* pewter. [from Zinn. 415.2.]

Zinnherz, *n.* =zens, =zen. **tin** *or* pewter **heart.** [Zinn and Herz.]

Zinnſoldat, *m.* =ten, =ten. **tin** *or* pewter **soldier,** lead soldier. [Zinn and Soldat.]

Zins, *m.* =ſes, =ſe. rent, interest, tax, impost, tribute. [from Lat. *census.*]

Zinszahlung, *f.* =gen. payment of tribute *or* tax. [Zins and Zahlung.]

Zipfel, *m.* =ls, =l. tip, peak, point.

Zirkel, *m.* =ls, =l. **circle**; compass. [from Latin.]

ziſchen, *v. N. intr.* h. hiss, whiz, whirr, whisper. [imitative word.]

Zither, *f.* =rn. guitar, **cithern,** lute. [from Latin (Greek) *cithara.*]

zittern, *v. N. intr.* h. tremble, quake, shake, shiver.

zögern, *v. N. intr.* h. linger, loiter, tarry, be slow *or* tardy, hang back.

Zögerung, *f.* =gen. delay, tarrying, loitering. [from zögern. 408. III. 8.]

Zoll, *m.* =les, =lle. **toll,** impost, duty, custom. [from late Latin *tolonium.*]

Zoll, *m.* =les, =le. inch.

Zone, *f.* =en. **zone.** [from Greek.]

Zopf, *m.* =fes, =pfe. braid of hair, plait, tress, queue, pig-tail. [E. **top**: orig'ly, apex or end of anything.]

Zöpfchen, *n.* =ns, =n. little braid *or* twist of hair. [from Zopf. 410.1.]

Zorn, *m.* =nes. wrath, anger, choler, ire, indignant passion.

zornig, *adj.* wrathful, angry, passionately indignant. [from Zorn. 415.9a.]

Zotte, *f.* =en. shagginess, shag.

zottig, *adj.* shaggy. [from Zotte. 415. 9a.]

Zſchopauthal, *n.* =ls. **Chopow-valley** (in Saxony). [Zſchopau and Thal, '**dale.**']

zu, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* **to**; together, closed;—*with an adj.*, **too,** overmuch.

prep. (*with dat.*). **to,** unto; in addition to, besides, **along with**; at, in, by; in order to, unto, **for**; **on,** in;—*with preceding dat.*, toward, in the direction of:—*as sign of the infinitive* (341 *etc.*), **to,** in order to:—**zum erſten,** for the first, at first (363. 2b); **zu Gaſte,** as guest, entertained; **zu Schiffe,** by ship, by sea; **zu Fuß,** on foot; **zu drei,** by threes, three together, in trio; **nach . . . zu** (*with dative interposed*), toward, in the direction of (379.1c). [E. **to, too.**]

zuäugeln, *v. N. intr.* h. (*with dat.*). cast covert *or* loving looks at, glance aside at, **ogle.** [zu and äugeln.]

zubinden, *v. O* (I. 1). *tr.* shut by **binding,** tie up, bandage. [zu and binden.]

zubringen, *v. N* (*irreg.*, 250). *tr. with dat. and accus.* bring to (any one), offer, present; *with accus. only*, pass (time), spend, employ. [zu and bringen.]

Zucht, *f.* =ten. bringing up, breeding, training; breed, brood. [from ziehen. 408. II. 1.]

züchtig, *adj.* (well-bred, of good training: *hence*) modest, bashful, chaste, discreet, proper. [from Zucht. 415. 9a.]

Zuck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. sudden brief motion, shrug, flash, dart, throb, quiver. [probably from ziehen.]

zucken (*or* zücken), *v. N. intr.* h (*or* ſ). move with a brief quick motion, make an instantaneous movement, dart, palpitate, throb.—*tr.* move quickly and briefly, draw suddenly, shrug. [from Zuck. 405. I. 1.]

Zucker, *m.* =rs, =r. **sugar.** [from Latin (Greek) *saccharum.*]

Zuckerſchilf, *n.* =fs, =fe. **sugar** cane. [Zucker and Schilf.]

Zuckerſtoff, *m.* =fs, =fe. saccharine matter, **sugar.** [Zucker and Stoff, '**stuff.**']

Zuckerwerk, *n.* =ks, =ke. sweetmeats, confectionery, candy. [Zucker and Werk, '**work.**']

zudecken, *v. N. tr.* cover up, cover (with bed clothing); conceal, hide; draw over (as a cover). [zu and decken.]

zudem, *adv.* in addition **to that**; besides, moreover. [zu and dem, dative of das.]

zudrängen, *v. N. intr.* h. come crowding up *or* together, press in. [zu and drängen, '**throng.**']

zudringen, *v.* O(I.1). *intr.* s. crowd in, press on. [zu and dringen.]

zudringlich, *adj.* pressing, urgent, importunate, obtrusive. [from zudringen. 415.12*c.*]

Zudringlichkeit, *f.* -ten. urgency, importunity. [from zudringlich. 409.II.3.]

zueignen, *v. N. tr.* make one's **own,** APPROPRIATE, assume, arrogate. [zu and eignen.]

zueilen, *v. N. intr.* s. hurry up, hasten to hand. [zu and eilen.]

zuerkennen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 249). *tr.* adjudge, award. [zu and erkennen.]

zuerst, *adv.* at first, for the first, first, firstly. [zu and erst.]

zufachen, *v. N. tr.* fan unto, supply (as air) by fanning. [zu and fachen.]

zufahren, *v.* O(II.2). *intr.* s. come in *or* to anywhere. [zu and fahren, '**fare.**']

Zufall, *m.* -s, -älle. ACCIDENT, hap, chance, casualty, accidental event *or* occurrence. [from zufallen. 408.I.]

zufallen, *v.* O(II.3). *intr.* s. (*with dat.*). **fall to** the share of, devolve upon, happen to. [zu and fallen.]

zufällig, *adj.* ACCIDENTAL, casual, chance, incidental. [from Zufall. 415.9*a.*]

zufrieden, *adj.* at peace, content, satisfied, pacified, pleased, happy:—**zufrieden stellen** *or* **zufriedenstellen,** content, satisfy. [zu and Frieden, 'peace.']

Zufriedenheit, *f.* -ten. satisfaction, contentment. [from zufrieden. 409.II.2.]

Zufuhr, *f.* -en. bringing in, supply, provision. [from zufahren. 408.I.]

Zug, *m.* -ges, -üge. pull, **tug**; drawing in, draft, draught (*e.g.* of air, of water *or* other drink, of fish in a net); —something drawn, line, mark, stroke; lineament, feature, trait:—moving forward, progress, march; procession, train, caravan; expedition; flight, flock. [from ziehen. 408.I.]

Zugang, *m.* -ges, -änge. ACCESS, approach. [from zugehen. 408.I.]

zugänglich, *adj.* ACCESSIBLE, approachable. [from Zugang. 415.12*a.*]

zugeben, *v.* O(II.1). *tr.* **give** in addition; **give to** (any one), grant, concede, permit, allow, acknowledge. [zu and geben.]

zugegen, *adv.* (*used as predicate only*, 369.3). present, **at** hand. [zu and gegen.]

zugehen, *v.* O(267). *intr.* s. (*with dat.*). **go to,** approach, have access to; **go** on, be carried on, happen, take place, come to pass. [zu and gehen.]

zugehören, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*). belong **to,** be the property of, appertain to. [zu and gehören.]

Zügel, *m.* -s, -l. rein, bridle, curb. [from ziehen. 408.III.2.]

zugleich, *adv.* **at** the same time, withal, likewise. [zu and gleich, '**like.**']

Zugwind, *m.* -des, -de. draft-**wind,** draught of air. [Zug and Wind.]

zuhauen, *v.* O(II.4). *tr.* **hew** into shape, rough-hew, shape. [zu and hauen.]

zuhören, *v. N. intr.* h. listen, give ear, hearken, attend. [zu and hören, '**hear.**']

zukehren, *v. N. tr.* turn **to** *or* toward anything. [zu and kehren.]

Zukunft, *f.* time **to come,** future. [zu and -kunft.]

zuleiten, *v. N. tr.* **lead** *or* conduct **to** (anything, *dat.*). [zu and leiten.]

zuletzt, *adv.* finally, **at last,** for the last, lastly, after all other. [zu and letzt.]

zumuthen, *v. N. tr.* impute, attribute in idea, consider (any one, *dat.*) capable of, expect of (any one, *dat.*), exact from. [zu and muthen.]

zunächst, *adv.* **as the next** *or* nearest thing, first of all, before the rest, at first, in the outset, to begin with. [zu and nächst.]

zünden, *v. N. tr.* kindle, set on fire, inflame. [related with Zunder.]

Zunder, *m.* -s, -r. **tinder,** kindling, material for lighting a fire. [E. **tinder.**]

zunehmen, *v.* O(I.3). *intr.* h. (take something **to** *or* in addition to one's self: *i.e.*) increase, grow, augment. [zu and nehmen, 'take.']

Zunft, *f.* -ünfte. guild, fraternity, society. [from ziemen (408.II.1.); originally 'rule of propriety, regulation,' then 'regulated company.']

Zunge, *f.* -en. **tongue;** language, speech. [E. **tongue.**]

zunicken, *v. N. intr.* (*with dat.*). nod **to,** signify assent *or* approbation to by moving the head. [zu and nicken.]

zurecht (*or* **zurechte**), *adv.* in *or* into proper condition, **to rights, aright,** in preparation. [zu and recht.]

zürnen, *v. N. intr.* h. be angry. [from Zorn (405.I.1), with irregular variation of vowel.]

zurück (*or* **zurücke**), *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* toward the back, backwards, back; behindhand, in the rear. [zu and Rück or Rücken, 'back.']

zurückbleiben, *v. O*(III.2). *intr.* s. remain back, stay behind, be backward. [zurück and bleiben.]

zurückblicken, *v. N. intr.* h. look back, glance behind. [zurück and blicken.]

zurückbringen, *v. N*(*irreg.*, 250). *tr.* **bring** back. [zurück and bringen.]

zurückdrängen, *v. N. tr.* crowd *or* press back, force to retreat. [zurück and drängen, '**throng.**']

zurückfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *intr.* s. start back, step back in alarm. [zurück and fahren, 'go, **fare.**']

zurückführen, *v. N. tr.* lead back. [zurück and führen.]

zurückgeben, *v. O*(II.1). *tr.* **give** back, restore, return. [zurück and geben.]

zurückgehen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* **go** back, retrograde, return. [zurück and gehen.]

zurückhalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold** back, restrain, hinder, retain, reserve. [zurück and halten.]

zurückkehren, *v. N. intr.* s. turn back, return. [zurück and kehren.]

zurückkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **come** back, return, fall behind. [zurück and kommen.]

zurücklassen, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* leave behind, abandon, desert. [zurück and lassen, '**let.**']

zurücklegen, *v. N. tr.* **lay** back, lay aside; put (distance *or* road) behind one, travel over, traverse. [zurück and legen.]

zurücknehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* take back, receive again. [zurück and nehmen.]

zurückrufen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* call back, recall, REVOKE. [zurück and rufen.]

zurückschlagen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* beat back; throw back, turn back. [zurück and schlagen.]

zurückschließen, *v. O*(III.3). *intr.* h. carry one's conclusions backward, infer back, draw inferences *or* conclusions (auf, respecting). [zurück and schließen.]

zurückschrecken, *v. N. tr.* scare back, frighten back. [zurück and schrecken.]

zurücksenden, *v. N*(*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* **send** back. [zurück and senden.]

zurückstoßen, *v. O*(II.4). *tr.* thrust *or* push back, repel. [zurück and stoßen.]

zurücktragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry back. [zurück and tragen.]

zurücktreiben, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* **drive** back, repulse, REPEL. [zurück and treiben.]

zurücktreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* s. step back, recede, RETROGADE, withdraw. [zurück and treten, '**tread.**']

zurückweisen, *v. O*(III.2). *tr.* show the way back, send back, cause to return; repel, reject. [zurück and weisen.]

zurückwirken, *v. N. intr.* h. **work** backward, have a RETROACTIVE effect, react. [zurück and wirken.]

zurückziehen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* draw back, withdraw. — *intr.* s. move backward, retreat, retire. [zurück and ziehen.]

zurufen, *v. O*(II.4). *intr.* h. (*with dat.*). call to (any one). [zu and rufen.]

zusagen, *v. N. tr.* promise.—*intr.* h. suit, agree. [zu and sagen, '**say.**']

zusammen, *adv. and sep'ble prefix.* together, in company, jointly. [zu and =sammen.]

zusammenbinden, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* **bind** *or* tie together. [zusammen and binden.]

zusammendrängen, *v. N. tr.* crowd together, render compact, abridge. [zusammen and drängen, '**throng.**']

zusammenfahren, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* bring together by vehicle, convey to one place. [zusammen and fahren, '**fare.**']

zusammenfassen, *v. N. tr.* collect, gather, assemble. [zusammen and fassen, 'seize.']

zusammenhalten, *v. O*(II.3). *tr.* **hold** together; confront, compare. [zusammen and halten.]

Zusammenhang, *m.* =gs. coherence, connection, association. [from zusammenhangen. 408.I.]

zusammenhangen, *v. O*(II.3). *intr.* h. **hang** together, cohere, be connected, be continuous. [zusammen and hangen.]

zusammenkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* s. **come** together, meet. [zusammen and kommen.]

Zusammenkunft, *f.* =künfte. coming together, meeting, interview. [from zusammenkommen. 408.II.1.]

zusammenleben, *v. N. intr.* h. **live** to-

gether *or* in company. [zuſammen and leben.]

zuſammenleimen, *v. N. tr.* stick together, fasten with glue *or the like.* [zuſammen and leimen.]

zuſammennehmen, *v. O*(I.3). *tr.* bring together, collect, gather, concentrate. [zuſammen and nehmen, 'take.']

zuſammenraffen, *v. N. tr.* gather hastily.—*refl.* collect one's self by an effort, regain composure resolutely, recover one's self. [zuſammen and raffen.]

zuſammenrollen, *v. N. tr.* **roll** together. [zuſammen and rollen.]

zuſammenſchaudern, *v. N. intr.* ſ. be overcome (*literally*, collapse) with **shuddering** *or* trembling. [zuſammen and ſchaudern.]

zuſammenſchmelzen, *v. O*(III.5). *intr.* ſ. melt together, become dissolved *or* resolved. [zuſammen and ſchmelzen.]

zuſammenſetzen, *v. N. tr.* **set** *or* put together, combine, compound. [zuſammen and ſetzen.]

Zuſammenſetzung, *f.* =gen. combination, composition, compound. [from zuſammenſetzen. 408.III.8.]

zuſammenſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. tumble in *or* together, fall in ruins, collapse; be overwhelmed (with confusion, alarm, or the like). [zuſammen and ſtürzen.]

zuſammenthun, *v. O*(267). *tr.* put together, combine, unite, join. [zuſammen and thun, '**do.**']

zuſchauen, *v. N. intr.* h. look on, be a spectator. [zu and ſchauen.]

Zuſchauer, *m.* =rs, =r. looker on, spectator, beholder. [from zuſchauen. 408. III.4.]

zuſchließen, *v. O*(III.3). *tr.* shut **to,** shut up, close, lock. [zu and ſchließen.]

zuſchneiden, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* cut out, cut for *or* so as to fit (some one). [zu and ſchneiden.]

Zuſchnitt, *m.* =ts, =te. cut, fit, **fashion.** [from zuſchneiden. 408.I.]

zuſchreiben, *v. O*(III.1). *tr.* ASCRIBE, attribute. [zu and ſchreiben, 'write.']

zuſehen, *v. O*(III.1). *intr.* h. look on, be spectator; *with dat.*, look upon, be spectator of, witness, regard. [zu and ſehen, '**see.**']

zuſehends, *adv.* visibly, evidently. [genitive of zuſehend, pres. part. of zuſehen. 363.3*d*.]

zuſenden, *v. N*(*irreg. or reg.*, 249). *tr.* **send** to (any one), despatch, forward. [zu and ſenden.]

zuſetzen, *v. N. tr.* join on, add, append. [zu and ſetzen, '**set.**']

Zuſtand, *m.* =ds, =ände. condition, situation, state, posture. [from zuſtehen. 408.I.]

zuſtecken, *v. N. tr.* slip into the hands of (any one, *dat.*), supply stealthily, furnish. [zu and ſtecken, '**stick.**']

zuſtürzen, *v. N. intr.* ſ. rush **to** *or* toward any one, fall on. [zu and ſtürzen.]

zutragen, *v. O*(II.2). *tr.* carry **to** *or* toward (any one, *dat.*).—*refl.* bring itself about, occur, happen, come to pass. [zu and tragen.]

zutrauen, *v. N. tr.* entrust to (any one, *dat.*), attribute, give any one (*dat.*) credit for, expect of one (*dat.*). [zu and trauen.]

Zutrauen, *n.* =ns. trust, confidence. [infinitive of zutrauen. 340.3.]

zutraulich, *adj.* confiding, trustful, confidential. [from zutrauen. 415.12*c*.]

zutreten, *v. O*(II.1). *intr.* ſ. come up, come on, step in. [zu and treten, '**tread.**']

Zutritt, *m.* =ts, =te. access, admittance, admission. [from zutreten. 408.I.]

zuverläſſig, *adj.* to be relied upon, trustworthy, reliable, credible, authentic, positive, sure. [instead of verläſſig, from ſich verlaſſen, 'rely.']

Zuverſicht, *f.* confidence, trust, assurance. [instead of Verſicht, from ſich verſehen, 'expect.']

zuvor, *adv.* **before,** previously, earlier. [zu and vor.]

zuvörderſt, *adv.* as the first thing, first of all, in the first place. [zu and vörderſt, '**foremost.**']

zuvorkommen, *v. O*(267). *intr.* (*with dat.*). **come before,** get the start of, anticipate, PREVENT: — **zuvorkommend,** *pres. part. as adj.*, (anticipating another's wishes: *hence*) obliging, complaisant, courteous. [zuvor and kommen.]

zuwenden, *v. N*(*reg. or irreg.*, 249). *tr.* turn to *or* toward (anything, *dat.*). [zu and wenden.]

zuwider, *adv. or prep.* (*with dat.*). opposed, contrary, incompatible, repugnant. [zu and wider.]

zuwiegen, *v. O*(III.5). *tr.* **weigh** out **to** (any one, *dat.*). [zu and wiegen.]

Zwang, *m.* =ges, =änge. compulsion, constraint, coercion, force; want of freedom *or* ease, stiffness. [from zwingen. 408.I.]

zwängen, *v. N. tr.* put constraint up-

on, induce by force, coerce, compel, drive. [from Zwang. 405.I.1.]

zwanzig, *num.* **twenty.** [E. **twenty.**]

zwar, *adv. or conj.* it is true, to be sure, indeed, for a truth, sooth to say. [from old German *ze ware*, i. e. zu wahr, 'for true.']

Zweck, *m.* =ckes, =cke. peg, pin; *usually* (*from the peg in the middle of the target*), thing aimed at, aim, end, scope, intent, design.

zweckmäßig, *adj.* adapted to the end aimed at, suited to the purpose, appropriate, well-chosen, judicious. [Zweck and mäßig, from Maß. 415.15*f.*]

zween, *num.* **twain.** [old masculine form of zwei. 199*a.*]

zwei, *num.* **two.** [E. **two.**]

zweideutig, *adj.* of double meaning, equivocal, ambiguous, doubtful. [zwei and deutig.]

Zweifel, *m.* =ls, =l. doubt, dubiousness, question. [related with zwei.]

zweifelhaft, *adj.* doubtful, dubious, questionable. [from Zweifel. 415.7*a.*]

zweifeln, *v. N. intr.* h. doubt, hesitate. [from Zweifel. 405.I.1.]

Zweig, *m.* =ges, =ge. **twig,** branch, bough. [perhaps related with zwei, from the bifurcation.]

zweihundert *or* **zwei hundert,** *num.* **two hundred.**

Zweikampf, *m.* =fes, =ämpfe. combat of **two** persons, single combat, duel. [zwei and Kampf.]

zweimal, *adv.* **two** times, twice. [zwei and Mal. 206.]

zweit, *num. adj.* second. [from zwei. 203.]

zweitenmale = **zweiten Male,** second time.

Zwerg, *m.* =ges, =ge. **dwarf,** pigmy. [E. **dwarf.**]

zwiefach, *adj.* double, **two-fold.** [for zweifach; zwei and fach. 204.]

Zwietracht, *f.* discord, dissension. [zwie, for zwei, and Tracht.]

zwingen, *v. O*(I.1). *tr.* force, constrain, compel, coerce.

zwischen, *prep.* (*with dat. or accus.*, 376). **between,** betwixt; amid, among. [from zwei, like **between**; old German *in zwiskem*, or *zwiskem*, 'between two.']

Zwist, *m.* =tes, =te. dissension, dispute, quarrel. [related with zwei.]

zwitschern, *v. N. intr.* h. **twitter,** chirp, warble. [imitative word.]

Zwitter, *m.* =rs, =r. double nature; creature of two-fold character, hermaphrodite, mongrel. [related with zwei.]

Zwittergestalt, *f.* =ten. mongrel *or* mixed form *or* character, androgynous shape. [Zwitter and Gestalt.]

zwölf, *num.* **twelve.** [E. **twelve.**]

LIST OF IRREGULAR VERBS.

THIS list is here repeated from the Grammar, for the more convenient reference of those who may use the Reader and Vocabulary, whether along with the Grammar or otherwise.

In it are given, for all verbs of the Old conjugation (not for those only which occur in the Reader), the principal parts, together with the preterit subjunctive; also the second and third singular indicative present and the second singular imperative, whenever these are otherwise formed than they would be in the New conjugation. Forms given in full-faced type (thus, **gebacken**) are those which are alone in use; for those in ordinary type (thus, **bäckſt, bäckt**, the more regular forms, or those made after the manner of the New conjugation, are also allowed; forms enclosed in parenthesis are especially unusual, poetical, or dialectic: a subjoined remark gives additional explanation, if any is needed. The number of the class and division to which each verb belongs (see 263–6) is added at the end.

For convenience, the forms of the modal auxiliaries and other irregular verbs of the New conjugation are included in the List, with reference at the end to the paragraph in the Grammar where their conjugation is explained. They are distinguished by being put in ordinary type throughout.

No verb is given in the list as a compound. If found only in composition, hyphens are prefixed to all its forms, and an added note gives its compounds.

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	pret. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class.
Backen, 'bake'	**bäckſt, bäckt**	**buk**	**büke**	——	**gebacken**	II.2
often of New conj., especially when transitive; except the participle.						
-bären,	**-birſt, -birt**	**-bar**	**-bäre**	**-bir**	**-boren**	I.3
only in **gebären**, 'bear, bring forth' (formerly **geberen**).						
Beißen, 'bite'	—— ——	**biß**	**biſſe**	——	**gebiſſen**	III.1
Bergen, 'hide'	**birgſt, birgt**	**barg**	**bärge bürge**	**birg**	**geborgen**	I.3
Berſten, 'burst'	**birſteſt, birſt**	**barſt borſt**	**bärſte börſte**	**birſt**	**geborſten**	I.3
Biegen, 'bend'	—— ——	**bog**	**böge**	——	**gebogen**	III.3
Bieten, 'offer'	(**beutſt, beut**)	**bot**	**böte**	(**beut**)	**geboten**	III.3
Binden, 'bind'	—— ——	**band**	**bände**	——	**gebunden**	I.1
Bitten, 'beg'	—— ——	**bat**	**bäte**	——	**gebeten**	I.4
Blaſen, 'blow'	**bläſeſt, bläſt**	**blies**	**bliese**	——	**geblaſen**	II.3
Bleiben, 'remain'	—— ——	**blieb**	**bliebe**	——	**geblieben**	III.2
Bleichen, 'bleach'	—— ——	**blich**	**bliche**	——	**geblichen**	III.1
as intransitive, of either conj.; as transitive, of New only.						
Braten, 'roast'	**brätſt, brät**	**briet**	**briete**	——	**gebraten**	II.3
Brechen, 'break'	**brichſt, bricht**	**brach**	**bräche**	**brich**	**gebrochen**	I.3
Brennen, 'burn'	—— ——	**brannte**	**brennte**	——	**gebrannt**	249
Bringen, 'bring'	—— ——	**brachte**	**brächte**	——	**gebracht**	250
-deihen	—— ——	**-dieh**	**-diehe**	——	**-dieben**	III.2
obsolete except in **gedeihen**, 'thrive.'						

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.		pret. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class.
Denken	——	——	dachte	dächte	——	gedacht	250
≈derben	≈dirbſt,	≈dirbt	≈darb	≈därbe ≈dürbe	≈dirb	≈dorben	I.9
only in verderben, 'perish;' which, as transitive, 'destroy,' is of New conj.							
Dingen, 'engage'	——	——	dung (dang)	dünge	——	gedungen	III.6
Dreſchen, 'thresh'	driſcheſt, driſcht		draſch droſch	dräſche dröſche	driſch	gedroſchen	I.3
≈drießen	——	(≈dreußt)	≈droß	≈dröſſe	(≈dreuß)	≈droſſen	III.3
only in verdrießen, 'vex.'							
Dringen, 'press'	——	——	drang	dränge	——	gedrungen	I.1
Dürfen, 'be permitted'	darf, darfſt, darf		durfte	dürfte	wanting	gedurft	251
Eſſen, 'eat'	iſſeſt, ißt		aß	äße	iß	gegeſſen	II.1
Fahren, 'go'	fährſt, fährt		fuhr	führe	——	gefahren	II.2
Fallen, 'fall'	fällſt, fällt		fiel	fiele	——	gefallen	II.3
Fangen, 'catch'	fängſt, fängt		fing fieng	finge fienge	——	gefangen	II.3
Fechten, 'fight'	fichteſt, ficht		focht	föchte	ficht	gefochten	III.5
≈fehlen	≈fiehlſt, ≈fiehlt		≈fahl	≈fähle ≈föhle	≈fiehl	≈fohlen	I.3
only in befehlen, 'command,' empfehlen, 'commend:' fehlen, 'fail,' is another word.							
Finden, 'find'	——	——	fand	fände	——	gefunden	I.1
Flechten, 'twine'	flichtſt, flicht		flocht	flöchte	flicht	geflochten	III.5
Fleißen, 'apply'	——	——	fliß	fliſſe	——	gefliſſen	III.1
antiquated except in ſich befleißen, 'exert one's self.'							
Fliegen, 'fly'	(fleugſt, fleugt)		flog	flöge	(fleug)	geflogen	III.3
Fliehen, 'flee'	(fleuchſt, fleucht)		floh	flöhe	(fleuch)	geflohen	III.3
Fließen, 'flow'	(fleußeſt, fleußt)		floß	flöſſe	(fleuß)	gefloſſen	III.3
Fragen, 'ask'	frägſt, frägt		frug	früge	——	gefragt	II.2
properly a verb of the New conj. only.							
Freſſen, 'devour'	friſſeſt, frißt		fraß	fräße	friß	gefreſſen	II.1
Frieren, 'freeze'	——	——	fror	fröre	——	gefroren	III.3
Gähren, 'ferment'	——	——	gohr	göhre	——	gegohren	III.5
also spelt gären etc., without h.							
Geben, 'give'	giebſt, giebt gibſt, gibt		gab	gäbe	gieb gib	gegeben	II.1
Gehen, 'go'	——	——	ging	ginge	——	gegangen	267
Gelten, 'be worth'	giltſt, gilt		galt	gälte gölte	gilt	gegolten	I.3
≈geſſen	≈giſſeſt, ≈gißt		≈gaß	≈gäße	≈gieß	≈geſſen	II.1
only in vergeſſen, 'forget.'							
Gießen	(geußeſt, geußt)		goß	göſſe	(geuß)	gegoſſen	III.3
≈ginnen	——	——	≈gann	≈gänne ≈gönne	——	≈gonnen	I.2
only in beginnen, 'begin.'							
Gleichen, 'resemble'	——	——	glich	gliche	——	geglichen	III.1
usually of New conj. when transitive, 'make similar.'							
Gleiten, 'glide'	——	——	glitt	glitte	——	geglitten	III.1
Glimmen, 'gleam'	——	——	glomm	glömme	——	geglommen	III.5
Graben, 'dig'	gräbſt, gräbt		grub	grübe	——	gegraben	II.2

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	pret. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class
Greifen, 'gripe'	—— ——	griff	griffe	——	gegriffen	III.1
Haben, 'have'	haſt, hat	hatte	hätte	——	gehabt	239
Halten, 'hold'	hältſt, hält	hielt	hielte	——	gehalten	II.3
Hangen, 'hang'	hängſt, hängt (hangſt, hangt)	hing hieng	hinge hienge	——	gehangen	II.3
sometimes confounded in its forms with hängen, 'hang' (trans.), New conj.						
Hauen, 'hew'	—— ——	hieb	hiebe	——	gehauen	II.4
Heben, 'raise'	—— ——	hob hub	höbe hübe	——	gehoben	III.5
Heißen, 'call'	—— ——	hieß	hieße	——	geheißen	III.2
Helfen, 'help'	hilfſt, hilft	half	hälfe hülfe	hilf	geholfen	I.3
Keifen, 'chide'	—— ——	kiff	kiffe	——	gekiffen	III.1
Kennen, 'know'	—— ——	kannte	kennte	——	gekannt	249
Kiefen, 'choose'	—— ——	kos	köſe	——	gekoſen	III.3
antiquated, and most often met in erkieſen : küren is the same word.						
Klemmen, 'press'	—— ——	klomm	klömme	——	geklommen	III.5
forms of Old conj. very rare except from beklemmen.						
Klieben, 'cleave'	—— ——	klob	klöbe	——	gekloben	III.3
Klimmen, 'climb'	—— ——	klomm	klömme	——	geklommen	III.5
Klingen, 'sound'	—— ——	klang	klänge klünge	——	geklungen	I.1
rarely of New conj., especially when transitive.						
Kneifen, 'pinch'	—— ——	knif	knife	——	gekniffen	III.1
Kneipen, 'pinch'	—— ——	knipp	knippe	——	geknippen	III.1
Kommen, 'come'	(kömmſt, kömmt)	kam	käme	——	gekommen	267
Können, 'can'	kann, kannſt, kann	konnte	könnte	wanting	gekonnt	251
Kriechen, 'creep'	(kreuchſt, kreucht)	kroch	kröche	(kreuch)	gekrochen	III.3
Küren, 'choose'	—— ——	kor	köre	——	gekoren	III.3
Laden, 'load'	lädſt, lädt	lud	lüde	——	geladen	II.2
Laſſen, 'let'	läſſeſt, läßt	ließ	ließe	——	gelaſſen	II.3
Laufen, 'run'	läufſt, läuft	lief	liefe	——	gelaufen	II.4
Leiden, 'suffer'	—— ——	litt	litte	——	gelitten	III.1
Leihen, 'lend'	—— ——	lieh	liehe	——	geliehen	III.2
Leſen, 'read'	lieſeſt, lieſt	las	läſe	lies	geleſen	II.1
Liegen, 'lie'	—— ——	lag	läge	——	gelegen	I.4
·lieren	—— ——	·lor	·löre	——	·loren	III.3
only in verlieren, 'lose.'						
·lingen	—— ——	·lang	·länge	——	·lungen	I.1
only found in gelingen, 'succeed,' mißlingen, 'fail:' used in third person only.						
Löſchen, 'extinguish'	liſcheſt, liſcht	loſch	löſche	liſch	geloſchen	III.5
the forms of New conj. preferably limited to transitive meaning.						
Lügen, 'lie'	(leugſt, leugt)	log	löge	(leug)	gelogen	III.3
Mahlen, 'grind'	mähſt, mählt	muhl	mühle	——	gemahlen	II.2
the forms of Old conj. now in use only in the participle.						
Meiden, 'shun'	—— ——	mied	miede	——	gemieden	III.2
Melken, 'milk'	(milkſt, milkt)	molk	mölke	(milk)	gemolken	III.5
Meſſen, 'measure'	miſſeſt, mißt	maß	mäße	miß	gemeſſen	II.1
Mögen, 'may'	mag, magſt, mag	mochte	möchte	wanting	gemocht	251

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	prot. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class.
Müſſen, 'must'	muß, mußt, muß	mußte	müßte	wanting	gemußt	251
Nehmen, 'take'	nimmſt, nimmt	nahm	nähme	nimm	genommen	I.3
Nennen, 'name'	—— ——	nannte	nennte	——	genannt	249
⸗neſen only in geneſen, 'recover, get well.'	—— ——	⸗nas	⸗näſe	——	⸗neſen	II.1
⸗nießen obsolete, except in genießen, 'enjoy.'	(⸗neußeſt, ⸗neußt)	⸗noß	⸗nöſſe	(⸗neuß)	⸗noſſen	III.3
Pfeifen, 'whistle'	—— ——	pfiff	pfiffe	——	gepfiffen	III.1
Pflegen, 'cherish'	—— ——	pflog pflag	pflöge	——	gepflogen	III.5
Preiſen, 'praise' forms of the New conj. are occasionally met with.	—— ——	pries	prieſe	——	geprieſen	III.2
Quellen, 'gush' of New conj. when transitive, 'swell, soak.'	quillſt, quillt	quoll	quölle	quill	gequollen	III.5
Rächen, 'avenge' forms of Old conj. very rare, except the participle.	—— ——	(roch)	(röche)	——	gerochen	III.5
Rathen, 'advise'	räthſt, räth	rieth	riethe	——	gerathen	II.2
Reiben, 'rub'	—— ——	rieb	riebe	——	gerieben	III.2
Reißen, 'tear'	—— ——	riß	riſſe	——	geriſſen	III.1
Reiten, 'ride'	—— ——	ritt	ritte	——	geritten	III.1
Rennen, 'run'	—— ——	rannte (rennte)	rennte	——	gerannt (gerennt)	249
Riechen, 'smell'	(reuchſt, reucht)	roch	röche	(reuch)	gerochen	III.3
Ringen, 'wring'	—— ——	rang rung	ränge ränge	——	gerungen	I.1
Rinnen, 'run'	—— ——	rann	ränne rönne	——	geronnen	I.2
Rufen, 'call' rarely of New conj. in preterit.	—— ——	rief	riefe	——	gerufen	II.4
Saufen, 'drink'	ſäufſt, ſäuft	ſoff	ſöffe	——	geſoffen	III.4
Saugen, 'suck' forms of New conj. occasionally met: sometimes confounded with ſäugen, 'suckle.'	—— ——	ſog	ſöge	——	geſogen	III.4
Schaffen, 'create' generally of New conj. when meaning 'be busy,' or 'procure.'	—— ——	ſchuf	ſchüfe	——	geſchaffen	II.2
Schallen, 'sound'	—— ——	ſcholl	ſchölle	——	geſchollen	III.5
⸗ſchehen, only in geſchehen, 'happen:' used in third person alone.	—— ⸗ſchieht	⸗ſchah	⸗ſchähe	——	⸗ſchehen	II.1
Scheiden, 'part' of New conj. when transitive, 'disjoin.'	—— ——	ſchied	ſchiede	——	geſchieden	III.2
Scheinen, 'appear'	—— ——	ſchien	ſchiene	——	geſchienen	III.2
Schelten, 'scold'	ſchiltſt, ſchilt	ſchalt	ſchälte ſchölte	ſchilt	geſcholten	I.3
Scheren, 'shear'	ſchierſt, ſchiert	ſchor	ſchöre	ſchier	geſchoren	III.5
Schieben, 'shove'	—— ——	ſchob	ſchöbe	——	geſchoben	III.3
Schießen, 'shoot'	(ſchießeſt, ſchießt)	ſchoß	ſchöſſe	(ſchieß)	geſchoſſen	III.3
Schinden, 'flay'	—— ——	ſchund	ſchünde	——	geſchunden	III.6
Schlafen, 'sleep'	ſchläfſt, ſchläft	ſchlief	ſchliefe	——	geſchlafen	II.3
Schlagen, 'strike'	ſchlägſt, ſchlägt	ſchlug	ſchlüge	——	geſchlagen	II.2
Schleichen, 'sneak'	—— ——	ſchlich	ſchliche	——	geſchlichen	III.1

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	prot. indic.	prot. subj.	imper.	past part.	class
Schleifen, 'whet' in other senses than 'whet, sharpen,' properly of New conj.	—— ——	ſchliff	ſchliffe	——	geſchliffen	III.1
Schleißen, 'slit'	—— ——	ſchliß	ſchliſſe	——	geſchliſſen	III.1
Schliefen, 'slip'	—— ——	ſchloff	ſchlöffe	——	geſchloffen	III.3
Schließen, 'shut'	(ſchleußeſt, ſchleußt)	ſchloß	ſchlöſſe	(ſchleuß)	geſchloſſen	III.3
Schlingen, 'sling'	—— ——	ſchlang	ſchlänge	——	geſchlungen	I.1
Schmeißen, 'smite'	—— ——	ſchmiß	ſchmiſſe	——	geſchmiſſen	III.1
Schmelzen, 'melt' usually and properly of New conj. when transitive.	ſchmilzeſt, ſchmilzt	ſchmolz	ſchmölze	ſchmilz	geſchmolzen	III.5
Schnauben, 'snort'	—— ——	ſchnob	ſchnöbe	——	geſchnoben	III.4
Schneiden, 'cut'	—— ——	ſchnitt	ſchnitte	——	geſchnitten	III.1
Schrauben, 'screw'	—— ——	ſchrob	ſchröbe	——	geſchroben	III.4
Schrecken, 'be afraid' of New conj. as transitive, 'frighten.'	ſchrickſt, ſchrickt	ſchrak	ſchräke	ſchrick	geſchrocken	I.3
Schreiben, 'write'	—— ——	ſchrieb	ſchriebe	——	geſchrieben	III.2
Schreien, 'cry'	—— ——	ſchrie	ſchriee	——	geſchrieen	III.2
Schreiten, 'stride'	—— ——	ſchritt	ſchritte	——	geſchritten	III.1
Schwären, 'suppurate'	(ſchwierſt, ſchwiert)	ſchwor	ſchwöre	——	geſchworen	III.5
Schweigen, 'be silent' sometimes of New conj. as transitive, 'silence.'	—— ——	ſchwieg	ſchwiege	——	geſchwiegen	III.2
Schwellen, 'swell' of New conj. as transitive.	ſchwillſt, ſchwillt	ſchwoll	ſchwölle	ſchwill	geſchwollen	III.5
Schwimmen, 'swim'	—— ——	ſchwamm ſchwomm	ſchwämme ſchwömme	——	geſchwommen	I.2
Schwinden, 'vanish'	—— ——	ſchwand ſchwund	ſchwände ſchwünde	——	geſchwunden	I.1
Schwingen, 'swing'	—— ——	ſchwang ſchwung	ſchwänge ſchwünge	——	geſchwungen	I.1
Schwören, 'swear'	—— ——	ſchwor ſchwur	ſchwöre ſchwüre	——	geſchworen	III.5
Sehen, 'see'	ſiehſt, ſieht	ſah	ſähe	ſieh	geſehen	II.1
Sein, 'be'	bin, biſt, iſt ꝛc.	war	wäre	ſei	geweſen	239.2
Senden, 'send'	—— ——	ſandte ſendete	ſendete	——	geſandt geſendet	249
Sieden, 'boil'	—— ——	ſott	ſiedete	——	geſotten	III.3
Singen, 'sing'	—— ——	ſang	ſänge	——	geſungen	I.1
Sinken, 'sink'	—— ——	ſank	ſänke	——	geſunken	I.1
Sinnen, 'think'	—— ——	ſann	ſänne ſönne	——	geſonnen	I.2
Sitzen, 'sit'	—— ——	ſaß	ſäße	——	geſeſſen	I.4
Sollen, 'shall'	ſoll, ſollſt, ſoll	ſollte	ſollte	wanting	geſollt	251
Speien, 'spit' rarely, of the New conj.	—— ——	ſpie	ſpiee	——	geſpieen	III.2
Spinnen, 'spin'	—— ——	ſpann	ſpänne ſpönne	——	geſponnen	I.2
Spleißen, 'split'	—— ——	ſpliß	ſpliſſe	——	geſpliſſen	III.1
Sprechen, 'speak'	ſprichſt, ſpricht	ſprach	ſpräche	ſprich	geſprochen	I.3
Sprießen, 'sprout'	(ſpreußeſt, ſpreußt)	ſproß	ſpröſſe	(ſpreuß)	geſproſſen	III.3
Springen, 'spring'	—— ——	ſprang	ſpränge	——	geſprungen	I.1

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	pret. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class.
Stechen, 'prick'	**stichſt, sticht**	**ſtach**	**ſtäche**	**ſtich**	**geſtochen**	I.3
Stecken, 'stick'	ſtickſt, stickt	ſtak	ſtäke	stick	geſtocken	I.3
usually of New conj., especially when transitive.						
Stehen, 'stand'	—— ——	**ſtand ſtund**	**ſtände ſtünde**	——	**geſtanden**	267
Stehlen, 'steal'	**ſtiehlſt, ſtiehlt**	**ſtahl ſtohl**	**ſtähle ſtöhle**	**ſtiehl**	**geſtohlen**	I.2
Steigen, 'ascend'	—— ——	**ſtieg**	**ſtiege**	——	**geſtiegen**	III.2
Sterben, 'die'	**ſtirbſt, ſtirbt**	**ſtarb**	**ſtärbe ſtürbe**	**ſtirb**	**geſtorben**	I.3
Stieben, 'disperse'	—— ——	**ſtob**	**ſtöbe**	——	**geſtoben**	III.3
Stinken, 'stink'	—— ——	**ſtank ſtunk**	**ſtänke ſtünke**	——	**geſtunken**	I.1
Stoßen, 'push'	**ſtößeſt, ſtößt**	**ſtieß**	**ſtieße**	——	**geſtoßen**	II.4
Streichen, 'stroke'	—— ——	**ſtrich**	**ſtriche**	——	**geſtrichen**	III.1
Streiten, 'strive'	—— ——	**ſtritt**	**ſtritte**	——	**geſtritten**	III.1
Thun, 'do'	—— ——	**that**	**thäte**	——	**gethan**	267
the pret. indic. thät is common in dialectic German, especially as auxiliary.						
Tragen, 'carry'	**trägſt, trägt**	**trug**	**trüge**	——	**getragen**	II.2
Treffen, 'hit'	**trifft, trifft**	**traf**	**träfe**	**triff**	**getroffen**	I.3
Treiben, 'drive'	—— ——	**trieb**	**triebe**	——	**getrieben**	III.2
Treten, 'tread'	**trittſt, tritt**	**trat**	**träte**	**tritt**	**getreten**	II.1
Triefen, 'drip'	(treufſt, treuft)	troff	tröffe	(treuf)	getroffen	III.3
Trinken, 'drink'	—— ——	**trank trunk**	**tränke trünke**	——	**getrunken**	I.1
Trügen, 'deceive'	—— ——	**trog**	**tröge**	——	**getrogen**	III.3
Wachſen, 'grow'	wächſeſt, wächſt	**wuchs**	**wüchſe**	——	**gewachſen**	II.2
Wägen, 'weigh'	—— ——	wog	wöge	——	gewogen	III.5
sometimes of New conj.: compare =wegen and wiegen, which are the same word.						
Waſchen, 'wash'	wäſcheſt, wäſcht	**wuſch**	**wüſche**	——	**gewaſchen**	II.2
Weben, 'weave'	—— ——	wob	wöbe	——	gewoben	III.5
=wegen	—— ——	=wog	=wöge	——	=wogen	III.5
only in bewegen, 'induce;' bewegen in other senses is of New conj.						
Weichen, 'yield'	—— ——	wich	wiche	——	gewichen	III.1
of New conj. when meaning 'soften' (as trans. or intrans.).						
Weiſen, 'show'	—— ——	**wies**	**wieſe**	——	**gewieſen**	III.2
Wenden, 'turn'	—— ——	wandte wendete	wendete	——	gewandt gewendet	249
Werben, 'sue'	**wirbſt, wirbt**	**warb**	**wärbe würbe**	**wirb**	**geworben**	I.3
Werden, 'become'	**wirſt, wird**	**ward** etc.	**würde**	——	**geworden**	239.3
Werfen, 'throw'	**wirfſt, wirft**	**warf**	**wärfe würfe**	**wirf**	**geworfen**	I.3
Wiegen, 'weigh'	—— ——	wog	wöge	——	gewogen	III.3
the same word with wägen and =wegen: wiegen, 'rock,' is of New conj.						
Winden, 'wind'	—— ——	**wand**	**wände**	——	**gewunden**	I.1
=winnen	—— ——	=wann	=wänne =wönne	——	=wonnen	I.2
only used in gewinnen, 'win.'						

Infinitive.	pres't indic. sing.	pret. indic.	pret. subj.	imper.	past part.	class.
Wiſſen, 'know'	weiß, weißt, weiß	wußte	wüßte	——	gewußt	250
Wollen, 'will'	will, willſt, will	wollte	wollte	——	gewollt	251
Zeihen, 'accuse'	—— ——	zieh	ziehe	——	geziehen	III.2
Ziehen, 'draw'	(zeuchſt, zeucht)	zog	zöge	(zeuch)	gezogen	III.3
Zwingen, 'force'	—— ——	zwang	zwänge	——	gezwungen	I.1

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